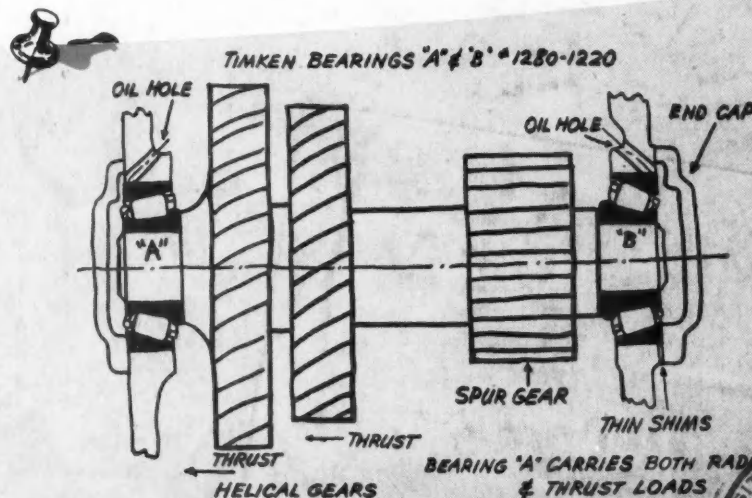


# AUTOMOTIVE and Aviation INDUSTRIES

MARCH 15, 1947

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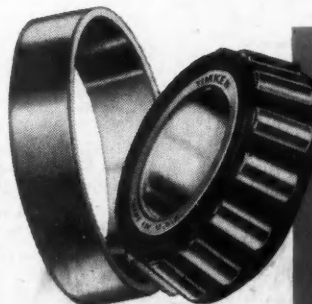
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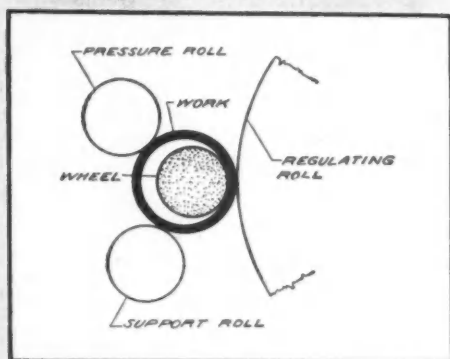
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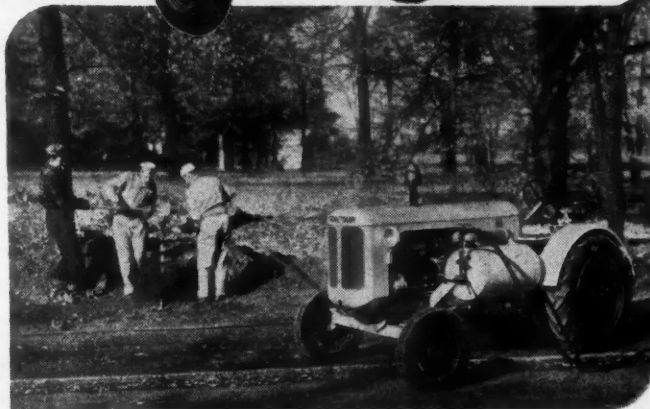
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March 15, 1947

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March 15, 1947  
Volume 96, No. 6

*Where to Find What You Want to Know*

*in the*

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rolled	Tubing	Bolts, Rive's
alloy steel	Boiler Tubes and	Babbitt
reinforcing	Fittings	Solder
Structurals	Allegheny Stain-	Wire Fabric
Plates—	less—	Metal Working
Inland 4-Way	Sheets, plates,	Tools and Ma-
Floor Plate	shapes, bars,	chinery, etc.
Sheets	tubing, etc.	

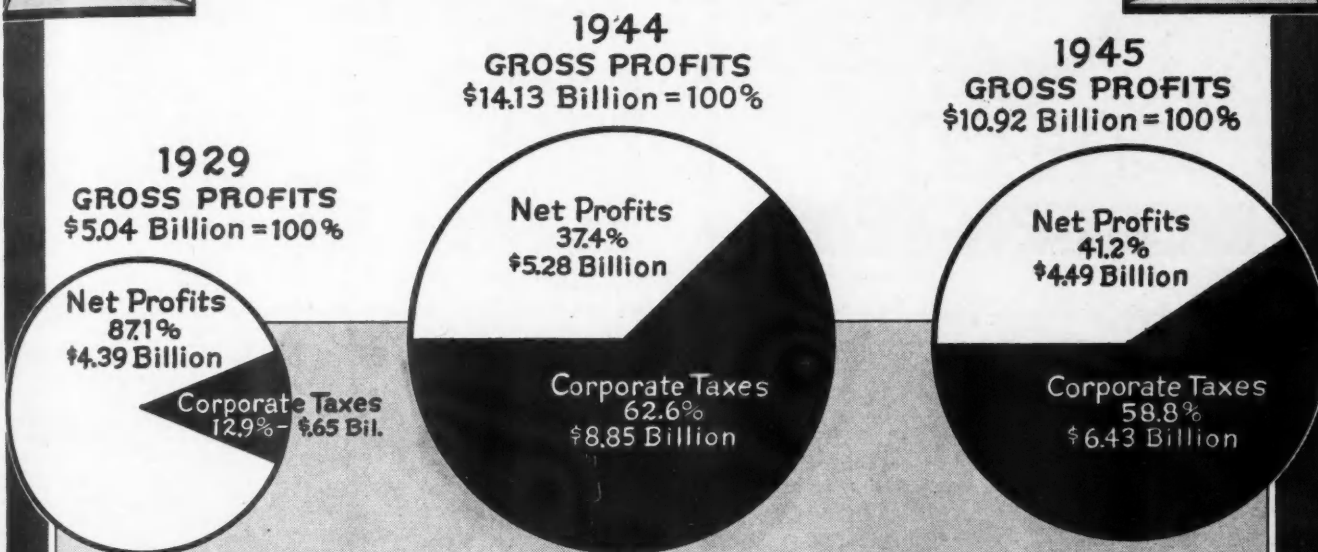
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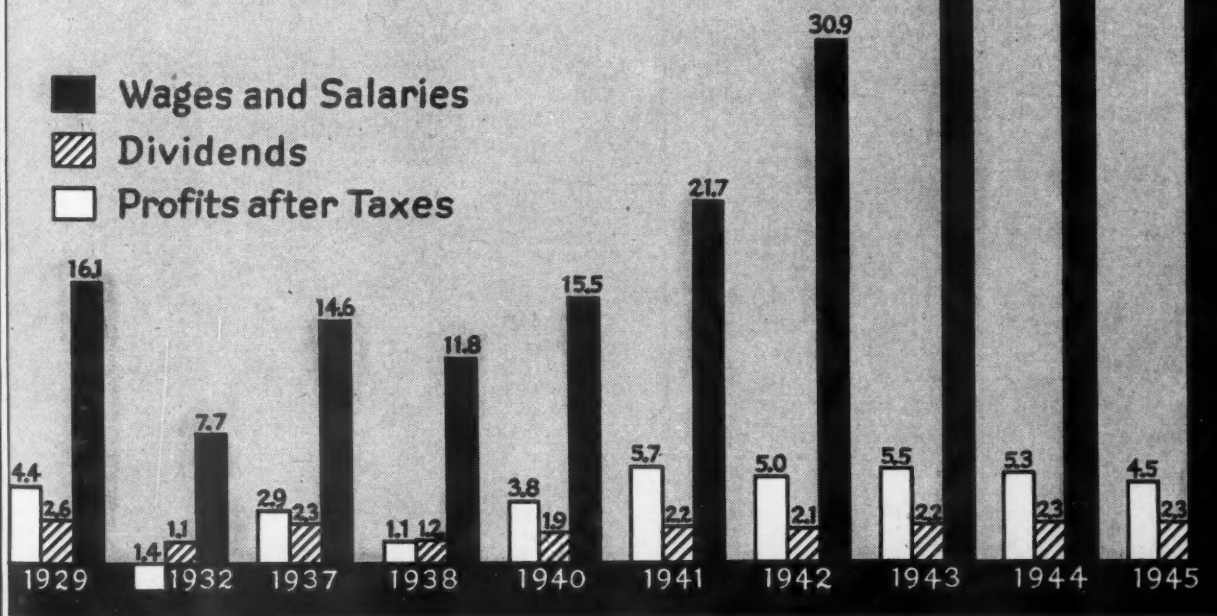
1947

# STATISTICAL ISSUE

## Corporate Profits, Payrolls and Taxes of Manufacturing Industries



### PAYROLLS, DIVIDENDS AND NET PROFITS OF MANUFACTURING CORPORATIONS • •



Data from U. S. Department of Commerce.

Figures shown above represent billions of dollars.

March 15, 1947



# MAN-DAYS IDLE



## Strikes in All Industry\*

	Number of Strikes †	Workers Involved †	Man-Days Idle
<b>1942</b>			
January .....	156	26,929	330,567
February .....	181	58,122	357,333
March .....	234	67,292	401,739
April .....	277	56,038	367,400
May .....	285	68,820	322,085
June .....	345	109,611	586,408
July .....	388	99,676	416,741
August .....	330	92,226	448,712
September .....	274	87,904	387,150
October .....	207	61,593	243,756
November .....	144	52,481	128,164
December .....	147	59,269	192,502
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>2,968</b>	<b>839,961</b>	<b>4,182,557</b>
<b>1943</b>			
January .....	192	91,214	452,192
February .....	200	38,841	117,279
March .....	248	73,943	179,093
April .....	384	219,186	661,738
May .....	412	557,558	1,467,728
June .....	433	186,677	4,698,796
July .....	369	121,298	695,458
August .....	310	105,601	356,510
September .....	237	66,664	209,514
October .....	287	121,253	1,012,534
November .....	325	135,804	2,862,607
December .....	355	263,240	787,080
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>3,752</b>	<b>1,981,279</b>	<b>13,500,529</b>
<b>1944</b>			
January .....	330	113,563	710,000
February .....	340	146,438	459,000
March .....	386	134,696	441,000
April .....	453	165,498	614,000
May .....	589	319,040	1,443,000
June .....	441	144,566	727,000
July .....	469	171,529	652,000
August .....	501	197,930	959,000
September .....	408	207,407	786,000
October .....	430	221,939	756,000
November .....	345	201,396	789,000
December .....	264	91,686	387,000
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>4,956</b>	<b>2,115,688</b>	<b>8,723,000</b>
<b>1945</b>			
January .....	234	46,700	199,000
February .....	279	111,000	388,000
March .....	382	196,900	775,000
April .....	431	305,500	1,472,000
May .....	433	332,700	2,219,000
June .....	482	331,600	1,886,000
July .....	523	325,000	1,769,000
August .....	447	270,900	1,712,000
September .....	573	525,600	4,341,000
October .....	474	550,500	8,611,000
November .....	358	420,200	6,935,000
December .....	134	50,400	7,718,000
<b>Total † .....</b>	<b>4,750</b>	<b>3,467,000</b>	<b>38,025,000</b>
<b>1946</b>			
January .....	325	1,400,000	19,400,000
February .....	260	130,000	23,000,000
March .....	385	165,000	13,800,000
April .....	465	575,000	15,000,000
May .....	360	560,000	11,500,000
June .....	350	175,000	3,800,000
July .....	480	185,000	3,300,000
August .....	500	235,000	3,425,000
September .....	450	380,000	5,000,000
October .....	450	290,000	4,500,000
November .....	310	450,000	4,750,000
December .....			
<b>Total † .....</b>	<b>4,335</b>	<b>4,545,000</b>	<b>107,475,000</b>

†—Beginning in the month.

\*—Bureau of Labor Statistics.

†—Eleven months.



## Strikes in All Industry—By Years—1928-1946\*

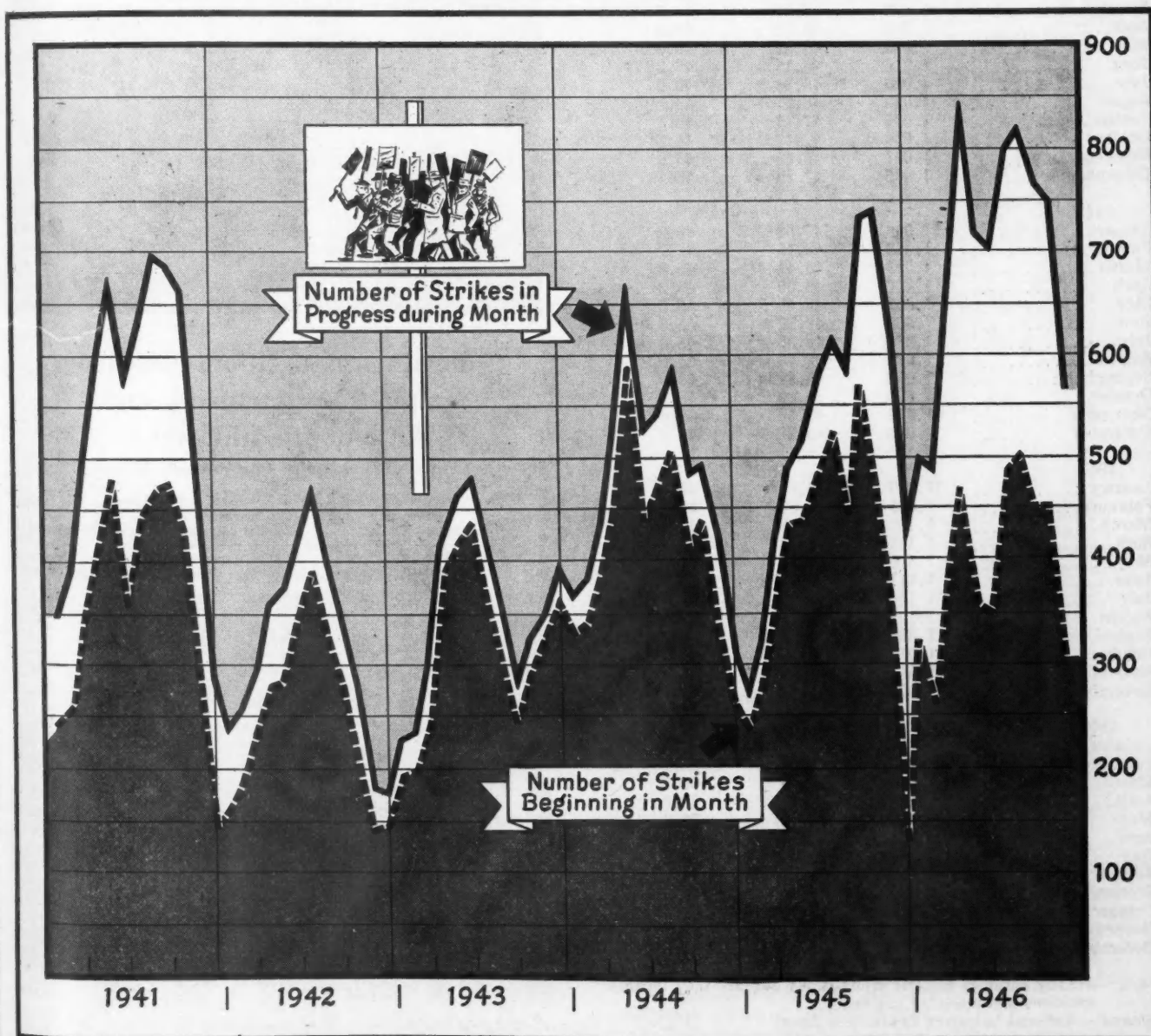
	Strikes†	Number of Workers Involved†	Workers per Strike	Man-Days Idle	Average Man-Days Lost Per Strike	Man-Days Lost Per Worker Involved
1928.....	604	314,210	520	12,631,863	20,914	40
1929.....	921	288,572	313	5,351,540	5,811	19
1930.....	637	182,975	287	3,316,808	5,207	18
1931.....	810	341,817	422	6,893,244	8,510	20
1932.....	841	324,210	386	10,502,033	12,488	32
1933.....	1,695	1,168,272	689	16,872,128	9,954	14
1934.....	1,856	1,466,695	790	19,591,949	10,556	13
1935.....	2,014	1,117,213	555	15,456,337	7,674	14
1936.....	2,172	788,648	363	13,901,956	6,401	18
1937.....	4,740	1,860,621	393	28,424,857	5,997	15
1938.....	2,772	688,376	248	9,148,273	3,300	13
1939.....	2,613	1,170,962	448	17,812,219	6,817	15
1940.....	2,508	576,988	230	6,700,872	2,672	12
1941.....	4,288	2,362,620	551	23,047,556	5,375	10
1942.....	2,968	839,961	283	4,182,557	1,409	5
1943.....	3,752	1,981,279	528	13,500,529	3,592	7
1944.....	4,956	2,115,688	427	8,723,000	1,760	4
1945.....	4,750	3,467,000	730	38,025,000	8,005	11
1946†.....	4,335	4,545,000	1,048	107,475,000	24,792	21

†—Eleven Months.

†—Strikes beginning in month or year.

\*—Bureau of Labor Statistics.

### DURATION OF STRIKES INCREASES DURING 1946





# Hourly and Weekly Earnings

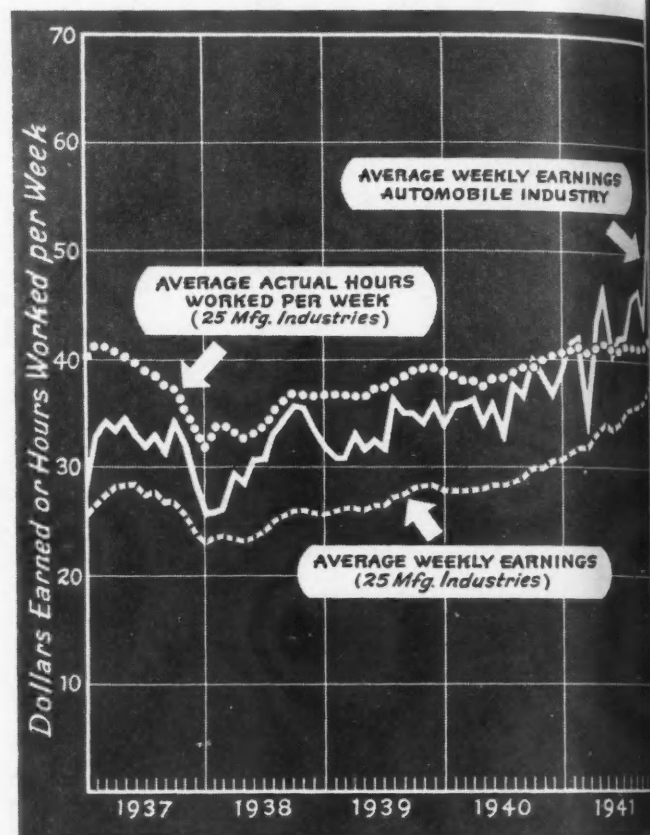
## TREND OF EARNINGS OF

### IN 25 MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

Year and Month	Average Earnings		Average Actual Hours per Week per Wage Earner
	Hourly	Weekly	
1942			
January.....	\$ .878	\$37.47	42.4
February.....	.880	37.53	42.4
March.....	.888	38.14	42.7
April.....	.896	38.68	42.8
May.....	.906	39.00	42.7
June.....	.917	39.52	42.7
July.....	.928	39.80	42.6
August.....	.940	40.87	43.2
September.....	.957	41.79	43.4
October.....	.958	42.10	43.6
November.....	.966	42.50	43.7
December.....	.970	42.98	44.2
1943			
January.....	\$ .979	\$43.56	44.3
February.....	.982	43.85	44.5
March.....	.987	44.30	44.7
April.....	.998	45.02	44.9
May.....	1.009	45.92	45.3
June.....	1.016	46.16	45.2
July.....	1.020	46.14	45.0
August.....	1.020	46.25	45.1
September.....	1.036	47.13	45.3
October.....	1.036	47.47	45.5
November.....	1.041	47.58	45.5
December.....	1.045	47.15	45.1
1944			
January.....	\$1.046	\$47.56	45.2
February.....	1.048	48.15	45.7
March.....	1.053	48.41	45.8
April.....	1.057	48.09	45.2
May.....	1.062	48.46	45.5
June.....	1.069	49.30	45.9
July.....	1.072	48.86	45.4
August.....	1.070	48.98	45.6
September.....	1.080	49.42	45.6
October.....	1.079	49.39	45.7
November.....	1.079	49.42	45.6
December.....	1.086	49.91	45.8
1945			
January.....	\$1.095	\$50.80	46.2
February.....	1.095	50.58	46.0
March.....	1.101	50.99	46.1
April.....	1.101	50.13	45.4
May.....	1.100	49.62	45.0
June.....	1.111	50.33	45.2
July.....	1.106	49.00	44.3
August.....	1.103	47.73	43.4
September.....	1.085	45.74	42.3
October.....	1.079	45.50	42.3
November.....	1.088	45.42	41.9
December.....	1.102	45.72	41.7
1946			
January.....	\$1.107	\$44.62	40.6
February.....	1.129	43.56	39.2
March.....	1.146	46.44	40.7
April.....	1.165	46.92	40.4
May.....	1.180	46.16	39.3
June.....	1.189	47.20	39.8
July.....	1.194	47.64	40.0
August.....	1.217	48.74	40.1
September.....	1.229	49.14	40.0
October.....	1.231	49.79	40.4
November.....	1.243	50.14	40.4
December.....	1.247	50.54	40.6

Note:—Hourly earnings are not Wage Rates because they include overtime and incentive payments.

Source:—National Industrial Conference Board.



## Earnings and Hours Worked in 25 Manufacturing and Automobile Industries

(National Industrial Conference Board)

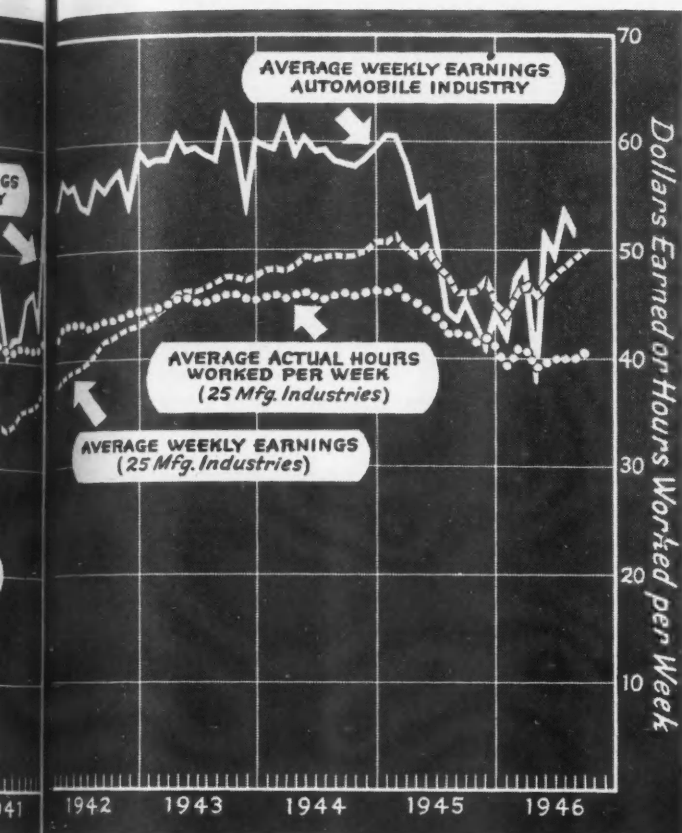
Year	Average Hourly Earnings		Average Weekly Earnings		Average Actual Hours per Week per Wage Earner	
	25 Mfg. Industries	Automobile Industry	25 Mfg. Industries	Automobile Industry	25 Mfg. Industries	Automobile Industry
1920 <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ .606	.700	\$29.39	\$32.29	46.2	46.1
1921	.624	.611	23.77	27.30	45.6	44.7
1922 <sup>(2)</sup>	.494	.592	24.29	28.48	49.2	48.2
1923	.541	.632	26.61	30.14	49.2	47.7
1924	.562	.655	26.43	29.66	46.9	45.3
1925	.561	.655	27.00	31.01	46.2	47.3
1926	.568	.659	27.42	31.43	46.1	47.7
1927	.576	.676	27.53	31.36	47.7	46.4
1928	.579	.681	27.80	32.51	47.9	47.7
1929	.590	.695	28.55	32.46	46.3	46.6
1930	.589	.697	25.84	27.77	43.9	39.9
1931	.564	.681	22.62	25.13	40.4	36.9
1932	.499	.609	17.05	18.50	34.6	30.4
1933	.491	.609	17.71	21.84	36.4	36.0
1934	.580	.713	20.06	23.64	34.7	33.2
1935	.699	.752	22.25	28.04	37.2	37.4
1936	.619	.791	24.39	29.81	39.5	37.7
1937	.695	.916	26.80	32.31	38.7	35.3
1938	.716	.953	24.43	30.77	34.3	32.3
1939	.720	.953	27.04	33.25	37.6	34.9
1940	.739	.971	28.54	36.24	38.6	37.3
1941	.814	1.066	33.62	42.34	41.2	39.0
1942	.824	1.248	40.03	55.55	43.0	44.5
1943	1.014	1.295	45.86	59.20	45.6	45.1
1944	1.067	1.312	46.46	50.78	44.2	39.7
1945	1.097	1.277	47.57	50.24	40.1	36.7
1946	1.190	1.366				

(<sup>1</sup>)—Average of seven months. (<sup>2</sup>)—Average of six months.



# and Hours Worked Per Week

## PRODUCTION WORKERS



## Employment, Earnings and Hours Worked in Automobile Industry

(Bureau of Labor Statistics and Census of Mfrs.)

Year	Average Employment (000)	Total Payrolls (000)	Average Weekly Earnings	Average Hrs. Worked per Week
1939	2	\$1,321	\$11.30	....
1940	12	7,189	11.40	....
1941	76	48,694	12.40	....
1942	127	101,927	15.40	....
1943	343	491,121	27.50	....
1944	213	318,763	28.80	....
1945	427	711,308	32.00	....
1946	396	639,600	30.90	....
1947	449	769,340	33.00	....
1948	446	741,312	32.00	....
1949	390	689,776	32.60	....
1950	459	805,166	33.70	....
1951	471	798,692	32.20	46.6
1952	341	464,880	26.20	39.9
1953	302	377,820	24.00	35.9
1954	257	273,832	21.22	31.2
1955	257	270,586	20.81	35.1
1956	380	467,480	23.24	33.2
1957	408	507,444	27.24	37.0
1958	430	671,828	29.72	38.4
1959	505	814,320	31.90	35.6
1960	306	468,328	30.34	32.8
1961	402	651,976	32.91	35.4
1962	465	824,096	35.76	37.7
1963	570	1,173,536	41.25	39.6
1964	510	1,345,666	51.94	44.4
1965	714	2,194,144	56.94	46.2
1966	732	2,186,000	57.62	45.5
1967	690	1,614,293	61.99	41.3
1968P	637	1,641,328	49.84	37.4

Note: Data cover motor vehicles, bodies and parts factories, includes employment in government-owned, privately operated plants.  
P—Preliminary

## IN THE AUTOMOBILE INDUSTRY \*

Year and Month	Average Earnings		Average Actual Hours per Week per Wage Earner
	Hourly	Weekly	
1942			
January.....	\$1.251	\$54.21	43.3
February.....	1.244	54.48	43.8
March.....	1.246	56.63	45.5
April.....	1.242	56.12	45.2
May.....	1.245	56.20	45.2
June.....	1.237	54.78	44.3
July.....	1.242	54.17	43.6
August.....	1.235	56.65	45.9
September.....	1.260	55.43	44.0
October.....	1.239	56.51	45.6
November.....	1.273	57.44	45.1
December.....	1.266	53.93	42.6

1943			
January.....	\$1.299	\$59.56	45.9
February.....	1.280	58.20	45.5
March.....	1.282	58.33	45.5
April.....	1.279	58.39	45.6
May.....	1.298	60.88	46.9
June.....	1.302	59.16	45.4
July.....	1.301	59.60	45.8
August.....	1.289	58.88	45.7
September.....	1.312	58.52	44.6
October.....	1.303	62.59	48.0
November.....	1.310	59.52	45.4
December.....	1.283	53.71	41.9

1944			
January.....	\$1.295	\$60.25	46.5
February.....	1.299	59.78	46.0
March.....	1.303	59.54	45.7
April.....	1.309	62.07	47.4
May.....	1.320	58.30	44.2
June.....	1.320	60.17	45.6
July.....	1.329	59.13	44.5
August.....	1.317	59.19	44.9
September.....	1.315	58.09	44.2
October.....	1.305	57.91	44.4
November.....	1.316	57.69	43.8
December.....	1.318	58.24	44.2

1945			
January.....	\$1.329	\$59.17	44.5
February.....	1.291	60.22	46.6
March.....	1.309	60.04	45.9
April.....	1.303	57.86	44.4
May.....	1.279	53.67	42.0
June.....	1.290	55.06	42.7
July.....	1.279	49.95	39.1
August.....	1.266	44.02	34.8
September.....	1.257	43.08	34.3
October.....	1.244	45.51	36.6
November.....	1.237	39.68	32.1
December.....	1.244	41.14	33.1

1946			
January.....	\$1.262	\$44.96	35.6
February.....	1.292	43.10	33.4
March.....	1.302	48.99	36.1
April.....	1.327	48.81	36.8
May.....	1.371	45.06	32.9
June.....	1.393	51.73	37.1
July.....	1.395	49.94	35.8
August.....	1.399	54.32	38.8
September.....	1.409	51.61	36.6
October.....	1.396	53.81	38.5
November.....	1.420	53.42	37.6
December.....	1.421	53.83	37.9

Note:—Hourly earnings are not Wage Rates because they include overtime and incentive payments.

\*—National Industrial Conference Board.



# EARNINGS AND HOURS WORKED—

## By Years and Manufacturing Industries

### Average Actual Weekly Earnings in Manufacturing Industries

INDUSTRY	1929	1932	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946
Agricultural Implement.....	\$31.02	\$17.96	\$31.08	\$28.06	\$30.53	\$32.13	\$37.59	\$43.47	\$50.55	\$53.54	\$52.22	\$49.24
Automobile.....	32.48	18.50	32.31	30.77	33.28	36.24	42.34	55.55	58.95	59.20	50.78	50.24
Boot and Shoe.....	22.16	16.67	20.89	17.78	18.73	18.19	22.39	25.99	27.98	31.01	34.90	36.13
Chemical.....	26.87	19.68	28.74	27.97	29.74	31.39	34.85	(a)	47.95	49.25	48.70	47.17
Cotton—North.....	20.20	14.10	19.44	17.89	18.56	19.14	22.47	28.21	32.51	33.94	36.98	40.03
Electrical Manufacturing.....	29.56	17.43	29.32	27.06	30.37	33.03	39.60	46.55	49.56	52.40	51.22	50.37
Furniture.....	25.82	15.04	24.95	23.00	25.38	26.77	31.97	37.01	45.32	46.97	46.93	47.00
Hosiery and Knit Goods.....	23.58	15.26	20.30	19.46	20.08	19.85	21.42	25.51	31.42	33.81	35.51	38.64
Iron and Steel.....	35.90	14.51	29.92	22.91	29.09	30.69	36.92	40.41	48.61	55.23	55.01	47.00
Leather Tanning and Finishing.....	24.91	18.74	23.67	22.57	24.84	24.61	28.66	33.25	36.85	41.17	45.17	46.26
Lumber and Millwork.....	26.32	14.97	25.90	25.36	27.12	28.18	32.48	40.25	48.08	49.95	49.13	49.93
Meat Packing.....	26.12	20.77	26.75	26.13	27.94	27.77	29.25	32.61	40.56	46.56	45.36	45.20
Paint and Varnish.....	30.17	21.43	28.32	27.61	29.23	29.45	32.76	(a)	44.37	48.32	48.16	46.33
Paper and Pulp.....	26.21	18.98	26.06	24.83	26.10	27.52	31.26	35.21	41.29	43.84	45.50	46.89
Paper Products.....	26.23	19.03	23.26	23.08	24.42	24.74	27.61	31.04	35.57	37.35	39.20	41.71
Printing—Book and Job.....	33.34	27.31	30.27	30.09	32.28	33.33	34.79	36.83	41.22	45.45	49.13	53.31
Printing—News and Magazines.....	40.36	33.17	34.95	34.71	35.72	36.43	37.51	39.61	43.82	47.58	51.30	57.77
Rubber.....	29.56	19.87	28.16	25.52	30.65	31.01	35.65	41.41	51.24	56.25	55.61	51.61
Silk and Rayon.....	23.25	14.94	18.22	16.96	18.23	18.24	20.80	25.86	30.69	33.92	36.89	40.14
Wool.....	22.39	15.09	21.03	19.62	21.31	22.34	27.44	32.42	37.69	39.57	40.86	44.43
Foundries and Machine Shops.....	30.00	15.77	28.85	24.98	28.53	31.66	38.93	47.51	53.14	56.35	55.08	50.91

Source—National Industrial Conference Board.

(a)—A change in sample in middle of 1942, hence no average.

### Average Actual Hourly Earnings in Manufacturing Industries

Note: Hourly Earnings are not wage rates, because they include overtime and incentive payments.

INDUSTRY	1929	1932	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946
Agricultural Implement.....	\$ .625	\$ .546	\$ .777	\$ .800	\$ .805	\$ .818	\$ .905	\$ 1.003	\$ 1.087	\$ 1.137	\$ 1.154	\$ 1.234
Automobile.....	.695	.609	.916	.953	.953	.971	1.086	1.248	1.295	1.312	1.277	1.367
Boot and Shoe.....	.501	.405	.546	.542	.519	.538	.590	.669	.701	.740	.831	.918
Chemical.....	.574	.485	.722	.748	.758	.787	.849	(a)	1.057	1.089	1.115	1.222
Cotton—North.....	.420	.333	.514	.500	.491	.511	.564	.671	.748	.777	.833	.950
Electrical Manufacturing.....	.627	.594	.756	.801	.796	.814	.904	1.012	1.067	1.132	1.151	1.237
Furniture.....	.551	.448	.619	.653	.661	.681	.757	.850	.953	1.004	1.042	1.128
Hosiery and Knit Goods.....	.496	.397	.556	.573	.547	.559	.677	.666	.768	.819	.869	.983
Iron and Steel.....	.654	.531	.818	.830	.841	.850	.957	1.037	1.135	1.183	1.246	1.349
Leather Tanning and Finishing.....	.524	.459	.621	.635	.643	.658	.706	.803	.859	.907	.992	1.096
Lumber and Millwork.....	.580	.412	.660	.692	.704	.726	.797	.927	1.060	1.094	1.112	1.218
Meat Packing.....	.516	.431	.672	.695	.696	.693	.746	.817	.879	.926	.935	1.094
Paint and Varnish.....	.583	.517	.689	.707	.718	.732	.789	(a)	.973	1.014	1.043	1.134
Paper and Pulp.....	.541	.468	.620	.645	.641	.668	.725	.817	.876	.900	.929	1.055
Paper Products.....	.530	.464	.608	.603	.611	.628	.666	.752	.807	.850	.890	1.003
Printing—Book and Job.....	.725	.710	.749	.790	.823	.828	.846	.894	.961	1.053	1.099	1.261
Printing—News and Magazines.....	.884	.786	.912	.950	.966	.978	.987	1.019	1.088	1.148	1.217	1.357
Rubber.....	.661	.599	.847	.841	.853	.876	.927	1.010	1.125	1.208	1.234	1.324
Silk and Rayon.....	.487	.385	.516	.526	.518	.529	.554	.639	.728	.778	.841	.966
Wool.....	.483	.385	.608	.608	.595	.623	.688	.784	.879	.913	.946	1.067
Foundries and Machine Shops.....	.608	.524	.699	.728	.738	.761	.850	.999	1.109	1.189	1.205	1.246

Source—National Industrial Conference Board.

(a)—A change in sample in middle of 1942, hence no average.

### Average Actual Hours Worked per Week per Wage Earner by Years

INDUSTRY	1929	1932	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946
Agricultural Implement.....	49.6	32.9	40.0	35.1	37.9	39.3	41.6	43.3	46.5	47.1	45.2	39.9
Automobile.....	46.8	30.4	35.3	32.3	34.9	37.3	39.0	44.5	45.5	45.1	39.7	36.7
Boot and Shoe.....	44.2	41.1	38.3	32.8	36.1	33.0	38.0	38.8	40.0	41.9	42.0	39.4
Chemical.....	50.4	40.7	39.8	37.4	39.3	39.9	41.0	(a)	44.5	45.2	43.7	38.6
Cotton—North.....	48.2	42.5	37.9	35.7	37.8	37.5	39.8	42.0	43.4	43.7	44.1	42.1
Electrical Manufacturing.....	47.4	29.4	38.8	33.8	38.2	40.6	43.8	46.0	46.4	46.3	44.5	40.7
Furniture.....	46.9	33.6	40.4	35.3	38.4	39.3	42.2	43.5	47.5	46.8	45.0	42.5
Hosiery and Knit Goods.....	47.6	38.5	36.6	34.0	36.7	35.5	37.1	38.2	40.9	41.3	40.9	39.5
Iron and Steel.....	54.9	27.2	36.6	27.6	34.6	36.1	38.6	39.0	43.0	46.7	44.1	34.9
Leather Tanning and Finishing.....	47.6	40.9	38.2	35.6	38.6	37.4	40.5	41.4	42.9	45.4	45.6	41.0
Lumber and Millwork.....	45.4	36.4	39.3	36.6	38.5	38.8	40.7	43.3	45.3	45.7	44.2	41.6
Meat Packing.....	50.6	48.2	39.8	40.5	40.1	40.1	39.1	39.9	46.1	50.2	48.5	40.9
Paint and Varnish.....	51.8	41.4	41.2	39.0	40.7	40.3	41.5	(a)	45.6	47.7	46.2	44.5
Paper and Pulp.....	52.1	40.6	42.1	38.5	40.7	41.2	43.1	43.1	47.1	48.7	49.0	41.6
Paper Products.....	49.5	41.1	40.0	38.3	40.0	39.4	41.4	41.3	44.1	44.0	44.1	43.9
Printing—Book and Job.....	46.0	38.5	40.4	36.1	39.2	40.3	41.1	41.6	42.0	43.1	42.2	41.3
Printing—News and Magazines.....	45.7	42.1	37.9	36.6	37.0	37.3	38.0	38.8	40.2	41.4	40.8	39.0
Rubber.....	44.8	33.1	33.3	30.3	35.5	35.4	38.5	40.9	45.5	46.8	45.0	41.6
Silk and Rayon.....	47.6	38.9	35.3	32.3	35.2	34.4	37.6	40.4	42.1	43.6	43.9	41.6
Wool.....	46.4	39.3	34.7	32.4	35.8	35.9	39.9	40.8	43.0	43.4	43.2	41.6
Foundries and Machine Shops.....	49.4	30.1	41.4	34.3	38.6	41.4	45.8	47.6	47.9	47.4	45.7	40.9

Source—National Industrial Conference Board.

(a)—A change in sample in middle of 1942, hence no average.



# FEDERAL DEBT AND CORPORATE PROFITS

## Direct Debt of the U. S. Government

(Gross Debt in Thousands of Dollars)

Year Ending June 30	Gross Debt	Debt per Capita
1900	\$1,263,000	\$ 16.56
1905	1,132,357	13.60
1910	1,146,940	12.69
1915	1,191,284	11.83
1916	1,225,146	11.96
1917	2,975,619	28.57
1918	12,243,629	115.65
1919	25,482,034	240.09
1920	24,297,918	228.32
1921	23,976,251	221.09
1922	22,964,079	208.97
1923	22,349,686	200.10
1924	21,251,120	186.86
1925	20,516,272	177.82
1926	19,643,183	167.70
1927	18,510,174	156.04
1928	17,604,291	146.69
1929	16,931,198	139.40
1930	16,185,308	131.49
1931	16,801,485	135.37
1932	19,487,010	158.93
1933	22,536,672	179.21
1934	27,083,086	213.65
1935	28,701,167	225.07
1936	33,545,385	261.20
1937	36,427,091	281.82
1938	37,187,487	285.43
1939	40,445,417	308.34
1940	42,971,044	325.66
1941	48,979,919	367.68
1942	72,495,183	640.68
1943	136,696,000	1,007.64
1944	201,003,000	1,456.00
1945	258,862,000	1,854.00
1946	289,422,000	1,910.00

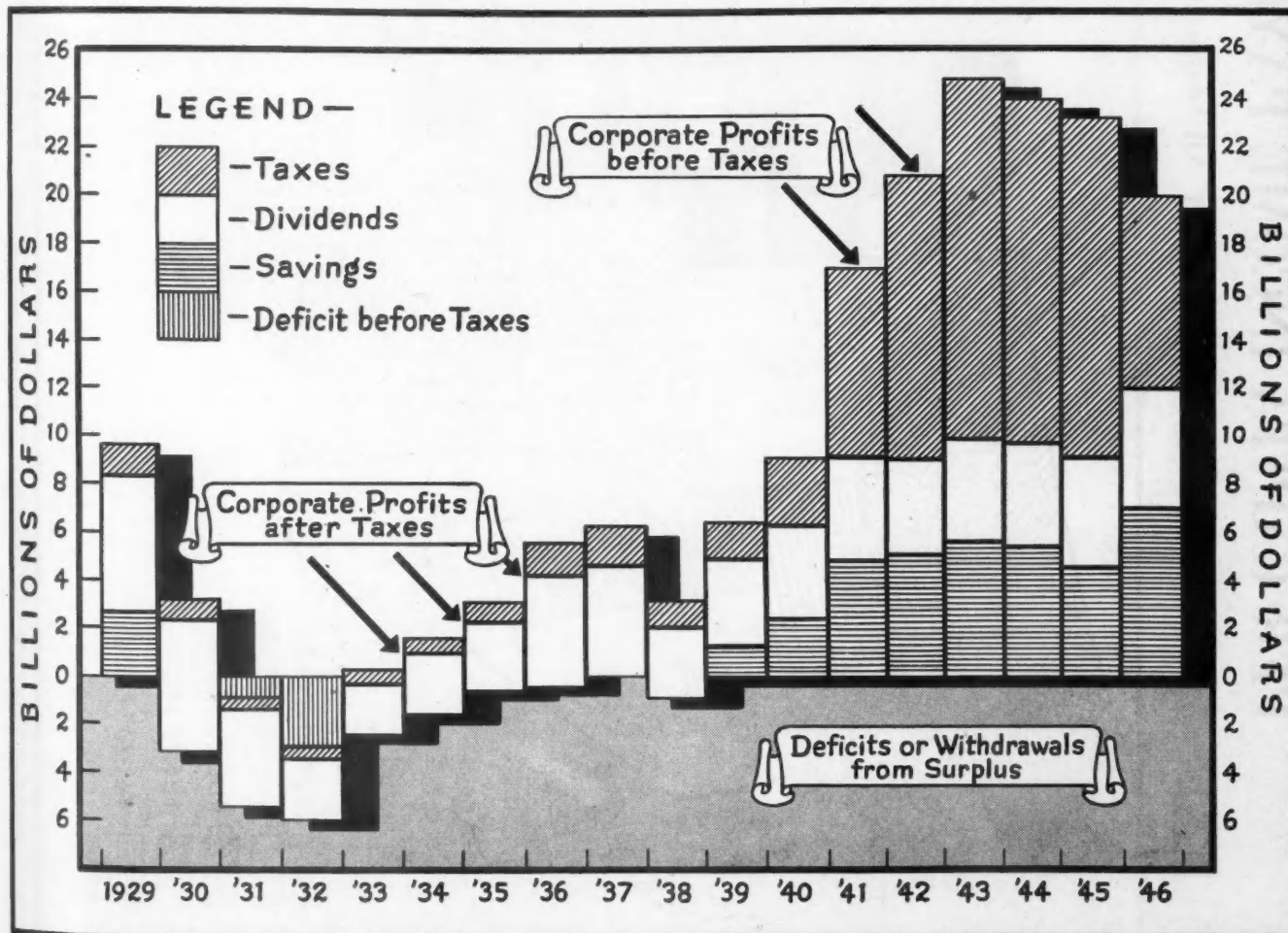
## 1946 Net Corporate Profits Up 3 Billion from 1945

(Millions of Dollars)

	Corporate Profits Before Taxes	Taxes	Corporate Profits After Taxes	Dividends	Savings
1929	\$9,685	\$1,433	\$8,252	\$5,700	\$2,552
1930	3,203	877	2,326	5,434	= 3,108
1931	-805	519	-1,324	4,100	= 5,424
1932	-3,054	389	-3,443	2,592	= 6,035
1933	123	543	-420	2,057	= 2,477
1934	1,634	774	860	2,550	= 1,690
1935	3,085	953	2,132	2,773	= 641
1936	5,609	1,447	4,162	4,518	= 356
1937	6,119	1,551	4,568	4,631	= 63
1938	3,038	1,082	1,956	2,918	= 962
1939	6,241	1,506	4,735	3,599	1,136
1940	9,049	2,937	6,112	3,831	2,281
1941	16,976	7,909	9,067	4,291	4,776
1942	20,888	11,790	9,098	4,115	4,983
1943	24,838	14,963	9,875	4,224	5,651
1944	24,001	14,320	9,681	4,377	5,304
1945	20,815	11,795	9,020	4,472	4,548
1946	20,000	8,000	12,000	5,000	7,000

- Deficit. = Withdrawals from Surplus.  
Source: National Income Unit, Department of Commerce.

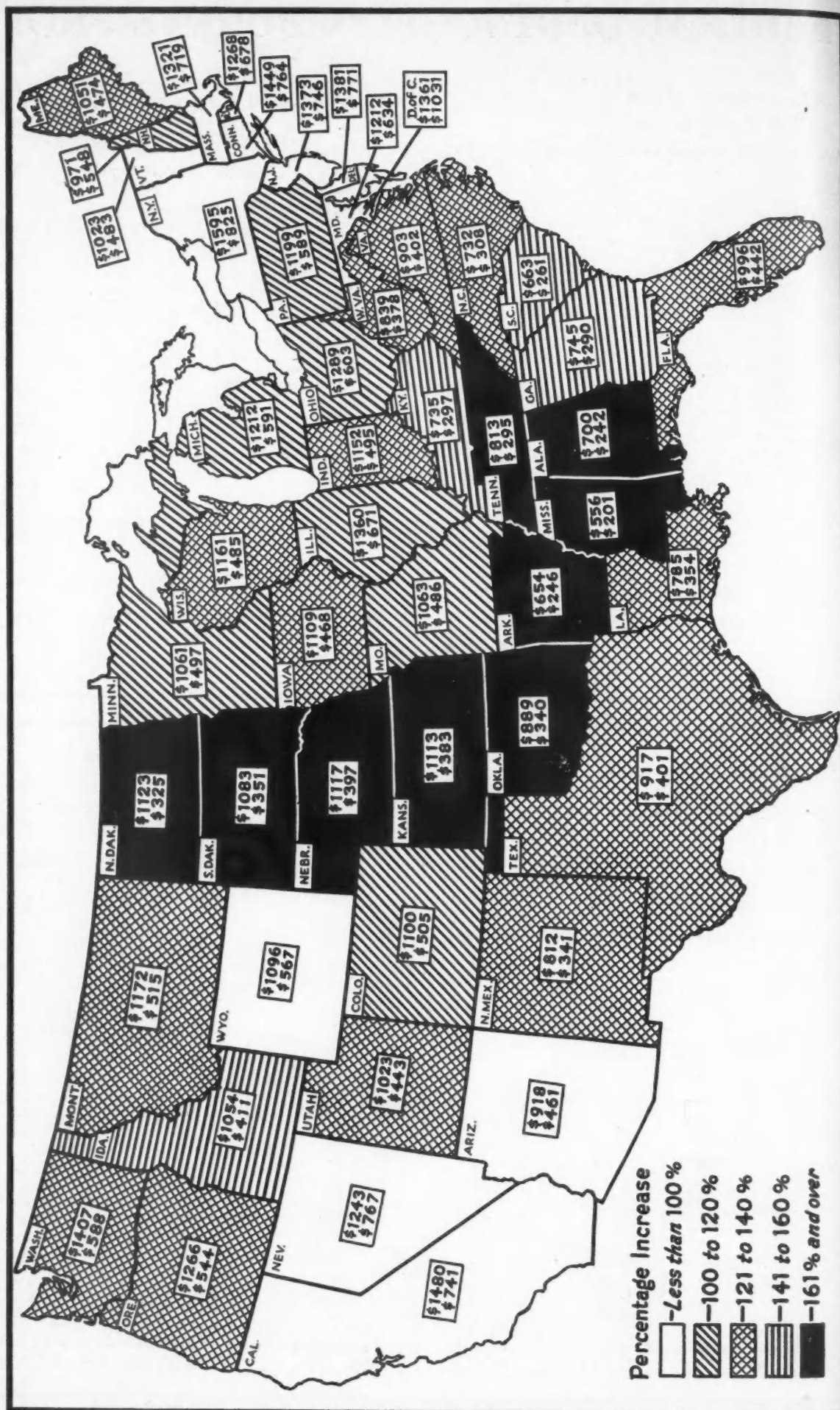
## TAXES, DIVIDENDS AND SAVINGS OF ALL CORPORATIONS





# PER CAPITA INCOME PAYMENTS TO INDIVIDUALS

Substantial Increases for All States in 1945 as Compared With 1939



Source of Data—U. S. Department of Commerce.





## 92 Million Motor Vehicles Produced in 47 Years

*Factory Sales and Their Wholesale Value, U. S. Plants*

YEAR	PASSENGER CARS			TRUCKS AND BUSES			TOTAL	
	Number of Units	Wholesale Value	Average Wholesale Price	Number of Units†	Wholesale Value†	Average Wholesale Price	Number of Units	Wholesale Value
1900	4,912	\$4,899,443	\$997	.....	.....	.....	4,192	\$4,889,443
1901	7,000	8,183,000	1169	.....	.....	.....	7,000	8,183,000
1902	9,000	10,395,000	1155	.....	.....	.....	9,000	10,395,000
1903	11,235	13,000,000	1157	.....	.....	.....	11,235	13,000,000
1904	22,130	23,357,692	1055	700	\$1,272,747	\$1818	22,830	24,630,439
1905	24,250	38,670,000	1594	750	1,330,000	1773	25,000	40,000,000
1906	33,200	61,460,000	1851	800	1,440,000	1800	34,000	62,900,000
1907	43,000	91,620,000	2131	1,000	1,780,000	1780	44,000	93,400,000
1908	63,500	135,250,000	2129	1,500	2,550,000	1700	65,000	137,800,000
1909	123,990	159,765,721	1288	3,297	5,333,683	1617	127,287	165,099,404
1910	181,000	215,340,000	1189	6,000	9,660,000	1610	187,000	225,000,000
1911	199,319	225,000,000	1128	10,681	21,000,000	1966	210,000	246,000,000
1912	356,000	335,000,000	941	22,000	43,000,000	1954	378,000	378,000,000
1913	461,500	399,902,000	866	23,500	44,000,000	1872	485,000	443,902,000
1914	548,139	420,838,378	768	24,900	44,219,096	1775	573,039	465,057,474
1915	895,930	575,978,000	643	74,000	125,800,000	1700	969,930	701,778,000
1916	1,525,578	921,378,000	604	92,130	161,000,000	1747	1,617,708	1,082,378,000
1917	1,745,792	1,053,505,781	603	128,157	220,982,668	1724	1,873,949	1,274,488,449
1918	943,436	801,937,925	850	227,250	434,168,992	1910	1,170,686	1,236,106,917
1919	1,651,625	1,365,395,415	827	224,731	371,422,820	1652	1,876,356	1,736,818,235
1920	1,905,560	1,809,170,963	949	321,789	423,249,410	1315	2,227,349	2,232,420,373
1921	1,468,067	1,038,191,037	707	148,052	166,070,810	1122	1,616,119	1,204,261,847
1922	2,274,185	1,494,513,991	657	269,991	226,049,658	837	2,544,176	1,720,563,649
1923	3,624,717	2,196,272,116	606	409,295	308,537,929	754	4,034,012	2,504,810,045
1924	3,185,881	1,970,096,559	618	416,659	318,580,580	765	3,602,540	2,288,677,139
1925	3,735,171	2,458,370,026	658	530,659	458,400,277	864	4,265,830	2,916,770,303
1926	3,783,987	2,640,064,519	698	316,947	452,123,435	875	4,300,934	3,092,187,954
1927	2,936,533	2,164,670,891	737	464,793	420,130,624	904	3,401,326	2,584,801,515
1928	3,815,417	2,576,489,623	675	543,342	437,132,258	804	4,358,759	3,013,621,881
1929	4,587,400	2,847,118,562	621	771,020	566,029,644	734	5,358,420	3,413,148,206
1930	2,784,745	1,645,398,523	591	571,241	389,436,690	682	3,355,986	2,034,835,213
1931	1,973,090	1,111,273,774	563	416,648	262,417,542	630	2,389,738	1,373,691,316
1932	1,135,491	618,291,168	544	235,187	136,193,336	579	1,370,678	754,484,504
1933	1,573,512	762,736,512	485	346,545	186,069,314	537	1,920,057	948,805,826
1934	2,177,919	1,147,116,195	527	575,192	320,143,667	556	2,753,111	1,467,259,862
1935	3,252,244	1,709,425,904	526	694,690	379,407,751	546	3,946,934	2,088,833,655
1936	3,669,528	2,015,646,217	549	784,587	462,820,474	590	4,454,115	2,478,466,691
1937	3,915,889	2,304,349,252*	588	893,085	542,921,096*	608	4,808,974	2,847,270,348*
1938	2,000,985	1,269,765,050*	634	488,100	339,226,639*	695	2,489,085	1,608,991,689*
1939	2,866,796	1,816,434,914*	634	710,496	502,421,776*	707	3,577,292	2,318,856,690*
1940	3,717,385	2,441,513,000*	657	754,901	577,012,000*	764	4,472,236	3,018,525,000*
1941	3,779,682	2,673,957,000*	707	1,060,820	1,087,592,000*	1025	4,840,502	3,761,549,000*
1942	222,862	174,083,000*	781	818,662	1,436,162,000*	1754	1,041,524	1,610,245,000*
1943†	139	109,000*	.....	699,689	1,453,467,000*	.....	699,828	1,453,576,000*
1944†	610	476,000*	.....	737,524	1,712,356,000*	.....	738,134	1,712,832,000*
1945	69,532	60,603,000*	872	655,683	1,219,957,000*	1861	725,215	1,280,560,000*
1946P	2,148,677	2,071,000,000*	964	940,830	1,158,000,000*	1231	3,089,507	3,229,000,000*

Note: Table above includes sales of military vehicles. Prior to 1940 station wagons and other vehicles built on passenger car chassis are included with trucks. In 1940 and later years such vehicles built on passenger car chassis are included with passenger cars.  
\*Includes Federal Excise Taxes and standard equipment.  
P—Preliminary values.

†A substantial part of the trucks reported comprises chassis only, without bodies; hence, the value of bodies for these chassis are not included.  
†Actual value of passenger car factory sales for 1943 and 1944 are not available. Value figures are approximations based on the average value per unit in 1942. While production of passenger cars ended in February, 1942, some vehicles remained in factory stocks to be sold under rationing orders in 1943 and 1944.



# 1946 Motor-Vehicle Factory Sales to Domestic and Foreign Markets

## Passenger Cars



## Trucks



## Buses



## 1946 Passenger Car Factory Sales Only 56.8 Per Cent of 1941

Factory Sales from U. S. Plants\*

	Passenger Cars	Trucks	Buses	Total
January.....	56,367	48,033	467	101,867
February.....	57,784	34,993	296	93,072
March.....	85,810	37,898	827	124,535
April.....	132,631	80,771	948	214,350
May.....	186,942	75,378	789	263,109
June.....	141,090	60,038	774	201,902
July.....	209,180	87,591	882	297,653
August.....	247,261	97,881	1,067	346,209
September.....	232,280	95,682	833	328,795
October.....	283,588	107,186	975	391,749
November.....	269,081	100,929	1,146	371,156
December.....	268,665	107,616	1,438	377,719
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>2,148,677</b>	<b>930,739</b>	<b>10,991</b>	<b>3,089,807</b>

## Factory Sales to Domestic and Foreign Markets

	Passenger Cars		Trucks		Buses	
	Domestic	Foreign	Domestic	Foreign	Domestic	Foreign
January.....	53,441	2,926	37,970	7,063	436	31
February.....	54,111	3,673	26,787	8,206	230	35
March.....	80,239	5,571	29,125	8,841	443	84
April.....	125,765	6,866	62,529	18,242	884	94
May.....	158,344	8,598	59,947	16,426	741	48
June.....	131,284	9,806	50,247	9,791	791	23
July.....	195,158	14,022	72,102	15,489	833	29
August.....	229,063	18,178	78,283	19,598	967	200
September.....	218,645	13,635	77,501	18,181	758	75
October.....	263,238	20,350	88,207	18,959	923	52
November.....	250,379	18,702	79,138	21,791	1,102	44
December.....	244,931	21,734	82,774	24,842	1,339	99
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>2,004,616</b>	<b>144,061</b>	<b>744,610</b>	<b>186,129</b>	<b>9,277</b>	<b>814</b>

## Motor Truck Factory Sales by Gross Vehicle Weight

	TOTAL							Total
	5,000 & Less	5,001-10,000	10,001-14,000	14,001-16,000	16,001-19,500	19,501-26,000	Over 26,000	
January.....	18,535	3,877	9,058	8,499	1,848	2,136	1,282	45,033
February.....	13,758	3,100	9,436	4,624	1,230	1,780	1,085	34,993
March.....	16,821	2,002	8,451	7,791	441	1,223	937	37,898
April.....	26,925	5,013	29,795	14,689	1,720	1,691	958	60,771
May.....	26,209	5,833	22,884	15,635	2,002	1,729	1,081	75,378
June.....	32,890	4,795	12,754	5,555	1,556	1,469	1,019	60,038
July.....	30,618	7,125	23,209	21,833	2,301	1,791	914	87,591
August.....	34,967	6,744	28,281	23,189	1,853	1,858	989	97,881
September.....	32,605	9,188	28,687	20,074	2,066	2,076	986	95,682
October.....	35,933	14,745	26,659	21,764	3,082	3,387	1,806	107,186
November.....	30,520	12,424	22,971	27,438	3,377	2,678	1,321	100,929
December.....	30,929	13,389	25,727	29,713	2,888	3,254	1,716	107,616
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>330,730</b>	<b>88,235</b>	<b>247,912</b>	<b>200,574</b>	<b>24,162</b>	<b>25,252</b>	<b>13,874</b>	<b>930,739</b>

	DOMESTIC MARKET							Total
	5,000 & Less	5,001-10,000	10,001-14,000	14,001-16,000	16,001-19,500	19,501-26,000	Over 26,000	
January.....	17,331	3,151	8,713	8,457	1,160	1,950	1,208	37,970
February.....	11,822	2,783	5,481	3,156	948	1,569	1,028	26,787
March.....	14,433	1,719	5,012	5,630	355	1,104	872	29,125
April.....	23,956	4,508	18,098	11,985	1,525	1,547	910	62,529
May.....	23,122	5,406	13,381	13,819	1,635	1,576	1,008	59,947
June.....	29,857	4,396	8,266	4,412	1,279	1,309	928	50,247
July.....	26,611	6,602	17,189	17,375	1,860	1,610	855	72,102
August.....	30,210	6,072	21,284	16,941	1,324	1,627	925	78,283
September.....	29,372	8,263	26,454	12,932	1,671	1,862	947	77,501
October.....	32,198	13,167	21,670	13,672	2,540	3,137	1,523	88,207
November.....	26,208	10,794	17,014	16,754	2,665	2,476	1,227	79,138
December.....	26,688	12,023	17,679	19,269	2,351	2,734	1,630	82,774
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>291,808</b>	<b>78,684</b>	<b>174,741</b>	<b>144,302</b>	<b>19,313</b>	<b>22,501</b>	<b>13,061</b>	<b>744,610</b>

	FOREIGN MARKETS							Total
	5,000 & Less	5,001-10,000	10,001-14,000	14,001-16,000	16,001-19,500	19,501-26,000	Over 26,000	
January.....	1,204	726	2,345	2,042	486	186	74	7,063
February.....	1,936	317	3,955	1,468	282	191	57	8,206
March.....	2,388	283	3,439	2,161	86	119	65	8,841
April.....	2,969	505	11,697	2,684	195	144	49	18,242
May.....	3,087	427	9,503	1,816	367	153	73	16,426
June.....	3,233	399	4,488	1,143	277	180	91	9,791
July.....	4,007	523	6,020	4,256	441	181	59	15,489
August.....	4,777	672	6,997	6,348	529	231	44	19,598
September.....	3,233	925	6,233	7,142	395	214	39	18,181
October.....	3,735	1,578	4,689	8,082	542	250	63	18,959
November.....	4,312	1,630	5,957	8,684	712	402	94	21,791
December.....	4,041	1,366	7,848	10,444	537	520	86	24,842
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>38,922</b>	<b>9,351</b>	<b>73,171</b>	<b>56,272</b>	<b>4,949</b>	<b>2,751</b>	<b>613</b>	<b>186,129</b>

\*Source of data—Automobile Manufacturers Association.



# Motor Vehicle Production in Canada†

## Number of Units and Their Wholesale Value

Year	Passenger Cars			Trucks			Total	
	Number of Units	Wholesale Value	Average Wholesale Value	Number of Units	Wholesale Value	Average Wholesale Value	Number of Units	Wholesale Value
1921	61,098	\$53,561,415	\$876	5,148	\$3,843,288	\$746	66,246	\$57,404,703
1922	92,838	67,226,654	724	8,169	5,232,405	640	101,007	72,459,059
1923	127,976	78,282,372	612	19,226	8,941,011	465	147,202	87,223,383
1924	114,537	70,609,960	616	18,043	8,125,916	450	132,580	78,735,876
1925	135,573	86,158,773	635	26,397	12,234,486	463	161,970	98,393,259
1926	166,887	106,000,203	635	37,840	16,629,334	439	204,727	122,629,537
1927	146,421	100,962,211	689	32,633	14,942,017	458	179,054	115,904,228
1928	197,848	127,263,877	643	44,206	21,913,122	496	242,054	149,176,999
1929	203,307	134,023,280	659	59,318	29,474,395	497	262,625	163,497,675
1930	121,337	75,253,581	620	32,035	16,513,225	515	153,372	91,766,806
1931	65,072	42,634,173	655	17,487	10,330,763	591	82,559	52,964,936
1932	50,694	32,490,129	641	10,095	6,070,667	601	60,789	38,560,796
1933	53,849	32,568,268	605	12,003	6,062,195	505	65,852	38,630,463
1934	92,647	57,260,156	618	24,205	12,770,318	528	116,852	70,030,474
1935	135,562	79,209,276	584	37,315	19,803,771	531	172,877	99,013,047
1936	128,369	76,814,258	598	33,790	19,140,946	566	162,159	95,955,204
1937	153,046	93,368,282	610	54,417	30,389,011	558	207,463	123,757,293
1938	123,761	81,661,687	660	42,325	26,497,038	626	166,086	108,158,725
1939	108,369	71,101,204	656	47,057	28,072,712	597	155,426	99,173,916
1940	109,911	83,544,445	760	113,102	91,191,516	806	223,013	174,735,961
1941	96,603	81,167,694	840	173,588	163,414,253	941	270,191	244,581,947
1942	12,236	10,305,013	842	216,057	229,103,128	1060	228,293	239,408,141
1943	No production			178,064	222,393,092	1249	178,064	222,393,092
1944	No production			158,038	213,259,582	1349	158,038	213,259,582
1945	1,868	1,638,118	876	130,740	166,670,117	1275	132,608	168,308,235
1946	92,456	n.a.	...	79,797	n.a.	....	172,253	n.a.

†—Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

n.a.—Not available.

## Canadian Motor Vehicle Registrations, 1941-1945\*

Province	1941				Total Motor Vehicles	Motor-cycles	Trailers
	Passenger Cars	Trucks	Buses	Other†			
P. E. Island	6,773	1,214	12	...	7,999	18	403
Nova Scotia	47,208	13,440	189	1,319	62,136	669	1,670
New Brunswick	31,945	8,052	109	983	41,089	361	1,867
Quebec	184,167	42,983	1,051	1,073	229,274	2,675	11,097
Ontario	638,624	95,408	1,268	**	733,300	5,894	48,739
Manitoba	75,982	19,696	111	78	95,847	726	6,744
Saskatchewan	94,973	35,540	100	188	130,801	744	5,288
Alberta	96,303	28,876	207	...	125,386	741	331
Br. Columbia	105,410	25,539	414	715	132,078	2,421	4,165
Yukon	171	193	...	33	397	30	...
Total	1,279,536	270,941	3,441	4,389	1,558,307	14,477	80,304
1943							
P. E. Island	6,670	1,290	20	24	8,004	28	385
Nova Scotia	42,509	14,439	212	961	58,121	1,073	1,603
New Brunswick	30,083	8,424	194	1,127	39,828	377	1,640
Quebec	171,369	47,229	1,264	**	219,882	2,614	12,438
Ontario	586,036	97,550	1,614	...	685,200	6,415	48,426
Manitoba	71,603	20,919	106	118	92,746	748	6,527
Saskatchewan	93,895	38,943	267	22	133,117	722	5,804
Alberta	92,551	33,961	158	...	126,670	689	...
Br. Columbia	98,920	31,146	477	842	131,385	3,306	5,041
Yukon	211	275	...	30	516	24	...
Total	1,193,847	294,176	4,302	3,124	1,495,449	16,396	81,884
1944							
P. E. Island	6,833	1,471	26	42	8,372	40	347
Nova Scotia	41,756	14,583	225	675	57,239	684	1,794
New Brunswick	29,177	9,103	233	761	39,264	306	1,764
Quebec	171,366	48,471	1,482	...	221,308	2,734	13,104
Ontario	568,223	99,190	1,743	...	669,156	5,901	48,900
Manitoba	70,643	21,080	105	181	92,559	738	6,777
Saskatchewan	98,412	41,512	276	18	140,215	777	6,184
Alberta	91,628	34,690	193	...	126,711	705	315
Br. Columbia	99,063	31,463	423	1,007	131,956	3,134	5,539
Yukon	238	468	...	38	742	16	...
Total	1,177,558	302,611	4,676	2,677	1,487,522	16,045	84,734
1945							
P. E. Island	6,744	2,043	8	...	8,795	40	345
Nova Scotia	40,314	15,049	350	400	56,113	586	1,934
New Brunswick	28,794	12,155	221	148	41,318	259	1,911
Quebec	171,240	52,403	1,829	575	225,947	2,834	14,101
Ontario	555,461	99,618	1,895	...	656,974	5,745	53,004
Manitoba	69,268	22,609	126	61	92,064	694	7,053
Saskatchewan	96,268	42,939	261	17	139,485	772	6,662
Alberta	92,334	36,262	815	...	129,411	742	326
Br. Columbia	99,421	32,185	676	...	132,282	2,506	6,276
Yukon	214	343	7	34	598	16	...
Total	1,160,058	315,606	5,988	1,235	1,482,887	14,194	91,612

\*—Canadian Automobile Chamber of Commerce.

†—Includes road tractors, ambulances, fire trucks, hearses, etc.

\*\*—Included in trucks.



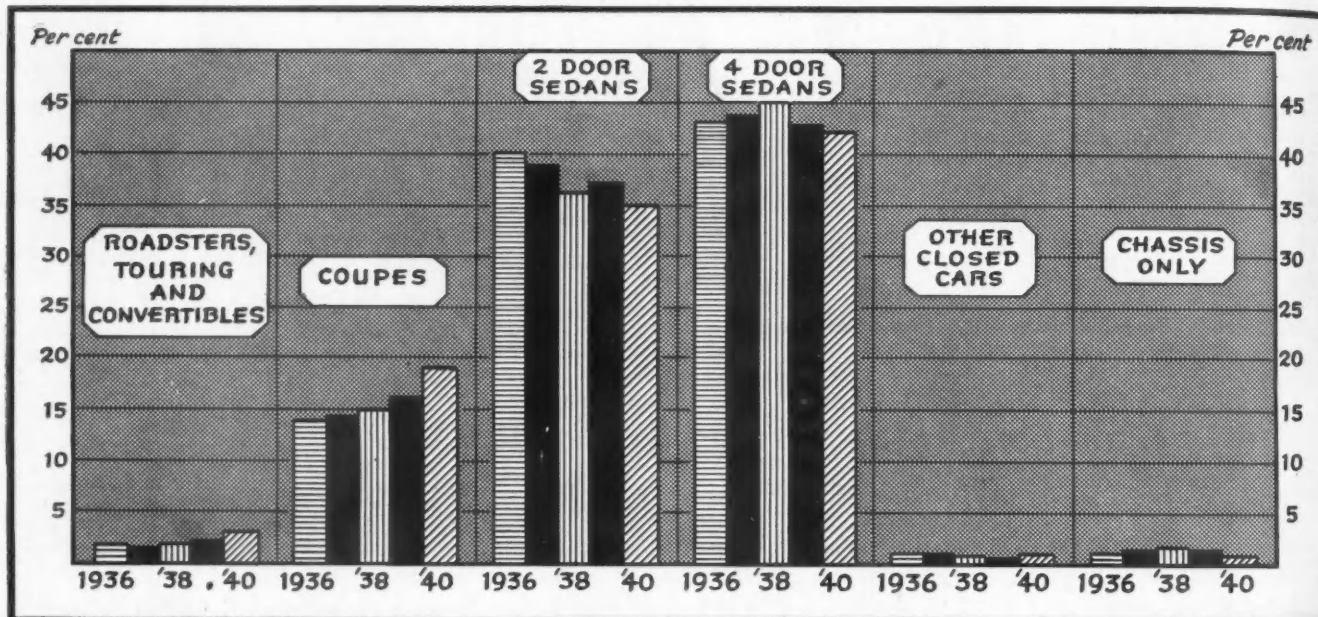
# PREWAR PASSENGER CAR PRODUCTION

## Passenger Car Factory Sales by Body Types, 1935-1940

U. S. Plants

Body Type	1935		1936		1937		1938		1939		1940	
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
Roadster.....	7,632	.23	7,214	.20	1,076	.03	591	.03	296	.01	38	.....
Touring.....	6,501	.20	4,196	.11	2,989	.08	1,007	.05	459	.02	95,976	2.80
Convertible Coupe.....	33,340	1.03	37,153	1.01	44,275	1.13	29,437	1.47	51,086	1.78	9,351	.25
Convertible Sedan.....	6,851	.21	12,763	.35	14,061	.36	7,553	.38	7,167	.25	706,818	19.14
Coupe.....	491,711	15.12	478,588	13.04	564,238	14.41	303,352	15.16	462,818	16.14	1,308,110	35.42
2-Door Sedan.....	1,287,266	38.96	1,475,796	40.22	1,522,059	38.86	728,747	36.42	1,066,399	37.20	1,545,100	41.88
4-Door Sedan.....	1,386,501	42.63	1,600,414	43.61	1,711,648	43.71	901,826	45.07	1,249,329	43.58	14,536	.34
All Other Closed Cars.....	4,115	.13	13,347	.36	10,794	.28	4,480	.22	4,100	.14	12,369	.34
Chassis.....	48,327	1.49	40,057	1.10	44,769	1.14	23,992	1.20	25,142	.88	.....	.....
Total.....	3,252,244	100.00	3,669,528	100.00	3,915,889	100.00	2,000,985	100.00	2,866,796	100.00	3,692,328	100.00

## FOUR DOOR SEDANS ARE MOST POPULAR

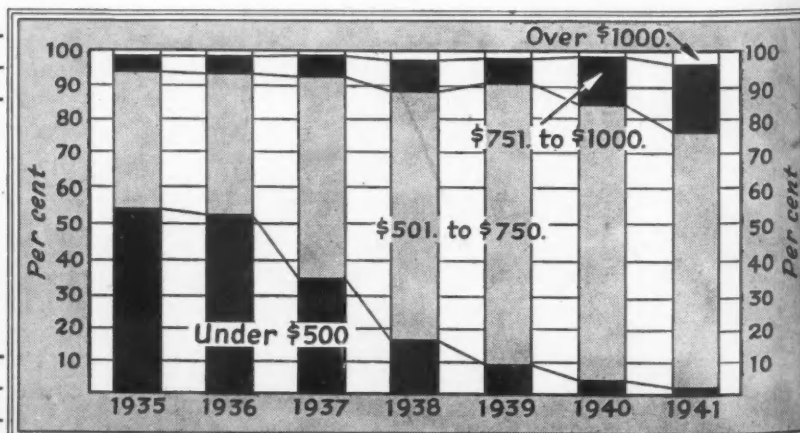


## Passenger Car Factory Sales by Wholesale Price Classes, 1935-1941

U. S. Plants

Price Classes	1935		1936		1937		1938		1939		1940		1941	
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
Under \$500.....	1,724,549	53.0	1,879,402	51.2	1,329,013	33.9	308,140	15.4	265,341	9.3	125,198	3.4	10,107	.3
\$501-\$750.....	1,383,575	42.5	1,603,087	43.8	2,297,199	58.7	1,462,756	73.1	2,328,184	81.1	3,017,536	81.6	2,642,268	76.9
\$751-\$1000.....	101,479	3.1	133,148	3.6	243,516	6.2	184,625	9.2	218,986	7.6	478,258	13.0	772,549	20.7
\$1001-\$1500.....	26,401	.8	36,781	1.0	29,445	.8	39,102	2.0	47,849	1.7	61,362	1.7	106,284	2.8
\$1501-\$2000.....	8,519	.3	11,326	.3	11,354	.3	3,538	.2	4,222	.2	7,547	.2	9,295	.3
\$2001-\$3000.....	5,293	.2	4,232	.1	4,060	.1	2,161	.1	1,870	.1	2,306	.1	3,712	.1
Over \$3000.....	2,428	.1	1,542	.....	1,302	.....	663	.....	344	.....	121	.....	87	.....
Total.....	3,252,244	100.0	3,669,528	100.0	3,915,889	100.0	2,000,985	100.0	2,866,796	100.0	3,692,328	100.0	3,744,300	100.0

**76% OF PASSENGER CAR  
FACTORY SALES  
WERE PRICED UNDER  
\$750 WHOLESALE IN 1941**





# Truck Production by Capacities, 1936-1945\*

By Plants Located in the United States

Year	LIGHT			MEDIUM			HEAVY			TOTAL—ALL WEIGHTS		
	Civilian	Military	Total	Civilian	Military	Total	Civilian	Military	Total	Civilian	Military	Total
1936	317,189	1,004	318,193	417,395	1,125	418,520	36,045	596	36,641	770,829	2,725	773,554
1937	396,326	368	396,694	437,525	1,266	438,791	38,267	69	38,336	872,118	1,703	873,821
1938	208,575	690	209,265	248,886	1,119	250,005	20,846	439	21,285	478,307	2,248	480,555
1939	306,098	1,651	307,749	343,190	2,900	346,090	36,008	1,637	37,645	685,296	6,188	691,484
1940	337,983	13,365	351,348	323,088	36,042	359,130	39,030	5,982	45,012	700,101	55,389	755,490
1941	367,467	72,164	439,631	408,367	126,170	536,537	47,371	18,323	65,694	823,205	218,657	1,041,862
1942	23,427	277,413	300,840	86,072	169,188	255,260	15,795	225,032	240,827	125,294	671,633	796,927
1943	0	268,438	268,438	179	154,808	154,987	2,709	249,368	252,077	2,688	672,614	675,302
1944	0	247,113	247,113	87,990	87,380	175,370	31,091	290,176	321,267	119,081	624,869	743,750
1945	72,197	132,574	204,771	183,948	24,232	208,180	57,496	198,129	255,627	313,643	354,935	668,578

\*—War Production Board and Civilian Production Administration

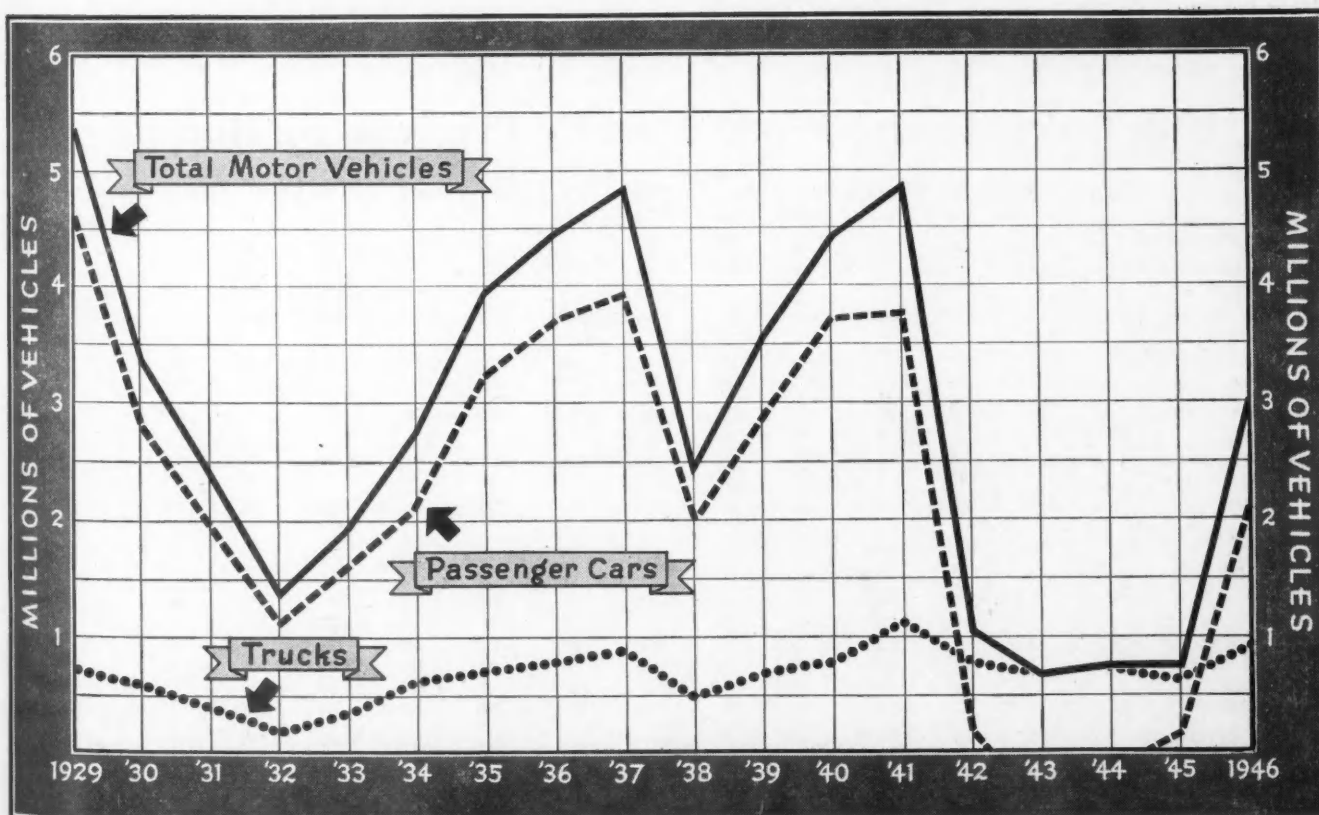
## 1946 Motor Truck Factory Sales by Gross Vehicle Weights\*

From Plants Located in the United States

Month	5,000- & less	5,001- 10,000	10,001- 14,000	14,001- 18,000	18,001- 19,500	19,501- 26,000	Over 26,000	Total
January	18,535	3,877	9,058	8,499	1,646	2,136	1,282	45,033
February	13,758	3,100	9,436	4,624	1,230	1,780	1,085	34,933
March	16,821	2,002	8,451	7,791	441	1,223	937	37,666
April	26,925	5,013	29,795	14,669	1,720	1,691	959	80,771
May	28,209	5,833	22,884	15,635	2,002	1,729	1,081	78,373
June	32,890	4,795	12,754	5,555	1,556	1,469	1,019	60,038
July	30,618	7,125	23,209	21,633	2,301	1,791	914	87,591
August	34,987	6,744	28,281	23,189	1,853	1,858	969	97,581
September	32,605	9,188	28,687	20,074	2,066	2,076	986	95,682
October	35,933	14,745	26,659	21,754	3,082	3,387	1,606	107,166
November	30,520	12,424	22,971	27,438	3,377	2,678	1,321	100,929
December	30,929	13,389	25,727	29,713	2,888	3,254	1,716	107,616
Total	330,730	88,235	247,912	200,574	24,162	25,252	13,874	930,739

\*—1946 data not comparable with data for years 1936 through 1945. Material for 1946 represents factory sales as supplied by the Automobile Manufacturers Association whereas production is shown for years 1936 through 1945.

## 1946 TRUCK OUTPUT SETS NEW CIVILIAN RECORD PASSENGER CAR AND TRUCK PRODUCTION, 1929-1946





# Passenger Car and Truck Production by Months, 1934-1946\*

Factory Sales for 1933-1941 and 1946; Production 1942 through 1945

(U. S. Plants)

	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946
January	112,754	227,554	297,692	309,494	155,505	281,465	363,120	413,012					58,387
February	188,774	273,576	224,211	296,788	139,380	243,000	339,595	397,067					87,704
March	270,274	389,410	342,670	403,879	174,065	299,703	358,351	416,016					85,810
April	288,355	387,158	416,431	439,980	176,078	273,409	364,086	378,906					132,631
May	273,764	306,547	384,921	425,432	154,958	237,870	327,873	421,631					168,942
June	261,280	294,182	475,337	411,414	136,531	246,704	280,228	423,008					141,060
July	223,094	274,344	371,922	380,400	106,841	150,738	174,218	347,907					359
August	183,500	181,130	209,351	311,456	58,624	61,407	47,804	79,343					209,180
September	125,040	56,087	90,101	118,671	65,159	161,825	223,593	188,397					580
October	84,003	213,310	190,242	298,662	187,494	251,819	421,777	296,554					232,280
November	49,020	336,914	341,085	295,328	320,344	285,252	408,817	259,631					283,588
December	111,061	343,022	425,365	244,385	326,006	373,804	400,913	180,210					269,081
Total	2,177,919	3,282,244	3,669,528	3,915,689	2,000,985	2,866,796	3,717,385	3,779,682	220,814			83,722	2,148,677

	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942†	1943†	1944†	1945†	1946
January	42,912	62,174	66,250	70,109	53,823	60,703	68,356	86,436	93,181	49,612	58,827	67,394	45,401
February	43,482	58,655	63,331	67,405	47,151	60,220	63,709	87,824	77,269	47,546	55,916	64,510	35,179
March	59,160	66,503	78,052	90,242	47,580	72,243	88,280	94,106	89,537	55,979	58,695	75,057	38,163
April	64,620	65,778	86,243	96,170	43,032	63,966	67,764	85,395	64,157	56,173	58,071	67,579	81,710
May	56,691	55,560	75,591	91,487	37,101	59,672	63,255	97,115	61,064	55,190	57,287	71,267	76,192
June	45,197	62,158	77,631	85,898	36,139	63,034	56,562	97,884	73,732	56,516	61,479	66,456	60,612
July	41,839	57,765	68,009	78,568	34,602	58,621	62,187	97,877	63,885	60,285	61,921	54,563	68,316
August	51,311	56,270	61,923	82,874	31,870	38,461	29,995	65,383	59,526	61,321	69,015	44,779	98,940
September	44,967	31,443	45,064	52,542	18,375	27,132	44,147	68,460	59,557	57,582	65,605	31,572	96,401
October	47,988	58,733	34,446	31,214	22,018	61,573	70,447	81,478	56,743	60,160	64,723	42,225	108,129
November	34,462	58,145	53,902	64,727	52,069	66,533	76,841	93,128	51,628	57,168	69,497	53,634	102,030
December	42,563	61,506	73,345	81,849	62,340	78,338	84,378	105,734	54,685†	59,583	72,165	29,542	108,421
Total	575,192	694,690	784,567	893,085	488,100	710,496	754,901	1,060,820	805,264	677,115	749,201	660,578	940,930

	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946
January	155,666	289,728	363,942	379,603	209,328	342,168	431,476	499,448	93,181	49,612	58,827	67,394	101,820
February	230,256	332,231	287,542	364,193	186,531	303,220	403,304	484,891	77,269	47,546	55,916	64,510	82,983
March	338,434	425,913	420,922	494,121	221,645	371,946	424,611	510,122	89,537	55,979	58,695	75,057	123,973
April	352,975	452,936	502,674	536,150	219,110	337,375	431,860	464,301	64,157	56,173	58,071	67,579	214,341
May	330,455	361,107	460,512	516,919	192,059	297,542	391,128	518,746	61,064	55,190	57,287	71,267	243,104
June	306,477	356,340	452,968	497,312	174,670	309,738	345,790	520,892	73,732	56,516	61,479	66,456	201,902
July	264,933	332,109	440,731	438,968	141,443	209,359	236,405	445,784	63,885	60,285	61,921	54,922	297,400
August	234,811	237,400	271,274	394,330	90,494	98,868	76,799	144,726	59,526	61,321	69,015	46,160	346,209
September	170,007	87,540	135,165	171,213	83,534	188,757	267,740	234,857	59,857	57,582	65,605	32,152	329,771
October	131,991	272,043	224,688	329,876	209,512	313,392	492,224	378,032	56,743	60,160	64,723	58,064	391,715
November	83,482	395,059	394,987	360,055	372,413	351,785	485,658	352,759	51,628	57,168	69,497	88,246	371,113
December	153,624	404,628	498,710	326,234	388,346	452,142	485,291	285,944	54,685	59,583	72,165	29,542	376,086
Total	2,753,111	3,946,934	4,454,115	4,808,974	2,489,085	3,577,292	4,472,286	4,840,502	1,026,078†	677,115	749,201	752,371	3,089,507

\*—Bureau of Census and Automobile Manufacturers Association.

†—These data cover actual production of trucks for military and civilian use. Jeeps, military ambulances and wheel-drive personnel carriers are included. To these have been added integral buses except for 1945, bus data for which were incomplete.

‡—Adjusted to force agreement with revised total.

NOTE:—Prior to 1940 station wagons and other vehicles built on passenger car chassis are included with trucks. In 1940 and later years such vehicles built on passenger car chassis are included with passenger cars. The monthly data shown for 1940 and 1941 are on the revised basis. However, as revised monthly data were not available for the years 1942 through 1945, data for those years are presented on the old basis. The yearly totals on the revised basis are as follows:—1942—cars 222,882; trucks 818,682; 1943—cars 139 trucks 699,689; 1944—cars 610, trucks 737,524; 1945—cars 69,532, trucks 656,683; 1946 figures are on the revised basis.

## 1946 Truck Trailer Production, by Type and by Months\*

	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Total
<b>Vans</b>													
Insulated	157	103	113	114	82	93	97	93	55	69	112	40	1,128
Refrigerated	280	66	100	109	425	53	44	118	251	481	227	102	2,296
Furniture	802	153	60	240	165	40	21	36	46	41	48		1,862
All other Closed Top	1,435	1,503	1,938	2,886	2,564	1,729	2,056	2,678	2,105	3,120	2,835	3,037	27,898
Open Top	148	60	328	115	70	68	69	166	222	276	225	282	2,029
<b>Total Vans</b>	<b>2,822</b>	<b>1,885</b>	<b>2,539</b>	<b>3,464</b>	<b>3,306</b>	<b>1,983</b>	<b>2,287</b>	<b>3,091</b>	<b>2,679</b>	<b>3,987</b>	<b>3,147</b>	<b>3,461</b>	<b>34,951</b>
<b>Racks</b>													
Cattle Racks	287	263	439	347	417	339	368	497	499	430	609	437	4,832
Stake Racks	198	201	220	325	316	316	291	261	324	341	256	202	3,251
<b>Total Racks</b>	<b>485</b>	<b>464</b>	<b>659</b>	<b>672</b>	<b>733</b>	<b>655</b>	<b>659</b>	<b>758</b>	<b>823</b>	<b>771</b>	<b>865</b>	<b>639</b>	<b>8,183</b>
<b>Tanks</b>													
Petroleum	137	137	133	170	126	198	155	131	120	181	188	123	1,799
Other	25	12	17	32	44	30	83	153	121	84	101	125	827
<b>Total Tanks</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>284</b>	<b>241</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>289</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>2,626</b>
<b>Pole and Logging</b>													
Single Axle	246	327	396	333	250	278	790	984	642	742	638	354	5,970
Tandem Axle	90	55	86	81	147	121	98	225	171	152	223	149	1,568
<b>Total</b>	<b>336</b>	<b>382</b>	<b>482</b>	<b>414</b>	<b>397</b>	<b>399</b>	<b>878</b>	<b>1,209</b>	<b>813</b>	<b>894</b>	<b>861</b>	<b>503</b>	<b>7,568</b>
<b>Platforms</b>	<b>791</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>646</b>	<b>998</b>	<b>969</b>	<b>737</b>	<b>1,137</b>	<b>1,298</b>	<b>970</b>	<b>1,433</b>	<b>1,266</b>	<b>1,136</b>	<b>11,702</b>
Low-bed Haulers (over 15 ton)	166	116	173	155	167	187	126	190	168	152	229	147	1,976
Off-highway Trailers	46	37	41	68	37	26	57	55	43	68	54	87	619
Dump Trailers	39	54	40	37	57	25	37	50	78	155	79	46	687
All Other Trailers	77	72	88	138	180	219	235	272	328	428	261	239	2,537
<b>Total—All Trailers</b>	<b>4,924</b>	<b>3,540</b>	<b>4,818</b>	<b>6,148</b>	<b>6,016</b>	<b>4,459</b>	<b>5,654</b>	<b>7,207</b>	<b>6,143</b>	<b>8,153</b>	<b>7,051</b>	<b>6,506</b>	<b>70,619</b>
<b>Trailer Chassis</b>	<b>399</b>	<b>358</b>	<b>594</b>	<b>543</b>	<b>601</b>	<b>574</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>443</b>	<b>435</b>	<b>578</b>	<b>398</b>	<b>380</b>	<b>5,615</b>
<b>Total Trailers and Chassis</b>	<b>5,323</b>	<b>3,898</b>	<b>5,412</b>	<b>6,691</b>	<b>6,617</b>	<b>5,033</b>	<b>5,966</b>	<b>7,650</b>	<b>6,578</b>	<b>8,731</b>	<b>7,449</b>	<b>6,886</b>	<b>76,234</b>

\* Industry Division—Bureau of the Census.



# Civilian Trailer Production, 1939-1941 and 1944\*

Body Type	1939		1940		1941		1944	
	Number	Per Cent of Total	Number	Per Cent of Total	Number	Per Cent of Total	Number	Per Cent of Total
General Freight †	18,144	75.04	19,693	72.63	30,837	73.65	19,822	82.28
Low-Bed Heavy Haulers	850	3.52	1,023	3.77	1,205	2.88	256	1.06
Pole, Pipe and Logging	2,891	11.95	3,728	13.75	5,837	13.95	2,100	8.72
Dumps (All Types)	806	3.33	728	2.68	1,392	3.32		
Petroleum Tanks	1,249	5.16	1,652	6.09	2,239	5.35	1,003	4.16
Milk Tanks	139	.57	147	.54	182	.43	245	1.02
Miscellaneous Tanks ‡	103	.43	147	.54	177	.42	666	2.76
Total	24,182	100.00	27,118	100.00	41,869	100.00	24,092	100.00

\*Covers exclusively the highway civilian-type truck trailers and does not include those trailers with a rated tonnage capacity under 5 tons and those produced on direct military contract. Therefore, not directly comparable with civilian production data for 1942, 1943, 1944 and 1945.  
†Includes vans, express, rack, platform, stake, panel and special purpose type body.  
‡For asphalt, chemicals and other types not elsewhere specified.

## Truck Trailer Production, 1942-1945\*

### Civilian and Military

	1942			1943			1944			1945		
	Civilian	Military	Total	Civilian	Military	Total	Civilian	Military	Total	Civilian	Military	Total
January	1,367	2,023	3,410	856	11,785	12,341	765	32,316	33,081	2,861	12,566	15,429
February	946	1,738	2,684	925	8,767	9,692	1,035	30,718	31,753	2,251	13,314	15,565
March	1,245	2,197	3,442	430	10,915	11,345	802	25,997	26,799	2,151	14,330	16,481
April	936	3,221	4,157	567	11,471	12,038	1,124	12,686	14,010	1,997	13,629	15,626
May	1,151	4,385	5,536	611	10,467	11,078	2,592	12,089	14,681	1,854	15,084	16,938
June	1,318	4,814	6,132	1,267	14,941	16,208	1,750	9,698	11,448	2,735	15,042	17,777
July	471	4,741	5,212	696	16,866	17,564	1,624	7,162	8,786	2,422	n.a.	n.a.
August	294	8,881	9,155	792	16,772	17,564	1,397	9,046	10,443	2,565	n.a.	n.a.
September	227	10,614	10,841	477	19,811	20,288	4,447	9,591	14,038	2,984	n.a.	n.a.
October	259	8,170	8,429	420	21,456	21,876	3,185	11,445	14,630	3,803	n.a.	n.a.
November	138	10,045	10,183	518	22,264	22,782	2,523	11,540	14,063	3,873	n.a.	n.a.
December	96	10,711	10,807	793	23,276	24,069	2,848	12,661	15,709	3,770	n.a.	n.a.
Total	8,408	71,520	79,928	8,054	188,811	196,865	24,092	185,349	209,441	33,266	63,967‡	97,816‡

n.a.—Not available.

‡—Six months total.

\*As reported by War Production Board.

## FARM AND NON-FARM TRACTOR PRODUCTION

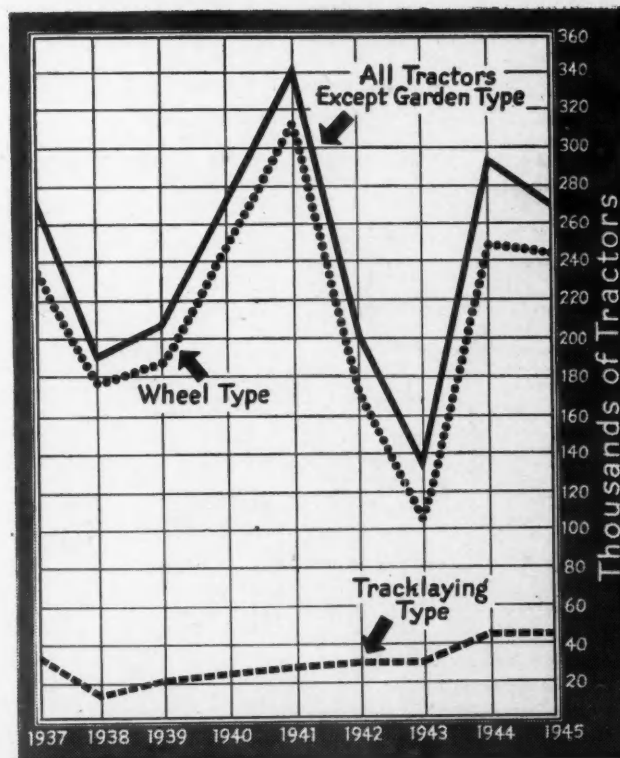
### In Units and Their Wholesale Value

#### WHEEL TYPE

Year	Number	Value at Factory	Average Value per Tractor
1946	258,274	\$183,690,000	\$711
1945	244,430	168,896,000	691
1944	249,131	169,899,838	682
1943	105,248	63,784,198	606
1942	172,123	102,557,627	596
1941	313,432	182,895,701	583
1940	249,434	136,762,330	548
1939	185,558	110,856,746	597
1938	172,437	116,881,739	678
1937	237,837	159,685,605	671
1936	193,947	120,801,359	623
1935	138,084	83,427,604	604

#### TRACKLAYING TYPE

1946	25,902	\$ 80,073,000	\$3,091
1945	44,872	212,007,000	4,725
1944	44,860	259,875,093	5,937
1943	29,453	135,443,129	4,599
1942	29,578	104,123,139	3,520
1941	28,661	77,024,351	2,687
1940	24,762	59,534,635	2,404
1939	20,127	45,305,160	2,251
1938	16,837	33,771,693	2,006
1937	34,602	66,418,335	1,919
1936	27,299	54,602,581	2,000
1935	18,774	37,056,960	1,974



\*Industry Division—Bureau of the Census.



# 1946 Motor-Vehicle Registrations

## Trucks Reach

Total U. S. Motor Vehicle

As of the end of

STATES	PASSENGER CARS <sup>1</sup>		TRUCKS		BUSES		TOTAL MOTOR VEHICLES	
	1946	1945	1946	1945	1946	1945	1946	1945
Alabama.....	296,504	278,493	85,902	72,141	1,823	1,955	384,229	352,589
Arizona.....	123,844	112,855	35,044	29,462	841 <sup>3</sup>	700 <sup>3</sup>	159,729	143,017
Arkansas.....	222,579	193,875	94,450	78,902	1,014	1,103	318,043	273,880
California.....	2,505,002	2,238,613 <sup>4</sup>	406,729	355,282	6,453	6,033	2,918,184	2,599,928 <sup>5</sup>
Colorado.....	301,622	269,616	90,543 <sup>3</sup>	76,837	6	6	392,165	346,453
Connecticut <sup>6</sup> .....	438,265	409,710	66,202	58,861	1,655	1,364	506,122	469,935
Delaware.....	56,690	53,610	14,298	13,162	6	6	70,986	66,772
District of Columbia..	111,156	96,087	14,495	13,879	2,114	2,132	127,765	112,098
Florida.....	483,585	423,158	120,525	96,384	3,699	3,211	607,809	522,753
Georgia.....	450,148	419,290	126,403	104,650	4,771	4,768	581,322	528,708
Idaho.....	123,995	111,770	40,000	38,352	6	206	163,995	150,328
Illinois.....	1,680,000	1,508,222	262,000	224,929	6	6	1,942,000	1,733,151
Indiana.....	897,465	833,908	175,412	137,809	7,818	7,330	1,080,695	979,047
Iowa.....	621,971	588,295	115,984	102,176	6	6	737,955	690,471
Kansas.....	503,628	476,596	146,897	129,353	6	6	650,525	605,949
Kentucky.....	370,000	351,825	94,000	82,017	6	6	464,000	433,842
Louisiana.....	333,214	322,749	98,117	78,256	3,433	3,248	434,764	404,253
Maine.....	169,108	153,861	56,496	49,891	444	493	226,048	204,245
Maryland.....	421,429	379,220	77,195	65,090	1,742	1,218	500,366	445,528
Massachusetts.....	835,428	744,364	131,071	111,417	5,782	5,471	972,281	861,252
Michigan.....	1,404,082	1,307,475	194,546	167,677	6	6	1,598,628	1,475,152
Minnesota.....	675,920	632,659	131,607	115,906	405	375	807,932	748,940
Mississippi.....	195,000	184,321	77,500	68,988	3,000	2,707	275,500	256,016
Missouri.....	776,771	697,168	188,394	157,084	6	6	965,165	854,252
Montana.....	120,102	108,625	54,947	48,260	6	6	175,049	156,885
Nebraska.....	351,048	331,076	87,121	75,554	638	582	438,807	407,212
Nevada.....	38,717	35,583	10,778	9,193	6	6	49,495	44,776
New Hampshire.....	105,951	95,113	31,744	23,483	6	6	137,695	118,596
New Jersey.....	923,323	860,000	164,381	149,000	7,040	8,800	1,094,744	1,017,800
New Mexico.....	97,488	86,823	35,028	29,640	1,866 <sup>3</sup>	1,522 <sup>3</sup>	134,382	117,985
New York.....	2,241,978	1,983,693	373,625	354,052	10,510	31,486 <sup>3</sup>	2,626,113	2,369,231
North Carolina.....	553,691	502,700	123,748	97,500	2,883	2,850	680,322	603,050
North Dakota.....	139,023	131,468	53,868	49,262	198	160	193,089	180,890
Ohio.....	1,766,000	1,684,390	228,000	196,810	3,400	2,995	1,997,400	1,884,195
Oklahoma.....	427,036	391,085	128,124	109,896	5,643	4,501 <sup>3</sup>	560,803	505,482
Oregon.....	360,168	330,771	99,025	82,408	1,466	1,218	460,659	414,397
Pennsylvania.....	1,861,266	1,731,430	337,232	304,972	10,223	8,993	2,208,721	2,045,395
Rhode Island.....	164,300	156,490	26,500	22,607	695	715	191,495	179,812
South Carolina.....	299,211	275,410	64,158	48,047	2,760	2,134	366,129	325,591
South Dakota.....	150,471	141,065	42,163	37,149	233	202	192,867	178,416
Tennessee.....	415,953	368,568	99,517	77,134	7	7	515,470	445,702
Texas.....	1,440,000	1,273,759	365,000	307,455	2,200	1,988	1,807,200	1,583,202
Utah.....	139,402	126,740	31,267	26,748	339	242	171,008	153,730
Vermont.....	88,480	80,666	13,555	11,667	176	157	102,211	92,490
Virginia.....	479,218	443,239	116,084	94,286	2,477	2,668	597,779	540,193
Washington.....	525,222	509,140	117,173	103,762	2,291	2,203	644,686	615,105
West Virginia.....	230,764	208,035	66,612	55,512	1,217	1,039	298,593	264,586
Wisconsin.....	744,911	692,575	160,940	142,240	1,998	1,886	907,849	836,701
Wyoming.....	67,760	62,640	23,896	21,436	6	6	91,656	84,076
Total.....	27,728,889	25,398,824	5,698,294	4,906,578	103,247	118,655	33,530,430	30,424,057

(<sup>1</sup>)—Includes taxicabs unless otherwise noted.

(<sup>2</sup>)—For fiscal year ending September 30th.

(<sup>3</sup>)—Includes taxicabs.

(<sup>4</sup>)—124,634 light commercial vehicles registered as passenger cars during 1945 were transferred to trucks. 134,972 were transferred in 1946.

(<sup>5</sup>)—Does not include 128,415 vehicles originally registered in other states during 1945 and 179,698 in 1946.

(<sup>6</sup>)—Included with trucks.

(<sup>7</sup>)—Included with passenger cars.

(<sup>8</sup>)—Calendar year 1945, Mar. 1 to Dec. 31, 1946.



# Increase 3,106,000 Over 1945

## All-Time High

Registrations, by States, 1946-45

the Registration Year

Per Cent Change	Per Cent of Total		TRAILERS—1946			MOTORCYCLES		STATES
	1946	1945	House or Tourist	Full and Semi-trailers	Total all Trailers	1946	1945	
9.0	1.15	1.16		6,392	6,392	3,524	2,974	Alabama
11.7	.48	.47	7,912	4,797	12,709	1,563	1,178	Arizona
16.1	.95	.90	382	21,753	22,135	1,962	1,167	Arkansas
12.2	8.71	8.55	66,400	241,416	307,816	36,353	27,173	California
13.2	1.17	1.14		3,573	3,573	3,416	2,110	Colorado
7.7	1.51	1.54	10,775	3,463	14,238	4,051	2,800	Connecticut*
6.3	.21	.22			2,939	442	341	Delaware
14.0	.38	.37			1,256	969	586	District of Columbia
16.3	1.81	1.72			42,692	8,665	5,249	Florida
10.0	1.73	1.74	15,954	7,328	23,282	4,656	3,511	Georgia
9.1	.49	.49	22,736	706	23,442	1,082	572	Idaho
12.0	5.79	5.70			41,758	14,095	8,834	Illinois
10.4	3.22	3.22	9,529	106,627	116,156	17,753	11,574	Indiana
6.9	2.20	2.27			107,378	5,595	3,299	Iowa
7.3	1.94	1.99			11,580	5,787	3,222	Kansas
6.9	1.38	1.43				2,500	2,072	Kentucky
7.5	1.30	1.33	1,236	27,049	28,285	5,099	3,278	Louisiana
10.7	.67	.67			16,376	1,594	915	Maine
12.3	1.49	1.46			14,112	5,059	3,208	Maryland
12.9	2.90	2.83			38,774	4,578	2,308	Massachusetts
8.4	4.77	4.85	11,571	194,262	205,833	13,038	6,583	Michigan
7.9	2.41	2.46	47,084	10,091	57,175	5,824	3,280	Minnesota
7.6	.82	.84			8,000	1,500	1,060	Mississippi
13.0	2.88	2.81			64,350	6,468	3,428	Missouri
11.6	.52	.52			4,855	712	405	Montana
7.7	1.31	1.34	2,531	5,582	8,113	3,960	2,271	Nebraska
10.5	.15	.15			3,000	275	193	Nevada
16.1	.41	.39			7,570	1,219	748	New Hampshire
7.6	3.26	3.35			19,678	9,233	6,200	New Jersey
13.9	.40	.39			4,684	845	658	New Mexico
10.8	7.84	7.79			90,358	18,909	12,080	New York
12.8	2.03	1.98			62,963	6,354	3,899	North Carolina
6.7	.58	.59	1,086		1,086	450	278	North Dakota
6.0	5.96	6.19			155,000	15,000	13,807	Ohio
10.9	1.67	1.66	1,768	8,239	10,007	4,390	2,776	Oklahoma
11.1	1.37	1.36				3,691	2,690	Oregon
8.0	6.59	6.72			67,985	20,360	13,849	Pennsylvania
6.5	.57	.59			2,500	1,600	1,246	Rhode Island
12.4	1.09	1.07			7,347	3,250	2,178	South Carolina
8.0	.58	.59			27,214	994	421	South Dakota
15.6	1.54	1.46				4,891	2,416	Tennessee
14.1	5.39	5.20			84,000	16,500	10,482	Texas
11.2	.51	.50			1,143	869	572	Utah
10.5	.30	.30			4,463	717	485	Vermont
10.7	1.78	1.78	17,244	8,543	25,787	7,382	5,075	Virginia
4.8	1.92	2.02	4,329	45,506	49,835	4,553	3,442	Washington
12.8	.89	.87	5,842	714	6,556	2,169	1,214	West Virginia
8.5	2.71	2.75	2,549	7,168	9,717	6,105	4,008	Wisconsin
9.0	.27	.28			10,892	400	360	Wyoming
10.2	100.00	100.00			1,835,004	290,401	192,475	Total

Note:—In the above tabulation we have endeavored to make as accurate a count as existing conditions permit. This census is compiled from material secured direct from the state motor vehicle commissioners. Wherever possible, duplications, occasioned by transfers and non-resident registrations, have been eliminated. Data are for the registration year rather than the calendar year, even though this necessitates partial estimates in the case of those states whose registration year ends February or March of the following year.



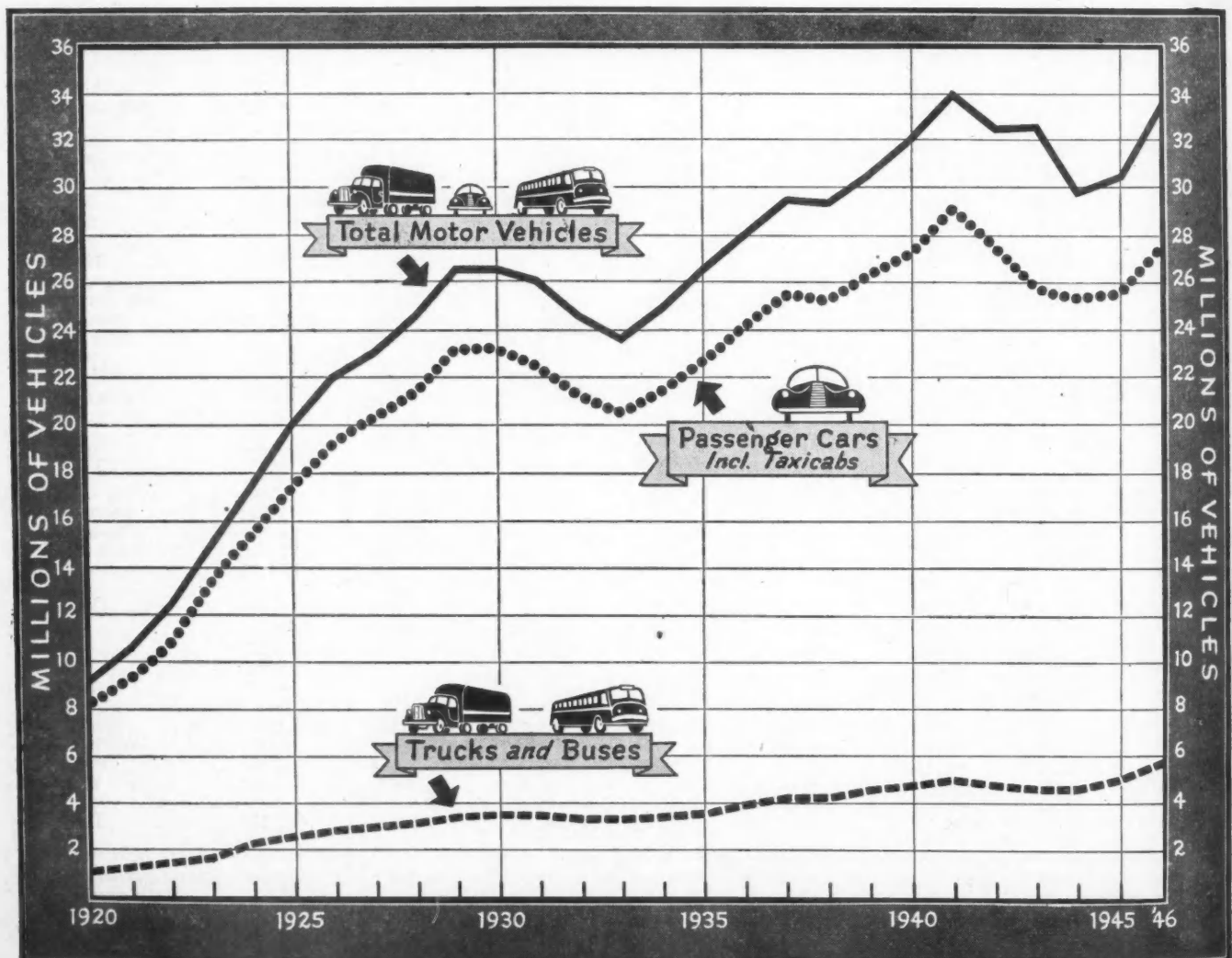
# Total U. S. Motor Vehicle Registrations by Years

Showing Percentage Increases and Decreases

Year	Passenger Cars	Trucks and Buses	Total Motor Vehicles	Per Cent Increase	Year	Passenger Cars	Trucks and Buses	Total Motor Vehicles	Per Cent Increase
1897	90		90		1922	10,864,128	1,375,725	12,239,853	17
1898	800		800		1923	13,479,608	1,612,569	15,092,177	23
1899	3,200		3,200		1924	15,460,649	2,134,724	17,595,373	17
1900	8,000		8,000		1925	17,496,420	2,440,854	19,937,274	13
1901	14,800		14,800		1926	19,237,171	2,764,222	22,001,393	10
1902	23,000		23,000		1927	20,219,224	2,914,019	23,133,243	5
1903	32,920		32,920		1928	21,379,125	3,113,999	24,493,124	6
1904	54,590	410	55,000		1929	23,121,589	3,379,854	26,501,443	8
1905	77,400	600	78,000	42	1930	23,183,241	3,473,831	26,657,072	0.2
1906	105,900	1,100	107,000	37	1931*	22,567,381	3,426,515	25,993,896	-2.5
1907	140,300	1,700	142,000	33	1932*	21,139,092	3,202,730	24,341,822	-6.4
1908	194,400	3,100	197,500	39	1933*	20,557,493	3,292,439	23,849,932	-2.0
1909	305,950	6,050	312,000	58	1934*	21,535,199	3,346,268	24,881,467	4.3
1910	458,500	10,000	468,500	50	1935*	22,630,715	3,595,042	26,225,757	5.2
1911	619,500	20,000	639,500	36	1936*	24,161,820	3,929,889	28,091,709	7.2
1912	902,600	41,400	944,000	48	1937*	25,476,786	4,172,484	29,649,270	5.6
1913	1,194,161	63,800	1,258,062	33	1938*	25,264,589	4,153,389	29,417,978	-0.8
1914	1,625,739	85,600	1,711,339	36	1939*	26,147,798	4,496,770	30,644,568	4.2
1915	2,309,666	136,000	2,445,666	43	1940*	27,240,475	4,683,376	31,923,851	4.2
1916	2,297,996	215,000	3,512,996	44	1941*	29,240,417	4,911,990	34,152,407	7.0
1917	4,657,340	326,000	4,983,340	42	1942*	27,683,529	4,741,298	32,424,827	-5.1
1918	5,621,617	525,000	6,146,617	23	1943*	25,841,215	4,657,882	30,499,097	-6.0
1919	6,771,074	794,372	7,565,446	23	1944*	25,298,639	4,611,966	29,910,605	-2.0
1920	8,225,859	1,006,082	9,231,941	22	1945*	25,398,824	5,025,233	30,424,057	1.7
1921	9,346,195	1,118,520	10,464,715	13	1946*	27,728,889	5,801,541	33,530,430	10.2

\* Automotive and Aviation Industries count, all others Bureau of Public Roads.

## 1946 TRUCK REGISTRATIONS REACH NEW PEAK





# World Registrations by Continental Divisions and Countries

By Special Arrangement with The American Automobile (Overseas Edition)

## AFRICA

	Motor Vehicles	*Cars	*Trucks	*Buses	*Motor-cycles
Angola.....	3,731	1,171	2,560	↑	561
Algeria.....	49,683	27,870	20,900	913	1,900
Belgian Congo.....	11,348	5,012	6,336	↑	1,186
British East Africa.....	22,106	13,067	9,039	↑	.....
British West Africa.....	12,346	5,151	7,046	149	.....
Canary Islands.....	5,451	3,497	1,547	407	.....
Egypt.....	37,316	28,771	6,708	1,837	2,931
Eritrea.....	2,079	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ethiopia.....	5,441	2,928	2,476	37	387
French Equatorial Africa.....	3,240	640	2,600	↑	.....
French West Africa.....	17,000	6,500	10,500	↑	.....
Liberia.....	286	58	219	9	.....
Libya.....	500	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madeira.....	931	650	186	95	12
Madagascar.....	8,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mauritius.....	3,300	2,625	625	150	.....
Morocco.....	10,650	6,850	3,350	450	.....
Nyasaland.....	1,411	770	641	.....	196
Portuguese East Africa.....	8,111	3,548	3,434	1,129	.....
Reunion Island.....	1,400	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rhodesia.....	29,833	22,085	7,650	98	1,242
Seychelles Islands.....	150	.....	.....	.....	.....
Southwest Africa.....	7,921	4,485	3,395	41	216
Sudan.....	3,201	1,491	1,710	.....	113
Tangier.....	500	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tunisia.....	8,175	5,385	2,550	240	1,900
Union of South Africa.....	354,740	290,000	62,471	2,269	19,000
Total 1946.....	608,850	*432,454	*155,943	*7,824	29,644
Total 1945 (Revised).....	522,646	*393,590	*120,852	*6,215	.....
Total 1939.....	692,974	*543,740	*140,090	*5,750	.....

↑ Included with trucks.

\* Not complete for all territories.

## ASIA

	Motor Vehicles	*Cars	*Trucks	*Buses	*Motor-cycles
Afghanistan.....	1,700	300	1,400	.....	.....
Arabia.....	4,500	2,100	2,400	↑	.....
Bahrein Island.....	650	.....	.....	.....	.....
British Malaya.....	7,375	.....	.....	.....	1,200
British North Borneo.....	151	34	48	69	19
Burma.....	4,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ceylon.....	26,000	18,500	7,500	↑	.....
China.....	26,500	6,500	20,000	↑	.....
Cyprus.....	2,600	1,500	1,100	↑	.....
French Indo-China.....	8,000	4,000	2,000	↑	.....
Hongkong.....	2,500	.....	.....	.....	.....
India.....	170,000	110,000	60,000	.....	.....
Indonesia.....	12,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
Iran.....	12,900	5,900	6,000	1,000	.....
Iraq.....	6,623	3,784	2,839	.....	.....
Japan.....	47,000	10,000	30,000	7,000	.....
Korea.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manchuria.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Palestine.....	10,862	4,632	5,030	1,200	1,630
Philippines.....	51,600	21,600	30,000	*	400
Siam.....	2,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
Syria and Lebanon.....	13,500	8,500	5,000	.....	.....
Trans-Jordan.....	627	335	259	33	.....
Turkey.....	13,000	4,000	9,000	.....	.....
Total 1946.....	422,088	*201,665	*182,596	*9,302	3,249
Total 1945 (Revised).....	294,771	*161,061	*101,009	*29,551	.....
Total 1939.....	695,738	*427,083	*234,337	*32,218	.....

\*Not complete for all territories

↑ Included with trucks

\*\* Included with cars

## OCEANIA

	Motor Vehicles	*Cars	*Trucks	*Buses	*Motor-cycles
Australia.....	884,680	528,507	356,173	↑	76,379
Cook Islands.....	74	29	45	.....	5
French Oceania.....	522	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fiji Islands.....	2,232	1,072	849	311	161
Hawaii.....	72,178	56,422	14,738	1,018	.....
New Zealand.....	287,398	214,913	71,385	1,100	16,500
Other Oceania.....	1,500	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total 1946.....	1,248,584	*800,943	*443,190	*2,429	93,045
Total 1945 (Revised).....	1,144,262	*790,412	*347,405	*5,100	.....
Total 1939.....	1,200,808	*887,409	*312,799	↑	.....

\*Not complete for all territories.

↑ Included with trucks.

## AMERICA

	Motor Vehicles	*Cars	*Trucks	*Buses	*Motor-cycles
Alaska.....	9,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
Antigua.....	384	327	42	15	.....
Argentina.....	285,610	204,535	81,075	↑	.....
Bahamas.....	1,450	1,050	400	↑	.....
Barbados.....	2,768	2,049	618	101	.....
Bermuda.....	629	399	224	6	.....
Bolivia.....	8,764	2,746	5,729	289	77
Brazil.....	230,716	119,116	104,202	7,398	12,118
British Guiana.....	1,988	1,413	487	106	167
British Honduras.....	415	159	254	2	77
Canada.....	1,587,795	1,220,620	360,550	6,625	16,725
Chile.....	52,833	29,443	20,090	3,300	1,018
Colombia.....	38,000	17,000	15,000	4,000	241
Costa Rica.....	3,950	2,550	1,400	↑	.....
Cuba.....	43,434	24,168	16,388	2,678	989
Dominica.....	215	180	25	10	.....
Dominican Republic.....	2,270	1,270	1,000	↑	.....
Dutch Guiana.....	700	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ecuador.....	6,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
French Guiana.....	425	.....	.....	.....	.....
Grenada.....	375	.....	.....	.....	.....
Guadeloupe.....	2,350	1,800	550	↑	.....
Guatemala.....	4,200	2,500	1,700	↑	.....
Haiti.....	2,916	1,914	614	388	42
Honduras.....	1,320	650	650	20	.....
Jamaica.....	6,555	4,845	1,580	130	235
Martinique.....	110	32	70	8	10
Mexico.....	215,000	126,000	77,500	11,500	.....
Montserrat.....	84	54	30	*	3
Netherlands W.I.....	5,958	5,265	611	82	250
Newfoundland.....	8,408	5,408	2,840	160	122
Nicaragua.....	1,607	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nova Scotia.....	60,611	42,605	18,006	↑	585
Panama.....	15,585	11,525	2,880	1,200	320
Paraguay.....	1,989	950	795	244	.....
Peru.....	31,817	17,215	12,943	1,659	.....
Puerto Rico.....	31,708	19,771	11,937	↑	373
St. Kitts-Nevis.....	291	198	93	.....	.....
St. Lucia.....	245	170	40	35	.....
St. Pierre-Miquelon.....	125	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Vincent.....	321	250	50	21	.....
El Salvador.....	3,170	2,212	958	↑	.....
Trinidad and Tobago.....	9,350	5,950	3,050	350	.....
Uruguay.....	33,970	23,850	10,120	↑	.....
United States.....	33,530,430	27,728,889	5,698,294	103,247	290,401
Venezuela.....	40,447	18,172	20,185	2,090	1,039
Virgin Islands.....	1,054	575	466	13	9
Total 1946.....	36,320,140	29,647,825	6,473,406	145,877	324,801
Total 1946 (Ex U.S.).....	2,789,710	*1,918,936	*775,112	*42,630	34,400
Total 1945, Revised.....	32,882,375	*27,159,432	*5,554,841	*161,085	.....
Total 1945 (Ex U.S.).....	2,458,318	*1,760,608	*648,263	*42,430	.....
Total 1939 (Ex U.S.).....	2,309,100	*1,785,842	*498,077	*27,488	.....

\* Not complete for all territories.

↑ Included with trucks.

## EUROPE

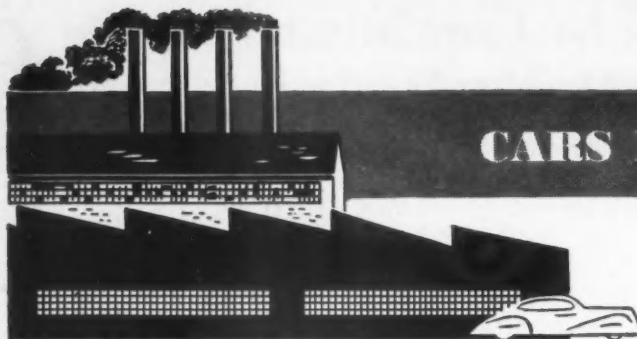
	Motor Vehicles	*Cars	*Trucks	*Buses	*Motor-cycles
Aegean Islands.....	400	225	125	50	.....
Albania.....	1,750	500	1,200	50	.....
Austria.....	40,489	17,596	22,028	865	41,707
Azores.....	900	778	85	37	76
Belgium.....	163,100	88,300	73,700	1,100	66,000
Bulgaria.....	8,500	4,500	3,000	1,000	.....
Czechoslovakia.....	66,000	18,000	45,000	3,000	50,000
Denmark.....	115,000	80,000	34,000	1,000	5,515
Eire.....	67,067	49,293	17,006	768	4,349
Faroe Islands.....	90	.....	.....	.....	.....
Finland.....	30,000	7,000	23,000	.....	.....
France.....	1,300,000	800,000	500,000	↑	.....
Germany.....	142,527	76,340	66,187	.....	.....
Gibraltar.....	1,065	785	230	50	80
Great Britain.....	2,448,065	1,786,800	556,892	104,673	438,945
Greece.....	14,365	4,750	7,940	1,675	1,250
Holland.....	109,964	52,386	54,807	2,771	.....
Hungary.....	15,099	7,092	7,849	158	13,541
Iceland.....	4,889	2,092	2,590	207	207
Italy.....	205,000	120,000	85,000	.....	.....
Luxembourg.....	7,042	4,154	2,816	72	1,745
Malta.....	5,490	3,163	1,827	500	892
Gozo.....	.....	70	62	13	25
Monaco.....	1,500	.....	.....	.....	.....
Northern Ireland.....	51,610	38,640	12,062	908	4,669
Norway.....	81,842	45,565	34,168	2,109	11,300
Poland.....	41,000	.....	.....	.....	5,200
Portugal.....	45,000	33,000	12,000	↑	.....
Rumania.....	14,395	9,820	3,878	697	2,586
Spain.....	120,000	70,000	50,000	.....	.....
Sweden.....	200,000	135,000	60,000	5,000	62,000
Switzerland.....	90,260	62,680	26,000	1,600	25,000
U.S.S.R. (Russia).....	1,200,000	180,000	1,020,000	↑	.....
Yugoslavia.....	11,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total 1946.....	6,603,409	*3,698,509	*2,723,152	*126,303	735,097
Total 1945 (Revised).....	3,985,455	*1,697,588	*2,042,135	*72,676	.....
Total 1939.....	9,436,555	*6,704,286	*2,511,122	*150,885	.....

\*Not complete for all territories.

↑ Included with trucks.

↑ Includes taxicabs.





# CARS IN USE BY MAKES, STATES



As of July 1, 1946

Model	Ala.	Ariz.	Ark.	Calif.	Colo.	Conn.	Del.	D. C.	Fla.	Ga.	Idaho	Ill.	Ind.	Iowa	Kan.	Ky.	La.	Me.	Md.	Mass.	Mich.	Minn.	Miss.	Mo.	Mont.	Model
BUICK	Mo. '46	208	53	87	780	89	380	41	177	260	324	50	688	350	301	132	220	289	115	281	226	2604	390	101	300	Mo. '46
	'45-'42	958	334	727	5471	792	1516	223	604	2196	1651	357	7074	2414	1302	1214	923	1489	442	1504	2727	5815	1585	898	1628	'45-'42
	'41	3216	1648	1954	34960	3418	6729	954	3043	8395	5192	1336	27060	11587	4889	4403	3375	5262	1674	6406	12110	24107	5931	2597	8218	'41
	'40	2062	1044	1137	31980	2531	6100	807	2386	5698	3001	872	19816	7536	3786	3075	2604	2920	1831	5426	10665	14057	4959	1445	6031	'40
	'39	1518	746	842	22490	1851	4912	569	1480	3994	2179	557	13749	4199	3100	2342	1934	1979	1182	3826	7296	8980	3769	1077	4476	'39
	'38	1101	662	561	18075	1429	4333	434	1074	2820	1610	434	10605	3323	2463	1719	1400	1221	1026	2916	5589	5958	2876	563	3125	'38
	'37	1189	839	719	22504	2112	5549	620	1074	3165	1740	616	13056	4960	2800	2246	1920	1193	1240	4172	7005	9901	3397	678	4064	'37
	'36	777	609	511	16143	1609	3913	448	596	2179	1186	394	7294	3414	2105	1777	1325	812	1071	3007	5862	5707	2659	462	2781	'36
	'35	219	194	148	6379	377	1066	117	127	731	389	81	2397	1679	745	543	384	187	333	785	1622	1284	884	139	891	'35
	'34	164	149	125	3809	434	1172	121	98	536	309	114	1841	755	518	474	343	128	382	817	1814	995	715	112	685	'34
	'33	76	90	44	2401	222	821	70	52	298	173	50	1142	365	217	230	167	74	194	470	990	425	444	47	412	'33
CADILLAC	'32	77	85	58	2130	273	668	66	84	247	168	40	684	334	250	236	145	78	262	440	938	457	394	33	423	'32
	'31	54	108	77	3147	404	827	69	45	253	141	88	854	442	525	317	163	62	329	470	887	640	639	48	419	'31
	'30	41	101	46	2878	249	453	56	44	140	85	81	895	284	404	317	123	38	143	378	474	534	451	41	353	'30
	Before '30	91	275	108	9391	551	648	60	40	540	229	281	2033	1048	1532	848	221	100	382	406	610	1114	1353	93	1007	Before '30
	Unid.*	20	10	21	179	21	28	9	333	148	106	12	307	72	24	45	30	75	7	62	31	3591	10	29	71	Unid.*
	Total	11771	6947	7165	182717	16362	39115	4664	11257	31600	18483	5363	109495	42762	24961	19918	15277	15905	10413	31366	58946	86169	30436	8363	34873	Total
CHEVROLET	Mo. '46	27	24	14	309	23	154	14	57	124	96	12	191	67	32	19	42	66	33	63	51	642	50	9	93	Mo. '46
	'45-'42	103	46	60	910	136	337	50	111	487	230	17	1455	311	98	78	85	237	66	209	585	1066	165	76	243	'45-'42
	'41	400	266	205	8916	483	1555	206	642	2023	784	99	5527	1326	330	344	383	760	295	863	2475	2815	848	227	1326	'41
	'40	52	70	40	2992	119	361	48	147	443	140	19	1090	257	67	55	74	119	62	203	602	390	131	24	300	'40
	'39	64	58	36	1929	126	334	46	135	357	138	17	1066	189	62	71	93	123	48	193	487	338	154	31	270	'39
	'38	45	40	25	1588	70	246	31	89	303	93	8	645	163	47	40	54	55	35	132	389	237	72	19	209	'38
	'37	60	44	20	1594	115	426	48	96	340	126	7	775	193	75	71	95	88	70	202	645	353	115	21	183	'37
	'36	36	36	12	1549	75	334	38	73	261	90	14	646	192	78	74	70	54	59	159	537	288	100	15	182	'36
	'35	6	19	7	794	16	81	8	19	51	24	5	117	48	21	20	24	16	23	33	134	62	35	8	46	'35
	'34	7	10	9	455	28	110	8	16	39	15	3	106	34	16	16	24	9	20	32	132	34	17	2	40	'34
CHRYSLER	'33	2	3	3	246	11	43	4	4	20	7	4	41	13	11	7	21	6	8	16	58	22	17	4	16	'33
	'32	4	9	2	309	14	61	6	1	21	19	2	60	16	13	6	6	6	6	20	45	22	16	5	17	'32
	'31	11	15	9	513	26	118	11	14	58	8	4	98	44	18	6	18	10	24	44	139	61	31	7	32	'31
	'30	1	8	8	428	10	65	4	8	18	7	3	53	15	9	8	6	8	6	18	61	20	13	2	8	'30
	Before '30	10	23	8	852	29	98	7	1	21	11	3	92	39	28	15	24	5	13	30	88	40	54	6	42	Before '30
	Unid.*	2	3	1	86	2	3	2	19	21	11	5	40	4	2	1	2	6	13	253	43	1618	457	2978	242	Unid.*
	Total	830	674	459	23470	1283	4326	531	1432	4596	1799	218	12002	2911	907	831	1022	1569	770	2221	6441	6643	1618	457	2978	Total
DE SOTO	Mo. '46	1312	73	573	3208	278	915	127	509	998	1547	244	2160	1005	1548	734	999	1289	332	745	706	4357	1352	549	1505	Mo. '46
	'45-'42	4332	692	2622	11144	2058	2763	601	1053	4513	5699	955	13246	6999	5345	4259	3418	4401	1207	3540	4923	13590	5287	2957	5594	'45-'42
	'41	15879	3692	9394	78271	9549	13229	2705	5180	17237	18454	4063	56320	30438	22313	19281	13297	15776	5140	15923	24427	58105	21453	10783	29658	'41
	'40	11616	3005	6920	67930	6593	10902	2181	3614	12670	13445	3371	42533	23865	18834	14095	11068	11443	4314	12853	19002	37925	17114	7942	28665	'40
	'39	9875	2066	5744	45134	6291	7734	2083	2037	9252	11031	2442	31118	15121	16886	11454	8563	8544	3470	8847	15236	24523	14108	6517	19816	'39
	'38	6005	1870	4157	35316	5171	5723	1171	1126	6627	6448	1945	24765	13214	15068	11428	7387	6587	2712	6889	11044	15385	14824	4549	17741	'38
	'37	11131	3262	6149	57801	7422	11222	2150	1595	10728	11509	3785	40116	25639	21298	16519	12152	8809	4788	12667	20967	38256	20031	6948	15299	'37
	'36	11241	3359	7227	60600	9709	10711	2023	1417	10942	12226	4274	43327	29732	24430	19498	13283	9861	5187	11919	20631	37658	23869	7680	27021	'36
	'35	5594	1792	4034	41380	5196	6089	980	584	5383	7310	2410	20941	16289	13114	11109	7984	4429	2849	5773	11431	15709	13365	4104	14693	'35
	'34	4195	1518	3061	26896	4307	4704	791	273	4394	5177	1998	13894	10072	9854	8688	5941	3351	2550	4655	8475	10136	10122	3058	18826	'34
DE SOTO	'33	2426	964	2403	22394	2885	4004	554	150	2676	3855	1053	9602	6161	6897	6023	4646	2115	1586	3258	5588	5865	7414	1918	18838	'33
	'32	1026	660	1225	11043	1624	2302	349	154	1471	1710	539	5704	3402	4033	3331	2641	1256	1076	2049	2839	3534	5147	931	5496	'32
	'31	1599	826	1719	19742	3259	2363	363	121	2134	2659	1132	7954	5274	8352	6131	3995	1396	1376	2140	2569	4877	4749	1105	9001	'31
	'30	614	534	805	13089	2039	895	142	39	811	859	938	4722	2753	6233	3968	1815	557	682	837	839	2410	5313	611	5346	'30
	Before '30	1314	774	1244	16294	2327</																				



Data from R. L. Polk & Co.

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# CARS IN USE BY MAKES, STATES AND

Model	Ala.	Ariz.	Ark.	Calif.	Colo.	Conn.	Del.	D. C.	Fla.	Ga.	Idaho	Ill.	Ind.	Iowa	Kan.	Ky.	La.	Me.	Md.	Mass.	Mich.	Minn.	Miss.	Mo.	Mont.	Model
<b>DODGE</b>																										<b>DODGE</b>
6 Mo. '46	558	80	255	3199	221	941	72	281	745	707	171	1925	690	787	389	576	616	335	629	569	3931	1106	282	749	228	6 Mo. '46
'45-'42	851	260	663	3827	546	946	105	671	1546	1175	256	4181	1767	951	949	657	1462	331	914	2138	3382	949	512	1311	221	'45-'42
'41	2711	1095	1365	21526	2327	3763	413	1958	5320	3207	827	15201	6429	3581	2996	2390	3050	1170	3596	8174	13752	3329	1296	5080	705	'41
'40	2204	926	1078	18718	1862	3133	333	1332	3635	2622	724	13151	5464	2976	2375	2192	2339	971	2893	6676	10198	3201	1026	4979	642	'40
'39	2119	797	1114	17966	1740	3036	303	1329	3157	2300	602	12703	4325	3182	2103	2050	2123	943	2652	6538	8587	3066	795	4891	543	'39
'38	966	510	532	11106	931	2055	193	576	1674	1101	347	6060	2626	1772	1387	1395	1262	666	1685	3711	3242	2036	412	2249	340	'38
'37	2287	1245	1313	24073	2498	5773	532	1074	3540	2694	978	17780	7801	3998	3554	3799	2197	1562	4652	9616	12189	5094	903	5744	810	'37
'36	1622	1287	1131	24909	2399	4297	405	898	2832	2042	995	14713	7003	3792	2863	3144	1762	1196	3546	7528	9669	4102	708	4981	913	'36
'35	701	655	582	16672	1206	2136	185	341	1223	946	607	6637	4271	2440	1700	1882	800	613	1615	3338	3609	2371	386	2724	280	'35
'34	370	221	287	5779	492	1118	91	131	693	518	247	2486	1317	889	763	916	425	372	792	1931	1413	835	228	1291	230	'34
'33	166	169	220	4839	462	986	39	77	484	272	158	2057	1224	629	643	739	233	282	336	1158	1311	680	96	1339	173	'33
'32	61	55	55	1549	132	208	17	34	135	111	38	448	257	257	185	173	118	85	148	250	284	201	48	314	32	'32
'31	86	69	70	1987	222	306	17	18	157	105	73	692	474	460	299	321	96	133	147	309	451	397	39	467	37	'31
'30	60	57	70	1539	243	268	14	14	115	70	92	593	358	499	294	181	109	113	122	214	363	330	43	376	30	'30
Before '30	228	259	243	7810	835	607	36	24	275	202	385	1994	1259	2068	1502	574	241	292	313	396	1163	1627	140	1405	279	Before '30
Unid.*	30	10	16	789	22	30	8	367	130	112	13	10276	53	14	60	52	65	2	75	63	7017	18	23	75	Unid.*	
Total	15050	7695	8984	166298	15958	29603	2763	9123	25661	18184	6513	100261	45318	28265	22062	21041	16898	9066	24115	52609	81051	29322	6915	37865	5900	Total
<b>FORD</b>																										<b>FORD</b>
6 Mo. '46	1825	272	1458	5252	914	1510	257	904	2148	3364	462	5853	2717	3228	1919	1979	2791	627	1382	2052	11653	3646	1513	3039	546	6 Mo. '46
'45-'42	2477	418	2186	6549	1282	1386	245	634	3391	5186	484	8020	3482	3579	2535	1884	3536	622	1315	3089	9434	3854	2452	3161	618	'45-'42
'41	11595	2984	8390	47079	6243	7531	1323	3147	14598	18233	2463	33948	18147	16699	12831	8711	13687	2922	7047	15320	48875	16506	10018	17086	2867	'41
'40	8631	1941	6189	41963	5267	6188	1069	2051	10691	14770	2192	26412	15846	14552	9622	6981	10245	2853	5683	13202	33749	13216	7088	13081	2356	'40
'39	7068	1645	5001	33612	4670	4751	791	1656	8364	11599	1769	22024	11378	13128	7897	6198	8568	2270	4220	10421	24572	11089	5627	10919	1806	'39
'38	4270	1288	3433	27797	3701	4216	863	1021	6316	7109	1419	18619	9882	10948	6949	4383	5696	2054	3524	8779	13862	10804	3363	8503	1868	'38
'37	9541	2667	6778	47482	7611	10136	1678	1612	12307	14653	3227	39261	25719	19142	14307	11925	8670	4339	8934	19959	47206	23083	6650	18610	3122	'37
'36	6618	2840	7639	56756	7675	9058	1335	1457	11332	16690	3227	31807	20843	17354	12799	10614	8563	4039	7105	17451	36309	18188	6636	16353	2408	'36
'35	8334	2132	5374	50801	5782	6958	973	944	6789	9308	2424	23782	17558	19080	11163	8488	4566	3100	5147	11818	21923	17024	4191	14240	2840	'35
'34	3799	1373	3780	27354	4023	4021	533	377	4699	7987	1522	10339	7235	7179	6910	5318	3369	2057	2826	8928	11168	7785	3067	8573	1376	'34
'33	919	607	995	16294	1293	1324	160	117	1548	1639	578	3628	2701	2756	2405	1737	870	713	851	1952	3435	3637	759	3060	570	'33
'32	875	470	1034	12526	1106	1179	182	96	1548	1379	395	3682	2477	2311	2261	1823	1140	643	956	1702	4171	2929	692	2840	427	'32
'31	4801	1403	4392	29796	3295	4270	460	193	5681	9781	1240	13217	7801	9046	6349	6857	3865	2403	2416	4616	11929	2268	6882	1221	31	'31
'30	4867	1799	6502	46517	4579	3285	502	181	6030	7765	2166	19933	11767	15526	10155	8821	3567	1602	2637	2667	12093	15734	3356	11880	1603	'30
Before '30	8695	2669	9063	47421	6666	2358	482	138	6232	9795	3244	16658	16310	22661	19873	18922	5530	2090	2632	1993	14848	22465	6992	20394	3034	Before '30
Unid.*	14	67	162	1352	89	75	32	864	724	928	83	738	197	162	357	129	446	14	173	96	31102	161	279	392	54	Unid.*
Total	84395	24075	72546	497841	64196	86246	10685	15392	102614	140187	26820	276059	174030	174368	128432	95480	85116	32348	56728	121945	333502	182030	64689	160803	27575	Total
<b>GRAHAM-CP.</b>																										<b>GRAHAM-CP.</b>
6 Mo. '46	1	3	9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	2	3	2	1	2	4	4	13	1	1	2	14	6 Mo. '46	
'45-'42	1	3	2	217	16	8	1	2	32	5	6	125	44	5	2	1	3	10	4	30	58	7	2	29	'45-'42	
'41	6	6	1	317	14	17	1	2	45	2	4	97	42	18	15	6	4	16	19	76	65	16	2	29	'41	
'40	9	3	2	612	27	53	2	10	94	16	20	196	89	82	34	20	12	36	27	119	156	63	2	111	'40	
'39	17	22	8	525	37	113	3	16	98	10	10	246	125	57	35	19	11	50	37	191	194	52	4	90	'39	
'38	17	24	2	612	27	53	2	10	94	16	20	196	89	82	34	20	12	36	27	119	156	63	2	111	'38	
'37	33	60	45	1343	134	529	13	34	238	64	74	703	228	215	115	97	32	101	143	579	579	291	12	190	'37	
'36	37	64	10	1608	111	287	7	6	153	19	55	337	229	170	57	91	14	68	77	324	381	243	11	201	'36	
'35	18	49	18	1147	75	209	6	13	127	17	46	353	181	125	70	66	13	73	67	174	225	185	6	136	'35	
'34	9	10	8	680	32	56	2	6	50	21	17	145	89	28	32	26	8	28	24	102	89	69	3	76	'34	
'33	1	5	4	359	39	50	2	7	33	5	10	82	59	20	25	11	5	20	22	55	56	63	4	90	'33	
'32	7	4	2	297	11	36	1	5	15	8	6	67	28	16	12	10	4	15	16	39	50	81	4	95	'32	
'31	3	10	8	408	37	42	1	7	21	7	9	99	48	50	19	15	3	14	17	40	51	64	4	92	'31	
'30	3	10	11	460	52	38	1	6	23	4	9	84	35	64	30	10	5	12	19	34	75	101	3	59	'30	
Before '30	14	29	8	991	62	84	2	5	33	9	17	268	127	112	93	30	9	31	27	53	119	201	5	94	Before '30	
Unid.*	1	3	12	1	3	1	1	1	8	4	1	15	5	4	1	1	2	3	4	384	1	10	1	10	Unid.*	
Total	176	296	130	8985	649	1525	41	119	971	194	284	2823	1401	949	540	403	125	476	493	1824	2495	1427	64	1203	230	Total
<b>HUDSON</b>																										<b>HUDSON</b>
6 Mo. '46	351	45	126	1695	128	443	39	169	406	403	135	1423	614	596	321	331	268	209	278	390	2502	558	108	437	113	6 Mo. '46
'45-'42	870	178	19																							



# AND YEAR OF MANUFACTURE—continued

	Model	Neb.	Neu.	N. H.	N. J.	N. M.	N. Y.	N. C.	N. D.	Ohio	Okl.	Ore.	Pa.†	R. I.	S. C.	S. D.	Tenn.	Tex.	Utah	Vt.	Va.	Wash.	W.Va.	Wis.	Wyo.	Totals
DODGE	'46	116	84	201	2400	191	2336	793	5	2916	515	618	2456	148	344	129	740	2171	228	141	686	651	129	1135	55	39180
	'45-'42	509	77	108	2252	209	5245	1059	277	4431	679	967	4512	234	631	240	1208	4077	299	142	614	1456	585	1104	142	61628
	'41	519	325	599	8892	698	22156	3368	690	18669	2532	3294	17227	1300	1771	731	3522	12049	936	471	4303	5212	1983	4531	479	230449
	'40	1361	254	582	7593	544	17429	2808	545	13849	2180	2275	13711	1011	1312	651	2478	9411	926	430	3439	3821	1923	4068	399	188460
	'39	1322	228	669	7422	478	18001	2569	463	12192	2013	1998	12235	1071	1364	613	2472	8544	752	411	2815	3482	1412	3916	399	175155
	'38	779	121	380	5102	322	11369	1433	277	6384	1313	1123	7503	580	675	365	1626	4173	469	318	1744	1902	1014	2388	203	100433
	'37	1714	327	926	12176	665	26694	2985	640	18825	2558	3343	21724	1697	1601	718	3164	8860	1236	713	3199	4907	2678	7245	512	254804
	'36	1784	264	750	9721	514	21742	2334	524	16676	2323	3296	17449	1430	1130	711	2935	6084	1315	582	3005	4634	2326	6227	500	216908
	'35	1086	175	451	4446	264	10913	1294	381	7788	1546	1599	7906	809	653	423	1361	3121	747	282	1739	2781	1222	3549	292	113037
	'34	432	77	240	2156	136	5441	630	151	3649	674	879	4067	366	306	165	649	1494	352	185	633	1543	697	1306	109	50192
FORD	'46	118	16	79	337	38	1059	171	62	648	183	242	813	69	62	75	220	493	73	72	215	344	128	524	47	13598
	'45-'42	226	22	45	293	29	820	238	68	663	169	312	794	59	46	97	155	421	56	59	147	373	131	418	30	11867
	'41	1356	102	137	661	175	2106	510	472	2316	777	1228	1619	113	131	503	424	1595	220	169	477	1574	365	1403	148	43038
	'40	1356	102	137	661	175	2106	510	472	2316	777	1228	1619	113	131	503	424	1595	220	169	477	1574	365	1403	148	43038
	'39	1356	102	137	661	175	2106	510	472	2316	777	1228	1619	113	131	503	424	1595	220	169	477	1574	365	1403	148	43038
	'38	1356	102	137	661	175	2106	510	472	2316	777	1228	1619	113	131	503	424	1595	220	169	477	1574	365	1403	148	43038
	'37	1356	102	137	661	175	2106	510	472	2316	777	1228	1619	113	131	503	424	1595	220	169	477	1574	365	1403	148	43038
	'36	1356	102	137	661	175	2106	510	472	2316	777	1228	1619	113	131	503	424	1595	220	169	477	1574	365	1403	148	43038
	'35	1356	102	137	661	175	2106	510	472	2316	777	1228	1619	113	131	503	424	1595	220	169	477	1574	365	1403	148	43038
	'34	1356	102	137	661	175	2106	510	472	2316	777	1228	1619	113	131	503	424	1595	220	169	477	1574	365	1403	148	43038
FORD	Unit,*	6	5	32	4	176	29	5	123	32	17	361	3	24	709	112	78	2	2	9	6	17	42	1	1	123
	Total	12709	2123	5392	65497	4375	151502	20798	4682	110914	18153	22042	116343	9162	10312	6264	21559	63750	7850	4143	23639	34200	15221	39351	3371	1559542
	'46	929	128	266	2964	519	5166	2825	194	8041	1938	1098	5867	312	1885	599	2571	9606	503	219	2489	1523	503	3224	218	114638
	'45-'42	1979	166	246	2826	559	6152	4149	1066	8077	2791	1260	5884	384	2724	736	3098	13546	543	229	1789	1798	1041	2889	417	136196
	'41	8508	713	1671	13952	2425	31287	19965	5372	39779	13666	6755	31680	2534	11166	3736	12538	54964	2917	1165	13904	10134	5550	14809	1735	695955
	'40	9261	567	1726	11185	1958	25979	15431	3960	29132	12279	5392	25895	2352	9244	3303	9311	42241	2231	1148	11656	7601	4481	12586	1300	524845
	'39	7592	449	1567	8101	1686	20601	12764	3079	23500	10611	4152	18727	2027	7701	3054	7878	32777	2038	975	9802	5967	3689	10054	1160	421643
	'38	6284	368	1006	7635	1159	18727	9749	2894	15616	8042	3367	15665	1680	5275	2648	4763	32102	1591	842	6972	4875	2682	9184	922	332477
	'37	11158	612	2542	17882	2149	47206	17699	4885	55193	13909	8482	41477	3538	10344	5573	11586	39491	3575	1882	12486	14192	7851	22347	1768	725371
	'36	10599	709	2518	13853	2193	42609	18045	3993	43948	13915	9232	33901	3095	12635	4741	11019	38985	3816	1616	10865	14992	7347	18339	1780	664182
FORD	'35	8808	645	2025	10583	1563	32327	13222	4199	27180	11737	5971	23383	3122	7705	4088	7553	26480	2669	1509	9650	10147	4982	16406	1251	494737
	'34	4732	331	1384	5325	1045	16653	8086	1921	14296	6667	3600	13226	1098	6190	1804	9682	17901	1631	907	4716	5943	3041	7450	727	277743
	'33	1757	131	485	1876	383	6499	2261	893	5129	2371	1630	3919	368	1661	724	1271	5718	556	318	1720	2530	1081	2952	284	99915
	'32	1511	127	439	1938	371	5557	1954	730	5132	1617	1325	4424	337	1020	646	1278	4418	389	384	1517	2065	1128	2650	235	90106
	'31	5893	383	1486	5725	1119	15579	11991	2551	13726	5321	4255	10987	1456	10911	2162	6521	15716	1245	1132	5329	5924	3645	7458	691	296329
	'30	9015	537	959	6026	1569	14946	12350	4080	18277	8926	6399	11778	874	8958	4114	7044	18404	1879	872	5952	10214	4447	12097	910	373641
	'29	15820	595	1086	3612	2282	10890	13303	8997	23793	13646	9618	14070	522	7997	7051	8093	35999	2314	950	6843	12824	4548	16397	1218	487039
	Unit,*	117	6	6	64	60	484	190	9	310	228	56	359	17	133	4570	486	541	19	10	75	67	40	171	18	46807
	Total	103963	6467	19414	113956	21040	300712	163884	48823	331079	128024	72582	261313	22720	105329	49559	99972	388889	27916	14358	105525	109722	56036	156773	14692	5744934
	GRAHAM-PP.	'46	9	5	28	2	59	6	3	2	5	1	1	3	3	2	1	6	84	4	1	11	52	11	18	3
'45-'42		10	4	1	32	4	68	2	6	151	4	32	122	25	2	3	6	20	7	20	32	19	33	6	1435	
'41		25	6	7	122	1	375	9	5	429	16	109	343	18	3	10	20	64	23	5	43	95	52	121	5	3894
'40		18	7	8	112	5	244	7	8	355	13	123	206	11	6	12	23	75	42	5	34	105	40	93	10	3369
'39		37	41	33	75	506	17	1010	52	12	1411	51	430	1181	78	22	20	60	175	138	28	87	480	191		



# CARS IN USE BY MAKES, STATES AND

Model	Ala.	Ariz.	Ark.	Calif.	Colo.	Conn.	Del.	D. C.	Fla.	Ga.	Idaho	Ill.	Ind.	Iowa	Kan.	Ky.	La.	Me.	Md.	Mass.	Mich.	Minn.	Miss.	Mo.	Mont.	Model	
LINCOLN	6 Mo. '46	15	6	16	207	15	60	5	17	65	33	8	112	36	39	23	27	86	10	20	31	242	36	24	36	6 Mo. '46	
	'45-'42	59	25	37	612	50	92	12	41	238	114	21	489	110	58	71	44	173	25	61	190	423	100	74	124	6 Mo. '45-'42	
	'41	170	112	117	2702	182	449	45	200	767	316	57	1324	421	237	323	165	374	90	223	739	918	299	171	862	6 Mo. '41	
	'40	134	127	97	3197	275	396	39	155	801	257	80	1268	414	237	275	173	341	77	201	668	936	320	129	642	6 Mo. '40	
	'39	156	120	102	3132	247	360	35	180	699	282	69	1006	405	195	229	199	335	85	175	598	894	280	111	382	6 Mo. '39	
	'38	115	100	78	2823	192	247	26	95	492	200	67	776	336	170	183	132	183	86	138	500	735	271	73	325	6 Mo. '38	
	'37	173	106	134	3429	305	426	44	110	679	324	89	1136	583	315	285	228	216	158	224	827	1157	480	119	481	6 Mo. '37	
	'36	46	47	82	1907	146	174	18	48	266	80	50	581	274	156	161	81	96	36	98	371	395	201	33	160	6 Mo. '36	
	'35	8	6	4	216	7	34	2	8	22	12	3	64	28	6	18	9	3	9	11	60	25	17	3	20	6 Mo. '35	
	'34	3	6	3	145	12	19	2	5	21	8	2	59	16	7	11	17	9	7	11	51	29	17	2	10	6 Mo. '34	
	'33	1	3	1	122	6	19	1	3	5	4	1	30	14	5	2	3	2	4	9	40	18	8	1	10	6 Mo. '33	
MERCURY	'32	1	3	3	160	5	21	1	3	16	3	1	21	6	2	1	8	4	8	4	25	9	12	3	10	6 Mo. '32	
	'31	1	3	3	111	4	13	1	1	12	4	1	26	9	15	9	7	3	3	2	19	18	9	2	3	6 Mo. '31	
	'30	1	3	3	110	6	15	1	1	14	4	1	42	8	20	7	6	12	8	8	27	16	16	2	17	6 Mo. '30	
	Before '30	5	4	5	269	14	13	1	4	24	14	1	35	3	2	5	4	5	2	2	2	348	2	5	17	4	Before '30
	Unid.*	3	4	6	51	4	2	2	24	24	14	1	35	3	2	5	4	5	2	2	2	348	2	5	17	4	Unid.*
	Total	894	738	659	19093	1450	2340	233	865	4136	1657	453	6979	2671	1469	1604	1109	1820	609	1191	4168	6176	2091	756	2751	827	Total
	6 Mo. '46	165	65	84	1260	130	278	29	79	295	317	72	716	233	365	143	177	350	65	134	180	2023	505	112	304	122	6 Mo. '46
	'45-'42	259	89	187	1221	257	248	33	90	682	658	136	1372	443	389	300	188	554	95	155	394	1577	486	282	486	6 Mo. '45-'42	
	'41	1172	467	598	9326	1136	1165	159	375	2255	1976	518	4980	1862	1479	1319	786	1688	289	736	1671	6542	1944	855	2233	6 Mo. '41	
	'40	793	394	460	9282	1119	1200	137	322	1768	1463	379	4484	1969	138	1176	713	1235	388	627	1649	5620	1825	562	1840	400	6 Mo. '40
	'39	607	241	341	7142	813	1002	107	308	1297	1033	248	3350	1170	1139	894	468	787	320	497	1132	3957	1321	375	1247	200	6 Mo. '39
'38																									6 Mo. '38		
'37																									6 Mo. '37		
'36																									6 Mo. '36		
'35																									6 Mo. '35		
'34																									6 Mo. '34		
'33																									6 Mo. '33		
'32																									6 Mo. '32		
'31																									6 Mo. '31		
'30																									6 Mo. '30		
Before '30	47	9	6	780	30	15	4	32	129	63	40	77	155	96	21	94	50	8	17	27	1757	3	41	60	4	Before '30	
Unid.*	47	9	6	780	30	15	4	32	129	63	40	77	155	96	21	94	50	8	17	27	1757	3	41	60	4	Unid.*	
Total	3043	1265	1666	28991	3485	3908	469	1206	6336	5510	1391	14959	5832	4857	3853	2423	4664	1165	2166	5053	21476	6087	2227	6202	1390	Total	
Nash-Ajax-Laf	6 Mo. '46	348	96	224	1808	131	689	41	185	505	500	109	1720	504	393	285	359	456	223	368	442	2260	764	239	590	150	6 Mo. '46
	'45-'42	284	87	178	1795	227	434	32	90	624	488	93	3159	795	447	507	234	306	202	294	794	1691	752	241	857	150	6 Mo. '45-'42
	'41	415	302	380	6523	719	1484	109	263	1287	759	397	7604	2242	1212	1180	645	748	487	969	2240	4781	2046	364	1857	401	6 Mo. '41
	'40	411	249	259	4633	605	1065	81	186	1077	564	277	5651	1770	996	728	540	491	358	726	1661	2448	1575	258	1093	334	6 Mo. '40
	'39	308	226	198	4163	448	719	62	131	794	441	187	4270	1216	806	542	397	290	341	537	1672	1667	1154	174	1625	304	6 Mo. '39
	'38	191	132	141	2810	336	650	47	116	510	294	125	2746	668	676	475	296	228	222	422	1294	1037	1159	125	957	101	6 Mo. '38
	'37	323	259	194	5086	898	1404	107	86	745	463	342	6820	1750	1283	865	593	458	525	966	2989	2652	1804	230	1325	400	6 Mo. '37
	'36	191	201	139	3814	567	895	50	78	473	289	215	3109	807	987	611	294	284	303	450	1629	1014	1064	133	829	400	6 Mo. '36
	'35	42	78	29	3293	196	292	15	20	137	59	52	1003	461	224	137	135	110	90	134	510	295	282	64	413	127	6 Mo. '35
	'34	35	40	39	1275	190	364	19	20	118	59	55	630	223	238	192	111	108	164	166	733	224	269	52	290	100	6 Mo. '34
	'33	7	9	11	484	38	105	3	31	29	11	6	159	57	42	33	18	32	41	32	140	55	60	6	59	1	6 Mo. '33
'32	13	22	18	576	65	181	11	20	68	27	16	263	68	126	67	45	43	99	98	254	112	156	15	140	29	6 Mo. '32	
'31	15	26	22	726	78	123	6	8	55	18	19	235	95	130	80	43	33	96	53	179	81	143	17	140	29	6 Mo. '31	
'30	11	28	17	711	88	144	6	3	36	15	29	255	92	180	104	39	27	73	52	144	101	174	19	140	29	6 Mo. '30	
Before '30	34	84	41	2639	282	255	19	16	86	38	126	843	374	636	482	119	62	186	164	133	337	609	56	43	122	4	Before '30
Unid.*	34	84	41	2639	282	255	19	16	86	38	126	843	374	636	482	119	62	186	164	133	337	609	56	43	122	4	Unid.*
Total	2628	1841	1899	4081	4676	6779	609	1302	6577	4040	2057	36580	11139	8393	6278	3876	3693	3411	5425	14926	20151	12014	2001	11295	2277		



# AND YEAR OF MANUFACTURE—continued

	Model	Neb.	Neu.	N. H.	N. J.	N. M.	N. Y.	N. C.	N. D.	Ohio	Okl.	Ore.	Pa.†	R. I.	S. C.	S. D.	Tenn.	Tex.	Utah	Vt.	Va.	Wash.	W.Va.	Wis.	Wyo.	Totals
LINCOLN	'46	7	3	6	112	13	141	35	1	182	28	14	122	20	12	3	35	141	14	3	44	34	6	44	2	2159
	'45-'42	42	14	10	223	17	182	89	1	289	78	61	343	35	41	12	71	486	29	7	43	72	3	83	18	8686
	'41	135	67	60	818	76	1826	292	41	935	286	287	1179	104	156	44	270	1170	84	40	269	290	126	384	71	20087
	'40	173	87	71	711	67	1845	266	33	1002	329	281	1162	140	116	40	210	1035	111	48	280	307	143	322	69	20031
	'39	160	56	51	620	68	1607	258	48	892	308	284	991	104	103	50	236	937	111	35	292	382	112	311	68	18385
	'38	132	37	46	486	53	1459	230	82	783	216	220	800	82	79	32	149	669	83	36	219	354	90	285	28	14879
	'37	190	73	78	724	74	2368	290	77	1359	298	408	1393	150	121	66	220	858	143	44	277	616	219	504	79	22863
	'36	74	23	38	318	37	1019	121	39	529	162	190	589	45	46	28	67	349	68	20	105	323	67	227	37	10100
	'35	5	3	4	38	1	131	20	3	33	16	8	65	9	5	2	10	23	18	3	11	9	10	6	1	1027
	'34	1	6	4	58	2	149	9	1	37	4	8	52	6	3	1	9	17	4	1	8	9	7	11	1	881
MERCURY	'46	5	3	3	27	2	68	6	1	16	3	10	28	3	2	1	12	12	2	2	6	7	3	4	1	488
	'45-'42	5	3	3	27	2	68	6	1	16	3	10	28	3	2	1	12	12	2	2	6	7	3	4	1	488
	'41	5	1	1	30	1	72	3	2	15	4	8	26	7	1	2	3	11	3	1	2	7	10	5	1	483
	'40	11	1	7	27	1	77	4	3	26	4	7	21	2	3	1	3	13	2	2	2	8	10	5	1	519
	'39	12	1	3	36	4	108	7	4	52	12	19	49	8	1	2	7	19	2	2	2	25	7	10	2	828
	'38	4	1	1	17	9	34	11	8	88	9	4	3	1	6	34	11	17	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	810
	'37	991	346	363	4281	448	11564	1646	316	6214	1754	1797	6875	722	895	320	1302	5749	674	247	1561	2442	839	2172	380	120129
	'36	96	29	23	544	98	892	318	14	1197	214	151	624	102	150	62	292	976	110	16	266	232	39	520	25	14993
	'45-'42	240	34	24	461	105	1026	493	121	1076	342	201	909	78	292	103	336	1779	107	30	223	331	151	500	76	19641
	'41	866	141	238	2349	511	5181	1989	512	5182	1479	1030	4144	387	1168	343	1363	6222	523	161	1391	1283	594	1973	260	85394
Nash-Ajax-Laf	'46	851	120	239	2002	339	5147	1579	407	4029	1288	872	3594	414	951	403	981	4276	423	168	1226	1224	492	1737	233	74076
	'45-'42	677	86	184	1529	216	3940	1305	329	3108	1058	690	2804	282	711	300	675	2779	279	107	972	948	432	1247	183	54907
	'41	866	141	238	2349	511	5181	1989	512	5182	1479	1030	4144	387	1168	343	1363	6222	523	161	1391	1283	594	1973	260	85394
	'40	851	120	239	2002	339	5147	1579	407	4029	1288	872	3594	414	951	403	981	4276	423	168	1226	1224	492	1737	233	74076
	'39	677	86	184	1529	216	3940	1305	329	3108	1058	690	2804	282	711	300	675	2779	279	107	972	948	432	1247	183	54907
	'38	677	86	184	1529	216	3940	1305	329	3108	1058	690	2804	282	711	300	675	2779	279	107	972	948	432	1247	183	54907
	'37	677	86	184	1529	216	3940	1305	329	3108	1058	690	2804	282	711	300	675	2779	279	107	972	948	432	1247	183	54907
	'36	677	86	184	1529	216	3940	1305	329	3108	1058	690	2804	282	711	300	675	2779	279	107	972	948	432	1247	183	54907
	'35	677	86	184	1529	216	3940	1305	329	3108	1058	690	2804	282	711	300	675	2779	279	107	972	948	432	1247	183	54907
	'34	677	86	184	1529	216	3940	1305	329	3108	1058	690	2804	282	711	300	675	2779	279	107	972	948	432	1247	183	54907
OLDSMOBILE	'46	84	22	148	1308	92	1880	401	17	2112	336	381	1984	135	173	99	545	1328	161	49	474	550	106	1277	30	27066
	'45-'42	234	41	67	676	72	1789	322	249	1892	309	529	1968	176	250	159	502	1168	170	45	148	827	223	1574	85	27933
	'41	567	94	188	2844	203	5902	637	404	6644	739	1683	6143	589	333	305	1124	2230	361	137	642	2680	903	5062	164	79722
	'40	360	80	176	2073	117	3963	436	210	4767	593	1093	4688	385	276	229	621	1785	237	110	363	1418	484	3560	134	67000
	'39	297	60	199	1621	82	3478	341	191	2947	478	799	3351	385	181	181	495	1014	185	112	290	1038	329	2713	91	43521
	'38	293	42	136	1562	69	3070	309	157	1749	288	663	2332	203	103	139	382	762	172	88	271	730	211	2487	80	32172
	'37	463	120	356	2809	119	5629	368	213	5006	434	1334	6514	500	168	227	766	1158	313	184	392	1622	511	7081	130	68840
	'36	427	102	260	1245	73	3513	189	136	2390	295	1024	2988	272	86	196	371	699	324	146	262	1080	370	2740	126	38073
	'35	145	19	114	424	26	1084	59	85	680	142	209	678	57	16	67	106	200	125	37	153	218	111	1568	24	14735
	'34	104	22	130	583	17	1427	74	43	614	72	192	912	108	20	54	79	135	24	43	99	200	116	853	24	11734
PACKARD	'46	84	22	148	1308	92	1880	401	17	2112	336	381	1984	135	173	99	545	1328	161	49	474	550	106	1277	30	27066
	'45-'42	234	41	67	676	72	1789	322	249	1892	309	529	1968	176	250	159	502	1168	170	45	148	827	223	1574	85	27933
	'41	567	94	188	2844	203	5902	637	404	6644	739	1683	6143	589	333	305	1124	2230	361	137	642	2680	903	5062	164	79722
	'40	360	80	176	2073	117	3963	436	210	4767	593	1093	4688	385	276	229	621	1785	237	110	363	1418	484	3560	134	67000
	'39	297	60	199	1621	82	3478	341	191	2947	478	799	3351	385	181	181	495	1014	185	112	290	1038	329	2713	91	43521
	'38	293	42	136	1562	69	3070	309	157	1749	288	663	2332	203	103	139	382	762	172	88	271	730	211	2487	80	32172
	'37	463	120	356	2809	119	5629	368	213	5006	434	1334	6514	500	168	227	766	1158	313	184	392	1622	511	7081	130	68840
	'36	427	102	260	1245	73	3513	189	136	2390	295	1024	2988	272	86	196	371									



# CARS IN USE BY MAKES, STATES

Model	Ala.	Ariz.	Ark.	Calif.	Colo.	Conn.	Del.	D. C.	Fla.	Ga.	Idaho	Ill.	Ind.	Iowa	Kan.	Ky.	La.	Me.	Mid.	Mass.	Mich.	Minn.	Miss.	Mo.	Mont.
6 Mo. '46	162	24	104	1329	109	486	63	213	226	288	55	659	354	293	163	257	273	174	320	389	3130	366	103	286	80
'45-'42	723	227	530	3892	584	1543	243	403	1405	1244	242	5210	2207	1004	1146	815	1182	544	1217	2808	6158	1289	651	1274	290
'41	2526	1118	1784	29098	2454	6687	1062	2451	5145	3697	859	20932	9661	3884	4134	3001	3896	2420	5424	12773	24468	5028	1995	6261	630
'39	1325	697	1092	24403	1611	5259	781	1753	3143	2151	579	14725	6202	2989	2576	2081	1897	1566	3921	8138	12657	3434	998	4821	341
'37	1082	412	691	15183	1003	3515	490	807	2017	1302	271	9109	3200	2390	1748	1419	1348	1172	2460	5665	6845	2455	725	3210	224
'35	678	312	424	10118	612	1863	310	405	1402	794	241	5972	2393	1691	1436	998	777	851	1567	3150	3855	1818	416	2111	111
'33	1405	727	981	20499	1743	4813	743	729	2879	1789	637	14065	7175	3775	3381	2427	1184	1710	3723	7945	12757	4643	755	4965	587
'31	907	539	887	16424	1420	3452	485	451	1912	1129	533	9528	5287	2890	2722	1789	903	1218	2437	5770	7776	3389	602	3842	404
'29	425	381	560	9416	1039	1790	247	194	1082	674	319	5240	3308	1983	1757	1021	433	636	1240	2924	4325	2430	320	2241	262
'27	168	126	159	2585	415	1032	125	83	536	342	110	2053	1022	768	688	430	150	420	633	1552	1337	726	164	1037	136
'25	137	102	114	2420	335	1169	125	81	449	267	70	1734	780	606	628	366	87	332	634	1379	1114	756	79	949	143
'23	51	46	56	981	167	359	48	24	171	88	32	499	352	269	269	139	46	218	244	515	366	370	27	386	72
'21	69	51	85	1457	249	566	54	24	218	118	55	941	680	881	501	232	76	301	267	686	693	818	33	680	65
'19	18	24	30	900	119	165	19	10	75	27	30	485	283	389	252	89	24	141	101	174	316	451	22	274	35
'17	58	70	79	1911	248	201	25	6	70	65	82	983	939	787	771	171	62	156	121	189	894	1174	9	64	63
Unid.*	24	9	18	372	14	31	10	254	95	94	10	240	44	24	23	25	58	8	46	55	5783	9	34	63	17
Total	9758	4667	7594	140988	12122	32931	4850	7888	20825	14069	4125	92375	43887	24423	22235	15260	12406	11867	24345	54102	92474	29156	6967	33071	3715
6 Mo. '46	144	32	56	1408	90	330	41	94	199	225	72	959	556	290	181	149	282	134	267	225	584	366	74	242	50
'45-'42	560	157	249	3472	390	613	122	1590	850	722	274	3362	2221	906	599	408	878	195	709	1056	1642	1080	264	836	271
'41	1438	579	544	14523	1136	2090	322	773	2375	1673	770	8665	6455	2418	1491	1133	1856	506	1882	3535	4319	2982	532	2762	683
'39	1115	455	528	13431	953	1531	235	558	1991	1163	624	6895	4755	1855	1180	873	1308	389	1384	2351	3049	2420	507	2767	580
'37	411	334	284	11676	637	1218	200	437	1363	815	382	4907	3354	1348	949	622	686	353	1167	2221	2042	1741	278	1780	439
'35	167	154	102	6114	363	747	106	277	556	335	204	2531	1855	745	498	304	381	234	617	1127	1279	1010	66	709	179
'33	355	335	252	8257	754	1714	243	324	963	722	475	5273	3687	1539	1039	736	518	76	1430	2524	1875	1908	184	1480	370
'31	195	266	118	8104	481	909	95	154	497	341	298	2654	2394	977	637	419	284	262	556	1322	881	1154	65	945	261
'29	63	129	80	4230	279	474	48	65	242	186	1411	1120	652	435	244	187	162	282	721	490	758	57	576	282	
'27	63	114	87	3343	246	425	40	50	226	142	121	911	628	435	414	177	77	155	236	593	391	672	42	415	144
'25	19	37	19	1995	65	185	14	16	73	45	23	244	284	102	104	83	38	44	82	206	96	199	12	146	21
'23	24	44	24	1898	92	186	20	21	82	50	29	276	247	101	98	69	72	122	239	162	243	18	146	21	
'21	28	28	17	1545	152	197	18	25	76	67	47	300	215	222	126	63	27	112	109	226	163	294	14	143	21
'19	22	54	19	1355	68	164	16	12	64	25	27	337	186	191	122	70	84	89	163	160	235	11	107	33	
'17	40	153	45	4211	211	270	28	11	95	85	80	665	466	371	263	112	54	144	166	211	412	465	22	252	78
Unid.*	6	2	5	492	10	63	5	144	64	45	25	112	45	26	18	17	40	6	25	24	1170	9	6	63	17
Total	4713	2876	2447	85852	5927	11116	1553	4551	9756	6680	3637	39502	28468	12178	8054	5479	6672	3368	9123	16764	18155	15536	2152	13492	3363
6 Mo. '46	367	40	79	1245	65	72	18	55	248	303	57	269	226	123	88	77	186	42	130	165	442	94	90	106	42
'45-'42	568	96	119	3295	155	262	47	57	636	326	99	677	664	289	200	170	235	149	331	517	901	173	109	333	66
'41	475	95	139	3284	210	367	55	44	771	375	129	1162	967	377	254	247	319	212	385	574	946	293	140	349	76
'39	129	35	37	1921	88	173	18	42	318	87	26	325	249	91	75	123	112	130	124	232	217	139	41	205	19
'37	156	61	73	1898	97	221	28	29	451	176	53	625	431	237	243	165	216	79	194	292	382	300	47	349	18
'35	354	228	231	7739	513	761	78	55	849	360	164	1968	1813	623	505	528	261	225	543	959	1509	838	113	950	187
'33	76	78	47	3051	99	72	5	6	273	117	52	120	218	66	30	72	56	19	26	68	169	77	24	51	24
'31	46	58	25	2424	24	24	1	2	100	70	22	48	148	20	25	29	34	4	5	13	39	26	7	35	28
'29	36	13	24	1025	11	24	1	2	154	50	10	39	33	18	14	18	30	8	5	22	47	8	11	10	6
'27	24	13	5	824	36	40	6	7	113	32	4	91	94	60	45	67	12	11	41	56	52	112	11	86	3
'25	7	5	8	365	34	39	9	8	33	19	11	178	128	89	103	65	14	31	59	75	85	164	3	119	14
'23	9	17	15	556	95	47	10	3	54	18	21	209	182	190	134	74	18	48	67	85	82	274	7	202	19
'21	14	18	18	465	102	59	7	2	42	13	18	248	124	213	140	48	12	46	53	61	106	240	7	219	30
'19	62	77	55	1940	250	152	22	9	115	67	75	753	536	835	653	193	32	132	149	123	404	843	21	802	141
Unid.*	6	2	5	10	3	3	5	39	35	13	4	27	8	18	10	31	11	3	31	8	422	5	8	11	6
Total	2329	836	880	29842	1780	2316	310	360	4192	2026	745	6759	5601	3249	2519	1907	1548	1139	2143	3250	5803	3584	639	3635	648
6 Mo. '46	61	2	17	196	9	56	3	6	47	102	5	42	17	17	26	13	29	5	3	88	54	9	5	34	4
'45-'42	82	4	26	512	31	74	27	56	183	328	18	124	67	23	32	42	78	17	38	487	128	61	22	71	4
'41	136	16	67	536	119	190	45	60	299	678	23	1911	213	101	107	106	207	47	66	1890	329	140	73	195	9
'39	103	9	52	497	90	81	63	45	237	412	20	1035	203	95	68	65	149	43	95	1695	230	174	64	192	9
'37	83	27	46	773	105	126	54	38	324	321	43	327	324	149	96	83	122	40	77	1342	270	144	54	153	13
'35	32	16	15	467	49	65	19	17	167	157	12	132	97	75	29	30	89	11	27	761	115	25	33	73	3
'33	71	29	33	635	109	97	36	27	230	307	25	240	134	134	67	47	138	37	49	1596	243	34	54	159	7
'31	52	23	39	839	140	162	63	18	210	296	36	391	230	159	115	78	141	33	90	1406	447	137	44	212	22
'29</																									



## AND YEAR OF MANUFACTURE—concluded

Model	Nebr.	Nebr.	N. H.	N. J.	N. M.	N. Y.	N. C.	N. D.	Ohio	Okl.	Ore.	Pa.	R. I.	S. C.	S. D.	Tenn.	Tex.	Utah	Vt.	Va.	Wash.	W. Va.	Wis.	Wyo.	Totals
6 Mo. '46	80	32	76	1236	55	1267	437	1769	204	283	880	46	122	56	305	884	106	39	287	237	26	489	17	18821	
45-42	576	112	130	3260	222	6453	1950	254	5270	727	1077	5110	368	1012	139	1037	3815	488	243	619	1545	580	1507	143	73468
'41	2032	390	965	15150	776	30269	6198	781	23149	3751	4269	22386	2173	2926	548	3656	12673	1435	792	4994	5680	2074	6533	476	315490
'40	1352	248	774	11487	510	21219	3584	462	15261	2768	2884	15732	1471	1585	358	2064	6739	1004	583	3765	4058	1574	4719	261	213604
'39	980	117	617	8029	296	14893	2292	279	9445	1934	1438	9428	1113	991	260	1468	4145	462	372	2334	2253	906	2879	154	135830
'38	681	96	388	5196	178	10211	1468	251	5769	1297	1044	5886	562	552	230	966	3213	373	227	1314	1572	614	2314	109	88886
'37	1670	258	810	10527	419	20919	2539	459	17474	2788	2689	16302	1482	1130	525	1831	5625	836	574	2519	4136	1892	6064	340	209615
'36	1422	168	623	7029	297	15111	1534	370	11951	2259	2041	10518	1097	728	409	1502	4267	624	484	1873	2880	1462	4743	304	150392
'35	1012	104	376	3574	251	8668	1106	358	5991	1482	1027	5448	617	493	357	802	2725	412	288	1239	1688	686	3254	211	98516
'34	412	30	222	1749	74	4516	580	136	1686	493	398	2695	324	220	129	323	1004	141	193	453	619	282	1268	78	34806
'33	298	28	217	1842	55	5052	560	143	1486	350	317	2557	333	212	81	177	781	112	134	427	523	232	1084	54	31931
'32	145	8	115	658	23	1701	217	30	766	117	114	883	127	58	33	93	229	28	92	177	236	119	496	17	12279
'31	288	7	168	567	31	1902	284	124	1404	197	286	1114	191	91	74	126	357	77	118	239	423	168	922	35	18796
'30	145	4	65	264	11	778	61	62	841	98	148	595	56	23	54	66	197	51	52	96	211	62	483	16	8694
Before '30	658	12	91	300	39	964	112	256	1351	223	352	701	59	36	225	104	440	63	65	153	507	106	1210	25	17955
Unid.*	14	5	6	41	7	197	17	2	79	38	14	93	11	18	490	79	49	5	3	11	.....	48	6	8632	
Total	11765	1619	5643	70909	3244	144130	22919	3967	103492	18726	18381	100328	10030	10197	3966	14597	47143	6217	4259	20302	26548	10572	38015	2246	1425715
6 Mo. '46	81	17	38	563	30	952	254	12	866	128	267	1275	84	98	51	239	651	76	29	242	334	51	357	21	13784
45-42	441	69	97	1047	123	2848	781	195	2793	374	909	3045	249	300	136	734	2348	317	73	394	1166	463	948	98	43371
'41	1186	224	294	4014	346	7870	2033	495	7806	1172	2411	10305	659	728	379	1891	5388	931	200	1852	3798	1307	3004	302	124103
'40	768	182	312	2994	259	6388	1404	361	6942	865	1612	7609	540	651	376	1413	3684	789	159	1549	2674	1238	2302	253	98340
'39	594	123	280	2411	196	5293	865	224	4926	697	1089	6429	596	474	207	935	2746	605	157	1039	1898	862	1998	136	74387
'38	341	59	180	1484	93	3021	259	114	2185	356	652	3167	237	129	125	325	1588	365	83	484	1121	405	876	78	37819
'37	602	128	303	3199	174	6376	451	184	5668	670	1290	7885	590	244	222	689	2799	655	164	613	2254	680	2123	159	75776
'36	490	87	193	1400	95	3155	210	104	2521	496	960	2952	182	142	141	389	1508	395	57	398	1809	376	1453	112	43884
'35	333	45	111	786	60	1708	165	101	1515	265	545	1457	93	79	119	192	896	171	50	240	1041	212	779	58	24396
'34	283	32	122	666	48	1832	147	90	1157	178	420	1183	65	103	93	117	559	120	32	198	769	139	511	38	19048
'33	95	11	46	209	17	693	47	19	361	61	90	452	33	17	25	57	190	32	19	87	241	41	193	4	7208
'32	78	13	47	344	11	1018	77	27	396	48	122	601	40	17	32	43	205	36	32	69	259	37	205	13	7881
'31	131	17	60	328	14	890	52	38	373	50	214	537	35	31	43	67	206	23	25	64	330	72	287	18	8170
'30	166	14	43	223	23	698	39	43	370	43	201	499	26	18	48	43	138	47	26	52	266	60	284	18	6941
Before '30	373	25	77	400	46	1015	130	125	807	111	414	843	53	40	138	76	329	84	81	86	654	103	607	44	15554
Unid.*	11	6	5	26	17	74	14	1	471	8	7	67	2	2	298	41	63	9	2	4	3	1	79	3	3745
Total	5973	1052	2160	20094	1542	43723	6928	2133	39159	5622	11223	48306	3474	3123	2443	7231	23298	4735	1179	7361	18605	6246	16008	1355	604387
6 Mo. '46	50	8	21	246	33	483	152	63	690	104	163	642	80	81	17	214	583	48	17	100	198	144	45	8	8790
45-42	98	23	91	586	40	1240	408	113	1300	147	478	1841	199	148	76	401	573	138	48	209	337	231	152	50	19384
'41	101	21	110	817	61	1719	416	85	2229	243	608	2059	120	165	91	518	710	110	74	225	610	348	482	55	24220
'40	55	7	49	356	29	843	92	23	876	121	133	519	18	51	25	144	229	56	17	154	103	100	92	14	9080
'39	117	10	52	523	38	1257	177	59	953	178	253	918	38	73	38	135	419	57	46	188	239	166	293	38	12889
'38	375	34	177	1326	104	2822	479	131	4008	499	792	2680	132	241	116	437	971	188	119	487	1272	621	954	95	41382
'37	52	14	25	101	25	235	22	17	630	86	490	106	5	38	13	138	157	40	14	35	673	37	45	11	7905
'36	18	6	4	40	18	76	30	4	204	52	212	27	4	24	6	80	98	21	6	18	249	19	23	2	4490
'35	6	2	4	27	4	95	22	1	106	29	115	36	5	26	1	54	66	5	3	9	137	7	11	3	2401
'34	26	4	11	135	5	405	20	11	310	25	51	199	23	39	4	32	61	8	13	11	105	34	69	3	3449
'33	71	16	90	2	411	24	20	311	29	68	363	15	9	9	26	52	7	40	26	75	51	197	7	3594	
'32	170	5	25	143	2	492	24	46	413	22	69	360	24	13	41	34	84	12	32	42	129	85	202	13	4918
'31	145	2	17	101	14	411	17	64	409	47	101	320	24	3	51	28	105	9	32	32	187	37	224	7	4692
Before '30	622	17	76	298	22	1075	110	298	1617	145	303	801	41	39	231	86	506	57	80	98	526	117	779	28	16213
Unid.*	7	1	3	39	1	37	12	3	53	6	5	190	4	4	78	24	19	1	8	4	1	1	12	1	1227
Total	1913	154	681	4828	398	11595	2005	938	14109	1733	3839	11061	706	954	797	2351	4633	757	549	1638	4841	1997	3560	335	164613
6 Mo. '46	9	2	3	26	7	132	14	57	8	8	4	4	21	32	2	25	101	6	1	24	5	1	22	3	1304
45-42	50	7	21	270	32	1791	134	23	283	88	182	97	57	79	19	126	498	31	20	95	697	41	372	23	12601
'41	40	4	19	152	29	2490	107	16	217	98	149	395	36	68	9	97	310	33	11	52	111	17	82	21	10299
'40	51	13	22	238	21	846	171	23	468	82	163	218	40	91	16	99	318	39	8	69	161	81	221	24	8617
'39	22	10	14	105	12	473	71	10	146	44	70	50	20	39	22	51	173	12	16	49	51	27	69	5	4077
'38	27	20	20	190	15	585	35	28	241	54	159	119	24	64	29	68	272	42	19	42	146	26	122	16	6951
'37	51	10	28	216	23	928	50	27	480	114	234	346	43	64	29	82	249	50	27	53	182	54	198	23	8944
'36	44	5	30	214	23	568	57	17	407	60	142	293	32	45	27	64	165	19	17	60	137	3			



# TRUCKS IN USE BY MAKES, BY

As of July 1, 1946

Model	Ala.	Ariz.	Ark.	Calif.	Colo.	Conn.	Del.	D. C.	Fla.	Ga.	Idaho	Ill.	Ind.	Iowa	Kan.	Ky.	La.	Me.	Md.	Mass.	Mich.	Minn.	Miss.	Mo.	Mont.
<b>AUTOCAR</b>																									
'46	8	3	2	135	15	76	6	50	9	5	46	13	2	3	3	14	2	31	151	15	5	1	32	4	
'45	5			200	20	88	10	2	65	14	3	88	35	7	8	4	12	9	46	210	16	49	2	38	
'44		14		157	3	47	6				20	16		3	3	1	2	32	155	14	7	1	14	1	
'43				12		1	1				4							5	8						
'42	2	6		34	2	11	6			2	4	15	4		4	7	11	33	56	4		2	2	4	
'41	1	6		299	4	139	14	3	13	12	2	103	9		3	8	1	78	309	16	1	2	2	1	
'40	2	6		112	1	66	8	14	3	2		61	5	3		6	3	35	262	27	1		20	3	
'39		1	2	88		82	12	8	5			86	9	12		10	2	58	187	19	1		24	1	
'38	1	3		86	2	43	9	14	5			55	2	5	1		2	47	180	12	7		20	1	
'37				133	1	11	12	1	1			55	3				3	54	201	22	6		9	1	
'36	1	1	1	51	1	45	7	4	3		1	50	3				2	32	180	18	1		6	1	
'35				25		35	3	3		2		21	1				4	15	113	6	3		5	1	
'34				27		29	6	1		1		45				1		25	104	6	9		4	1	
'33	1	5	5	266	3	61	13	9	1	5	1	164	3	2	7	5	1	22	77	2	1		8	1	
Before '33	1	5	5	266	3	61	13	9	1	5	1	164	3	2	7	5	1	22	77	2	1		8	1	
Unid.*	1	5	5	266	3	61	13	9	1	5	1	164	3	2	7	5	1	22	77	2	1		8	1	
Total	27	47	12	1692	58	797	115	73	151	50	16	544	121	37	32	52	47	54	585	2406	259	109	11	273	16
<b>BROCKWAY</b>																									
'46				14		47	3	4	1			9	47	1				7	40	76	19	1		1	
'45				16		71	4	13	5			25	121	1			5	13	64	157	12				
'44				8		22	3	2				2	17					9	62	105					
'43	1			3		9	2		1									3	27	26					
'42				20		125	4	16				2	2		2		5	23	77	185					
'41				2		59	2	3				4	1		1		1	18	37	94					
'40				3		78	4	13				3			1		2	7	56	121					
'39				3		62	2	10				1						6	38	85					
'38				22		46	3	5				2						9	49	111					
'37	1	1		4		44	3	4		1		1						6	40	85					
'36				2		13	1					3	2				2	4	13	71					
'35				4		18						1						2	12	44					
'34				3		8						1						3	5	19					
'33				22		72	2	1		4		8					1	11	32	58					
Before '33				22		72	2	1		4		8					1	11	32	58					
Unid.*				22		72	2	1		4		8					1	11	32	58					
Total	2	2	1	129	1	676	33	75	12	6		62	201	6	7	11	8	120	548	1239	61	12	1	13	
<b>BUICK</b>																									
'46	6		6	5	1				1	10	1	1	3	3	3	5	2	20	1						
'45	1			2						13		1	3		1		3	1							
'44				2						9			1				7								
'43				4																					
'42	5	2	13	11	2	6	2		2	16	3	6	2	2	14	3	53	2	1	5	10	3	6	2	
'41	5	6	8	52	7	6	5		10	31	5	12	3	2	9	6	62	2	19	10	26	7	24	2	
'40	12	6	9	54	6	9	5		10	5	3	11	4	3	8	9	51	4	12	16	42	11	21	9	
'39	2	9	9	30	9	6	3		7	19	5	15	4	4	7	9	51	5	7	4	40	14	6	3	
'38	2	2	9	28	10	2	4		8	14	3	11	5	2	10	9	32	6	8	29	13	18	6	2	
'37	7	2	9	52	5	6	5	3	4	24	3	14	6	6	11	9	25	4	15	13	31	12	24	6	
'36	5	2	15	31	10	8	3		12	24	6	13	14	5	14	6	25	7	8	11	17	15	16	8	
'35	5	1	9	23	6	7	2	1	7	19	1	7	9	2	9	10	9	5	1	9	7	12	8	10	1
'34	7	4	10	35	10	9	2		9	16	2	7	9	5	19	17	8	12	3	18	6	13	14	10	1
'33				22	8	21			11	10	2	11	16	3	18	6	4	5		8	8	10	4	13	1
Before '33	92	29	161	1027	331	483	15	1	113	127	102	144	398	255	587	104	50	197	41	125	110	388	52	302	182
Unid.*	92	29	161	1027	331	483	15	1	113	127	102	144	398	255	587	104	50	197	41	125	110	388	52	302	182
Total	156	63	271	1384	406	584	48	8	196	342	135	256	484	293	717	195	385	270	119	230	380	503	196	377	196
<b>CADILLAC</b>																									
'46	3			4		1			2			4	1		1		3	1	6						
'45																									
'44				1																					
'43		2		1																					
'42		1	9	5		3						19					8	1	2	1	11	2	5		
'41		1	16	41	7	3	4	1	3	47		56					35	6	13	8	34	30	13	17	
'40		2	3	18	3	2				6		38					6	3	1	19	9	5	1		
'39		2	3	15	3	2				1		35					10	4	1	10	11	3	4		
'38	1	2	3	12	1	2				3		20					4	2	5	3	8	2	3	1	
'37	1	2	3	21	1	3	2			3		18					7	5	3	9	5	1	2		
'36	1	1	1	15	2	1				3		1					2	3	1	1	4				
'35	1	1	1	8	1	1				2		4					3	1	1	1					
'34	1	1	1	14	1	5				2		1					2	1	1	1					
'33																									
Before '33	6	14	14	397	43	68	10	1	6	11	7	45	49	30	25	40	2	29	22	32	12	43	4	40	15
Unid.*	6	14	14	397	43	68	10	1	6	11	7	45	49	30	25	40	2	29	22	32	12	43	4	40	15
Total	13	27	45	568	69	90	21	4	23	96	9	265	56	37	38	120	42	68	42	134	122	63	44	49	18
<b>CHEVROLET</b>																									
'46	1903	131	1439	2535	431	625	230	213	1147	1839	549	3213	1184	1663	1475	1424	1274	588	901	1029	1879	1162	1400	1478	338
'45	1096	240	1023	2655	302	351	39	14	863	7227	240	1706	849	978	1082	1069	765	383	153	571	1169	486	850	1659	337
'44	807	111	531	1233	305	136	15	8	352	544	163	786	88	546	514	451	302	292	58	235	548	340	455	626	101
'43	35	88	22	231	11	5		1	36	70	14	30	8	15	25	42	44	12	8	10	24	3	37	21	31
'42	3288	590	2501	4339	1580	608	294	187	2524	3083	675	3176	2074	1921	2108	1739	2201	902	1148	948	2549	1662	2466	1958	909
'41	4873	1201	4405	12909	2654	2355	739	717	4326	5602	1601	9585	5												



# BY STATES AND YEAR OF MANUFACTURE

As of July 1, 1946

Model	Neb.	Neu.	N. H.	N. J.	N. M.	N. Y.	N. C.	N. D.	Ohio	Okla.	Ore.	Pa.	R. I.	S. C.	S. D.	Tenn.	Tex.	Utah	Vt.	Va.	Wash.	W. Va.	Wis.	Wyo.	Total	
<b>AUTOCAR</b>																										
'46		4	10	155		165	42		73	2	8	179	56	5		5		3	1	41	11	10	7	1	1412	
'45			5	206		375	44		132	18	28	257	50	12	1			2		39	14	10	47	1	2175	
'44		1		121		141	27		79	9	5	225	31	1				4		20	1	8	3		1175	
'43				8		10			29	1	1	31													87	
'42			3	61		42	1		29	6	1	245	12	2		1		1	1	3	3	1	4		617	
'41		1	8	310		392	31		130	1	2	402	77	3		3		1	1	2	35	5	16	13	2511	
'40		4	8	154	2	308	23	2	134	1	3	199	38	3		1		1	2	28	2	10	6	2	1575	
'39		1	5	204		353	11		89	1	1	359	33	3		1		1	1	25	3	8	9		1758	
'38			3	242		429	6		102	2	1	282	35	2				1	1	14		6	3		1318	
'37			6	185		318	4		45		1	169	14						2	16		7	16		1725	
'36			1	82		210			21			87	15					1	1	5		2	16	1	1156	
'35				75		257	1		33	3		191	14					1	1	4		5	1		864	
'34			4	74		189	1		25	2		151	11					1	2	4		14	5		867	
'33				198	1	591	6	5	39	11	5	465	35	1	3			1	3	19	13	5	15		2373	
Before '33				11		17			2		4	2							1	1						126
Unit.*																										
Total	6	14	56	2221	3	4094	199	7	987	56	63	3539	458	31	6	12	14	10	22	256	52	98	149	6	20203	
<b>BROCKWAY</b>																										
'46			2	180		379	2		18		1	224	1	1					5	23		1			1109	
'45				287		866			25			311		1					8	23		15			2053	
'44				178		404	2		6			336							3	7		11			1167	
'43				8		8						30											1		57	
'42			1	30		115			1			231	2	1					1	8		2	1		472	
'41		10	10	324		1213	1		8			339	4	1					11	34					2420	
'40				176		823	1		7			187							13	31		4			1469	
'39			4	169		874	4		7			346	2						10	23	2	3			1736	
'38				145		753	2		1			234	1						11	32					1389	
'37			1	163		860			2	1		276	2						6	18		1			1578	
'36			2	163		867			2			236							4	4					1477	
'35			5	74		484			1			87	1						1	4	1	2			773	
'34			6	70		401			1			73	2						1	2		1			644	
'33				22		186	1					32							3	1					297	
Before '33				154		862			2			165	1		1	2	2		7	11		1	3		1441	
Unit.*				15		23						4													74	
Total	1	11	48	2158		9118	13		81	1	1	3111	16	4	1	8	3		84	221	3	42	5		18156	
<b>BUICK</b>																										
'46				2		37	2		1	2		1							5	5	1		2		131	
'45						3	1					1			5				3	2					45	
'44				1		3			1			4							2						40	
'43				2					1			1							1						11	
'42			1	40		45	8		9	13	1	14	5	4					16	15		12	7	10	380	
'41		3	3	122	1	145	15		5	38	4	23	6	19	1				16	26		7	3	5	87	
'40			1	97	1	118	11	3	1	38	5	24	5	14	4				12	26	5	6	17	12	739	
'39			4	74		76	11	1	3	28	4	29	5	8	2				12	20	1	4	12	3	585	
'38			1	79		71	8	4	1	21	3	29	1	7	1				8	27	5	3	22	7	558	
'37		5	1	112		87	5	4	4	27	10	22	7	18	1				5	32	2	6	13	4	687	
'36		6	4	75	1	79	2	5	6	12	5	19	1	17	2				7	33	2	1	12	8	592	
'35			1	43	1	41	3	5	3	17	4	10	5	7	3				2	22	1	2	9	4	377	
'34			2	48		41	10	2	4	16	3	17	5	7	2				4	42	3	4	10	4	509	
'33		5	2	37		45	6	4	15	6		15	4	15	3				3	7	7	6	3	14	441	
Before '33	393	23	72	254	6	441	56	121	159	306	192	180	40	41	206	96	437	23	69	85	493	51	1163	45	10348	
Unit.*				4		8		1	1	3		4		2	2		7	2	2	2	2				156	
Total	439	35	88	990	10	1245	138	150	208	536	238	393	84	164	229	196	731	72	110	216	580	92	1247	51	16416	
<b>CADILLAC</b>																										
'46				1		11						1													51	
'45						1						2													6	
'44						3						1													5	
'43				9		29	3		2	1		9	2	12											2	
'42				41	2	106	17		2	2	4	29	5	20	2				9	19		4	13	4	184	
'41				12	1	57	4		1	1	3	11	4	3					2	6		3			671	
'40				11		35	2					13	2	2					1	3		4			228	
'39				11		24	3					6	1	1											183	
'38				25	1	44	3		1	2	4	12	3						1	5		1	3		129	
'37				23		27	1		1	2		13	3	2					3	4		4			206	
'36				16		9			2	7	4	5							2	3		2			175	
'35				9		11			5			5							2	2		2			97	
'34				13		10	1		3			3							1	4		1			73	
'33				156	2	200	7	11	32	43	24	56	12	9	13				7	13	13	39	8	38	1721	
Before '33	17	6	4	156	2	200	7	11	32	43	24	56	12	9	13				7	13	13	39	8	38	1721	
Unit.*				4		1						1							2						45	
Total	29	7	4	335	6	565	42	12	41	70	44	158	34	50	17	28	91	16	19	72	64	29	63	5	3852	
<b>CHEVROLET</b>																										
'46	578	91	294	1357	477	2172	2151	101	2324	1074	741	3670	195	715	369	1758	4896	430	123	1209	848	359	1159	266	57407	
'45	222	54	170	704	166	1823	1046	211	342	1246	418	182	154	675	159	798	1541	140	145	1399	480	307	868	130	33489	
'44	140	23	58	303	126	857	687	138	60	656	306	124	50	498	132	470	784	93	72	760	334	258	543	98	17117	
'43	9	1	2	12	3	33	12	38	104	51	47	27		5	2	25	47	5	5	13	27	38	5	5	1339	
'42	1549	190	109	1403	733	3273	3505	790	4147	1532	1555	5171	166	1683	547	2615	10588	486	191	2548	1859	1341	2053	510	94234	
'41	2519	344	812	5112	1268	11516	6734	1721	8497	3083	18092	765	3603	1168	5157	15224	1012	653	5638	4295	3111	5389	826	211017		
'40	1915</																									



## BY S

**As of July 1, 1946**

Model	Ala.	Ariz.	Ark.	Calif.	Colo.	Conn.	Del.	D. C.	Fla.	Ga.	Idaho	Ill.	Ind.	Iowa	Kan.	Ky.	La.	Me.	Md.	Mass.	Mich.	Minn.	Miss.	Mo.	Mont.	Model
6 Mo. '46	19	6		93	5	32	2	18	32	12	9	88	38	18	11	9	15	21	12	155	70	21		103	1	6 Mo. '46
'45				125	11	63	2	22	2	6	2	110	49	8	8	9	5	21	12	126	161	12		82	1	'45
'44				7		4				2		17	8	1	3	7	5			7	26	14	2			'44
'43				3					1		2				2					1	3	1				'43
'42	5	3		40		5	5	22	12	1		15	38	4	16	2	6	5	29	43	37	3		8		'42
'41	6	9		145	12	122	7	26	7	3	2	158	46	9	6	22	8	28	45	377	230	1		119	1	'41
'40	5	2	1	54	18	41	3	57	4	4		107	49	11	5	10	7	9	24	126	97	17		40		'40
'39	2	4		58	1	28	4	58	4	1		76	39	9	1	5	2	3	26	133	24	21		49		'39
'38	2	7		25		78	3	51	1	10		54	12	8	2	4	2	1	20	57	18	16		35		'38
'37	2	9		7		48	2	35	18	2		98	18	8	6	15	2	3	14	34	14	19		36		'37
'36	5	1		42	1	16	2	64	1	2		113	11			13	13	4	16	44	8	84		21	1	'36
'35				13		5		1	9			12	2	3		4	1		8	11	13	55		5		'35
'34	2			8		5			8		2	40	1	1		2		1	3	10	10	7		1		'34
'33				4		3			1			18	3			4			1	12	1	14				'33
Before '33				111	1	6	1	9	1			84	7	2	10	4		1	6	29	5	7		1		Before '33
Unit.*												2	1			2	5									Unit.*
Total	54	42	2	735	56	457	33	379	83	43	17	992	322	82	70	112	71	82	230	1186	809	279	2	468	3	Total
6 Mo. '46	1128	116	837	2967	398	599	105	138	1032	1182	335	2860	1039	1182	807	824	856	446	780	892	2174	1195	869	1162	296	6 Mo. '46
'45	326	119	280	1460	182	257	11	61	431	449	115	1135	864	458	425	420	297	154	78	479	738	393	249	835	165	'45
'44	144	39	138	527	67	90	24	17	142	187	50	369	224	175	143	137	130	75	182	126	247	147	97	190	51	'44
'43	8	22	4	173	5	1			17	22	10	13	5	3	6	1	16	10	3	7	19	2	6	10	1	'43
'42	925	253	888	2475	454	230	64	99	1048	1024	246	1039	782	582	576	530	830	339	463	614	1247	535	656	725	196	'42
'41	2020	617	1217	6324	1119	1086	137	366	2480	2609	681	3241	1851	1264	1353	1279	1340	636	1019	2132	2810	1189	1308	1901	714	'41
'40	1041	321	725	3817	609	700	107	246	1238	1470	412	2842	1550	988	872	1021	791	449	798	1640	1770	962	708	1477	370	'40
'39	765	215	578	2739	630	665	100	220	779	956	288	2436	1529	922	722	797	565	419	754	1537	1451	816	424	1204	338	'39
'38	410	133	340	2281	477	432	66	120	559	468	178	1425	816	632	622	625	395	301	489	871	854	545	230	800	233	'38
'37	686	302	533	4720	886	686	120	180	827	943	310	2477	1938	864	882	1100	566	381	899	1241	1785	1010	455	1251	362	'37
'36	736	510	694	5957	1296	992	142	168	1137	962	638	3188	2510	1287	1402	1297	643	549	1067	1512	2238	1467	454	1336	642	'36
'35	239	252	314	3864	588	682	60	83	510	383	425	1388	1645	696	688	690	241	235	450	828	919	976	160	828	485	'35
'34	210	127	226	2122	322	443	59	35	349	250	286	857	816	413	461	367	187	264	443	632	684	468	96	618	265	'34
'33	53	47	69	1060	172	240	20	15	139	83	118	397	380	189	217	178	37	111	149	217	208	242	30	357	106	'33
'33	125	137	307	4129	584	804	34	8	247	194	188	613	774	351	813	318	183	264	253	291	604	665	103	785	315	'33
Before '33	42	3	41	10	12	3	8	118	155	97	10	168	20	17	66	21	144	6	57	18	3368	24	69	152	3	Before '33
Unit.*																										Unit.*
Total	8858	3213	7191	44625	7791	7890	1057	1874	11090	11259	4290	24448	16523	10029	10085	9625	7221	4639	7904	13037	21116	10636	5914	14131	4465	Total
6 Mo. '46	14	2	18	65	2	52	1	2	30	21	15	96	25	38	22	30	32	11	29	33	83	39	16	52	2	6 Mo. '46
'45	18	13	30	68	6	53	2	6	10	24	19	86	73	33	19	49	12	13	55	35	99	88	15	61	1	'45
'44	5	1	3	22	12	10		2	8	10	3	33	20	5	2	1	6	10	13	25	35	42	9	7	5	'44
'43	2			5					1	2	1	2	1		3	12	1	1	7	1	1	4	1			'43
'42	5	5	5	22	30	25		2	13	19	1	20	11	3	12	16	19	1	16	25	53	34	9	14		'42
'41	1	1	6	56	2	52	2	19	23	11	2	117	29	8	1	22	16	6	36	69	95	40	5	21	4	'41
'40	1	1	6	54	5	64		10	68	12	1	114	32	4	2	20	8	6	24	70	74	28	4	17		'40
'39	1	3	1	71	1	51	1	6	22	11	2	89	28	8	7	17	3	9	32	76	80	30	1	33	4	'39
'38	2	1	1	49	5	46		6	18	15	1	76	14	9	2	22	3	7	21	56	56	29	4	9		'38
'37	2	1	5	76	10	68	1	4	27	14	2	146	26	11	5	28	2	5	30	92	115	47	4	66	11	'37
'36	3		5	114	16	69	2	3	18	28	2	151	28	12	16	19	4	2	32	76	118	39	2	72	13	'36
'35				79	5	64		1	13	3	1	82	10	7	5	24	1	2	19	45	83	21	1	56	20	'35
'34			4	77	6	45		2	9	6	3	54	18	1	5	8		2	9	48	60	28	1	49	2	'34
'33	1		1	23	1	28		1	4	3	1	37	6	1	3	8		5	17	16	19		1	28		'33
Before '33	1	2	2	233	10	131	2	2	9	5	10	75	18	20	8	33	5	7	36	70	85	42	3	112	7	Before '33
Unit.*																										Unit.*
Total	58	25	88	1037	111	759	11	67	283	187	64	1183	340	161	110	310	120	82	359	738	1463	528	71	628	76	Total
6 Mo. '46	1710	180	1965	3515	585	452	164	127	1749	2504	452	2827	918	1432	1143	1125	1587	472	660	912	2853	981	1560	1550	289	6 Mo. '46
'45	881	222	1036	2745	452	441	71	180	1138	1642	235	1983	1680	1159	857	1038	1153	486	283	908	1988	1108	946	1349	254	'45
'44	397	86	420	804	287	162	51	36	496	892	123	853	462	467	425	436	562	290	212	439	633	492	647	409	136	'44
'43	85	50	35	411	13	35	8	1	74	164	20	88	19	36	89	35	56	10	32	48	56	6	28	59	11	'43
'42	2383	365	2104	2796	989	473	134	258	2810	3405	400	2295	1216	1287	1276	1158	2732	822	532	1259	2117	1346	2778	1171	583	'42
'41	3985	1033	4598	10515	2085	1837	462	566	5143	6015	1168	7578	3977	4121	4260	3255	4302	1812	1835	3939	7194	4042	3841	5110	1437	'41
'40	2778	599	3224	7072	1725	1435	358	452	3592	3871	960	6465	3335	3420	2855	2237	3316	1460	1434	3041	4762	3170	3255	4166	1133	'40
'39	1927	511	2444	5367	1588	1054	239	356	2525	2790	784	4640	2772	2893	2182	1849	2396	1148	961	2494	3272	2344	1935	2922	904	'39
'38	1199	461	1468	4492	1282	881	205	225	2099	1796	640	3594	1815	2107	2476	1371	1736	935	818	1781	2203	2255	1427	2142	976	'38
'37	2395	746	3081	8973	2446	1849	407	348	3439	3450	1137	6088	4162	3257	4065	2772	2734	1771	1619	3570	5431	3949	2492	4375	1280	'37
'36	1900	686	2393	9112	2590	2001	422	329	3175	3095	1210	6163	4032	3												

Source of data—R. L. Polk &amp; Co.

Unid.\*—Unidentified as to year of manufacture.



ES.

**As of July 1, 1946**

[illegible]

Source of data—B. L. Polk &amp; Co.

Unid.\*—Unidentified as to year of manufacture.

March 15, 1947



# TRUCKS IN USE BY MAKES, BY S

As of July 1, 1946

Model	Ala.	Ariz.	Ark.	Calif.	Colo.	Conn.	Del.	D. C.	Fla.	Ga.	Idaho	Ill.	Ind.	Iowa	Kan.	Ky.	La.	Me.	Md.	Mass.	Mich.	Minn.	Miss.	Mo.	Mont.	Model	
International	'46	827	50	536	1540	237	358	55	121	513	753	224	2075	857	1008	667	738	556	262	272	582	789	993	512	642	Mo.	
	'45	374	109	310	1120	277	298	88	36	388	483	203	2000	1382	795	429	690	405	217	331	813	760	477	346	724	Mo.	
	'44	298	68	196	786	141	102	47	23	177	324	75	981	574	448	347	323	285	134	229	326	385	279	219	391	Mo.	
	'43	20	31	21	149	6	11	9	1	33	38	20	157	56	25	29	17	26	5	38	22	16	7	30	10	Mo.	
	'42	761	98	667	754	281	283	86	48	749	754	233	1221	669	710	523	554	620	286	419	312	454	725	684	344	Mo.	
	'41	1367	335	1115	4248	974	1407	219	320	1578	1867	699	6111	3378	2751	2346	1742	1575	602	1086	2123	1989	2212	1194	3048	Mo.	
	'40	1055	278	947	3464	917	1193	140	212	1196	1476	595	4864	2576	2489	1783	1536	1332	430	682	1590	1725	2233	1085	2373	Mo.	
	'39	1012	236	950	2820	642	981	185	148	910	1261	469	4140	2315	1786	1223	1239	1235	322	897	1403	943	1741	985	1900	Mo.	
	'38	581	225	585	2519	547	837	153	155	813	724	386	3205	1674	1472	1646	1178	914	324	738	956	702	2675	753	1613	Mo.	
	'37	606	309	455	3235	990	877	166	139	954	647	648	3514	2140	1838	1692	1259	710	213	805	937	755	671	690	1870	Mo.	
MACK	'46	49	8	15	85	2	78	4	5	185	80	5	89	19	79	11	68	49	27	35	77	31	64	26	517	Mo.	
	'45	48	4	8	125	23	86	10	10	139	139	9	167	77	110	16	78	49	80	299	64	106	62	315	1	Mo.	
	'44	68	3	2	81	13	43	7	9	137	115	6	130	40	44	9	7	29	46	58	142	24	36	9	28	3	Mo.
	'43	4	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	11	9	1	19	10	1	1	4	2	4	11	24	3	27	3	2	Mo.	
	'42	51	1	5	108	12	77	10	3	332	112	1	113	40	23	6	44	68	27	77	166	40	58	35	9	1	Mo.
	'41	67	5	9	458	30	469	25	56	380	174	4	352	137	37	22	111	60	92	216	686	59	188	20	85	3	Mo.
	'40	50	8	13	479	22	326	16	23	126	114	10	357	95	74	24	88	40	80	132	483	57	107	18	74	1	Mo.
	'39	23	6	10	329	21	238	19	14	116	53	7	296	99	44	14	51	22	54	149	361	40	95	10	53	1	Mo.
	'38	11	2	3	278	20	134	11	7	107	41	2	143	45	16	8	43	28	40	89	269	15	60	8	29	Mo.	
	'37	12	7	6	270	32	328	12	17	103	49	10	222	57	24	7	44	30	35	98	253	33	54	11	60	2	Mo.
PACKARD	'46	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	Mo.	
	'45	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Mo.	
	'44	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Mo.	
	'43	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Mo.	
	'42	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Mo.	
	'41	3	6	17	47	9	11	5	1	6	13	2	47	3	3	4	22	12	4	14	32	46	17	16	2	1	Mo.
	'40	1	5	25	29	2	3	5	6	4	14	1	40	5	1	4	21	9	4	14	17	29	17	27	3	1	Mo.
	'39	1	5	21	13	2	6	6	6	8	7	2	32	6	1	6	13	12	7	15	12	22	13	24	3	1	Mo.
	'38	1	8	14	24	1	3	3	3	2	16	1	15	2	2	10	17	12	9	7	12	18	13	9	3	1	Mo.
	'37	10	3	8	31	13	9	6	1	18	29	1	19	11	8	9	11	10	8	24	21	33	16	12	9	4	Mo.
PLYMOUTH	'46	107	3	39	21	6	2	1	1	4	21	7	12	9	2	8	2	3	44	5	320	4	3	234	9	1	Mo.
	'45	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	3	9	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Mo.
	'44	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Mo.	
	'43	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Mo.	
	'42	20	5	10	60	10	7	8	4	19	10	7	11	18	3	11	13	25	7	28	12	506	8	10	2	1	Mo.
	'41	131	88	149	700	167	170	39	42	270	114	76	407	346	182	212	149	159	80	143	211	546	192	99	241	77	Mo.
	'40	118	83	156	710	157	163	27	34	231	133	65	427	324	202	196	178	153	80	199	304	200	108	298	67	Mo.	
	'39	123	60	115	540	147	149	33	27	186	81	52	399	260	211	163	147	106	93	119	172	232	173	73	227	Mo.	
	'38	71	29	91	371	117	87	25	8	153	50	39	268	186	111	176	90	84	50	87	73	121	121	68	147	Mo.	
	'37	114	91	220	930	244	182	31	18	267	158	113	583	481	267	355	251	153	90	111	161	314	323	160	305	Mo.	
PONTIAC	'46	7	5	2	1	2	1	1	1	3	16	4	7	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Mo.	
	'45	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Mo.	
	'44	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Mo.	
	'43	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Mo.	
	'42	8	1	8	9	8	4	7	8	11	6	1	6	4	1	7	7	9	6	1	11	92	5	2	5	1	Mo.
	'41	11	8	12	70	13	12	24	1	10	15	7	11	1	2	12	9	25	19	21	13	62	13	17	3	4	Mo.
	'40	13	4	11	102	15	26	19	1	21	7	6	12	4	6	5	3	12	23	8	13	34	12	13	4	4	Mo.
	'39	14	2	4	55	4	12	12	1	7	7	1	4	1	1	3	2	16	11	7	19	22	10	8	7	2	Mo.
	'38	5	2	3	16	3	5	8	3	13	4	4	4	1	1	4	3	12	4	2	6	12	5	12	9	1	Mo.
	'37	12	3	11	32	9	6	12	1	13	13	4	12	5	5	20	10	12	12	6	10	21	12	11	8	1	Mo.
REO	'46	136	9	9	184	27	52	8	39	99	91	26	291	136	119	49	95	31	5	41	111	180	63	32	53	11	Mo.
	'45	52	11	7	149	18	15	6	10	54	39	6	285	139	84	28	150	21	11	35	114	172	64	17	34	10	Mo.
	'44	1	1	1	39	1	1	1	1	13	3	1	6	11	2	5	6	4	4	6	36	17	14	1	1	1	Mo.
	'43	3	1	2	7	2	2	5	2	49	5	9	49	27	8	10	11	20	11								



# BY STATES AND YEAR OF MANUFACTURE

As of July 1, 1946

Model	Mo.	Neb.	Nev.	N. H.	N. J.	N. M.	N. Y.	N. C.	N. D.	Ohio	Okl.	Ore.	Pa.	R. I.	S. C.	S. D.	Tenn.	Tex.	Utah	Vt.	Va.	Wash.	W. Va.	Wis.	Wyo.	Total	
International	Mo. '46	286	50	124	729	150	1169	663	88	1388	514	355	1283	65	208	305	829	2026	181	114	472	454	158	682	127	27763	
	'45	389	37	88	702	72	1596	388	165	1304	719	389	1854	134	144	250	426	1931	97	100	501	544	346	851	140	29412	
	'44	382	12	45	265	62	691	229	77	575	484	312	1538	77	75	183	237	1062	50	54	211	253	243	485	63	14839	
	'43	12	3	2	27	8	77	37	24	37	62	21	305	18	16	1	40	86	5	1	12	48	15	21	13	1675	
	'42	366	98	17	439	107	1262	823	223	1174	509	496	2761	54	282	241	835	1545	106	54	345	758	365	683	96	25791	
	'41	1488	155	292	2307	414	5828	1549	1324	4584	1885	1365	5601	372	604	937	1838	5322	417	289	1382	2010	1280	2535	437	89486	
	'40	1148	113	223	1897	330	5372	1066	1132	3446	1316	1042	3263	323	586	763	1418	3953	337	305	1085	1652	1066	2267	440	71572	
	'39	962	57	244	1520	301	4321	1005	750	2429	1011	678	5294	223	465	642	1383	2994	292	287	894	1293	767	1809	348	59982	
	'38	837	67	147	1368	285	3758	789	822	2094	1137	587	4240	143	365	468	989	2756	374	141	741	1661	863	1682	317	56090	
	'37	863	82	115	1736	308	3883	1273	682	2823	1431	820	4372	138	359	533	790	3364	374	191	632	1396	819	1585	317	54052	
	'36	988	91	191	1401	263	3782	733	541	2700	1293	795	2769	188	398	420	1253	3174	236	137	420	905	477	1179	211	33739	
	'35	731	44	100	969	194	2436	424	556	1627	764	520	1418	88	186	184	179	1884	84	52	197	421	168	471	71	15318	
	'34	337	20	77	458	73	1382	179	284	739	272	194	1231	96	60	101	95	334	59	22	102	275	129	333	68	9478	
	'33	212	8	59	335	33	857	100	192	377	176	115	701	45	21	1054	215	782	73	92	167	662	169	868	143	28440	
	'32	1069	15	55	613	45	1834	52	1947	930	538	286	1203	57	44	12	10	180	4	2	10	4	3	21	5	4701	
	'31	11	5	2	73	6	70	2	3	47	49	38	112	2	2	3809	6519	21334	32020	2986	2029	7700	13607	7486	16531	3051	569076
	Unid.*	10081	857	1781	14839	2651	38418	8982	8770	26274	12120	8011	37943	2021	3809	6519	11334	32020	2986	2029	7700	13607	7486	16531	3051	569076	
	Total	10081	857	1781	14839	2651	38418	8982	8770	26274	12120	8011	37943	2021	3809	6519	11334	32020	2986	2029	7700	13607	7486	16531	3051	569076	
Mack	Mo. '46	23	1	28	206	16	369	157	90	14	57	231	3	54	11	66	58	2	15	47	19	24	12	12	1	3109	
	'45	23	2	35	395	30	793	259	231	36	57	519	20	88	20	67	212	5	43	64	44	73	48	7	5114		
	'44	6	1	28	229	4	357	185	129	38	52	426	27	145	1	41	146	4	11	51	26	60	24	13	3092		
	'43	1	1	35	186	1	84	18	15	1	1	69	1	1	1	3	6	1	1	1	1	3	6	3	394		
	'42	6	1	136	886	6	481	193	114	71	59	744	14	136	1	50	100	1	7	119	38	47	34	4	3796		
	'41	22	9	75	886	3	2389	265	491	85	74	1424	120	115	6	104	199	11	27	177	158	98	95	2	10582		
	'40	12	6	45	757	1	1857	152	379	47	87	696	76	51	3	48	147	11	31	76	153	54	120	2	7831		
	'39	9	3	27	659	2	1778	96	307	29	65	1031	64	38	11	45	131	10	16	74	87	41	48	1	6700		
	'38	3	5	32	491	2	1217	46	2	206	23	38	529	33	18	7	7	63	4	72	97	27	73	5	5356		
	'37	17	3	22	558	1	1623	50	1	161	23	87	550	31	20	4	11	117	9	4	23	82	18	46	2	3728	
	'36	21	2	21	447	1	1084	38	1	141	29	79	317	27	13	6	5	70	13	6	9	13	2	14	1	1646	
	'35	7	1	7	185	2	697	4	2	9	4	3	121	14	2	1	11	9	3	6	6	18	2	21	1	1510	
	'34	6	1	5	158	1	483	4	1	18	2	3	92	10	3	1	8	3	9	6	6	1	21	1	1105		
	'33	2	1	3	136	1	483	4	1	18	2	3	92	10	3	1	8	3	9	6	6	1	21	1	1105		
	'32	29	7	18	1538	8	6447	29	6	130	30	113	758	112	4	6	39	64	16	20	39	200	18	99	4	14415	
	'31	1	1	1	92	1	36	1	1	4	1	4	13	1	1	1	10	10	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	610	
	Unid.*	187	38	354	6907	80	20397	1499	21	2460	445	785	7801	574	691	76	511	1356	94	205	840	983	493	717	44	73115	
	Total	187	38	354	6907	80	20397	1499	21	2460	445	785	7801	574	691	76	511	1356	94	205	840	983	493	717	44	73115	
Packard	Mo. '46	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	59	
	'45	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	14	
	'44	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	
	'43	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	264	
	'42	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	708	
	'41	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	680	
	'40	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	531	
	'39	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	444	
	'38	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	815	
	'37	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	543	
	'36	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	307	
	'35	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	160	
	'34	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	112	
	'33	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3046	
	'32	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	112	
	'31	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7813	
	Unid.*	62	4	22	538	5	1203	97	28	103	113	95	520	82	81	39	83	173	37	38	152	178	90	176	7	1106	
	Total	62	4	22	538	5	1203	97	28	103	113	95	520	82	81	39	83	173	37	38	152	178	90	176	7	1106	
Plymouth	Mo. '46	3	1	41	1	90	8	4	8	18	1	13	1	1	1	1	7	10	18	1	9	3	1	2	1	57	
	'45	3	1	41	1	90	8	4	8	18	1	13	1	1	1	1	7	10	18	1	9	3	1	2	1	57	
	'44	3	1	41	1	90	8	4	8	18	1	13	1	1	1	1	7	10	18	1	9	3	1	2	1	70	
	'43	3	1	41	1	90	8	4	8	18	1	13	1	1	1	1	7	10	18	1	9	3	1	2	1	52	
	'42	6	2	117	1	270	23	6	21	54	2	267	11	2	1	98	20	39	2	45	13	7	14	1	1	1845	
	'41	106	30	59	727	66	1600	294	100	524	246	113	1039	81	148	43	195	583	67	42	226	204	211	296	20	10477	
	'40	85	35	65	536	59	1155	192	84	526	250	141	614	90	113	54	119	570	67	42	226	204	211	296	20	9153	
	'39	91	17	54	448	51	898	174	68	403	191	112	1010	64	86	54	136	489	31	21	127	113	194	223	42	6723	
	'38	83	13																								



## BY

**As of July 1, 1946**

Model	Ala.	Ariz.	Ark.	Calif.	Colo.	Conn.	Del.	D. C.	Fla.	Ga.	Idaho	Ill.	Ind.	Iowa	Kan.	Ky.	La.	Me.	Md.	Mass.	Mich.	Minn.	Miss.	Mo.	Mont.	Model
6 Mo. '46	1			1				1	1				1	1				2	2		1					6 Mo. '46
'45																										'45
'44																										'44
'43																										'43
'42					1							2	2	1	3	2	6		1		1					'42
'41			1		2						1	5	1	1	2	3		4	1	1	1	2		1	1	'41
'40	1										2	7	5	6		1		2		2	1	1				'40
'39	1										2	7	9	6		2	6		2	1	2					'39
'38				1							1	2	1	1	1	5	1		13	22	1	1	3			'38
'37				1							1	2	4	41	1	3	20	1	3	15	35	5	10		1	'37
'36		1			3			1	1	1	3	4	52	1	1	9	1	1	14	33	5	9				'36
'35											2	4	17		1	2	2	2	4	32	1	1				'35
'34											1	15	1	15		7	1	1	3	10						'34
'33											1	3	20		1	2	1	1	3							'33
Before '33		2		41	1	85	1		1	1	1	4	25	61	5	16	15	2	1	26	39	2	1		1	Before '33
Unid.*	1							1					1													Unid.*
Total	5	3	6	197	4	182	2	4	5	2	13	71	223	12	27	77	5	17	83	180	28	27	1	21	4	Total
6 Mo. '46	157	8	39	585	46	90	15	19	141	131	94	461	222	200	147	78	123	69	62	174	283	159	87	133	6 Mo. '46	
'45	15	15	18	170	21	31	6	4	23	80	38	206	126	79	39	46	32	20	23	59	47	95	17	60	'45	
'44	12	3	2	23	9	1	1	1	2	7	227	11	10	22	1	42	3	6	15	5	7	3	9	22	'44	
'43	9	1	7	14					10	4	2	12	22	3	1	10	24	10	3	11	4				'43	
'42	62	16	10	239	54	7	9	1	104	50	27	97	125	93	93	40	51	11	38	17	60	92	31	48	'42	
'41	66	30	54	476	67	87	7	20	92	85	86	271	350	100	128	93	61	41	35	98	180	100	41	180	'41	
'40	24	2	16	94	17	13	2	4	19	16	15	109	157	22	25	21	26	11	9	45	46	31	14	10	'40	
'39	7	14	7	304	36	25	5	1	32	19	37	73	115	48	19	26	17	16	18	85	44	36	8	17	'39	
'38	4	9	8	292	28	22	5	5	1	16	16	30	90	103	47	19	24	9	16	18	31	37	51	3	'38	
'37	14	26	29	654	80	50	9	4	27	38	102	169	222	100	111	75	22	56	39	65	95	121	18	72	'37	
'36	9	14	8	236	29	27	4	4	13	19	20	185	137	42	32	24	9	24	20	50	34	67	3	55	'36	
'35	4	10	9	152	15	15	1	1	8	11	9	48	54	24	17	31	8	12	6	21	14	56	2	20	'35	
'34	4	4	19	124	16	16	1	1	12	12	5	22	56	9	9	15	7	16	4	27	14	34	4	9	'34	
'33	5	5	7	118	10	21	1		7	7	7	1	29	41	8	5	40	3	11	2	18	3	23	2	14	'33
Before '33	19	40	58	872	150	204	6	1	23	46	49	111	244	80	149	73	19	83	32	80	53	233	15	120	70	Before '33
Unid.*	2		2	3	1	1		6	7	7	3	23	2	3	9	4	12	3	1	2	146	1	2	9	1	Unid.*
Total	414	197	353	4358	579	610	72	68	538	548	745	1917	1986	880	804	642	426	399	318	798	1061	1106	250	709	634	Total
6 Mo. '46	74	10	19	220	24	86	5	22	71	106	5	217	104	33	54	37	41	11	65	136	51	55	34	73	6 Mo. '46	
'45	54	12	34	432	52	97	8	23	124	126	5	393	367	87	84	79	64	19	121	307	104	111	25	229	'45	
'44	31	12	10	221	32	31	5	10	33	75	2	201	161	46	40	36	36	15	73	228	51	58	11	97	'44	
'43	4			168	8	7	4	4	6	76	6	76	59	10	24	30	18	6	23	32	24	12	1	42	'43	
'42	79	14	38	288	75	26	6	10	130	161	7	187	100	50	46	56	91	22	82	128	23	45	69	159	'42	
'41	106	29	36	692	58	196	10	74	153	215	27	547	455	23	62	134	85	26	179	534	157	149	56	261	'41	
'40	49	16	30	494	31	129	7	47	75	94	5	326	183	18	19	89	41	6	95	286	68	82	19	157	'40	
'39	20	19	8	205	48	104	8	18	44	47	7	291	117	8	20	66	31	7	128	250	46	68	16	115	'39	
'38	10	5	10	257	20	96	7	25	27	47	6	197	66	10	22	44	48	5	99	192	17	62	9	89	'38	
'37	44	14	7	363	50	118	10	43	50	75	14	307	107	5	27	59	36	17	139	232	64	74	17	126	'37	
'36	33	5		319	33	109	9	33	52	66	8	367	69	10	19	77	22	14	122	235	63	93	7	123	'36	
'35	15	7	3	203	18	46	3	23	23	24	3	142	32	5	9	40	22	6	63	135	15	55	11	53	'35	
'34	12	5	2	178	16	37	4	34	21	28	2	167	34	6	11	34	14	4	61	103	31	60	2	73	'34	
'33	3		1	44	4	7	2	5	2	6	2	70	12	2	2	6	6	1	25	23	3	8	1	24	'33	
Before '33	28	33	16	1125	166	112	11	22	110	125	19	472	69	21	47	53	65	22	174	394	92	298	14	181	Before '33	
Unid.*	2		2	1	1		5	11	13	1	31	2	1	3	4	81	7	7	351	1	8	12			Unid.*	
Total	564	181	217	5230	636	1201	96	398	930	1234	119	3991	1936	335	489	844	701	181	1455	3222	1160	1231	300	1816	20	Total
6 Mo. '46	222	45	106	2056	64	250	13	83	319	237	47	281	266	268	216	209	229	72	72	209	933	191	208	283	6 Mo. '46	
'45	26	17	12	238	3	66	2	12	57	39	7	31	110	52	52	133	27	16	11	78	66	21	28	20	'45	
'44	2	3	2	48		6	1	3	1	7		1	1	3	1	3	2	1	3	5	1	1	2		'44	
'43	22		3	66	7	5		1	7	16	2			2	7	45	3		1	4		2	3		'43	
'42	96	7	16	276	6	12	3	2	28	119	8	11	13	21	11	47	26	7	14	10	18	7	17	6	'42	
'41	71	22	28	364	14	9	4	9	123	45	9	59	26	19	19	54	23	11	20	25	53	11	27	35	'41	
'40	50	11	40	311	36	19	3	5	142	41	14	98	81	49	33	32	51	31	16	22	75	31	26	53	'40	
'39	16	18	10	176	11	22	2	3	72	10	1	27	35	9	20	18	8	40	10	17	24	15	13	28	'39	
'38	26	9	16	244	16	22	1	2	81	30	6	56	67	27	57	17	37	11	9	32	43	33	12	89	'38	
'37	18	13	5	403	14	7	1	1	75	25	5	17	50	9	6	10	19	3	3	1	20	10	6	16	'37	
'36	19	23	8	499	20	17		1	112	29	23	10	63	15	6	9	13	4	2	11	30	8	6	17	'36	
'35	6	12	6	479	6	10		1	52	7	7	9	33	4	6	10	11		1	12	4	3	10		'35	
'34	4	2	5	24					9	8		1	2	5	2	1	2			4		1	1		'34	
'33	1			28	5	6			14	3		2	4	2	1	2		1	2		2	2	2	1	'33	
Before '33	7	13	30	175	70	61	3		50	24	16	83	116	64	127	29	7	32	16	15	23	125	5	106	Before '33	
Unid.*	4		3	1	1	1	7	10	7	7	1	7	2	2	8	15	2	15	1	191	3	9	8		Unid.*	
Total	569	196	290	5388	273	513	33	110	1152	146	693	869	550	564	621	473	230	181	434	1493	462	366	658	180	70	Total
6 Mo. '46				1		1						1						1	2	1	5	4			6 Mo. '46	
'45				90		14						6						30	6	1	18	7			'45	
'44				99		3												51	3	1	18	5			'44	
'43				2								12														

Source of data—R. L. Polk &amp; Co.

Unid.\*—Unidentified as to year of manufacture.



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Unid.\*—Unidentified as to year of manufacture.

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# Cars, Trucks and Tractors on Farms—by States

1945 Compared with 1940

State	Passenger Cars		Per Cent Change	Trucks		Per Cent Increase	Tractors		Per Cent Increase	Total Automotive Equipment	
	1945	1940		1945	1940		1945	1940		1945	1940
Alabama	58,449	48,473	20.5	23,949	15,257	57.0	17,060	7,638	123.3	99,458	71,368
Arizona	12,356	10,401	18.8	6,859	4,284	60.1	6,372	4,129	54.3	25,587	18,814
Arkansas	53,925	48,571	11.0	33,134	19,674	68.4	26,537	12,564	111.2	113,596	80,809
California	180,252	150,534	6.4	85,696	58,015	47.7	79,839	55,191	44.6	325,787	283,740
Colorado	44,529	50,426	-11.7	28,794	16,860	70.9	32,766	21,423	52.9	106,089	88,699
Connecticut	25,188	18,821	33.8	15,651	11,001	42.3	9,740	5,349	82.1	50,579	35,171
Delaware	9,537	8,164	16.8	3,800	2,567	48.0	4,604	2,661	73.0	17,941	13,392
Dist. of Columbia	22	39	-43.6	35	39	-10.3	21	25	-16.0	78	103
Florida	31,721	27,383	15.8	21,639	14,360	50.7	12,812	7,703	66.3	66,172	49,456
Georgia	90,100	77,049	16.9	34,688	21,693	59.9	24,648	9,327	164.3	149,436	108,089
Idaho	35,802	38,184	-6.2	19,086	12,002	59.1	20,299	11,103	82.8	75,197	61,289
Illinois	200,964	210,555	-4.6	56,629	42,515	33.2	174,270	126,069	38.2	431,863	379,139
Indiana	165,796	172,961	-4.2	35,411	29,732	29.2	105,263	73,221	43.8	309,470	275,934
Iowa	224,216	236,601	-5.2	37,386	26,352	41.9	181,049	126,516	40.9	442,651	391,469
Kansas	133,593	150,403	-11.2	60,908	42,617	42.9	110,651	95,139	16.3	305,152	288,159
Kentucky	102,997	98,699	10.4	27,194	19,100	42.4	24,409	11,927	104.6	154,600	129,726
Louisiana	40,651	34,891	16.5	20,974	17,005	23.3	17,630	9,476	86.0	79,255	61,372
Maine	30,095	25,540	17.8	17,849	13,118	36.1	14,794	8,093	82.8	62,738	46,751
Maryland	41,485	38,848	6.8	19,197	13,058	47.0	18,789	10,335	81.8	79,471	62,241
Massachusetts	32,901	23,734	38.6	18,751	12,465	50.4	14,026	7,335	91.2	65,678	43,534
Michigan	172,655	181,209	-4.7	41,303	33,095	24.8	110,120	66,524	65.5	324,078	280,826
Minnesota	191,691	208,693	-8.2	47,413	38,617	22.8	152,555	105,075	45.2	391,859	352,385
Mississippi	56,906	55,702	2.2	28,267	18,565	52.3	21,077	10,577	99.2	106,250	84,844
Missouri	165,243	176,285	-6.3	47,225	31,771	48.6	76,110	45,155	68.5	288,578	253,211
Montana	31,569	35,699	-11.6	29,388	21,037	39.7	31,725	22,587	40.4	92,682	79,323
Nebraska	118,572	126,269	-6.1	33,761	24,090	40.1	96,203	70,761	35.9	248,536	221,120
Nevada	3,044	3,158	-3.6	2,603	1,683	54.7	1,827	681	168.3	7,474	5,522
New Hampshire	14,987	12,901	16.2	9,191	6,489	42.1	6,094	3,129	94.7	30,272	22,499
New Jersey	27,875	24,223	15.1	23,220	17,106	35.7	19,809	12,920	53.3	70,904	54,249
New Mexico	15,351	15,731	-2.4	11,902	7,117	67.2	10,735	5,837	83.9	37,988	28,685
New York	144,948	139,718	3.7	69,141	55,285	25.1	93,292	58,906	58.3	307,381	253,909
North Carolina	152,109	127,476	19.3	32,924	20,621	59.7	31,189	12,756	144.5	216,222	160,853
North Dakota	73,235	71,907	1.8	32,674	21,518	51.8	73,984	49,361	49.9	179,893	142,786
Ohio	221,587	231,368	-4.2	42,808	35,169	21.7	130,486	89,999	45.0	394,881	356,536
Oklahoma	100,584	112,369	-10.5	44,381	28,402	56.3	70,395	45,369	55.1	215,360	188,140
Oregon	59,362	58,797	1.0	26,118	16,825	67.1	28,646	17,077	67.7	116,126	92,699
Pennsylvania	165,166	157,988	4.5	56,271	44,323	27.0	92,638	54,842	68.9	314,075	257,153
Rhode Island	3,965	2,863	37.5	3,142	1,962	59.5	1,962	1,008	94.6	9,069	5,873
South Carolina	77,622	63,653	21.9	15,348	8,242	86.2	12,447	4,791	159.8	105,417	76,686
South Dakota	68,717	72,675	-5.5	22,230	14,269	55.8	62,772	44,154	42.2	153,719	131,098
Tennessee	91,392	85,233	7.2	26,326	18,908	39.2	24,052	11,817	103.5	141,770	115,958
Texas	259,599	277,664	-6.5	89,286	56,707	57.4	162,381	98,923	64.1	511,266	433,294
Utah	20,303	16,759	21.1	10,969	6,238	75.8	6,876	3,041	126.1	38,148	26,038
Vermont	19,683	17,979	10.0	9,567	6,172	55.0	7,327	3,566	105.5	36,557	27,717
Virginia	94,413	86,785	8.8	31,956	23,272	37.3	23,418	11,951	95.9	149,787	122,008
Washington	74,205	70,490	5.3	40,034	28,228	41.8	32,050	18,019	77.9	146,289	116,737
West Virginia	40,477	38,051	6.4	16,285	12,445	30.8	6,863	3,656	87.7	63,625	54,152
Wisconsin	181,107	188,312	-3.8	61,010	50,883	19.9	123,280	18,019	51.8	365,397	320,390
Wyoming	11,445	13,882	-17.4	8,917	6,341	40.8	9,855	6,534	50.8	30,217	26,727
Total	4,152,371	4,144,136	0.2	1,486,300	1,047,084	41.9	2,415,747	1,567,435	54.1	8,054,418	6,758,655

Data from Census of Agriculture, Bureau of the Census. —Indicates percentage decrease.



# Automotive Wholesalers, Dealers and Repair Shops—by Years\*

(As of January of Each Year)

	Wholesalers	Passenger Car Dealers	Total Truck Dealers	Car and Truck Dealers†	Independent Repair Shops	All Retail Outlets‡
1928	3,796		23,869		37,615	105,338
1929	3,912	50,984	24,068		43,863	111,329
1930	4,028	51,560	25,436		47,882	117,493
1931	4,668	47,144	26,137	48,658	53,898	118,713
1932	5,051	42,881	25,952	43,708	58,045	108,147
1933	5,337	38,003	23,746	39,370	59,547	103,113
1934	5,430	34,069		35,265	65,064	102,456
1935	5,757	35,977		37,238	64,518	105,991
1936	5,905	39,769	23,045	41,201	60,574	105,579
1937	5,874	41,288	24,853	43,461	56,423	102,808
1938	5,934	43,747	27,248	46,224	51,709	101,053
1939	6,019	39,936	26,909	41,992	50,406	95,418
1940	6,176	39,258	24,575	41,870	49,091	93,764
1941	6,575	39,833	24,992	41,790	49,208	95,296
1942	6,631	38,748	32,291	40,537	47,552	93,022
1943	6,130	32,470	27,820	34,270	43,540	80,863
1944	6,101	31,200		33,000	42,166	78,550
1945	6,217	30,110	26,370	31,930	41,193	78,498
1946	6,612	30,709	27,159	32,439	42,702	81,638
1947	7,328	34,424	29,397	36,354	49,485	91,229

\*—Trade List Department—Chilton Company. †—All Duplications Eliminated.

‡—Includes Car and Truck Dealers, Independent Repair Shops, Super Service Stations and Wrecking and Body Establishments, duplications eliminated.

## Automotive Wholesalers, Dealers, Repair Shops, by States†

(As of January, 1947)

(With Number of Motor Vehicles per Outlet)

STATE	Total Motor Vehicle Registration	WHOLESALEERS		DEALERS				REPAIR SHOPS		RETAIL OUTLETS*	
		Number of Wholesalers	Motor Vehicles per Wholesaler	Passenger Car Dealers	Truck Dealers	Car and Truck Dealers*	Motor Vehicles per Car and Truck Dealer	Independent Repair Shops	Motor Vehicles per Repair Shop	All Retail Outlets**	Motor Vehicles per Outlet
Alabama	384,229	117	3,284	420	389	455	844	389	1,041	886	413
Arizona	159,729	54	2,957	146	145	161	992	198	806	393	406
Arkansas	318,043	97	3,278	414	358	430	739	362	878	616	389
California	2,918,184	594	4,912	1,747	1,448	1,911	1,585	4,850	601	7,538	387
Colorado	392,165	98	4,085	462	374	415	792	678	578	1,177	333
Connecticut	506,122	105	4,820	485	397	516	980	642	788	1,309	386
Delaware	70,986	16	4,436	62	54	65	1,092	113	628	200	354
District of Columbia	127,765	23	5,555	67	49	70	1,825	127	1,006	227	562
Florida	607,809	133	4,589	447	379	472	1,287	492	1,235	1,053	577
Georgia	581,322	132	4,403	580	494	594	995	336	1,730	979	593
Idaho	163,995	61	2,688	327	295	341	480	325	504	708	231
Illinois	1,942,000	419	4,634	2,044	1,688	2,143	906	2,843	683	5,282	367
Indiana	1,080,695	205	5,271	967	802	1,014	1,065	1,145	843	2,154	501
Iowa	737,955	194	3,803	1,100	1,030	1,182	624	1,085	680	2,440	302
Kansas	650,525	142	4,581	743	664	771	843	676	982	1,397	468
Kentucky	464,000	115	4,034	581	509	610	760	446	1,040	1,057	438
Louisiana	484,764	86	5,055	344	302	391	1,204	323	1,346	727	598
Maine	226,048	45	5,023	326	282	344	657	543	416	884	255
Maryland	500,366	79	6,333	396	335	410	1,220	414	1,208	893	593
Massachusetts	972,281	209	4,652	961	770	1,009	972	1,176	827	2,435	399
Michigan	1,598,628	300	5,325	1,563	1,312	1,613	991	2,054	560	4,781	334
Minnesota	807,932	143	5,649	1,344	1,212	1,403	576	1,415	570	3,059	284
Mississippi	275,500	53	3,319	444	415	473	582	1,219	708	706	390
Missouri	965,165	226	4,270	944	840	1,002	963	1,294	745	2,470	390
Montana	175,049	53	3,302	334	296	364	480	253	691	658	286
Nebraska	438,807	107	4,101	539	491	572	767	584	751	1,241	353
Nevada	49,495	14	3,535	74	69	80	618	121	409	234	211
New Hampshire	137,695	27	5,099	205	167	211	652	255	539	478	288
New Jersey	1,094,744	198	5,585	896	704	953	1,148	1,807	605	2,903	377
New Mexico	134,382	52	2,584	163	150	175	767	165	814	364	369
New York	2,628,113	503	5,220	2,361	1,893	2,521	1,041	4,983	529	7,937	330
North Carolina	680,322	169	6,025	748	644	775	877	733	928	1,621	419
North Dakota	193,089	41	4,709	411	385	428	453	416	464	905	213
Ohio	1,997,400	414	4,824	1,771	1,448	1,888	1,070	2,364	844	4,532	440
Oklahoma	560,803	158	3,549	647	576	697	804	1,130	496	1,846	303
Oregon	460,659	112	4,113	440	391	464	992	1,111	414	1,731	266
Pennsylvania	2,208,721	486	4,544	2,612	2,084	2,754	802	4,301	513	7,546	292
Rhode Island	191,495	32	5,984	128	99	134	1,429	266	719	441	434
South Carolina	368,129	71	5,156	386	329	402	910	337	1,086	710	515
South Dakota	192,867	37	5,212	303	269	318	606	279	691	612	315
Tennessee	515,470	121	4,280	422	388	447	1,153	394	1,342	880	585
Texas	1,807,200	436	4,144	1,610	1,409	1,750	1,032	2,598	695	4,430	407
Utah	171,006	61	2,803	166	152	181	944	279	612	504	339
Vermont	102,211	20	5,110	162	145	172	594	222	460	414	246
Virginia	597,779	107	5,586	630	547	662	961	679	880	1,391	429
Washington	644,686	156	4,132	648	548	699	935	1,659	388	2,449	263
West Virginia	298,593	79	3,779	415	390	446	669	362	824	671	342
Wisconsin	907,849	171	5,309	1,306	1,162	1,371	662	1,178	770	2,709	335
Wyoming	91,656	31	2,956	160	150	168	545	115	797	303	302
Total	33,530,430	7,328	4,575	34,424	29,397	36,354	992	49,485	677	91,229	367

†—Trade List Department—Chilton Company.

\*—All Retail Outlets include Passenger Car and Truck Dealers, Independent Repair Shops, Super Service Stations and Wrecking and Body Establishments.



## 12-Year Record of New Car Sales by Makes

(New Passenger Car Registrations by Makes—by Years\*)

Make of Car	1946	3 Mos. 1947†	1941	1940	1939	1938	1937	1936	1935	1934	1933	1932
Chrysler.....	65,532	3,700	143,025	100,117	63,956	48,184	91,622	58,688	40,536	28,052	28,677	26,016
De Soto.....	54,420	2,585	91,004	71,943	51,951	35,259	74,424	45,088	26,952	11,447	21,260	25,311
Dodge.....	135,488	6,597	215,563	197,252	176,585	104,881	255,258	248,518	178,770	80,139	86,062	28,111
Plymouth.....	211,800	13,740	452,187	440,093	348,807	286,241	462,288	499,580	382,985	302,557	249,667	111,928
<b>Total—Chrysler Corporation.....</b>	<b>467,240</b>	<b>26,622</b>	<b>901,779</b>	<b>809,405</b>	<b>641,299</b>	<b>472,565</b>	<b>883,572</b>	<b>851,864</b>	<b>629,243</b>	<b>432,195</b>	<b>385,666</b>	<b>191,364</b>
Ford.....	326,822	17,666	602,013	542,755	481,496	363,688	765,933	748,554	826,519	530,528	311,113	258,827
Lincoln.....	10,798	937	18,769	21,004	19,940	16,991	25,243	15,567	2,370	2,061	2,112	3,179
Mercury.....	61,187	2,579	81,874	80,418	65,884	6,835						
<b>Total—Ford Motor Co.....</b>	<b>398,807</b>	<b>21,182</b>	<b>702,656</b>	<b>644,177</b>	<b>567,320</b>	<b>387,514</b>	<b>791,176</b>	<b>764,121</b>	<b>828,889</b>	<b>532,599</b>	<b>313,225</b>	<b>262,106</b>
Buick.....	126,322	9,641	308,615	295,513	218,995	166,380	205,297	180,687	87,635	63,067	43,809	49,708
Cadillac.....	23,666	2,196	80,242	21,965	13,090	10,639	11,231	11,766	6,692	4,899	3,903	8,289
Chevrolet.....	329,501	25,201	880,346	853,529	598,341	464,337	768,040	930,250	656,698	534,906	474,493	322,860
La Salle.....	93,094	6,557	230,367	201,256	16,599	22,197	15,732	28,099	13,992	11,775	3,709	3,846
Oldsmobile.....	113,109	8,020	286,123	235,615	159,636	98,399	212,403	171,669	140,122	72,645	85,348	47,926
<b>Total—General Motors Corp.....</b>	<b>685,792</b>	<b>51,615</b>	<b>1,765,693</b>	<b>1,624,677</b>	<b>1,158,671</b>	<b>847,885</b>	<b>1,414,186</b>	<b>1,466,852</b>	<b>1,052,297</b>	<b>752,375</b>	<b>646,557</b>	<b>454,739</b>
Auburn.....							146	1,848	5,163	5,536	5,039	11,646
Bantam (Austin).....			138	800	1,227	700				1,057	3,675	
Continental.....										953	3,310	
Cord.....							1,149	1,174				335
Crosley.....	2,868											1,358
De Vaux.....												1,135
Durant.....												1,829
Franklin.....										380	1,329	
Frazer.....	1,873											
Graham.....			544	1,856	3,660	4,139	13,994	16,439	15,985	12,887	10,128	12,856
Hudson.....	72,484	2,963	73,261	79,979	62,855	40,889	90,043	20,825	21,587	19,307	2,946	8,641
Hupmobile.....			103	211	907	1,020	403	1,556	7,450	6,586	6,726	10,794
Kaiser.....	3,501											
La Fayette.....									17,445	9,301		
Marmion.....											86	1,365
Nash.....	85,169	2,876	77,824	82,853	54,050	31,814	70,571	43,070	17,739	14,315	11,353	20,233
Packard.....	36,435	2,602	69,653	73,794	62,005	49,163	95,455	68,772	37,653	6,552	9,081	11,058
Pierce-Arrow.....						17	167	787	875	1,740	2,152	2,892
Reo.....								3,146	3,894	3,854	3,623	3,870
Rockne.....											14,554	16,966
Studebaker.....	58,051	4,662	114,331	102,281	84,680	41,504	70,048	67,835	39,573	41,560	21,688	25,002
Terraplane (Essex).....								78,471	53,878	40,510	35,831	28,778
Willys and Whippet.....	2,329	646	22,102	21,418	14,734	13,012	51,411	12,423	10,439	6,576	15,314	22,483
Willys-Knight.....											353	3,415
Miscellaneous.....	647	107	3,082	4,454	1,789	799	1,441	5,294	1,858	324	1,159	3,732
<b>Total—All Other Makes.....</b>	<b>263,357</b>	<b>13,856</b>	<b>381,038</b>	<b>337,646</b>	<b>285,887</b>	<b>183,057</b>	<b>394,818</b>	<b>321,640</b>	<b>233,479</b>	<b>171,398</b>	<b>148,346</b>	<b>188,190</b>
<b>Total—All Makes.....</b>	<b>1,815,196</b>	<b>113,275</b>	<b>3,731,166</b>	<b>3,415,905</b>	<b>2,653,377</b>	<b>1,891,021</b>	<b>3,483,752</b>	<b>3,404,497</b>	<b>2,743,908</b>	<b>1,888,557</b>	<b>1,493,794</b>	<b>1,096,399</b>

\*—R. L. Polk & Co. data.

†—Included with Hudson.

‡—Complete except for Connecticut for month of March.

## 12-Year Record of New Truck Sales, by Makes

(New Truck Registrations by Makes, by Years\*)

	1946	1942	1941††	1940	1939	1938	1937	1936	1935	1934	1933	1932
Autocar.....	4,755	319	2,510	1,955	2,044	1,617	2,181	1,451	1,001	1,139	1,127	1,015
Brockway.....	3,683	171	2,294	1,672	1,815	1,303	1,593	1,695	1,245	1,213	875	782
Chevrolet.....	171,618	11,250	212,797	194,038	169,457	119,479	183,674	204,344	167,129	157,507	99,880	60,794
Diamond T.....	5,093	530	6,077	6,358	5,412	4,393	8,118	6,750	6,454	5,440	4,139	2,250
Divee.....	3,734	180	2,306	1,682	1,481	1,229	1,125	964	398	254	200	
Dodge.....	96,490	4,736	62,925	54,615	48,049	33,656	64,098	85,295	61,488	48,252	28,034	8,744
Federal.....	4,657	175	1,611	1,617	1,837	1,370	2,339	2,930	2,190	1,962	1,360	1,167
Ford.....	131,469	11,050	174,024	162,333	128,889	100,959	169,376	177,244	185,848	128,250	62,397	66,937
F. W. D.....	585	75	280	252	182	274	435	369	212	156	71	
G. M. C.....	25,645	3,429	45,703	42,486	34,908	20,152	43,522	26,980	11,442	10,449	6,602	6,359
Hudson.....	2,543	33	736	761	409	719	4,823	1,905	638			
Indiana.....					178	435	1,371	1,705	862	729	1,252	957
International.....	78,382	7,316	92,482	77,891	66,048	55,836	76,174	71,958	53,471	31,555	26,658	15,752
Mack.....	4,687	767	9,468	7,754	6,670	4,406	5,513	4,226	1,515	1,830	1,652	1,425
Plymouth.....	26	137	7,732	9,573	8,294	6,652	13,709	2,420	660			
Reo.....	10,489	156	1,543	625	853	1,929	4,254	4,227	5,101	5,035	3,042	3,187
Stirling.....	510	37	400	341	326	267	311	277	174	134	108	227
Stewart.....					70	390	1,148	1,280	880	738	684	867
Studebaker.....	25,360	394	5,075	1,207	2,110	2,000	5,129	3,279	2,100	1,697	1,872	2,430
White.....	10,117	933	9,271	7,344	4,558	3,514	5,933	5,757	3,304	3,963	1,334	2,138
Willys.....	42,135	98	2,031	2,291	1,634	1,889	1,122	2,441	2,280	25	233	1,862
All Others.....	3,359	158	1,429	1,552	1,524	1,880	2,301	2,147	2,291	3,560	4,299	4,290
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>625,249</b>	<b>41,944†</b>	<b>640,697</b>	<b>576,327</b>	<b>486,748</b>	<b>365,349</b>	<b>618,249</b>	<b>611,644</b>	<b>510,683</b>	<b>403,886</b>	<b>245,969</b>	<b>180,413</b>

\* Data from R. L. Polk & Co.

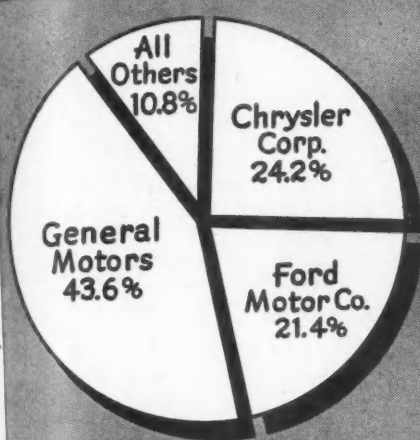
†† Does not include Federal Government registrations which are included in previous years.

‡—Three months only does not include Connecticut for month of March.

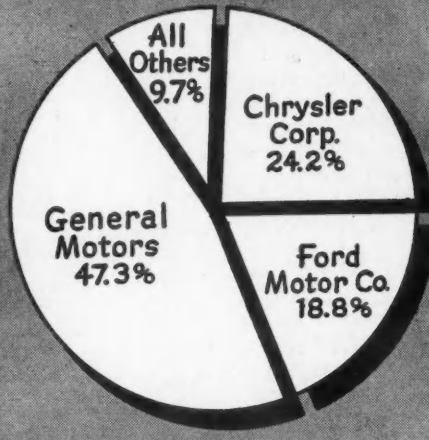


# CARS AND TRUCKS

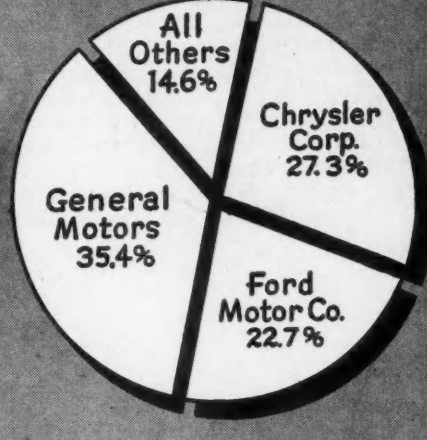
## NEW CAR REGISTRATIONS BY MANUFACTURING GROUPS



1939



1941



1946

## Passenger Car Sales by States—1936-1946\*

### New Car Registrations and Deliveries Under Rationing

	1946	1945†	1944†	1943†	1942†	1941	1940	1939	1938	1937	1936
Alabama.....	21,850	131	986	3,596	3,816	42,453	36,326	30,657	19,427	34,936	35,198
Arizona.....	5,711	15	211	1,011	1,039	11,803	10,943	8,191	6,738	12,562	12,758
Arkansas.....	10,817	87	567	2,497	3,149	23,873	21,916	19,859	12,244	19,793	19,612
California.....	136,419	651	7,150	22,426	16,772	276,849	250,894	187,720	148,011	248,075	286,255
Colorado.....	13,346	65	414	1,705	2,132	28,054	27,668	24,630	17,699	32,505	35,721
Connecticut.....	27,797	110	957	2,352	3,737	64,606	56,821	38,859	26,283	51,265	51,342
Delaware.....	5,243	13	111	544	679	11,371	9,962	7,649	5,429	9,748	8,477
District of Columbia.....	14,048	92	555	1,171	1,842	30,198	29,170	25,637	17,944	28,259	32,767
Florida.....	26,680	164	1,456	3,867	4,250	57,598	55,146	42,482	26,102	43,445	38,965
Georgia.....	25,102	150	1,027	5,069	8,471	59,300	52,400	41,125	25,319	48,823	43,561
Idaho.....	6,106	33	185	797	1,340	13,842	13,120	9,890	6,883	14,139	14,436
Illinois.....	122,081	542	4,275	12,083	24,249	274,142	245,552	193,235	133,914	250,205	236,138
Indiana.....	55,679	133	1,308	5,219	11,314	122,224	113,479	84,494	56,339	123,971	116,280
Iowa.....	33,008	76	578	3,512	4,958	66,508	65,617	59,686	47,489	65,196	71,883
Kansas.....	23,635	101	1,018	3,439	4,471	49,776	46,598	34,687	27,301	55,315	54,094
Kentucky.....	23,291	85	775	2,479	3,462	42,011	38,956	30,806	22,906	41,391	40,109
Louisiana.....	19,747	242	1,599	3,938	3,866	43,504	37,673	32,590	24,842	34,084	37,471
Maine.....	8,473	87	806	1,192	2,079	20,043	19,316	14,204	11,038	20,048	17,890
Maryland.....	26,309	165	1,097	3,105	5,613	56,579	51,319	39,389	27,331	46,371	44,228
Massachusetts.....	63,188	295	2,701	5,678	4,642	125,603	110,599	92,480	63,682	115,603	117,281
Michigan.....	141,115	302	2,943	10,890	21,680	258,733	226,696	163,017	87,184	241,156	226,968
Minnesota.....	37,325	137	1,111	3,946	8,207	77,038	73,653	60,771	52,667	82,874	81,773
Mississippi.....	13,783	84	677	2,435	2,338	26,931	26,747	22,302	13,670	22,646	25,006
Missouri.....	49,606	223	1,384	4,825	10,921	102,684	96,901	76,705	55,543	89,965	87,687
Montana.....	7,015	30	230	894	1,808	17,142	16,697	13,523	10,154	18,062	20,746
Nebraska.....	16,798	73	576	2,238	3,160	32,452	28,935	25,715	22,319	33,640	37,895
Nevada.....	2,105	10	129	566	726	4,398	4,076	3,282	2,576	4,767	5,255
New Hampshire.....	5,099	35	239	535	690	13,270	13,377	10,328	7,062	12,961	12,258
New Jersey.....	63,784	312	2,254	5,284	6,140	134,584	127,347	96,049	70,764	122,103	111,737
New Mexico.....	4,685	36	292	870	743	10,244	10,039	8,315	6,393	10,761	10,881
New York.....	183,070	619	4,304	11,986	17,046	331,730	320,797	264,287	194,049	329,951	303,323
North Carolina.....	30,648	76	936	4,866	5,165	65,727	56,760	46,180	33,922	55,341	49,364
North Dakota.....	6,046	27	209	1,226	1,390	13,621	12,358	9,805	6,820	12,060	11,095
Ohio.....	124,689	300	3,491	11,889	22,984	256,034	233,439	167,526	105,439	250,192	244,965
Oklahoma.....	24,510	214	1,434	3,888	3,351	46,226	45,966	39,627	34,343	51,580	56,605
Oregon.....	17,520	83	550	2,505	3,306	41,558	34,358	25,574	18,769	35,915	40,460
Pennsylvania.....	137,695	429	3,934	10,394	21,685	289,285	274,035	196,201	140,332	293,909	273,281
Rhode Island.....	10,052	87	459	983	1,231	22,337	19,509	16,308	10,483	20,500	19,309
South Carolina.....	16,635	39	482	3,062	2,999	35,611	30,432	25,100	15,748	26,959	24,020
South Dakota.....	6,281	10	158	1,011	1,577	12,451	12,296	10,589	7,911	12,728	13,686
Tennessee.....	30,689	112	905	3,780	4,504	56,115	49,922	37,468	24,973	42,320	41,999
Texas.....	88,069	794	6,587	16,549	13,771	174,314	160,056	132,313	103,817	150,963	157,995
Utah.....	6,280	30	369	1,520	1,612	13,156	12,689	10,038	7,045	14,358	14,388
Vermont.....	4,167	19	138	371	697	10,204	8,792	6,686	4,687	8,799	8,413
Virginia.....	31,573	102	1,042	3,927	6,043	73,808	57,840	42,172	31,204	50,768	50,346
Washington.....	25,565	72	993	3,801	4,468	58,613	46,497	33,316	23,935	49,699	54,458
West Virginia.....	13,432	54	388	1,412	2,748	33,166	31,102	22,955	16,483	35,679	37,272
Wisconsin.....	44,608	154	1,257	3,930	6,751	91,109	83,340	61,873	48,672	87,241	86,569
Wyoming.....	3,834	16	182	542	957	8,700	7,775	7,174	5,136	8,968	9,683
Total.....	1,815,196	7,676	65,730†	205,805†	290,779†	3,731,166	3,415,905	2,653,377	1,691,021	3,483,782	3,404,497

\*—R. L. Polk new registrations 1935 through March 1942; April 1942 through June 1945. Deliveries under Rationing by O.P.A. R. L. Polk for 1946.

†—In addition there were 29,716 authorized to Federal Agencies during 1942, 3778 for 1943, 2187 for 1944 and 630 for 1945. These are not distributed by states.

March 15, 1947

Engineering Library

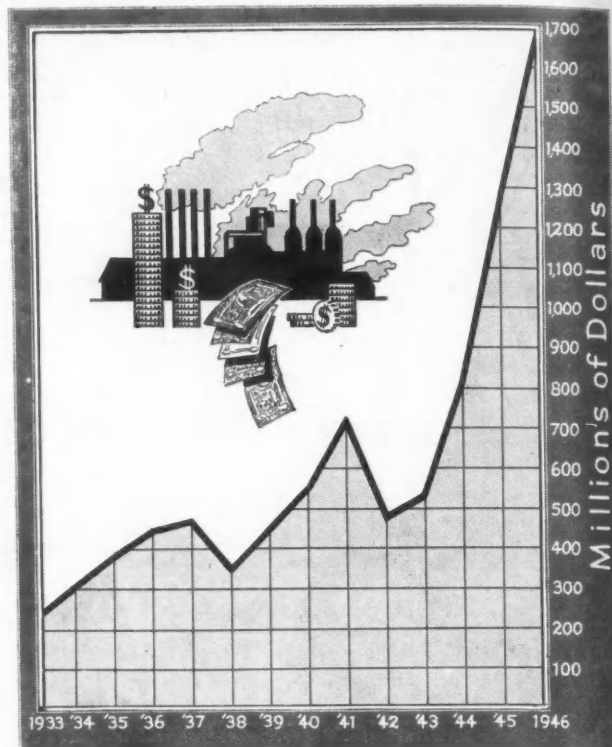


# Wholesale Value of Repair Parts and Accessories Production, 1933-1946

WITH motor vehicle registrations in 1941 at 34,152,407, the dollar volume of replacement parts and accessory sales for that year amounted to \$718,212,000, as shown in table above. In 1946 such sales reached an estimated total of \$1,690,000,000 with registrations at 33,530,430. This marked increase in parts and accessory sales is an indirect indication and largely a direct result of the increased age of cars in use. Ten years ago the average age of passenger cars in use was about 4.50 years. As of July, 1944, it was 6.75 years, and at the middle of 1946 it was 8.94 years.

Year	Wholesale Value
1933	\$234,461,000
1934	304,642,000
1935	378,323,000
1936	448,527,000
1937	464,619,000
1938	348,068,000
1939	454,673,000
1940	553,004,000
1941	718,212,000
1942	471,957,000
1943	527,710,000
1944	816,724,000
1945	1,284,926,000
1946	1,690,000,000*

\*Partly estimated. All estimates based on U.S. Excise Tax receipts.



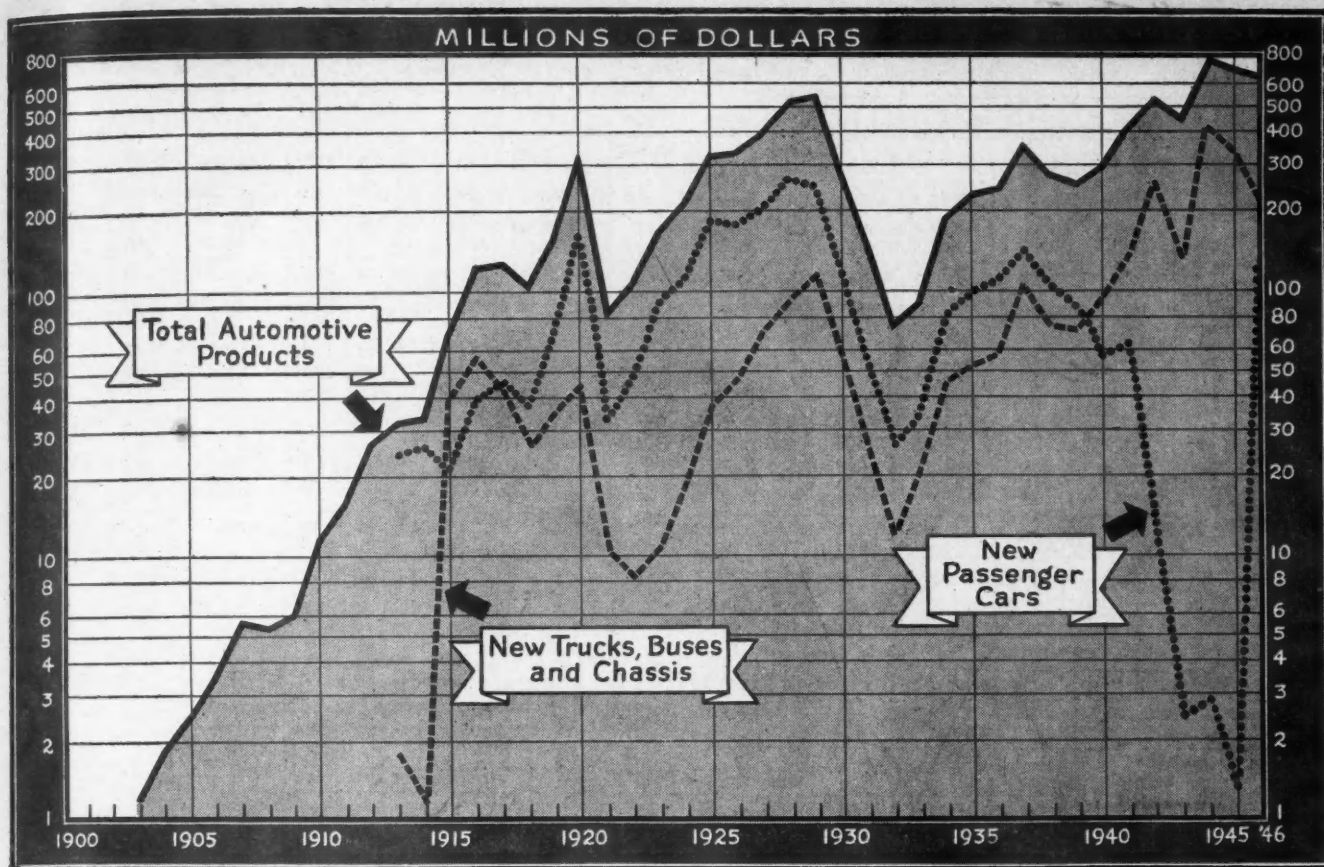
## 1946 Volume of Parts and Accessory Sales by States at Wholesale Prices—Estimated\*

State	Wholesale Value	State	Wholesale Value
Alabama	\$19,435,000	Nebraska	\$22,139,000
Arizona	8,112,000	Nevada	2,535,000
Arkansas	16,055,000	New Hampshire	6,929,000
California	147,199,000	New Jersey	55,094,000
Colorado	19,773,000	New Mexico	6,760,000
Connecticut	25,519,000	New York	132,496,000
Delaware	3,549,000	North Carolina	34,307,000
District of Columbia	6,422,000	North Dakota	9,802,000
Florida	30,589,000	Ohio	100,724,000
Georgia	29,237,000	Oklahoma	28,223,000
Idaho	8,281,000	Oregon	23,153,000
Illinois	97,851,000	Pennsylvania	111,371,000
Indiana	54,418,000	Rhode Island	9,633,000
Iowa	37,180,000	South Carolina	18,421,000
Kansas	32,786,000	South Dakota	9,802,000
Kentucky	23,322,000	Tennessee	26,026,000
Louisiana	21,970,000	Texas	91,091,000
Maine	11,323,000	Utah	8,619,000
Maryland	25,181,000	Vermont	5,070,000
Massachusetts	49,010,000	Virginia	30,082,000
Michigan	80,613,000	Washington	32,448,000
Minnesota	40,729,000	West Virginia	15,041,000
Mississippi	13,858,000	Wisconsin	45,799,000
Missouri	48,672,000	Wyoming	4,563,000
Montana	8,788,000		
		<b>Total</b>	<b>\$1,690,000,000</b>

\*—Estimated total U. S. dollar volume based on excise tax receipts. State volume of sales based on the percentage of total registrations of motor vehicles for each state applied to the U. S. dollar volume.



# 1946 AUTOMOTIVE EXPORTS VALUED AT \$642,000,000



## U. S. Exports of New Motor Vehicles, 1916-1946

In Units and Their Value and Including Lend-Lease

YEAR	PASSENGER CARS			TRUCKS, BUSES AND CHASSIS			TOTAL MOTOR VEHICLES		
	Number	Value	% of U. S. Production (Units)	Number	Value	% of U. S. Production (Units)	Number	Value	% of U. S. Production (Units)
1916.	56,234	\$40,660,263	3.7	21,265	\$56,805,548	23.0	77,499	\$97,465,811	4.8
1917.	64,808	48,612,632	3.7	15,977	42,343,502	12.5	80,785	90,956,134	4.3
1918.	36,936	36,278,292	3.9	10,308	26,814,952	4.5	47,244	63,093,244	4.0
1919.	67,145	73,700,527	4.1	15,585	35,425,437	6.9	82,730	109,125,964	4.4
1920.	142,508	165,255,921	7.5	29,136	46,775,781	9.1	171,644	212,031,702	7.7
1921.	30,950	32,533,725	2.1	7,840	10,335,893	5.3	38,790	42,869,618	2.4
1922.	66,791	51,049,816	2.9	11,443	8,270,708	4.2	78,234	59,320,524	3.0
1923.	127,035	90,692,272	3.5	24,859	15,317,136	6.1	151,894	106,009,408	3.7
1924.	151,380	112,534,729	4.7	27,352	19,199,344	6.6	178,732	131,734,073	4.9
1925.	244,306	184,885,830	6.5	58,625	37,703,402	11.0	302,931	222,589,232	7.1
1926.	238,540	176,432,157	6.3	66,880	47,176,107	21.1	305,420	223,608,264	7.1
1927.	278,748	207,966,456	9.5	105,447	70,123,600	22.7	384,195	278,090,056	11.2
1928.	375,428	269,393,369	9.8	140,191	93,008,070	25.8	515,619	362,399,439	11.8
1929.	346,630	239,334,000	7.5	197,872	112,607,985	25.6	544,502	351,941,985	10.1
1930.	159,464	110,355,978	5.7	85,666	56,861,119	14.9	245,130	167,217,097	7.3
1931.	86,437	52,851,585	4.3	49,415	26,210,975	11.8	135,852	79,062,560	5.6
1932.	44,282	25,502,047	3.8	25,532	12,142,681	10.8	69,814	37,644,728	5.1
1933.	67,355	33,945,464	4.2	44,103	20,691,338	12.7	111,458	54,636,802	5.8
1934.	148,387	80,604,563	6.8	93,766	45,125,359	16.3	242,153	125,729,922	8.7
1935.	179,470	99,342,411	5.5	100,668	51,995,938	14.4	280,138	151,338,349	7.0
1936.	186,542	107,483,285	5.1	108,167	56,765,713	13.7	294,709	164,248,998	6.6
1937.	237,719	140,638,203	6.0	169,076	102,889,939	18.9	406,795	243,528,142	8.4
1938.	167,693	104,628,982	8.4	117,943	74,451,986	24.1	285,636	179,080,968	11.4
1939.	143,909	87,171,300	5.0	116,913	71,422,015	16.4	260,822	158,593,315	7.2
1940.	88,806	57,253,737	2.6	103,459	87,867,077	13.7	192,265	145,120,814	4.5
1941.	81,746	60,702,648	2.4	147,132	148,149,880	13.9	228,878	208,852,528	5.0
1942.	13,951	13,199,744	†	156,154	257,969,741	19.1	170,105	271,169,485	...
1943.	2,092	2,424,583	†	74,857	145,776,607	10.7	76,949	148,201,190	...
1944.	1,622	2,769,694	†	177,036	404,476,232	24.0	178,658	407,245,926	...
1945.	1,206	1,447,376	1.7	142,338	348,271,144	21.7	143,544	349,718,520	19.8
1946.	116,644	122,227,208	5.4	168,187	225,857,672	17.9	284,831	348,084,880	9.2

†—Taken from stock piles.

†—From 1928 through 1941 exports include shipments to non-contiguous territories.

Note—Prior to 1931 figures include used vehicles, but the effect of these used vehicles on per cent of production is negligible.

Source—Machinery and Metals Division, Office of International Trade, Department of Commerce.



# 1946 U. S. Exports of New Trucks, Buses and Chassis\*

By Tonnage Rating and Continental Divisions

Tonnage Rating	Europe		North America		South America		Asia		Oceania		Africa		Total	
	No.	Value	No.	Value	No.	Value	No.	Value	No.	Value	No.	Value	No.	Value
1/4 Ton and under	1,861	\$1,960,628	6,077	\$5,945,737	3,632	\$3,693,625	2,371	\$2,572,090	97	\$62,849	2,002	\$2,093,567	16,060	\$16,328,406
Over 1/4 Ton and not over 1/2 Ton	2,078	1,623,121	1,953	1,827,765	2,508	1,906,489	700	645,142	654	402,829	1,069	885,536	8,962	6,980,062
Over 1/2 Ton and not over 1 Ton	434	441,634	1,927	1,556,662	2,260	1,812,107	372	312,174	283	227,427	444	359,879	5,720	4,709,863
Over 1 Ton and not over 1 1/2 Tons	618	567,795	943	1,014,313	963	1,143,999	253	329,533	265	178,020	397	394,591	3,439	3,628,281
Over 1 1/2 Tons and not over 2 1/2 Tons	20,746	21,511,360	15,049	17,359,370	25,465	28,229,668	14,617	16,158,932	907	830,284	7,165	6,968,729	83,949	91,058,343
Over 2 1/2 Tons and not over 4 Tons:	3,786	5,256,243	7,584	11,968,298	15,558	21,185,825	3,371	6,309,671	769	1,003,543	2,648	3,233,228	33,716	48,956,066
Diesel	16	51,225	143	471,706	72	379,029	3	9,869	6	15,585	18	57,135	258	985,149
Gasoline	757	1,987,891	1,556	3,748,357	2,029	4,793,591	4,528	14,639,665	484	722,558	395	914,790	9,749	26,806,882
Over 4 Tons and not over 5 Tons:														
Diesel	12	55,482	77	328,554	27	143,235							116	527,271
Gasoline	352	1,728,493	649	3,015,033	583	2,204,708	544	2,652,811	4	10,386	123	321,846	2,255	9,933,277
Over 5 Tons:														
Diesel	77	485,023	275	2,436,061	105	1,042,827	7	82,688	3	19,224	52	389,368	519	4,455,101
Gasoline	113	713,446	548	3,892,178	340	2,156,307	132	855,378	49	173,979	24	161,985	1,206	7,983,273
Bus Chassis	397	617,091	250	471,166	321	661,560	1,195	1,464,040			77	114,126	2,240	3,327,973
Total	31,267	\$36,999,432	37,031	\$53,735,190	53,863	\$69,353,570	28,093	\$46,031,993	3,521	\$3,646,684	14,414	\$15,894,790	168,189	\$225,661,649

\*—Machinery and Metals Division, Office of International Trade, Department of Commerce

## U. S. Exports of Automotive Products, 1942-1946†

Type or Product	1942		1943		1944		1945		1946	
	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
<b>VEHICLES</b>										
Motor Trucks, Buses and Truck Chassis, New	156,184	\$257,969,741	74,857	\$145,776,607	177,036	\$404,476,232	142,338	\$348,327,144	185,947	\$222,529,699
Bus Chassis, New	192	286,663	24	61,531	Included with Trucks		Included with Trucks		2,240	3,327,973
Trucks, Buses and Chassis, Used	392	265,138	347	351,228	4,045	5,533,261	5,435	7,956,899	10,203	14,334,362
Passenger Cars and Chassis, New	13,951	13,199,744	2,092	2,424,563	1,622	2,769,694	1,266	1,447,376	116,644	122,227,206
Passenger Cars and Chassis, Used	1,770	1,153,117	749	656,264	1,428	1,502,931	1,560	1,756,678	2,438	2,671,877
Trailers	5,469	15,614,930	889	607,373	3,516	2,405,202	3,320	3,293,376	14,138	6,729,268
Motorcycles	28,969	12,113,040	27,239	11,473,505	16,016	6,253,240	6,624	3,057,413	6,114	2,413,520
Motorcycle Parts and Accessories		3,306,085		2,954,373		4,057,354		1,955,861		368,889
<b>ENGINES</b>										
Engines, Diesel, truck and bus for assembly	345	492,619	100	108,753	577	990,297	370	663,015	1,740	1,379,333
Engines, Gasoline, truck and bus for assembly	24,093	3,829,208	8,190	1,651,456	9,838	2,003,122	11,118	2,721,864	9,074	1,968,681
Engines, passenger car for assembly	1,290	179,609	900	237,967	333	102,100	661	80,388	1,402	174,514
Engines, Diesel for replacement	111	120,176	516	40,370	114	115,379	285	412,671	973	904,697
Engines, Gasoline for replacement	1,967	359,147	7,694	1,374,666	4,692	1,140,563	8,262	1,752,013	13,106	3,357,715
Engines, Marine, outboard	1,512	264,014	3,783	1,270,851	3,978	1,172,179	4,427	1,072,145	6,558	705,575
Engines, Other marine, internal combustion	3,359	11,585,599	8,418	49,625,882	11,222	41,624,282	5,235	7,815,295	7,132	2,812,317
Parts for Assembly		63,858,112		54,685,611		60,711,716		58,187,070		50,828,001
<b>REPLACEMENT PARTS</b>										
Axle Shafts	71,779	305,443	56,481	557,610†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Pistons		956,029		491,058†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Piston Rings		1,237,553		766,535†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Valves		332,456		214,428†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Gears, Differential and Transmission		1,466,000		900,383†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Gears, Other n.e.s.		761,234		387,352†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Spark Plugs	3,448,215	931,112	4,394,388	1,152,035	5,803,891	1,556,896	6,884,863	1,788,676	12,921,916	3,510,303
Spring, Car and Truck		1,467,082		958,224†	†	†	†	†	†	†
Parts for replacement, Other, n.e.s.		64,065,032		46,607,993		146,780,396		142,248,018		83,637,347
Horns, Hand and Electric	309,112	406,849	199,186	244,734	223,639	325,659	304,669	489,724	426,598	879,931
Accessories, Other, n.e.s.		7,024,924		8,928,175		9,148,297		7,448,252		10,799,445
Tire Service Equipment and Parts		806,085		941,001		808,629		1,059,965		1,595,304
Pumps for Gasoline and Oil	10,628	350,530	2,720	464,049	5,515	258,611	6,186	207,112	19,533	1,231,393
Service Appliances and Parts, Other		2,300,905		2,166,482		2,223,105		3,778,897		9,023,669
Brake Lining, molded and semi-molded, lbs.*	3,619,401	1,706,624	1,542,531	1,138,469	2,069,968	1,467,692	2,185,463	1,590,652	2,495,990	1,937,782
Brake Lining, not molded, lin. ft.*	749,449	283,900	353,892	195,888	321,019	193,443	353,028	236,099	743,670	369,680
Brake Blocks, molded and semi-molded, lbs.*	746,255	197,979	203,359	160,414	361,728	251,543	285,113	218,374	411,392	297,764
Brake Blocks, woven, lbs.*	54,485	37,272	6,687	5,529	14,860	16,839	7,374	7,715	23,146	23,683
Clutch Facing, molded and semi-molded, number*	995,996	354,795	861,795	365,240	978,123	395,688	881,017	346,104	939,834	375,601
Clutch Facings, woven, number*	436,446	203,720	400,395	189,321	434,477	182,286	471,829	209,891	256,407	124,445
Starting, Lighting and Ignition Equipment*		1,455,965		2,131,954		3,693,201		5,261,886		6,432,501
Batteries, storage, 6 and 12 volts*	304,430	1,811,979	444,399	3,956,667	580,347	4,949,849	720,925	6,813,114	497,425	2,449,777
Belts, fan for automobiles, lbs.*	580,072	389,027	537,253	430,700	556,102	501,821	854,553	814,329	1,629,369	1,453,414
<b>TIRES AND TUBES</b>										
Casings, Truck and Bus	932,177	29,132,167	2,311,811	72,821,815	1,725,235	50,702,082	1,450,189	48,694,154	1,406,289	51,503,072
Casings, Other Automobile	363,354	5,096,774	273,384	3,421,931	189,521	2,175,434	142,908	1,826,638	1,059,126	13,549,726
Tubes, inner for Automobiles	1,255,968	3,365,301	2,542,287	6,543,793	1,857,395	5,191,049	1,317,815	4,200,261	1,873,214	7,429,485
Casings and Tubes, Other	474,972	6,913,979	431,767	6,956,846	304,050	3,793,183	404,457	3,896,598		
Tires, Solid for Cars and Trucks	17,836	480,932	8,820	224,002	4,221	168,180	15,246	550,857	42,676	1,234,782
Tires, Solid, Other	52,235	23,607	268,837	222,718		1,186,654	1,703,515	4,200,261		
Tire Sundries and Repair Materials, camel back, lbs.		81,336	911,982	231,949		184,925	1,795,595	453,777	6,537,544	1,722,886
Tire Sundries and Repair Materials, Other, lbs.		227,205	1,794,352	1,110,542	2,650,921	1,495,993	2,633,709	1,411,183	6,922,499	3,205,638
Total		\$518,992,536		\$440,291,878		\$774,487,925		\$678,241,352		\$642,004,945

\*—For all uses.

†—First seven months of 1943. Included with Other Parts for Replacement, n.e.s., for remainder of year and years 1944, 1945 and 1946.

—Machinery and Metals Division, Office of International Trade, Department of Commerce.



# 1946 Leading Automotive Export Markets\*

by Country of Destination

Passenger Cars			Trucks†		
Country	Units	Value	Country	Number	Value
Canada.....	18,769	\$21,260,319	Mexico.....	20,177	\$28,265,912
Union of South Africa.....	13,269	13,366,950	China.....	9,224	22,958,530
Mexico.....	10,600	11,234,337	Brazil.....	18,050	21,610,891
Brazil.....	8,916	8,867,842	Canada.....	7,760	14,152,703
Sweden.....	7,561	7,628,326	Venezuela.....	8,385	12,413,007
Argentina.....	7,545	7,360,882	Argentina.....	9,773	11,768,576
Belgium.....	6,709	6,587,433	Sweden.....	8,753	9,236,633
Australia.....	4,418	3,781,396	Colombia.....	5,747	7,767,148
Netherlands.....	3,609	3,598,255	Union of South Africa.....	8,029	7,709,667
Cuba.....	2,667	2,879,107	Denmark.....	7,467	7,433,163
Venezuela.....	2,496	2,671,379	Philippine Republic.....	5,706	7,233,680
Philippine Republic.....	2,250	2,566,065	Chile.....	3,538	4,900,598
Egypt.....	2,172	2,478,997	Belgium.....	4,457	4,621,941
Colombia.....	2,237	2,377,383	Cuba.....	3,641	4,482,349
Switzerland.....	1,820	2,078,853	Portugal.....	2,743	3,351,462
India & Dependencies.....	1,616	1,615,475	Peru.....	2,791	3,471,958
China.....	1,372	1,589,959	Australia.....	3,158	3,146,577
Chile.....	1,600	1,540,897			
Portugal.....	1,116	1,290,720			
Denmark.....	1,374	1,236,556			
Total.....	102,116	\$106,011,131	Total—Leading Countries....	129,399	\$174,524,795
All Other Countries.....	14,528	16,216,077	All Other Countries.....	36,518	48,004,904
Total—All Countries.....	116,644	\$122,227,208			

\* Machinery and Metals Div., Department of Commerce.

†—Does not include buses.

**T**HE table below summarizes the tabulation of "Trucks in Use by Make, by State and Year of Manufacture" shown on pages 100 to 107 inclusive.

## 1946 U. S. Exports of New Cars by Continental Divisions\*

Continent	Number	Value
North America.....	34,848	\$38,421,760
South Africa.....	25,610	25,773,049
Europe.....	25,015	25,556,410
Asia.....	9,248	10,561,979
Oceania.....	4,527	3,912,930
Africa.....	17,396	18,001,070
Total.....	116,644	\$122,227,198

\* Office of International Trade, Department of Commerce.

## Summary of Trucks in Use by Makes and Year of Manufacture

(As of July 1, 1946)

	July 1 1946 Total	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942	1941	1940	1939	1938	1937	1936	1935	1934	1933	Prior to 1933	Yr. Not Given
Autocar.....	20,203	1,412	2,175	1,175	87	617	2,511	1,575	1,758	1,318	1,725	1,156	664	867	664	2,373	120
Brockway.....	18,156	1,109	2,053	1,167	57	472	2,420	1,469	1,738	1,389	1,578	1,477	773	844	297	1,441	74
Buick.....	16,416	131	45	40	11	390	807	739	585	558	687	592	377	509	441	10,348	186
Cadillac.....	3,852	51	6	5	2	184	671	228	183	129	206	175	97	73	76	1,721	45
Chevrolet.....	1,490,093	57,407	33,489	17,117	1,339	94,234	211,017	171,385	137,361	94,968	189,476	146,167	69,672	75,049	39,282	180,442	11,688
Diamond T.....	54,744	2,194	3,204	1,880	112	1,576	6,634	5,709	4,736	3,892	6,672	5,926	3,881	2,640	1,799	3,454	445
Divco.....	14,044	1,335	1,517	239	37	772	2,695	1,648	1,477	1,148	1,025	834	321	203	147	506	140
Dodge.....	542,977	46,896	19,347	8,071	508	36,766	82,168	55,550	45,705	30,938	52,160	68,433	34,684	23,432	9,727	23,161	5,431
Federal.....	18,309	1,523	2,212	795	140	814	1,534	1,289	1,218	1,019	1,500	1,676	1,034	857	423	1,797	476
Ford.....	1,564,465	58,903	45,594	19,428	2,659	70,873	187,195	138,502	103,415	81,279	182,846	143,257	106,497	75,442	26,526	355,536	16,403
G.M.C.....	249,175	5,270	13,661	7,428	1,217	22,698	46,841	35,184	26,978	15,902	35,045	17,715	5,278	4,046	1,870	7,294	2,747
Indiana.....	4,457	23	34	35	28	23	80	157	237	326	618	1,001	367	343	226	605	36
International.....	569,076	27,753	26,412	14,639	1,675	25,791	89,486	71,572	56,962	51,768	56,090	54,082	33,739	15,318	9,478	29,440	4,701
Mack.....	73,115	3,109	5,114	3,092	394	3,796	10,582	7,631	6,700	4,327	5,536	3,728	1,646	1,510	1,105	14,415	610
Packard.....	7,813	59	14	8	10	264	708	680	531	444	815	543	307	160	112	3,048	112
Plymouth.....	68,697	1,106	57	76	52	1,845	12,159	10,477	9,153	6,723	13,056	4,314	2,053	2,021	1,628	3,368	609
Pontiac.....	9,078	198	10	14	8	542	1,243	1,140	654	364	667	588	469	318	429	2,385	69
Reo.....	32,338	3,308	2,771	321	53	1,108	1,838	399	910	2,694	3,206	2,293	2,681	1,793	830	7,598	535
Stewart.....	4,576	37	16	8	3	44	78	45	89	430	797	775	406	282	238	1,308	22
Studebaker.....	39,293	6,866	2,494	968	401	2,895	5,868	1,412	2,024	1,825	4,516	2,088	1,070	765	824	5,153	324
White.....	67,831	3,470	6,880	3,725	1,285	4,377	10,239	5,512	4,300	3,485	5,407	4,819	2,556	2,421	724	7,946	685
Willis-Ov-Wb.....	31,766	12,537	2,136	344	390	1,683	2,138	2,492	1,251	1,790	1,173	1,581	1,036	116	141	2,622	356
Yellow.....	14,106	117	316	329	55	1,242	1,776	1,076	821	1,123	1,568	1,656	867	409	157	1,841	153
Miscellaneous.....	134,212	6,579	5,624	3,130	930	6,462	11,171	8,630	7,073	6,118	9,943	8,143	5,177	3,946	2,725	41,964	6,999
Totals.....	5,068,792	241,393	175,181	84,234	11,463	279,448	691,859	525,101	418,857	313,945	516,530	472,989	295,673	213,184	99,667	676,744	82,844





## Aircraft Production

### Airplanes, Seaplanes and Amphibians, 1919-1946

	Civil†	Military‡	Total†	Value†
1919 .....	.....	.....	662	\$8,046,468
1921 .....	.....	.....	302	4,133,108
1923 .....	.....	.....	587	7,737,069
1925 .....	268	447	789	6,673,659
1926 .....	604	532	1,186	8,871,027
1927 .....	1,565	621	1,995	14,504,999
1928 .....	3,542	1,219	4,761	.....
1929 .....	5,357	677	6,631	51,508,120
1930 .....	1,937	747	2,684	.....
1931 .....	1,582	812	2,468	21,790,000
1932 .....	549	593	1,142	.....
1933 .....	591	466	1,179	15,859,995
1934 .....	772	437	1,209	.....
1935 .....	1,109	459	1,365	17,454,331
1936 .....	1,559	1,141	2,700	.....
1937 .....	2,281	949	3,100	38,664,153
1938 .....	1,823	1,800	3,623	.....
1939 .....	3,770	2,141	5,911	75,872,587
1940 .....	6,785	6,019	12,871	146,000,000
1941 .....	6,844	19,433	26,277	819,000,000
1942 .....	985	47,838	48,821	2,762,000,000
1943 .....	.....	85,898	85,898	6,696,000,000
1944 .....	.....	96,318	96,318	9,233,000,000
1945 .....	2,047	47,714	49,761	5,141,000,000
1946 .....	34,874	1,330	36,204	362,772,192

† Sources: Odd years 1919 through 1939, as reported by Census of Manufactures. Other years, various sources.  
Total units produced 1940-1945 as reported by Civil Aeronautics Administration.  
Value of airframes 1940-1945, Department of Commerce.

\* Partly estimated. ‡ Do not add up to totals shown because of difference in sources.

Note: The values of engines, propellers and power plant accessories installed in the aircraft are not included in the value of the aircraft reported for 1931 and subsequent years.



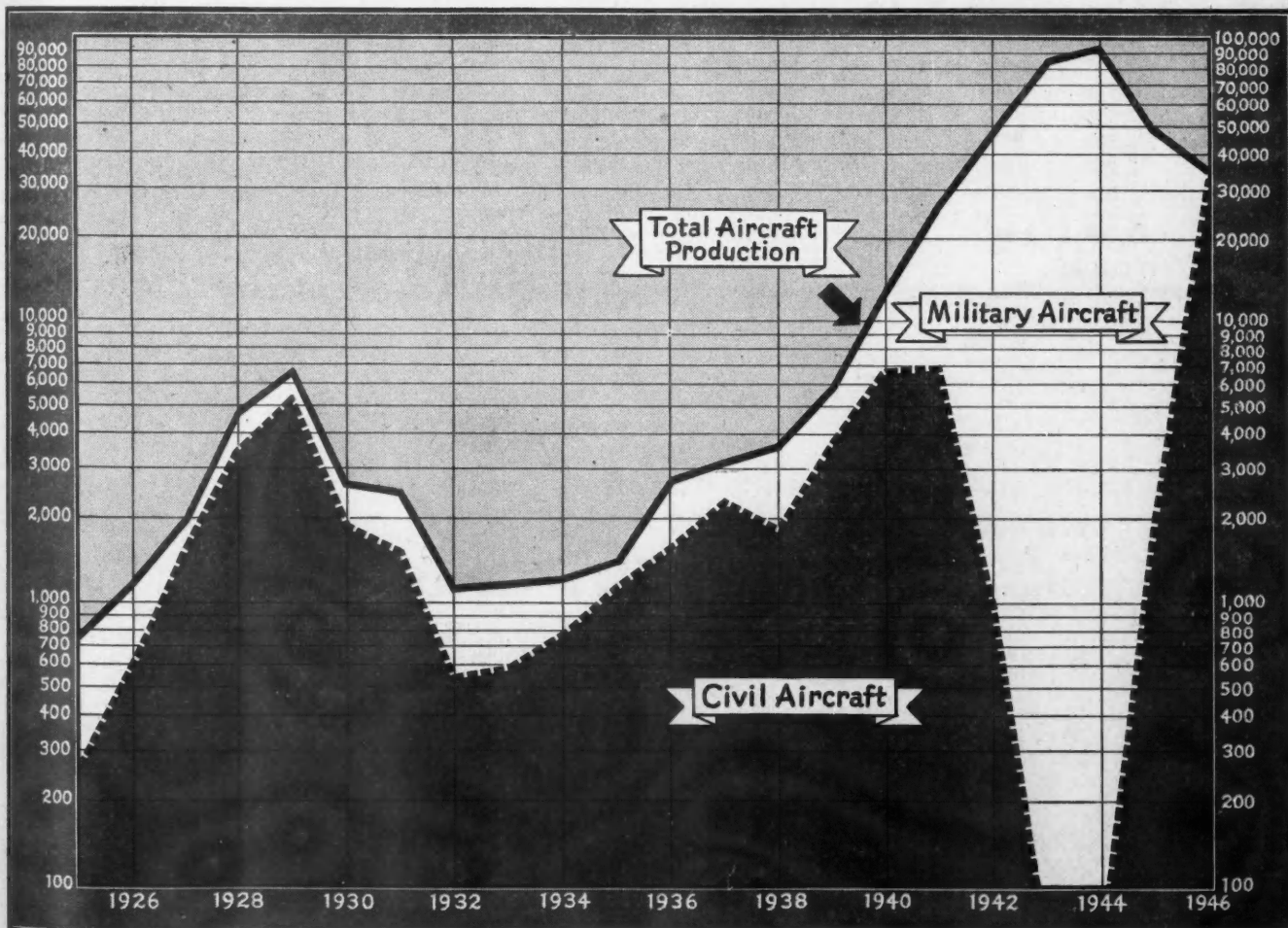
# 1946 Shipments of Complete Aircraft and Other Products of Aircraft Plants\*

In Units and Their Value

PRODUCT	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	Total 6 Mos.
<b>Complete Aircraft</b>							
For U. S. Military	84	101	135	92	125	60	607
Value	\$13,630,673	11,007,956	15,922,799	27,765,612	20,159,535	11,371,877	99,889,442
For Other than Military	1,227	1,282	2,019	2,327	3,073	3,431	13,329
Value	\$7,626,653	12,427,122	13,666,253	17,267,250	24,351,251	21,063,777	96,992,306
Total—Planes	1,321	1,383	2,154	2,419	3,198	3,491	13,936
Total—Value	\$21,457,326	23,435,078	29,589,042	45,032,862	44,510,786	32,435,654	196,881,748
<b>Conversions</b>							
Number of Planes	13	30	24	23	31	44	165
Value	\$1,113,100	2,690,655	2,916,057	3,821,322	5,204,000	4,517,990	20,263,124
<b>Airframe Spare Parts</b>							
For U. S. Military—Value	\$4,035,990	2,453,403	2,974,899	3,416,321	1,895,363	2,672,476	17,478,422
For Other than Military—Value	\$1,198,826	1,225,926	878,931	1,551,649	1,737,653	1,950,395	8,543,360
Total—Parts Value	\$5,234,816	3,709,329	3,853,830	4,967,970	3,633,016	4,622,871	26,021,602
<b>All Other Products</b>							
Modifications—Value	\$1,295,945	1,239,025	1,534,072	330,541	386,113	411,204	8,476,936
Aircraft Products—Value				944,325	1,190,608	1,143,103	
Non-aircraft Products—Value	758,042	2,526,066	2,017,182	1,605,878	1,166,203	2,369,199	10,441,670
	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total 12 Mos.
<b>Complete Aircraft</b>							
For U. S. Military	84	107	139	168	133	112	1330
Value	\$10,191,425	9,730,365	22,324,211	17,356,781	13,438,953	19,064,158	191,972,285
For Other than Military	3,388	4,698	4,090	4,500	2,980	1,908	34,674
Value	\$10,541,325	12,692,061	14,730,377	14,563,787	15,280,869	8,369,202	170,799,937
Total—Planes	3,452	4,806	4,229	4,668	3,093	2,021	38,044
Total—Value	\$20,732,750	22,430,446	37,054,588	31,960,578	28,719,722	25,433,360	362,772,192
<b>Conversions</b>							
Number of Planes	45	45	29	27	17	17	345
Value	\$4,821,622	5,879,157	4,415,234	3,170,500	936,300	1,029,602	40,515,639
<b>Airframe Spare Parts</b>							
For U. S. Military—Value	\$2,258,263	1,738,420	2,327,267	1,950,171	2,427,296	3,591,641	31,771,490
For Other than Military—Value	\$1,318,371	1,515,815	1,834,868	1,419,480	1,448,170	1,635,313	17,715,397
Total—Parts Value	\$3,576,634	3,254,235	4,162,135	3,369,651	3,875,466	5,226,954	49,486,877
<b>All Other Products</b>							
Modifications—Value	\$394,403	166,140	88,975	37,134	12,258	1,013,113	14,918,296
Aircraft Products—Value	\$1,626,369	644,516	1,258,097	602,545	597,770		
Non-aircraft Products—Value	\$2,048,716	2,407,747	2,496,723	4,102,512	3,233,085	3,046,404	27,776,897

\*—Industry Division—Bureau of the Census and Civil Aeronautics Administration.

## CIVIL AND MILITARY AIRCRAFT PRODUCTION, 1925-1946





## 1946 Civil Aircraft Shipments by Number of Engines\*

	1 Engine	2 and 4 Engines	Total Planes
January.....	1,187	40	1,227
February.....	1,204	48	1,252
March.....	1,969	50	2,019
April.....	2,279	48	2,327
May.....	3,001	72	3,073
June.....	3,381	50	3,431
July.....	3,383	25	3,388
August.....	4,673	25	4,698
September.....	4,052	38	4,090
October.....	4,475	25	4,500
November.....	2,927	33	2,960
December.....	1,896	13	1,909
Total.....	34,407	467	34,874

\*—Bureau of the Census and Civil Aeronautics Administration.

## 1946 Civil Aircraft Shipments by Number of Places\*

	2 Place	3 and 4 Places	5 and More Places	Total
January.....	1,172	...	55†	1,227
February.....	1,180	...	72†	1,252
March.....	1,919	...	100†	2,019
April.....	2,228	51	48	2,327
May.....	2,921	80	72	3,073
June.....	3,202	178	51	3,431
July.....	3,087	271	30	3,388
August.....	4,204	467	27	4,698
September.....	3,554	497	39	4,090
October.....	3,920	553	27	4,500
November.....	2,218	709	33	2,960
December.....	1,034	861	14	1,909
Total.....	30,639	3,667	568	34,874

†—Includes 3 and 4 places.

\*—Bureau of the Census and Civil Aeronautics Administration.

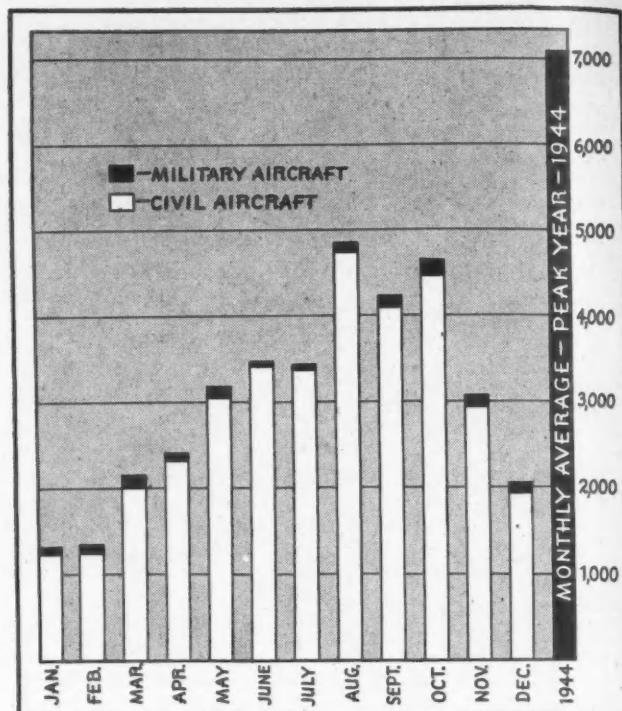
## 1946 Civil Aircraft Shipments Classified by Total Rated Horsepower\*

Month	1-74 Hp.	75-99 Hp.	100-399 Hp.	400 and Over, Hp.	Total Planes
January.....	1,047	†	140	40	1,227
February.....	939	†	265	48	1,252
March.....	1,479	†	490	50	2,019
April.....	1,675	552	52	48	2,327
May.....	2,093	820	88	72	3,073
June.....	2,147	1,042	191	51	3,431
July.....	1,915	1,076	366	31	3,388
August.....	2,637	1,363	670	28	4,698
September.....	2,235	1,059	754	42	4,090
October.....	2,441	1,207	825	27	4,500
November.....	1,483	614	830	33	2,960
December.....	398	626	871	14	1,909
Total.....	20,489	8,359	5,542	484	34,874

†—Included with 100-399 Hp. classification.

\*—Bureau of the Census and Civil Aeronautics Administration.

## 1946 AIRCRAFT SHIPMENTS BY MONTHS



## 1946 Aircraft Engine Shipments and Other Products of Aircraft Engine Plants\*

Aircraft Engines	Number	Value
For U. S. Military.....	2,585	\$70,643,555
For All Other Customers.....	40,822	56,216,838
Total—All Engines.....	43,407	\$126,860,393
Engine Parts and Accessories		
For U. S. Military.....		\$8,792,040
For All Other Customers.....		24,133,700
All Other Products.....		2,026,719
Total Value—All Products.....		\$161,812,852

\*—Industry Division, Bureau of the Census.

## 1946 Aircraft Engine Shipments by Type and Rated HP\*

By Rated Power	
0-249 hp. reciprocating.....	38,527
250 and over.....	4,880
Total.....	43,407
By Type	
Radial.....	4,073
Other †.....	39,334

†—Includes horizontally opposed, vee, and non-reciprocating.

\*—Industry Division—Bureau of the Census.



# The Historical Record of Aircraft Production 1940-1945

## Military Aircraft Acceptances\* Classified by Manufacturer

Manufacturers	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	Total <sup>†</sup> War Years <sup>‡</sup>
Aerona	29	829	1,275	305	.....	2,438
American Aviation	.....	.....	1	16	.....	17
Beech	255	1,924	2,610	1,979	613	7,381
Bell	927	1,972	4,975	3,749	1,967	13,693
Bellanca	3	.....	.....	39	.....	42
Boeing	2,407	3,661	5,145	4,609	2,136	17,958
Brewster	311	188	703	634	.....	1,836
Brunswick-Balke-Coll.	.....	.....	25	5	.....	30
Budd	.....	.....	.....	17	.....	17
Canadian Car	.....	.....	29	467	308	804
Cessna	618	1,435	2,629	471	.....	8,353
Chance Vought	632	819	1,780	2,673	2,046	7,950
Columbia	.....	.....	13	196	119	328
Cons. Vultee	2,682	6,812	10,496	7,958	2,792	30,738
Colver	6	184	401	877	.....	1,468
Curtiss	2,757	5,985	6,577	6,720	3,613	25,652
De Havilland	5	185	.....	.....	.....	200
Douglas	1,316	3,802	9,892	11,099	4,707	30,816
Eastern	.....	26	2,546	6,611	4,290	13,473
Engineering Research	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Fairechild	963	1,878	2,070	1,067	109	6,117
A. G. A.	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	7
Fisher Body	.....	.....	.....	2	4	6
Fleet	.....	7	1,094	49	.....	1,150
Fleetwings	.....	1	23	8	.....	32
Ford	.....	24	1,291	3,990	1,486	6,791
Globe	.....	.....	268	332	.....	600
Goodyear	.....	.....	377	2,108	1,529	4,014
Grumman	426	2,274	4,404	6,325	4,038	17,467
Higgins	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2
Howard	6	30	617	179	.....	832
Interstate	.....	18	247	175	.....	440
Kellett	.....	.....	5	.....	1	6
Lockheed	1,424	2,540	5,235	5,855	2,821	17,875
Martin	547	1,430	3,609	2,309	991	8,786
Mc Donnell	.....	.....	.....	30	.....	30
Nash-Kelvinator	.....	.....	.....	5	214	219
Naval Aircraft	611	318	96	97	19	1,143
Noorduyn	6	441	1,223	500	86	2,256
North American	2,552	6,033	9,106	14,858	8,219	40,768
Northrop	24	291	141	449	210	1,124
Piper	44	1,855	1,319	1,904	819	5,941
Republic	170	634	4,155	6,986	3,657	15,602
Ryan	607	679	5	.....	66	1,357
St. Louis Aircraft	.....	1	288	61	.....	350
Sikorsky	.....	.....	14	115	25	155
Spartan	76	125	.....	.....	.....	201
Taylorcraft	24	529	1,161	226	.....	1,940
Timm	.....	15	247	.....	.....	262
Universal	.....	19	.....	.....	.....	19
Vega	25	961	.....	.....	.....	1,006
Vickers	.....	.....	.....	201	25	226
Waco	2	1	.....	.....	.....	3
Total	19,433	47,836	85,898	96,318	47,714	297,199

\*—Civil Aeronautics Administration, Department of Commerce.

ON THIS and the following two pages are recorded the official record of aircraft and aircraft engine production during the war years 1940-1945. It was compiled by the Civil Aeronautics Administration from the official records of The Aircraft Resources Control Office which was organized during World War II to coordinate the aircraft procurement and production responsibilities of several Government agencies.

## Military Aircraft Acceptances and Their Airframe Weights, 1940-1945

Month	1940			1941			1942		
	Number Accepted	Airframe Weight† (lb-Millions)	Average Weight per Airframe	Number Accepted	Airframe Weight† (lb-Millions)	Average Weight per Airframe†	Number Accepted	Airframe Weight† (lb-Millions)	Average Weight per Airframe†
January	254	1.331	5,240	1,013	3.457	3,412	2,978	13.388	4,495
February	257	1.261	4,097	980	4.082	4,165	3,092	15.291	4,945
March	296	1.327	4,488	1,133	4.486	3,959	3,493	17.794	5,091
April	402	1.471	3,659	1,384	5.941	4,293	3,500	17.739	5,068
May	450	1.920	2,267	1,339	5.626	4,201	3,983	20.861	5,237
June	553	2.197	3,974	1,479	6.087	4,115	3,736	21.556	5,769
July	574	2.285	3,981	1,459	5.890	4,030	4,107	23.993	5,841
August	547	1.958	3,579	1,850	7.657	4,138	4,274	25.224	5,902
September	541	1.643	3,036	1,926	8.148	4,230	4,301	27.769	6,456
October	625	2.095	3,352	2,282	9.243	4,050	4,064	25.933	6,361
November	682	2.422	3,551	2,127	8.549	4,019	4,815	30.639	6,363
December	838	3.197	3,815	2,461	12.266	4,984	5,493	35.772	6,512
Total	6,019	23.107	3,839†	19,433	81.422	4,189†	47,836	275.949	5,768†
Month	1943			1944			1945		
	Number Accepted	Airframe Weight† (lb-Millions)	Average Weight per Airframe	Number Accepted	Airframe Weight† (lb-Millions)	Average Weight per Airframe†	Number Accepted	Airframe Weight† (lb-Millions)	Average Weight per Airframe†
January	5,013	31.842	6,351	8,788	78.738	8,959	6,531	72.235	11,060
February	5,450	37.448	6,871	8,759	81.355	9,288	6,294	71.734	11,397
March	6,258	43.164	6,897	9,113	89.020	9,768	7,035	79.132	11,248
April	6,471	47.568	7,350	8,329	82.310	9,882	6,410	73.751	11,505
May	7,086	52.161	7,361	8,902	89.632	10,068	6,350	71.602	11,273
June	7,094	53.401	7,527	8,044	84.116	10,456	5,785	65.219	11,273
July	7,371	55.736	7,561	7,998	80.228	10,031	4,729	62.995	11,206
August	7,611	59.422	7,807	7,932	79.426	10,013	2,868	34.891	12,165
September	7,596	61.249	8,063	7,589	79.157	10,430	765	11.915	15,575
October	8,360	66.650	7,972	7,425	75.236	10,132	457	3.601	7,879
November	8,787	71.304	8,114	6,746	71.587	10,611	248	1.653	6,665
December	8,801	74.712	8,489	6,693	71.001	10,697	242	1.803	7,450
Total	85,898	654.657	7,621†	96,318	962.406	9,991†	47,714	540.531	11,328†

†—Excluding spares.

‡—Yearly Average.

\*—Civil Aeronautics Administration, Department of Commerce.



# Military Aircraft Acceptances\*

Classified by Type of Airplane

Type of Aircraft	1940					1941				
	Acceptances Number	Per Cent of Total	Airframe Weight Pounds (Millions)	Per Cent of Total	Average Weight per Airframe	Acceptances Number	Per Cent of Total	Airframe Weight Pounds (Millions)	Per Cent of Total	Average Weight per Airframe
<b>Bombers</b>										
4-Engine	80	1.0	1,181	5.1	19,683	317	1.7	6,783	8.3	21,334
2-Engine	953	18.8	7,421	32.1	7,787	3,249	16.7	31,930	38.2	9,828
1-Engine	178	3.0	880	2.5	3,258	549	2.8	2,191	2.7	3,991
<b>Total—Bombers</b>	<b>1,191</b>	<b>19.8</b>	<b>9,182</b>	<b>39.7</b>	<b>7,709</b>	<b>4,115</b>	<b>21.2</b>	<b>40,884</b>	<b>50.2</b>	<b>9,938</b>
<b>Fighters</b>										
2-Engine	12	0.2	101	.4	8,417	206	1.0	1,845	1.9	7,500
1-Engine	1,673	27.8	5,385	23.3	3,219	4,210	21.7	14,874	18.3	3,533
<b>Total—Fighters</b>	<b>1,685</b>	<b>28.0</b>	<b>5,486</b>	<b>23.7</b>	<b>3,256</b>	<b>4,416</b>	<b>22.7</b>	<b>16,419</b>	<b>20.2</b>	<b>3,718</b>
<b>Transports</b>										
4-Engine	8	0.1	312	1.4	39,000	8	.....	234	0.3	39,000
2-Engine	218	3.6	2,050	8.9	9,404	359	1.9	3,151	3.9	8,777
1-Engine	94	1.1	123	0.5	1,922	167	0.9	382	0.4	2,287
<b>Total—Transports</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>2,485</b>	<b>10.8</b>	<b>8,569</b>	<b>532</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>3,767</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>7,081</b>
<b>Trainers</b>										
2-Engine	16	0.3	653	0.2	3,313	854	4.4	2,452	3.0	2,871
1-Engine	717	11.9	1,887	8.2	2,632	2,426	12.5	6,375	7.8	2,628
Basic	783	12.7	2,138	9.3	2,802	1,941	9.4	3,867	4.7	2,100
Primary	1,235	20.5	1,826	6.6	1,236	4,252	21.9	5,411	6.7	1,273
<b>Total—Trainers</b>	<b>2,731</b>	<b>45.4</b>	<b>5,604</b>	<b>24.3</b>	<b>2,052</b>	<b>9,373</b>	<b>48.2</b>	<b>16,105</b>	<b>22.2</b>	<b>1,932</b>
<b>All Other Planes</b>										
Reconnaissance	121	2.0	348	1.5	2,876	727	3.7	1,688	2.3	2,697
Communication	1	.....	602	.....	2,000	270	1.4	389	.5	1,330
Special Purpose	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
<b>Total—Others</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>2,899</b>	<b>997</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>2,247</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>2,254</b>
<b>Total—All Airplanes</b>	<b>6,019</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>23,107</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>3,839</b>	<b>19,433</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>81,422</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>4,190</b>
Type of Aircraft	1942					1943				
	Acceptances Number	Per Cent of Total	Airframe Weight Pounds (Millions)	Per Cent of Total	Average Weight per Airframe	Acceptances Number	Per Cent of Total	Airframe Weight Pounds (Millions)	Per Cent of Total	Average Weight per Airframe
<b>Bombers</b>										
4-Engine	2,615	5.5	82,039	22.5	23,724	9,615	11.2	232,216	35.5	24,151
2-Engine	7,247	15.1	84,100	30.5	11,605	10,361	12.1	135,365	20.7	13,085
1-Engine	2,785	5.8	10,358	5.9	5,915	9,379	10.9	55,378	8.4	6,004
<b>Total—Bombers</b>	<b>12,627</b>	<b>26.4</b>	<b>182,495</b>	<b>58.9</b>	<b>12,689</b>	<b>29,355</b>	<b>34.2</b>	<b>422,957</b>	<b>64.8</b>	<b>14,408</b>
<b>Fighters</b>										
2-Engine	1,323	2.8	10,462	3.8	7,908	2,246	2.6	16,350	2.6	8,170
1-Engine	9,446	19.7	38,342	13.9	4,059	21,742	25.3	103,507	15.8	4,761
<b>Total—Fighters</b>	<b>10,769</b>	<b>22.5</b>	<b>48,804</b>	<b>17.7</b>	<b>4,532</b>	<b>23,988</b>	<b>27.9</b>	<b>121,857</b>	<b>18.6</b>	<b>5,080</b>
<b>Transports</b>										
4-Engine	70	0.1	1,569	0.6	22,414	183	0.2	4,166	0.6	22,765
2-Engine	1,682	3.3	16,082	5.8	10,153	5,981	7.0	49,692	7.5	8,308
1-Engine	332	0.7	618	0.2	1,861	848	1.0	1,644	0.3	1,939
<b>Total—Transports</b>	<b>1,984</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>18,249</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>9,218</b>	<b>7,012</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>55,502</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>7,915</b>
<b>Trainers</b>										
2-Engine	3,847	8.1	12,269	4.4	3,189	3,359	3.9	14,340	2.2	4,269
1-Engine	4,431	9.3	11,685	4.2	2,637	5,472	6.4	14,429	2.2	2,637
Basic	4,133	8.6	8,679	3.2	2,100	4,072	4.7	8,555	1.3	2,101
Primary	5,220	10.9	6,657	2.4	1,275	7,036	8.2	9,734	1.5	1,383
<b>Total—Trainers</b>	<b>17,631</b>	<b>36.9</b>	<b>39,290</b>	<b>14.2</b>	<b>2,228</b>	<b>19,939</b>	<b>23.2</b>	<b>47,058</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>2,380</b>
<b>All Other Planes</b>										
Reconnaissance	1,468	3.1	5,123	1.9	3,490	734	0.8	3,879	0.6	5,285
Communication	3,174	6.6	1,999	0.7	599	4,377	5.1	2,958	0.5	676
Special Purpose	183	0.4	119	.....	860	493	0.6	466	.....	905
<b>Total—Others</b>	<b>4,825</b>	<b>10.1</b>	<b>7,111</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>1,474</b>	<b>5,604</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>7,283</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>1,300</b>
<b>Total—All Airplanes</b>	<b>47,836</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>275,949</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>5,769</b>	<b>85,898</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>654,657</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>7,621</b>
Type of Aircraft	1944					1945				
	Acceptances Number	Per Cent of Total	Airframe Weight Pounds (Millions)	Per Cent of Total	Average Weight per Airframe	Acceptances Number	Per Cent of Total	Airframe Weight Pounds (Millions)	Per Cent of Total	Average Weight per Airframe
<b>Bombers</b>										
4-Engine	16,331	17.0	415,940	43.2	25,469	6,685	14.4	228,308	42.2	33,257
2-Engine	10,089	10.4	138,855	14.1	13,807	4,454	9.3	65,658	12.2	14,741
1-Engine	8,614	8.9	57,442	6.0	6,668	5,173	10.9	37,277	6.9	7,206
<b>Total—Bombers</b>	<b>35,033</b>	<b>36.3</b>	<b>609,237</b>	<b>63.3</b>	<b>17,405</b>	<b>16,492</b>	<b>34.6</b>	<b>331,243</b>	<b>61.3</b>	<b>20,085</b>
<b>Fighters</b>										
2-Engine	4,733	4.9	42,904	4.5	9,065	2,125	4.5	20,828	3.9	9,801
1-Engine	34,140	35.5	172,833	17.9	5,057	19,571	41.0	104,943	19.4	5,382
<b>Total—Fighters</b>	<b>38,873</b>	<b>40.4</b>	<b>215,537</b>	<b>22.4</b>	<b>5,545</b>	<b>21,696</b>	<b>45.5</b>	<b>125,771</b>	<b>23.3</b>	<b>5,797</b>
<b>Transports</b>										
4-Engine	544	0.6	13,506	1.4	24,827	749	1.6	20,702	3.8	27,640
2-Engine	7,900	8.2	96,846	10.1	12,289	3,675	7.7	54,032	10.0	14,703
1-Engine	1,390	1.4	3,262	0.3	2,347	205	0.4	646	0.1	3,151
<b>Total—Transports</b>	<b>9,834</b>	<b>10.2</b>	<b>113,614</b>	<b>11.8</b>	<b>11,553</b>	<b>4,629</b>	<b>9.7</b>	<b>75,380</b>	<b>13.9</b>	<b>16,284</b>
<b>Trainers</b>										
2-Engine	1,237	1.3	4,786	0.5	3,869	1,237	2.6	3,340	0.6	2,700
1-Engine	3,612	3.8	9,537	1.0	2,640	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Basic	1,283	1.3	2,694	0.3	2,100	72	0.1	698	.....	1,361
Primary	1,445	1.5	2,042	0.2	1,413	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
<b>Total—Trainers</b>	<b>7,577</b>	<b>7.9</b>	<b>19,059</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>2,515</b>	<b>1,309</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>3,438</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>2,626</b>
<b>All Other Planes</b>										
Reconnaissance	259	0.3	1,032	0.1	3,985	531	1.1	2,092	0.4	3,940
Communication	3,691	3.8	2,645	0.3	717	2,183	4.5	1,814	0.3	839
Special Purpose	1,081	1.1	1,279	0.1	1,183	894	1.9	793	0.2	887
<b>Total—Others</b>	<b>5,031</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>4,959</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>986</b>	<b>3,588</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>4,699</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>1,310</b>
<b>Total—All Airplanes</b>	<b>98,318</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>982,406</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>9,992</b>	<b>47,714</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>540,531</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>11,329</b>

\*—Civil Aeronautics Administration, Department of Commerce.

†—Excludes weight of spares.



## Aircraft Engine Shipments and HP Produced, 1940-1945\*

Month	1940			1941			1942		
	Number of Engines	Total Horsepower† (Millions)	Average Horsepower per Engine	Number of Engines	Total Horsepower† (Millions)	Average Horsepower per Engine	Number of Engines	Total Horsepower† (Millions)	Average Horsepower per Engine
January	856	.646	755	3,181	2,259	710	7,257	7,399	1,018
February	886	.647	747	3,630	2,509	691	7,404	7,608	1,028
March	1,171	.789	857	3,918	2,901	740	9,483	9,228	973
April	1,358	.779	574	4,285	3,184	742	10,131	10,234	1,010
May	1,194	.734	615	4,119	3,196	776	10,931	11,192	1,020
June	1,709	1.084	823	4,407	3,476	789	11,735	12,165	1,037
July	2,056	1.240	803	5,041	3,993	792	11,926	13,045	1,094
August	2,250	1.470	653	5,514	4,148	752	13,061	14,487	1,109
September	2,639	1.713	649	5,660	4,270	743	13,224	14,509	1,097
October	3,112	2.107	677	5,624	4,283	762	13,716	15,451	1,126
November	2,522	1.945	771	6,246	5,201	833	14,233	15,566	1,094
December	2,934	2.354	802	6,576	5,530	841	14,988	16,701	1,114
Total	22,667	15.468	682	58,181	44.930	772	138,089	147.535	1,068

Month	1943			1944			1945		
	Number of Engines	Total Horsepower† (Millions)	Average Horsepower per Engine	Number of Engines	Total Horsepower† (Millions)	Average Horsepower per Engine	Number of Engines	Total Horsepower† (Millions)	Average Horsepower per Engine
January	16,063	17.335	1,079	22,696	29.961	1,320	17,323	27.576	1,592
February	15,302	16.861	1,102	21,146	27.734	1,312	16,684	25.612	1,633
March	17,012	19.238	1,131	23,994	32.847	1,369	16,669	27.735	1,664
April	16,849	18.576	1,102	22,690	31.228	1,376	14,016	24.140	1,722
May	17,891	19.597	1,095	22,819	32.381	1,419	14,427	24.605	1,705
June	18,008	19.939	1,107	23,093	33.301	1,442	11,251	19.971	1,776
July	18,738	21.241	1,134	22,613	33.029	1,461	10,691	18.852	1,763
August	19,703	23.137	1,174	24,109	35.174	1,459	8,286	10.859	1,727
September	20,593	24.854	1,207	20,939	30.922	1,477	2,161	3.382	1,565
October	22,226	26.844	1,208	19,270	29.569	1,534	715	1.053	1,473
November	22,717	27.588	1,214	17,239	26.446	1,534	287	.297	1,035
December	22,014	27.072	1,230	16,303	25.458	1,562	140	.125	893
Total	227,116	262.228	1,155	256,911	368.050	1,433	109,650	164.187	1,680

\*—Civil Aeronautics Administration, Department of Commerce.

†—Excludes Hp. of spare parts. Hp used is take-off horsepower.

### Aircraft Engine Shipments\* By Manufacturer and by Years 1940-1945

Manufacturer	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	Total War Years
Aircooled		2,204	446	691	2,443	600	6,384
Allison	1,143	6,448	14,905	21,093	20,303	6,106	69,998
Buick			8,401	24,626	30,550	10,845	74,422
Chevrolet			4,058	23,415	27,528	5,768	60,769
Continental	4,452	6,577	8,326	8,626	6,610	1,668	36,259
Dodge					6,053	12,360	18,413
Ford		284	8,403	13,337	24,197	13,436	57,637
General Electric					122	595	717
Jacobs	340	3,370	7,416	12,897	7,382	755	32,160
Kinner	509	896	1,479	433			3,317
Lycoming	2,979	4,439	5,338	7,488	3,452	1,870	25,572
Menasco	162	422	13				597
Nash-Kelvinator			6	2,692	9,276	5,135	17,108
Naval Aircraft			320	353			1,402
Packard	172	557	7,251	12,295	22,969	12,571	55,135
Pratt & Whitney	7,149	18,122	33,954	35,268	23,775	14,887	133,155
Ranger	377	1,243	3,580	6,722	2,346	97	14,365
Studebaker			6,091	22,926	27,920	6,852	63,789
Warner	214	826	372	608	361		2,081
Waukesha				25	20		45
Wright	5,170	13,064	29,732	33,621	41,605	16,097	139,289
Total	22,667	58,181	138,089	227,116	256,911	109,650	812,614

\*—Civil Aeronautics Administration, Department of Commerce.

## Shipments of Aircraft and Airframe Spare Parts, by Plant Location—1946

	Mountain and Pacific States <sup>1</sup>			Southern States <sup>2</sup>			All other States <sup>3</sup>		
	Complete Aircraft		Airframe Spare Parts (value)	Complete Aircraft		Airframe Spare Parts (value)	Complete Aircraft		Airframe Spare Parts (value)
	Number of Planes	Value		Number of Planes	Value		Number of Planes	Value	
TOTAL FOR YEAR	820	\$164,916,465	\$20,057,291	9,003	\$70,655,339	\$7,992,374	26,381	\$127,100,388	\$21,437,212
January	26	7,992,679	2,745,416	182	4,557,815	514,164	1,113	8,906,832	1,975,236
February	55	12,705,989	2,088,261	339	3,320,450	262,103	959	7,408,639	1,358,985
March	75	14,505,934	1,699,200	583	5,430,481	558,603	1,496	9,652,627	1,595,997
April	66	27,383,856	2,046,241	617	9,282,683	1,102,484	1,736	8,366,323	1,610,245
May	73	23,412,516	1,609,892	777	8,034,775	720,465	2,348	13,063,495	1,302,659
June	30	17,004,731	2,092,388	924	5,486,577	853,324	2,537	9,934,346	1,677,159
July	10	5,478,939	1,327,467	854	5,095,170	780,490	2,588	10,158,641	1,468,677
August	24	2,431,146	866,557	1,228	5,711,863	875,446	3,553	14,267,417	1,512,232
September	73	16,990,798	1,584,491	1,262	6,441,563	1,011,071	2,894	13,622,227	1,566,573
October	129	11,293,783	1,162,550	1,158	7,780,786	452,852	3,381	12,876,009	1,784,249
November	123	13,069,291	1,108,698	699	5,140,833	329,562	2,271	10,489,598	2,437,206
December	136	12,626,803	1,726,130	380	4,372,323	531,810	1,505	8,434,234	2,969,014

<sup>1</sup> Includes Wyoming, Washington, and California.

<sup>2</sup> Includes Delaware, Maryland, North Carolina, Oklahoma, and Texas.

<sup>3</sup> Includes Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, Michigan, Iowa, Missouri, and Kansas.





## Airports by Class and by Type, by States: Jan. 1, 1947\*



STATE	TYPE OF OPERATION						SIZE CLASSIFICATION (1)					
	Commer- cial	Municipal	CAA Inter- mediate	Military (2)	All Others (3)	TOTAL	Sub. I (4)	I	II	III	IV and Over	Total Lighted
Alabama.....	21	16	2	31	5	75	3	21	18	12	21	20
Arizona.....	33	26	10	21	14	104	6	21	39	12	26	32
Arkansas.....	36	15	1	12	4	68	12	15	18	7	16	9
California.....	156	86	11	81	22	356	30	99	99	28	100	93
Colorado.....	33	34	2	8	3	80	8	25	30	5	12	13
Connecticut.....	15	9	1	0	0	25	1	15	0	4	5	7
Delaware.....	8	2	0	2	0	12	1	3	5	0	3	3
Dist. of Columbia.....	0	0	0	2	1	3	0	0	0	1	2	3
Florida.....	29	45	3	124	3	204	2	31	41	57	73	51
Georgia.....	30	26	9	35	3	103	10	21	21	16	35	40
Idaho.....	13	37	4	3	10	67	11	26	17	6	7	15
Illinois.....	76	19	5	21	9	130	11	42	58	10	9	21
Indiana.....	54	19	2	27	1	103	11	27	42	10	13	18
Iowa.....	64	34	4	2	1	105	18	45	33	3	6	15
Kansas.....	58	56	3	29	3	149	16	64	33	12	24	24
Kentucky.....	9	8	2	4	0	23	0	6	8	4	5	9
Louisiana.....	17	18	4	17	1	57	7	14	15	4	17	23
Maine.....	21	20	0	0	0	47	9	14	5	10	9	18
Maryland.....	24	5	1	1	1	39	3	13	9	5	9	5
Massachusetts.....	37	15	0	8	0	60	17	15	10	6	12	11
Michigan.....	52	95	0	11	5	163	8	75	52	13	15	21
Minnesota.....	31	43	1	0	0	75	10	34	20	4	7	9
Mississippi.....	17	23	6	14	1	61	4	13	15	15	14	19
Missouri.....	45	29	8	14	3	99	12	32	29	14	12	20
Montana.....	15	53	12	1	14	95	16	26	31	9	13	27
Nebraska.....	26	29	5	13	0	73	8	28	16	3	18	16
Nevada.....	15	9	9	11	2	46	4	11	7	6	18	19
New Hampshire.....	10	12	0	7	2	23	5	7	4	4	3	6
New Jersey.....	45	9	0	7	2	63	6	26	21	4	6	11
New Mexico.....	29	26	10	13	8	86	7	22	27	6	24	24
New York.....	136	40	4	13	6	199	54	79	27	20	19	34
North Carolina.....	84	23	1	25	0	133	33	45	19	15	21	16
North Dakota.....	11	30	6	0	0	47	3	18	17	3	6	13
Ohio.....	100	31	6	6	2	145	20	44	59	14	8	25
Oklahoma.....	61	50	3	34	1	149	19	55	40	12	23	28
Oregon.....	36	37	5	7	1	86	8	25	21	12	20	28
Pennsylvania.....	108	37	3	8	2	158	26	73	38	12	9	30
Rhode Island.....	4	1	0	3	0	8	4	0	0	2	2	2
South Carolina.....	15	22	2	20	2	61	6	16	12	6	21	15
South Dakota.....	16	25	1	5	0	47	1	23	13	2	8	6
Tennessee.....	12	14	7	4	1	38	2	4	15	7	10	18
Texas.....	172	123	23	88	11	417	35	102	137	47	96	100
Utah.....	6	22	8	3	2	41	1	10	11	8	11	19
Vermont.....	3	9	0	0	0	12	1	6	1	4	0	4
Virginia.....	40	20	3	19	7	82	7	31	20	8	16	18
Washington.....	36	49	3	16	0	111	13	31	27	8	32	29
West Virginia.....	20	10	2	1	0	33	9	6	11	4	3	7
Wisconsin.....	42	38	2	1	0	83	10	26	35	8	4	11
Wyoming.....	8	25	7	1	5	46	1	11	23	3	8	16
<b>TOTAL.....</b>	<b>1929</b>	<b>1424</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>780</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>4490</b>	<b>509</b>	<b>1396</b>	<b>1249</b>	<b>485</b>	<b>851</b>	<b>1019</b>

\*Source of data—Civil Aeronautics Administration.

(1)—Class I airports are for private owners of smaller type aircraft; Class II, private owners of largest type aircraft and feeder transport aircraft; Class III, present day transport aircraft; Classes IV and Over, largest aircraft now in use and those planned for immediate future.

(2)—Indicates Army, Navy, Army operated and Navy operated (latter two are municipal or commercial airports temporarily taken over by Army or Navy.)

(3)—Includes private and miscellaneous government airports.

(4)—Indicates airports which exist but do not come up to Class I standards.



# 14,000,000 Passengers Carried by Airlines in 1946

## Operation Statistics of Domestic Air Lines\*

(Operating in Continental United States)

(As of December 31 of each year)

	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946†
Operating companies, number of	17	16	17	16	16	16	20	20
Personnel employed	10,509	15,800	18,984	(1)26,447	30,349	31,094	50,470	.....
Airplanes in service and reserve	265	358	359	179	194	279	421	676
Passenger seats per plane—average	14.63	16.52	17.41	17.60	17.61	17.53	18	24
Average speed, miles-per-hour	153	155	159	159	160	162	163	.....
Miles flown, revenue	82,571,523	108,800,436	133,022,679	110,102,860	103,601,443	142,234,034	218,189,133	305,082,000
Passengers carried, total	1,876,051	2,959,480	4,060,545	3,551,833	3,454,040	4,668,466	7,793,875	14,089,519
Passenger miles flown(2) (000 omitted)	749,787	1,147,445	1,491,735	1,481,976	1,642,597	2,264,282	3,554,714	7,067,000
Express and freight carried (pounds)	9,514,229	12,506,176	19,209,671	39,968,765	57,543,591	66,011,669	90,017,200	149,118,000
Mail carried (ton miles)	8,584,891	10,035,632	12,900,405	21,066,627	35,927,042	50,904,986	64,955,466	.....
Gasoline consumed, gallons	46,554,856	64,906,284	80,757,892	68,030,246	63,908,388	88,143,732	134,824,120	292,637,434
Oil consumed, gallons	726,507	1,087,208	1,258,983	989,103	878,923	1,238,941	1,709,566	3,477,840

\*—Civil Aeronautics Administration.

(1)—Estimated.

(2)—One passenger one mile.

†—Partly Estimated.

## 94% Increase in Commercial and Municipal Airports

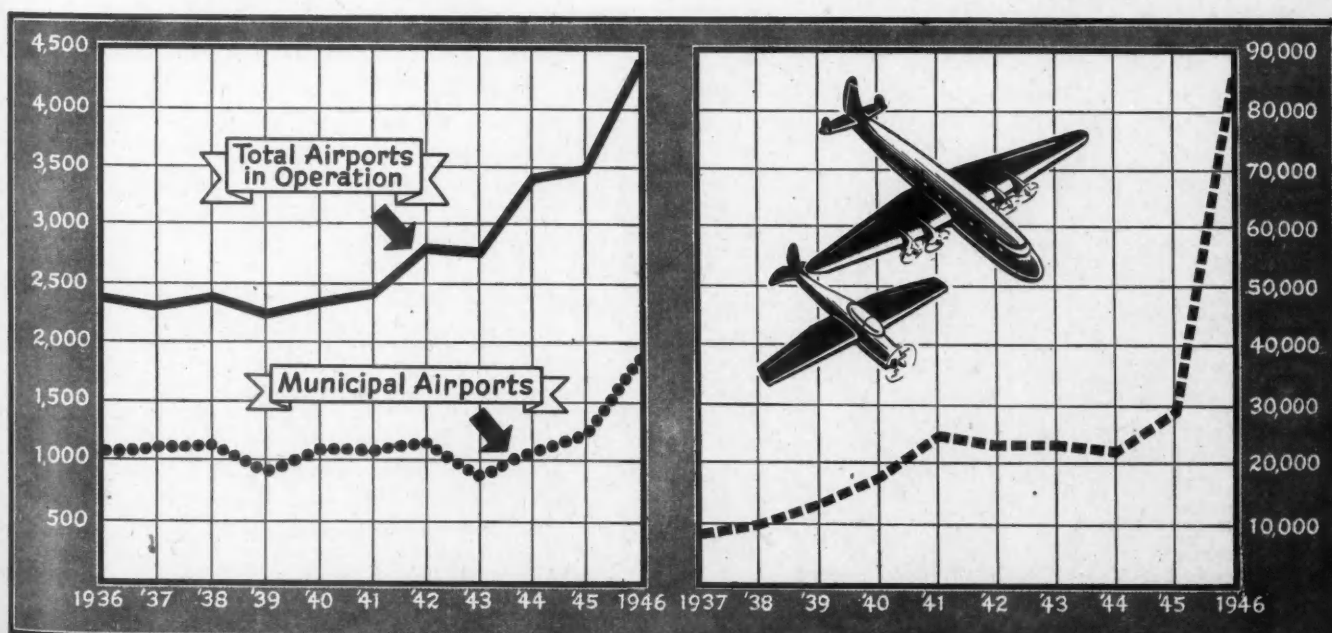
### Number of U. S. Airports and Landing Fields\*

(As of December 31 of each year)

	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946
Airports and landing fields										
Commercial	727	760	801	860	930	1,069	801	1,027	1,509	1,929
Municipal	1,053	1,092	963	1,031	1,086	1,129	914	1,067	1,220	1,424
Intermediate CAA—lighted	278	265	266	289	283	273	239	228	216	201
Intermediate CAA—unlighted	5	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	.....
Army, Navy, Marine Corps, reserve, private and miscellaneous airports	236	255	250	151	185	338	814	1,104	1,081	938
Total airports in operation	2,299	2,374	2,280	2,331	2,484	2,809	2,769	3,427	4,026	.....
Total lighted airports	720	719	735	776	662	700	859	964	1,007	4,490

\* Civil Aeronautics Administration.

## YEARLY TOTALS OF AIRPORTS IN USE CERTIFIED AIRCRAFT





# Aeronautic Exports

## U. S. Exports of Aeronautic Products, by Years, 1912-1946\*

	Aircraft		Aircraft Engines		Parts, Accessories and Equipment	Total Aeronautic Exports
	Number	Value	Number	Value	Value	Value
1912	29	\$105,805				\$105,805
1913	29	81,750			\$25,602	107,552
1914	34	188,924			37,225	226,149
1915	152	958,019			583,427	1,541,446
1916	269	2,158,395			4,843,610	7,002,005
1917	135	1,001,542			3,133,903	4,135,445
1918	61	768,720			18,017,781	18,786,501
1919	44	215,300			3,249,226	3,464,526
1920	65	598,274			554,375	1,152,649
1921	48	314,940			157,608	472,548
1922	37	156,630	147	\$72,819	265,481	494,930
1923	48	309,051	80	65,558	58,949	433,558
1924	59	412,738	146	219,609	165,926	798,273
1925	80	511,282	73	170,793	101,584	783,659
1926	50	303,149	297	573,732	150,329	1,027,210
1927	63	848,568	84	484,875	570,117	1,903,650
1928	162	1,759,653	179	664,826	1,240,244	3,664,723
1929	348	5,484,600	322	1,383,197	2,257,548	9,125,345
1930	321	4,819,669	376	1,634,985	2,363,456	8,818,110
1931	140	1,812,809	307	1,432,229	1,622,649	4,867,687
1932	280	4,358,967	2,356	1,517,682	1,756,421	7,946,533
1933	406	5,391,493	2,903	1,452,341	2,249,172	9,180,328
1934	490	8,195,484	1,009	4,458,701	4,860,567	17,522,938
1935	333	6,598,515	568	2,459,317	5,069,810	14,290,843
1936	527	11,601,893	933	5,182,469	6,060,483	23,143,203
1937	631	21,085,170	1,048	5,946,054	12,105,474	39,404,469
1938	876	37,977,924	1,309	7,899,844	21,948,982	68,227,689
1939	1,221	67,112,866	1,880	14,120,035	38,574,311	117,807,212
1940	3,531	196,265,646	4,986	49,873,823	65,732,004	311,871,473
1941	6,011	422,763,907	8,144	81,692,907	122,472,538	626,929,352
1942	14,603	882,247,253	14,603	160,575,340	352,123,928	1,394,946,521
1943	21,803	1,215,848,135	21,803	243,649,570	692,702,113	2,152,199,818
1944	25,751	1,578,004,313	25,751	335,081,201	1,034,571,203	2,947,656,717
1945	9,351	650,308,732	9,351	126,209,929	429,567,273	1,206,085,934
1946	2,302	65,257,749	2,490	11,851,372	40,826,129	114,935,250

\*Machinery and Metals Section, Office of International Trade, Department of Commerce.

## U. S. Exports of Aeronautic Products\*

### Segregated by Type of Product for 1942-1945

	1943		1944		1945		1946	
	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
Airplanes, civil	4,634	\$682,462,742	5,098	\$870,299,471	1,547	\$274,938,100	2,243	\$64,200,832
Bombers	5,687	376,477,847	6,128	424,536,378	3,844	242,497,660		
Fighters	424	84,819,185	737	12,199,830	42	1,812,751	16	12,800
Communication	669	5,035,711	1,732	197,910,234	1,238	116,472,444	2	215,932
Transports	2,439	67,052,650	2,768	72,958,400	550	14,587,777	46	828,495
Trainers	2	1,511	7,262	54,873,560	10	750		
Barrage balloons	42	1,188,339	680	13,291,021	59	1,041,174	54	33,493
Glider, lighter-than-air craft	21,803	213,649,570	25,751	335,081,201	9,351	126,209,929	2,490	11,851,372
Engines for aircraft		40,451,037		36,007,107		17,792,477		2,452,852
Engine Parts and Accessories (1)		126,189,612		147,542,402		69,703,731		10,372,784
Engine Parts, other	16,622	1,126,388	94,391	2,892,829	31,747	631,709	74,084	328,629
Parachutes		54,558		2,374,117		390,268		52,227
Parachute harness, fittings, etc.		633,794		1,434,183		281,984		20,600
Parachute parts and fittings, other		105,631,568		232,657,500		149,394,896		2,189,219
Instruments and parts	23,006	47,778,757	35,885	51,306,155	15,698	21,318,969	1,594	1,007,238
Propellers		30,776,528		33,173,201		14,400,615		767,593
Propeller parts and accessories		370,983		168,710		200,924		40,497
Life jackets and life rafts	1,568	31,586,009	1,206	63,501,550	12,748	14,753,164	1,364	892,895
Bomb rack and other controls		26,738,156		31,609,327		6,645,545		
Bomb sights	5,432	270,589,549	10,482	234,235,481	2,800	77,762,978		16,356,412
Parts and accessories, other, n.e.s.		2,360,378		125,034,775		53,716,716	2,119	3,272,070
Radio ground equipment		6,665,581	439	3,938,209	76	1,091,985		
Pilot Training apparatus and parts	687	382,603		94,939		428,331		
Photographs and blueprints		179,822		418,137		26,357		
Printed matter, n.e.s.								
Total—Exports		\$2,152,199,818		\$2,947,656,717		\$1,206,085,934		\$114,935,250

(1) Including carburetors, cowls, crankcases, cylinders, generators, magnetos, spark plugs, starters, superchargers and valves for use in aircraft engines.

\*Machinery and Metals Section, Office of International Trade, Department of Commerce.



# Current Passenger Car Price, Weight and Body Table

Following are two sets of car prices, at factory, as of the end of January, 1947. The list price which does not include federal taxes or handling charges is compared with the suggested delivered price at factory which includes federal taxes and handling charges where noted. All prices are for cars with standard equipment. State or local taxes, transportation and finance charges and optional equipment are extra.

BODY, MAKE AND MODEL	List Price at Factory without Federal Taxes	Federal Taxes	Delivered Price at Factory including Federal Taxes	Shipping Weight	BODY, MAKE AND MODEL	List Price at Factory without Federal Taxes	Federal Taxes	Delivered Price at Factory including Federal Taxes	Shipping Weight	BODY, MAKE AND MODEL	List Price at Factory without Federal Taxes	Federal Taxes	Delivered Price at Factory including Federal Taxes	Shipping Weight
<b>BUICK</b>					<b>DODGE</b>					<b>OLDSMOBILE* (Continued)</b>				
Series 40					DeLuxe					Series 68-8				
Sedan, 4d.	\$1468	\$87	\$1555	3720	Coupe	\$1229	\$68	\$1297	3146	Stat. Wagon	\$2228	\$147	\$2375	3900
Sedanet, 2d.	1413	84	1497	3670	Sedan, 2d.	1299	72	1371	3236	Conv. Coupe	1680	118	1798	3741
Series 50					Sedan, 4d.	1339	74	1413	3256	Club Coupe	1361	102	1463	3446
Sedan, 4d.	1689	98	1787	3910	Custom					Club Sedan	1367	103	1490	3453
Conv. Coupe	2052	117	2169	4050	Club Coupe	1384	76	1460	3241	Sedan, 4d.	1422	105	1527	3486
Sedanet, 2d.	1612	94	1706	3795	Conv. Coupe	1649	90	1739	3461	Series 78-8				
Estate Wagon	2422	137	2559	4170	Sedan, 4d.	1389	77	1466	3281	Club Sedan, Std.	1445	109	1554	3612
Series 70					Twn. Sedan	1444	80	1524	3331	Club Sedan, DeL.	1554	112	1666	3650
Sedan, 4d.	1949	111	2060	4385	Sedan, 4d., 7p.	1743	96	1839	3757	Sedan, 4d., Std.	1512	112	1624	3638
Conv. Coupe	2324	131	2455							Sedan, 4d., DeL.	1618	115	1733	3705
Sedanet, 2d.	1857	107	1964		<b>FORD†</b>					Series 98-8				
<b>CADILLAC*</b>					DeLuxe 6					Conv. Coupe	2040	141	2181	4049
Series 61					Coupe	1036	74	1110	3033	Club Sedan	1642	120	1762	3715
Club Coupe	1945	134	2079	4270	Tudor	1070	76	1146	3163	Sedan, 4d.	1690	122	1812	3795
Tour. Sedan	2060	143	2203	4270	Fordor	1154	80	1234	3213					
Series 62					Super DeL. 6					<b>PACKARD</b>				
Club Coupe	2161	150	2311	4385	Coupe	1125	78	1203	3033	Clipper Six				
Conv. Coupe	2567	174	2741	4385	Tudor	1135	79	1214	3163	Tour. Sedan	1656	87	1745	3495
Tour. Sedan	2230	156	2386	4385	Fordor	1195	82	1277	3233	Club Sedan	1610	85	1695	3450
Series 60					Sed. Coupe	1180	81	1261	3133	DeL. & Clipper				
Tour. Sedan	2924	202	3126	4500	Stat. Wagon	1468	97	1565	3467	Tour. Sedan	1850	97	1947	3670
Series 75					DeLuxe V8					Club Sedan	1800	95	1895	3625
Tour. Sedan, 5p.	4065	275	4340	5000	Coupe	1086	76	1162	3066	Super 8 Clipper				
Sedan, 7p.	4239	278	4517	5000	Tudor	1120	78	1198	3216	Tour. Sedan	2277	114	2391	3995
Imperial, 7p.	4422	289	4711	5000	Fordor	1204	83	1287	3246	Club Sedan	2230	112	2342	3950
Bus. Sedan, 8p.	3830	235	4065	5000	Super DeL. V8					Cus. Sup. 8 Clip.				
Bus. Imperial, 8p.	4111	277	4388	5000	Coupe	1175	81	1256	3066	Tour. Sedan	3119	155	3274	4060
<b>CHEVROLET</b>					Tudor	1220	83	1303	3216	Club Sedan	2992	148	3140	4000
Master DeLuxe					Fordor	1279	86	1365	3266	Limousine	4307	214	4521	4900
Town Sedan	1072	80	1152	3170	Sedan Coupe	1253	85	1338	3168	Sedan, 7p.	4151	206	4357	4670
Sport Sedan	1123	82	1205	3175	Conv. Club Cpe.	1436	95	1531	3268					
Bus. Coupe	1022	76	1098	3105	Sportsman	1921	120	2041	3366	<b>PLYMOUTH</b>				
Sport Coupe	1059	78	1137	3130	Stat. Wagon	1517	100	1617	3520	DeLuxe				
Special					<b>FRAZER</b>					Coupe, 3p.	1089	63	1152	2977
DeLuxe					Sedan, 4d.	2143	111	2254	3365	Club Coupe	1159	67	1226	3037
Town Sedan	1143	82	1225	3190	<b>HUDSON</b>					Sedan, 2d.	1124	65	1189	3047
Sport Sedan	1194	86	1280	3225	Super Six 171					Sedan, 4d.	1164	67	1231	3062
Stat. Wagon	1604	108	1712	3465	Sedan, 4d.	1491	83	1574	3110	Spec. DeLuxe				
Flt. Sedan	1222	87	1309	3240	Brougham	1449	81	1530	3055	Coupe, 3p.	1159	66	1225	2962
Sport Coupe	1130	82	1212	3145	Coupe, 3p.	1420	80	1500	2975	Club Coupe	1234	70	1304	3057
Cabriolet	1381	95	1476	3445	Club Coupe	1489	83	1572	3040	Conv. Coupe	1439	81	1520	3282
Aerosedan	1165	84	1249	3165	Conv. Brougham	1799	99	1898	3220	Sedan, 2d.	1199	69	1268	3052
<b>CHRYSLER</b>					Com. Six 172					Sedan, 4d.	1239	71	1310	3107
Royal-Six					Sedan, 4d.	1630	91	1721	3175	Stat. Wagon	1539	87	1626	3402
Coupe, 3p.	1431	79	1510	3373	Club Coupe	1625	90	1715	3090	<b>PONTIAC*</b>				
Club Coupe	1551	85	1636	3443	Super 8, 173					Streamliner 6				
Lux. Brghm.	1526	84	1610	3458	Sedan, 4d.	1598	88	1686	3260	Sedan Coupe	1359	104	1463	3405
Sedan, 4d., 6p.	1561	85	1646	3523	Club Coupe	1595	88	1683	3210	Sedan, 4d.	1407	107	1514	3460
Sedan, 4d., 8p.	1943	106	2049	3977	Com. Eight 174					Stat. Wagon	1992	138	2130	
Limousine	2063	113	2176	4022	Sedan, 4d.	1702	94	1796	3330	DeL. Sta. Wagon	2066	141	2207	3725
Windsor-Six					Club Coupe	1689	93	1782	3280	Torpedo 6				
Coupe, 3p.	1481	81	1562	3383	Conv. Brghm.	1965	107	2072	3435	Bus. Coupe	1217	96	1313	
Club Coupe	1601	88	1689	3448	<b>KAISER</b>					Sport Coupe	1251	98	1359	3300
Conv. Coupe	1881	101	1982	3693	Sedan, 4d.	1958	105	2063	3305	Sedan Coupe	1305	100	1405	3305
Lux. Brghm.	1591	87	1678	3468	<b>LINCOLN†</b>					Sedan, 2d.	1275	99	1374	3305
Sedan, 4d.	1611	88	1699	3528	Sedan, 4d.	2185	152	2337	4015	Sedan, 4d.	1331	102	1433	3330
Sedan, 8p.	1993	109	2102	3977	Cus. Sedan, 4d.	2327	159	2486	4015	Conv. Sed. Cpe.	1595	116	1711	3570
Limousine	2113	115	2228	4062	Club Coupe	2167	151	2318	3815	Streamliner 8				
Twn. & Ctry.					Cus. Club Cpe.	2309	158	2467	3815	Sedan, 4d.	1404	107	1511	3460
Sedan, 4d.	2366	128	2494	3917	Conv. Coupe	2704	179	2883	4245	Stat. Wagon	1432	109	1561	3520
Saratoga 8					Cont. Coupe	4125	267	4392	4125	DeL. Sta. Wagon	2037	140	2177	
Coupe, 3p.	1753	96	1849	3817	Cont. Cabriolet	4205	271	4476	4135	Torpedo 8	2111	143	2254	3795
Club Coupe	1846	101	1949	3892	<b>MERCURY†</b>					Bus. Coupe	1262	98	1360	
Lux. Brghm.	1838	100	1938		Sedan, 2d.	1404	97	1501	3268	Sport Coupe	1306	100	1406	3365
Sedan, 4d., 6p.	1863	101	1964	3872	Twn. Sedan, 4d.	1462	100	1562	3298	Sedan Coupe	1350	102	1452	3375
New Yorker 8					Sedan Coupe	1449	99	1548	3218	Conv. Sed. Cpe.	1640	118	1758	3645
Coupe, 3p.	1853	101	1954	3837	Club. Conv.	1654	110	1764	3368	Sedan, 2d.	1320	101	1421	3375
Club Coupe	1948	106	2054	3897	Sportsman	2128	135	2263	3435	Sedan, 4d.	1376	104	1480	3415
Conv. Coupe	2193	119	2312	4132	Stat. Wagon	1676	112	1788	3571	<b>STUDEBAKER*</b>				
Lux. Brghm.	1938	105	2043	3932	<b>NASH*</b>					Champion DeL.				
Sedan, 4d., 6p.	1963	107	2070	3987	600 Series					Sedan, 4d.	1292		1388	2735
Twn. & Ctry. 8					Sedan, 4d., Trk.	1270	94	1364	2786	Sedan, 2d.	1262		1356	2685
Sedan, 4d.	2718	148	2866	4332	Brougham, 2d.	1221	94	1315	2731	Coupe, 5p.	1267		1363	2670
Conv. Coupe	2743	146	2889		Sedan, 4d.	1226	94	1320	2826	Coupe, 3p.	1197		1288	2800
Crown Imp. 8					Ambassador					Champ. Reg. DeL.				
Limousine, 8p.	3875	204	4079	4614	Sedan, 4d., Trk.	1521	110	1631	3387	Sedan, 4d.	1362		1462	2700
<b>CROSLEY*</b>					Brougham, 2d.	1463	110	1573	3312	Sedan, 2d.	1332		1430	2710
Sedan, 2d.	849	56	905	1115	Sedan, 4d.	1479	110	1589	3412	Coupe, 5p.	1357		1456	2890
Convertible	949	62	1011	1110	Suburban	1917	132	2049	3522	Coupe, 3p.	1267		1362	2820
<b>DE SOTO</b>					<b>OLDSMOBILE*</b>					Commander DeL.				
DeLuxe					Series 66-6					Sedan, 4d.	1544		1657	3285
Coupe, 3p.	1331	73	1404	3302	Stat. Wagon	2175	144	2319	3770	Sedan, 2d.	1514		1626	3230
Club Coupe	1451	80	1531	3392	Conv. Coupe	1627	115	1742	3611	Coupe, 5p.	1539		1652	3210
Sedan, 2d.	1426	78	1504	3397	Club Coupe	1308	99	1407	3616	Coupe, 3p.	1449		1557	3140
Sedan, 4d., 6p.	1461	80	1541	3427	Club Sedan	1334	99	1433	3323	Comm. Reg. DeL.				
Custom					Sedan, 4d.	1369	102	1471	3356	Sedan, 4d.	1659		1776	3290
Club Coupe	1501	82	1583	3376	Series 76-6					Sedan, 2d.	1629		1747	3245
Conv. Coupe	1761	96	1857	3618	Club Sedan, Std.	1392	105	1497	3495	Coupe, 5p.	1654		1773	3225
Brougham	1491	82	1573	3423	Club Sedan, DeL.	1500	110	1610	3515	Coupe, 3p.	1504		1676	3156
Sedan, 4d., 6p.	1511	83	1594	3433	Sedan, 4d., Std.	1459	109	1568	3523	<b>WILLYS</b>				
Sedan, 4d., 7p.	1893	104	1997	3837	DeL.	1565	113	1678	3590	Station Wagon	1495			
Limousine	2013	110	2123											
Suburban	2193	120	2313	4012										

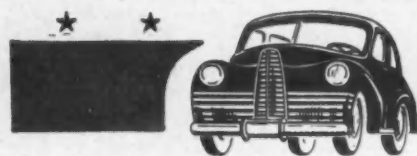
\*Federal Excise taxes and Delivered Price at Factory include dealer handling charges. †Preparation and conditioning charges and Federal taxes.

March 15, 1947

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Engineering Library





# AMERICAN

Line Number	PASSENGER CAR MAKE AND MODEL	Wheelbase (In.)	TREAD (In.)		OVERALL DIMENSIONS (In.)				Shipping Weight (Lb.) Cheapest 5 pass., 4 door Sedan or Equivalent	Price—Cheapest 5 pass., 4 door Sedan or Equivalent	Tire Size (In.)	Number of Cylinders, Bore and Stroke (In.)	Taxable Horsepower	Total Piston Displacement (Cu. In.)	ENGINE			
			Front	Rear	Length—Incl. Bumpers and Bumper Guards	Width	Height—Road to Roof—No Load	Max. Brake Hp. at Specified RPM							Max. Torque (Lb. Ft.) at Specified RPM			
								With Bare Engine							With Standard Accessories	With Bare Engine	With Standard Accessories	
1	Buick-Special	40	121	58½	61½	207½	77½	66½	3720	1555	6.50/16	8-3½x4½	30.6	248.0	110-3600	105-3500	206-2000	202-2000
2	Buick-Super	50	124	58½	61½	212½	78½	64½	3910	1787	6.50/16	8-3½x4½	30.6	248.0	110-3600	105-3500	206-2000	202-2000
3	Buick-Roadmaster	70	129	59½	62½	217½	78½	65½	4385	2060	7.00/15	8-3½x4½	37.8	320.2	144-3600	133-3300	276-2000	267-2000
4	Cadillac-V8	61	126	59	63	214½	80½	68½	4138	2203	7.00/15	8-3½x4½	39.2	346.0	150-3600	130-3200	274-1600	260-1700
5	Cadillac-V8	62	129	59	63	219½	80½	68½	4201	2386	7.00/15	8-3½x4½	39.2	346.0	150-3600	130-3200	274-1600	260-1700
6	Cadillac-V8	60	133	59	63	223½	80½	68½	4351	3126	7.00/15	8-3½x4½	39.2	346.0	150-3600	130-3200	274-1600	260-1700
7	Cadillac-V8	75	136	58½	62½	225½	82½	72	4836	4340	7.50/16	8-3½x4½	39.2	346.0	150-3600	130-3200	274-1600	260-1700
8	Chevrolet	Six	116	57½	60	197	73½	69½	3170	1152	6.00/16	6-3½x3½	29.4	216.5	90-3300	83-3200	174-2000	168-1100
9	Chrysler	C-38	121½	57	60½	208½	77½	66½	3523	1846	6.50/15	6-3½x4½	28.3	250.6	114-3600	104-3200	204-1200	192-1200
10	Chrysler	C-39	127½	57½	61½	214½	77½	66½	3972	1964	7.00/15	8-3½x4½	33.8	323.5	135-3400	125-3000	270-1600	260-1700
11	Chrysler	C-40	145½	57½	61½	234½	77½	66½	4814	3875	7.50/15	8-3½x4½	33.8	323.5	135-3400	125-3000	270-1600	260-1700
12	Crosley	CC-46	80	40	40	145	49	57	1115	905	4.50/12	4-2½x2½	10.0	44.0	26.5-5400	26.5-5400	33.5-3000	33.5-3000
13	De Soto	S-11	121½	57	60½	207½	75½	66½	3427	1541	6.50/15	6-3½x4½	28.3	236.6	109-3600	104-3200	192-1200	184-1200
14	Dodge	D-24	119½	57	60½	204½	74½	66½	3256	1413	6.00/16	6-3½x4½	25.3	230.2	102-3600	94-3400	184-1200	174-1200
15	Ford	6GA	114	58	60	198½	73½	69½	3213	1234	6.00/16	6-3.30x4.40	26.1	226.0	90-3300	80-3600	180-1200	175-1600
16	Ford	69A	114	58	60	198½	73½	69½	3246	1287	6.00/16	6-3½x3½	32.5	239.4	100-3600	89-3600	180-2000	175-1600
17	Frazer	F-47	123½	58	60	203	72½	64½	3365	2254	6.50/15	6-3½x4½	26.3	226.0	100-3600	100-3600	180-1400	175-1600
18	Hudson	171-172	121	56½	59½	207½	72½	66½	3110	1574	6.00/16	6-3x5	21.6	212.0	102-4000	102-4000	168-1200	168-1200
19	Hudson	173-174	121	56½	59½	207½	72½	66½	3260	1686	(a)	6-3x4½	28.8	254.0	128-4200	128-4200	198-1600	198-1600
20	Kaiser	K-100	123½	58	60	203	72½	66½	3305	2063	6.50/15	6-3½x4½	26.3	226.2	100-3600	100-3600	180-1400	175-1600
21	Lincoln	68H	125	59	60½	216	77½	67½	4015	2337	7.00/15	12-2½x3½	41.4	305.0	130-3600	125-3000	235-1800	235-1800
22	Mercury	68M	118	58	60	201.83	73½	69½	3298	1562	6.50/15	8-3½x3½	32.5	239.4	100-3600	89-3600	180-2000	175-1600
23	Nash	4740	112	56½	59½	199½	75½	68½	2786	1364	6.00/16	6-3½x3½	23.4	172.6	82-3800	82-3800	138-1600	138-1600
24	Nash	4760	121	57½	60½	208½	75½	69½	3367	1631	6.50/15	6-3½x4½	27.3	234.8	112-3400	112-3400	208-1600	208-1600
25	Oldsmobile	Spec. Series 66	119	58	61½	204	75½	66½	3356	1471	6.00/16	6-3½x4½	29.4	238.1	100-3400	94-3400	190-1200	185-1200
26	Oldsmobile	Dynamic Cruiser 6	125	58	61½	213	76	65½	3523	1568	6.50/16	6-3½x4½	29.4	238.1	100-3400	94-3400	190-1200	185-1200
27	Oldsmobile	Spec. Series 68	119	58	61½	204	75½	66½	3486	1827	6.50/15	8-3½x3½	33.8	257.1	110-3600	104-3600	210-2000	204-2000
28	Oldsmobile	Dynamic Cruiser 8	125	58	61½	213	76	65½	3638	1624	6.50/16	8-3½x3½	33.8	257.1	110-3600	104-3600	210-2000	204-2000
29	Oldsmobile	Cus. Crus. 8-98	127	58	61½	216	77½	64½	3793	1812	7.00/15	8-3½x3½	33.8	257.1	110-3600	104-3600	210-2000	204-2000
30	Packard	Six-2100	120	59½	60½	208½	76½	63½	3495	1745	6.50/15	6-3½x4½	29.4	245.3	105-3600	105-3600	192-2000	192-2000
31	Packard	Eight-2111	120	59½	60½	208½	76½	63½	3670	1947	6.50/15	8-3½x4½	33.8	282.0	125-3600	125-3600	230-2000	230-2000
32	Packard	Eight-2103-2106	127	59½	60½	215½	76½	64	3995	2391	7.00/15	8-3½x4½	39.2	356.0	165-3600	165-3600	292-2000	292-2000
33	Plymouth	P-15	117	57	60½	198½	73½	66½	3082	1231	6.00/16	6-3½x4½	25.3	217.8	95-3600	95-3600	172-1200	172-1200
34	Pontiac	Six-25	119	58	61½	204½	75½	66	3330	1433	6.00/16	6-3½x4	30.4	239.2	93.5-3400	87.5-3200	186-1400	186-1100
35	Pontiac	Six-26	122	58	61½	210½	76½	65½	3480	1514	6.50/16	6-3½x4	30.4	239.2	93.5-3400	87.5-3200	186-1400	186-1100
36	Pontiac	Eight-27	119	58	61½	204½	75½	66	3415	1480	6.00/16	8-3½x3½	33.8	248.9	107-3700	101-3600	192-2100	190-2000
37	Pontiac	Eight-28	122	58	61½	210½	76½	65½	3520	1561	6.50/16	8-3½x3½	33.8	248.9	107-3700	101-3600	192-2100	190-2000
38	Studebaker	8G	104	56½	54	192½	69½	60½	2735	1388	5.50/15	6-3x4	21.6	189.6	80-4000	80-4000	134-2000	134-2000
39	Studebaker	14A	104	55	54	192½	69½	61½	3265	1657	6.50/15	6-3½x4½	26.3	226.2	94-3600	94-3600	176-1600	176-1600
40	Willis	Station Wagon	104	55½	57	174½	68	71			6.00/15	4-3½x4½	15.6	134.2	63-4000	63-4000	105-2000	105-2000

## ABBREVIATIONS

- †—All weights are shipping weights of cheapest 5 pass., 4 door sedan plus 500 lb. for passengers and all fluids
- ‡—Based on Hp with accessories unless otherwise noted
- ††—Based on bare engine Hp.
- †††—Computed on basis of displacement, rear axle ratio, effective tire diameter and

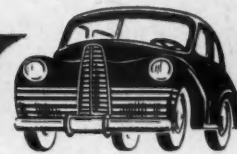
- shipping weights of cheapest 5 pass., 4 door sedan plus 500 pounds
- ‡—Computed on basis of tire revolutions per mile in conjunction with rear axle ratio of cheapest 5 pass., 4 door sedan.
- Lower bearing size
- †—With load
- ††—Wheelbase 119" and 123", bumper to bumper 204 1/2" and 208 1/2"

- Width of Ring No. 1 is .093 Ring No. 2 width .123
- 1/2—Semi-floating
- 3/4—Three quarter floating
- (1)—Champion Y4A or AC104
- A—The Electric Auto-Lite Co.
- (a)—Model 53—6.00/16; Model 54—6.50/15
- AC—AC Spark Plug Co.
- AL—Aluminum

- Ala—Aluminum Alloy
- Aln—Aluminum, Anodized Finish
- At—Aluminum, tin plated
- CA—Continental Diamond Fibre or Alum. Co. of America
- CD—Continental Diamond Fibre
- ch—Chain
- Ch—Champion Spark Plug Co.
- Cna—Chrome Nickel Alloy



# PASSENGER CARS



Standard Compression Ratio (to-1)	ENGINE						VALVES						RINGS		Crank Pin Journal	Gear Shift Type	Spark Plug—Make and Model	Electrical System—Make	Battery—Make	REAR AXLE				Line Number						
	Com-pression Pressure	At what RPM	Weight per Cu. In.† 5 pass., 4 door Sedan	Weight per Hp—5 pass., 4 door Sedan.†	Hp per Cu. In.†	Performance Factor††	Crankshaft Revolutions per Mile‡	Valve Arrangement	Valve Seat Inserts (Exhaust)	Intake		Exhaust		Piston Material						Number and Width Compression	Number and Width Oil	Camschaft Drive—Make and Type	Number of Main Bearings		Diameter (In.)	Length (In.)	Type	Final Drive	Torque Medium	Gear Ratio (In. High)
										Head Diameter (In.)	Seat Angle (Deg.)	Head Diameter (In.)	Seat Angle																	
6.30	135	1000	17.01	40.19	.42	36.9	3240	I	N	1.53	45	1.34	45	Ala	2-1/2	2-1/2	LB-ch	5	2	1 1/2	Man	AC-48	D	Del	1/2	Hyp	TT	4.45	1	
6.30	135	1000	17.78	42.00	.42	35.2	3240	I	N	1.53	45	1.34	45	Ala	2-1/2	2-1/2	LB-ch	5	2	1 1/2	Man	AC-48	D	Del	1/2	Hyp	TT	4.45	2	
6.60	140	1000	15.25	36.72	.41	37.8	2980	I	N	1.78	45	1.43	45	Ala	2-1/2	2-1/2	LB-ch	5	2 1/4	1 1/2	Man	AC-48	D	Del	1/2	Hyp	TT	4.10	3	
7.25	182	1000	13.39	35.68	.37	39.6	2740	L	N	1.88	45	1.63	45	Aln	2-1/2	1-1/2	Own-ch	3	2.46	2.29	(1)	AC-104	D	Del	1/2	Hyp	Sp	3.77	4	
7.25	182	1000	13.59	36.15	.37	39.2	2740	L	N	1.88	45	1.63	45	Aln	2-1/2	1-1/2	Own-ch	3	2.46	2.29	(1)	AC-104	D	Del	1/2	Hyp	Sp	3.77	5	
7.25	182	1000	14.00	37.30	.37	37.8	2740	L	N	1.88	45	1.63	45	Aln	2-1/2	1-1/2	Own-ch	3	2.46	2.29	(1)	AC-104	D	Del	1/2	Hyp	Sp	3.77	6	
7.25	182	1000	15.40	41.00	.37			L	N	1.88	45	1.63	45	Aln	2-1/2	1-1/2	Own-ch	3	2.46	2.29	(1)	AC-104	D	Del	1/2	Hyp	Sp	4.27	7	
6.50			16.95	44.21	.38	34.9	3050	I	N	1.64	30	1.46	30	CT	2-1/2	1-1/2	Var-ge	4	2.31	1.49	(2)	AC-M8	D	Del	1/2	Hyp	TT	4.11	8	
6.60	160	1000	16.05	35.29	.40†	35.5	2925	L		1.71	45	1.53	45	Ala	2-0.93	2-1.56	....-ch	4	2.12*	1.21*	(3)	A-14 mm	A	Wil	1/2	Hyp	Sp	3.90	9	
6.70	160	1000	13.82	33.10	.42†	39.8	2835	L		1.53	45	1.34	45	Ala	2-0.93	2-1.56	....-ch	6	2.18*	1.12*	(3)	A-14 mm	A	A	1/2	Hyp	Sp	3.91	10	
6.70	160	1000	16.42	39.40	.42†		2477	L		1.53	45	1.34	45	Ala	2-0.93	2-1.56	....-ch	6	2.18*	1.12*	(4)	A-14 mm	A	A	1/2	Hyp	Sp	3.96	11	
7.50	135	260	32.10		.60			I	N	1.17	45	1.04	45	Al	2-0.02	1-0.93	Own-ge	5	1.37	.870		Man	A-A-7	A	A	1/2	SB	TT	5.17	12
6.60	160	1000	16.59	36.00	.40†	34.0	2925	L		1.71	45	1.53	45	Ala	2-0.93	2-1.56	....-ch	4	2.12*	1.21	(3)			Wil	1/2	Hyp	Sp	3.90	13	
6.70	155	1000	16.31	36.80	.44†	36.2	3054	L		1.53	45	1.40	45	Ala	2-0.93	2-1.56	....-ch	4	2.06*	1.00		Man		A	1/2	Hyp	Sp	4.10	14	
6.70			16.42		.40†	33.1	2800	L	N	1.65	45	1.51	45	Ala	2-....	2-....	Own-ge	4				Man	Ch-....	Own	A	1/2	SB	TT	3.78	15
6.75	160	2400	15.64	42.06	.37	32.6	2625	L	N	1.50	45	1.50	45	At	2-0.91	2-1.54	Own-ge	3	2.14	1.75		Man	Ch-H10	Own	A	1/2	SB	Rr	3.54	16
7.30			17.10	38.65	.44†	36.4	3205	L	N	1.51	30	1.32	45	Ala	2-0.93	2-1.55	....-ch	4	2.06	1.31		Man	Ch-....	A	A	1/2	Hyp	Sp	4.27	17
6.50	120	125	17.02	35.39	.48	34.8	3045	L	N	1.37	45	1.37	45	Ala	2-0.93	2-(e)	CA-ge	3	1.93	1.37	(5)	Ch-J-9	A	Nat	1/2	SB	Sp	4.11	18	
6.50	119	125	14.80	29.37	.50	40.0	3045	L	N	1.50	45	1.37	45	Ala	2-0.93	2-(e)	CA-ge	5	1.93	1.37	(5)	Ch-J-9	A	Nat	1/2	SB	Sp	4.11	19	
6.86			16.82	38.05	.44†	35.6	3065	L		1.51	30	1.37	45	At	2-0.93	2-1.55	....-ch	4	2.06	1.31		Man			1/2	Hyp	Sp	4.09	20	
7.20	167	2400	14.80	34.75	.43†	40.1	3065	L	Y	1.53	45	1.53	45	CS	2-0.93	1-1.87	Own-ge	4	2.25	1.75		Man	Ch-H-10	Own	Var	1/2	Hyp	Rr	4.22	21
6.75	160	2400	15.86	42.67	.37	32.0	2658	L	Y	1.50	45	1.50	45	At	2-0.91	2-1.54	Own-ge	3	2.14	1.75		Man	Ch-H-10	Own	Var	1/2	SB	TT	3.54	22
7.10	120	350	19.04	40.10	.48†	30.9*	3040	L	N	1.46	44	1.28	44	At	2-0.93	1-1.86	Own-ch	4	1.87	1.25		Man	A-A-5	A	A	1/2	Hyp	TT	4.10	23
7.02	125	350	16.55	34.75	.48†	36.2	3070	I	N	1.75	44	1.46	44	At	2-1.24	2-1.55	Own-ch	7	2.00	1.42		Man	AC-44	A	A	1/2	Hyp	Sp	4.10	24
6.50	115	100	16.19	41.02	.39	38.2	3199	L	N	1.56	30	1.42	45	Ala	2-0.93	2-1.87	Whi-ch	4	2.12	1.25	(1)	AC-48	D	Del	1/2	Hyp	SA	4.30	25	
6.50	115	100	16.90	42.80	.39	39.3	3290	L	N	1.56	30	1.42	45	Ala	2-0.93	2-1.87	Whi-ch	4	2.12	1.25	(1)	AC-48	D	Del	1/2	Hyp	SA	4.55	26	
6.50	107	100	15.50	38.33	.40	40.5	3234	L	N	1.56	30	1.42	45	Ala	2-0.93	2-1.87	LB-ch	5	2.12	1.25	(1)	AC-48	D	Del	1/2	Hyp	SA	4.30	27	
6.50	107	100	16.17	39.78	.40	37.6	3109	L	N	1.56	30	1.42	45	Ala	2-0.93	2-1.87	LB-ch	5	2.12	1.25	(1)	AC-48	D	Del	1/2	Hyp	SA	4.30	28	
6.50	107	100	16.70	41.28	.40	38.3	3308	L	N	1.56	30	1.42	45	Ala	2-0.93	2-1.87	LB-ch	5	2.12	1.25	(1)	AC-48	D	Del	1/2	Hyp	SA	4.65	29	
6.71			16.28	38.05	.43†	38.5	3125	L		1.59	30	1.37	45	Ala	2-1/2	1-1.86	MR-ch	4	2.09	1.25	(6)	(1)	D-A	W-A	1/2	Hyp	Sp	4.30	30	
6.85			14.79	33.35	.44†	40.5	3075	L		1.48	30	1.37	45	Ala	2-1/2	1-1.86	MR-ch	5	2.09	1.25	(6)	(1)	A	W-A	1/2	Hyp	Sp	4.10	31	
6.85			12.63	27.20	.46†	43.8	2850	L		1.67	30	1.43	45	Ala	2-1/2	1-1.86	MR-ch	9	2.25	1.37	(6)	(1)	A	W-A	1/2	Hyp	Sp	3.92	32	
6.60	150	1000	16.45	37.70	.44†	34.1	2902	L	Y	1.53	45	1.40	45	Ala	2-0.93	2-1.56	....-ch	4	2.12*	1.00		Man		A	1/2	Hyp	Sp	3.90	33	
6.50	160	1000	16.01	43.77	.37	36.8	3040	L	N	1.59	30	1.46	45	Cna	2-0.93	1-1.87	Mor-ch	4	2.12	1.28		Man	AC-45	D	Del	1/2	Hyp	Sp	4.10	34
6.50	160	1000	16.55	45.25	.37	36.5	3125	L	N	1.59	30	1.46	45	Cna	2-0.93	1-1.87	Mor-ch	4	2.12	1.28		Man	AC-45	D	Del	1/2	Hyp	Sp	4.30	35
6.50	158	1000	15.72	38.76	.41	37.4	3040	L	N	1.46	30	1.34	45	Cna	2-0.93	1-1.87	Mor-ch	5	2.00	1.06		Man	AC-45	D	Del	1/2	Hyp	Sp	4.10	36
6.50	158	1000	16.15	39.80	.41	37.4	3125	L	N	1.46	30	1.34	45	Cna	2-0.93	1-1.87	Mor-ch	5	2.00	1.06		Man	AC-45	D	Del	1/2	Hyp	Sp	4.30	37
6.50	105	150	19.07	40.40	.47†	32.9	3245	L	N	1.34	45	1.28	45	Lyn	2-0.93	1-1.56	CD-ge	4	1.81	1.12		Man	Ch-J-7	A	Wil	1/2	Hyp	Sp	4.10	38
6.50	105	150	16.64	40.10	.42†	35.9	3070	L	N	1.46	45	1.28	45	Lyn	2-0.93	1-1.87	CD-ge	4	2.18	1.37		Man	Ch-J-7	A	Wil	1/2	Hyp	Sp	4.09	39
6.48	110	160						L	N	1.53	45	1.46	45	Ala	2-1/2	1-1/2	....-ge					Man	A-AN7	A	W-A	1/2	Hyp		4.88	40

Co—Cast steel  
CS—Copper-Silicon Steel  
Ct—Cast iron, tin plated  
D—Delco-Remy Div.  
D-A—Delco or Auto-Lite  
Del—Delco  
ge—Gear  
Hyp—Hypoid gear I—In-head (valves)  
L—L-Head (valves)  
LB—Link-Belt Co.

Lyn—Lynite Man—Manual  
Mor—Morse Chain Co.  
MR—Morse or Ramsey chain  
N—No or None  
Nat—National Battery Co.  
Rr—Radius rods  
SA—Stabilizing arm  
SB—Spiral Bevel  
Sp—Through rear springs

TT—Through Torque Tube  
W-A—Willard SW-ID-100 or Auto-Lite  
P-15-ZR  
Whi—Whitney  
Wil—Willard Storage Battery Co. Y—Yes  
(1)—Hydra-Matic Drive—full automatic—hydraulically operated—at extra cost.  
(2)—Bendix vacuum assist—standard equipment

(3)—Semi-automatic transmission and fluid coupling—at extra cost  
(4)—Semi-automatic transmission (hydraulically operated) and fluid coupling as standard equipment  
(5)—Vacuum electric shift at extra cost  
(6)—Electromatic Drive—vacuum electric shift—at extra cost





# TRUCK SPECIFICATIONS TABLE

## OF CURRENT PRODUCTION MODELS

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### Key to Definitions, References and Abbreviations

#### DEFINITIONS

**MAKE AND MODEL**  
Only Domestic Truck Models are listed.

#### OPTIONAL UNITS

For the express purpose of best fitting the truck to the individual job most of the models listed can be provided with optional engines, transmissions, axles, etc., and these models when so equipped, are considered standard stock models.

#### CHASSIS LIST PRICE

The chassis list price applies to the minimum standard wheelbase with standard tires and standard equipment. All prices are F.O.B. factory. Chassis list price does not include the price of the Cab unless otherwise noted.

#### RECOMMENDED GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT FOR NORMAL SERVICE

The Gross Weights published here-with are those supplied by manufacturers as their Recommended Gross Vehicle Weights for Normal Operating Conditions, and are based upon the Maximum authorized Tire

Size listed. In actual practice the manufacturer may either increase or decrease the gross vehicle weight rating when either favorable or unfavorable operating conditions are involved. Since the proper performance of a motor truck depends upon many factors, including grades, road conditions, etc., the gross weight that a manufacturer is prepared to recommend will vary with particular conditions, and the manufacturer's own standard of safety factors. Specific recommendations, therefore, should be obtained from the manufacturer's representative.

#### CHASSIS WEIGHT

The chassis weight listed includes the weight of the minimum standard wheelbase chassis, with conventional equipment, with crankcase and cooling system full, and 5 gallons of fuel in the tank. It does not include the weight of the Cab. This applies to C.O.E. as well as conventional chassis types. Exceptions are noted.

#### STANDARD TIRE SIZE

The standard tire size listed is that which is included in the Chassis List Price.

#### MAXIMUM AUTHORIZED TIRE SIZE

The tire size listed in this column is the maximum size recommended by the manufacturer of the chassis for the Gross Vehicle Weight for Normal Operating Conditions. It is furnished at extra cost, if it differs from the standard size. Dual rears are understood; exceptions noted.

#### MINIMUM STANDARD WHEELBASE

The minimum standard wheelbase is the so-called standard wheelbase on which the Chassis List Price is based.

#### MAXIMUM STANDARD WHEELBASE

The maximum standard wheelbase is the extreme end of the standard range of wheelbase offered by the chassis maker.

#### MAXIMUM BRAKE HP.

Maximum Brake Horsepower at Given R.P.M. is actual dynamometer reading without accessories.

**GEAR RATIO RANGE**  
Gear Ratio Range in High—Ratios within the range given are available at no extra cost. Exceptions are noted.

#### TRACTORS

Unless given the designation (N)—meaning not available as a tractor—all standard models may be assumed to be available as tractors. Exclusively Tractor models are designated (T).

#### KEY TO REFERENCES

(a)—Available with Eaton Two-Speed Axle designated KS Models.  
(b) Current models will include, at additional cost, certain items not considered standard equipment. These items are included in the specifications and are listed below—  
Model K-6, oversize transmission;  
Model K-7 and K-8, oversize engines and brakes; Model K-10, oversize engine, transmission and brakes;  
Model K-11, oversize engine and transmission; Models K-12 and K-13, oversize engine and brakes.  
(c)—Available with Eaton Two-Speed Axle designated KS Models.  
(d) Current models will include, at additional cost, certain items not considered standard equipment. These items are included in the specifications and are listed below—  
Model K-6, oversize transmission;  
Model K-7 and K-8, oversize engines and brakes; Model K-10, oversize engine, transmission and brakes;  
Model K-11, oversize engine and transmission; Models K-12 and K-13, oversize engine and brakes.

(2) International Harvester—Specifications shown represent only the basic standard chassis units and standard chassis ratings in keeping with definitions established by Commercial Car Journal. Optional units not shown such as engines, clutches, transmissions, axles or axle ratios,

#### MAKES—ALL

B—Bendix  
BL—Brown-Lope  
Bu or Bud—Buda  
BW—Bendix-Westinghouse  
C—Chevrolet  
Cl or Cla—Clark  
Con—Continental  
Cum—Cummins-Diesels  
Eat—Eaton  
Fu—Fuller  
H—Hotchkiss  
Her—Hercules  
L—Lockheed  
LW—Lockheed front, Wagner "hi-Tork" rear  
M—Midland  
N.P.—New Process  
O or Opt—Optional  
Sh—Shutler  
Sp—Spicer  
T—Timken  
TW—Timken-Westinghouse  
WG—Wagner Gear  
Wau—Waukesha

#### W or Wis—Wisconsin.

W—Westinghouse  
WW—Westinghouse or Wagner

#### BRAKES—SERVICE

**Location**  
4—Four Wheels, front and rear.  
4r—Four Wheels, rear only.

#### Type

I—Internal  
X—External

#### Operation

A—Air  
H—Hydraulic  
V—Vacuum  
Dp—Dual Primary

#### BRAKES—HAND

#### Location

C—Center of double propeller shaft.  
2—Rear wheels.  
4—Four wheels.  
6—Six wheels.  
F—Back of Power Divider.

#### FRAME

J—Jackshaft.  
T—Transmission.  
F—Driveshaft.

#### Type

C—Channel.  
I—Channel tapered front and rear.  
L—Channel reinforced with liner.  
M—Mechanical.  
N—External.  
PD—Two drums on rear of power divider.

#### BRAKE DRUMS

**Material**  
a—Cast alloy iron.  
A—American Car Foundry.  
CI—Cast iron.  
Co—Copper iron.  
D—Dayton.  
E—Ermalite.  
G—Gumite.  
N—Nickel iron.  
S—Steel.  
(Where a combination of any of the above is used, the first reference mark applies to the front and the second to the rear drums.)

#### F—Full-floating.

Hy—Hypoid.  
d—Dual range axle.  
2—Double Reduction.  
S—Spiral bevel.  
W—Worm.  
3/4—Three Quarters Floating.  
1/2—Semi-Floating  
T—Torque Tube

#### GEAR RATIOS

(\*\*) Only one ratio.

#### Drive and Torque

H—Hotchkiss (springs).  
R—Radius Rods.  
I—Parallel Torque Rods  
T—Torque Arm.

#### WHEELS DRIVEN

2F—Forward unit of Rear Axle Group.  
2R—Rear Unit of Rear Axle Group.  
4R—Forward and rear units of Rear Axle Group.  
6—All wheels.

### CURRENT TRUCK SPECIFICATIONS

WHEEL- BASE	TIRE SIZES	ENGINE DETAILS	REAR AXLE	FRONT AXLE	BRAKES	FRAME



~~CURRENT TRUCK SPECIFICATIONS~~

Line Number	MAKE AND MODEL	TIRE SIZES			ENGINE DETAILS					TRANSMISSION		REAR AXLE		FRONT AXLE		BRAKES		FRAME																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
		Standard	Dual rear S-single rear	Maximum (Pneumatic)	Chassis Weight (See definition)	Gross Vehicle Weight for Normal Service	Minimum Standard	Maximum Standard	No. of Cylinders, Bore and Stroke	Displacement	Comp. Ratio	Torque lb. ft.	H.P. at R.P.M.	Main Bearings	Governor Standard	Make and Model	Forward Spds		Make and Model	Gear and Type	Drive X Torque	Change in High	Make and Model	Type	C-A Dimensions (Min. Std. W.B.)	Type																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																						

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**WATER USED ON ROAD**

? Front only: Rear 6.50/208 ♦ Or CBJXB 6-3 1/4 14%

- Rear 1.00/105

1. The first part of the paper is devoted to the study of the asymptotic behavior of the solutions of the system of equations (1) as  $\epsilon \rightarrow 0$ . It is shown that the solutions of the system (1) converge to the solutions of the system (2) in the sense of the weak convergence of measures. The second part of the paper is devoted to the study of the asymptotic behavior of the solutions of the system (1) as  $\epsilon \rightarrow 0$ . It is shown that the solutions of the system (1) converge to the solutions of the system (2) in the sense of the weak convergence of measures.

100



**CURRENT TRUCK SPECIFICATIONS—continued**

[illegible]



\* Auxiliary transmission, Spicer 70387, three forward speeds.  
\* Auxiliary transmission, Spicer 70387, three forward speeds.  
\* Auxiliary transmission, Spicer 70387, three forward speeds.

\* Diameter front 2.343, center 2.375, three forward speeds.  
\* Diameter front 2.343, center 2.375, three forward speeds.  
\* Diameter front 2.343, center 2.375, three forward speeds.

\* Auxiliary transmission, Spicer 70387, three forward speeds.  
\* Auxiliary transmission, Spicer 70387, three forward speeds.  
\* Auxiliary transmission, Spicer 70387, three forward speeds.

# CURRENT TRUCK SPECIFICATIONS—continued

Line Number	MAKE AND MODEL	WHEEL-BASE		TIRE SIZES		ENGINE DETAILS				TRANSMISSION		REAR AXLE		FRONT AXLE		BRAKES		FRAME															
		Minimum Standard	Maximum Standard	Gross Vehicle Weight For Normal Service	Chassis Weight (See definition)	Standard Rear and S-angle rear	D-dual rear S-angle rear	Chassis Lst Price	Make and Model	No. of Cylinders Bore and Stroke	Displacement	Comp. Ratio	Torque lb. ft.	Max. Brake H.P. at R.P.M.	Number, Diameter and Length	Governor Standard	Make and Model	Forward Spds	Make and Model	Gear and Type	Drive & Torque	Gear Ratio	Range in High	Make and Model	Location Type	Operation	Lining Area	Drum Area	Drum Material	Hand Location	C-A Dimensions (Min. Std. W. B.)	Side Rail Dimensions	Type
1	Intern'l Conv'd	135	177	13500	3630/6.50/20D	8.25/20																											
2	KB-6	162	177	14500	4530/7.50/20D	8.25/20																											
3	KB-6	162	177	16500	4960/7.50/20D	9.00/20																											
4	KB-6	162	177	19500	5460/7.50/20D	9.00/20																											
5	KB-10	162	177	22500	6310/10.00/20D	12.00/20																											
6	KB-10	162	177	25000	7310/10.00/20D	12.00/20																											
7	KB-10	162	177	27500	8310/10.00/20D	12.00/20																											
8	KB-12	162	177	25000	9950/11.00/20	12.00/20																											
9	KB-12	162	177	28500	12140/10.00/20	11.00/22																											
10	Kenworth (D) . 521	161	215	35000	12900/10.00/20	11.00/22																											
11	(D) . 522	167	215	35000	12900/10.00/20	11.00/22																											
12	(D) . 587	167	215	30000	10130/10.00/20	11.00/22																											
13	Mar. Her. . DVL-1	90	118	8200	4200/7.50/168	8.25/188																											
14	Reo . . . 10A	125	125	14000	4540/7.50/20	8.25/20																											
15	10A	125	125	14000	4540/7.50/20	8.25/20																											
16	10C	125	125	14000	4540/7.50/20	8.25/20																											
17	21T	130	130	18000	4380/9.00/20	9.00/20																											
18	21B	130	130	18000	4380/9.00/20	9.00/20																											
19	21C	130	130	18000	4380/9.00/20	9.00/20																											
20	21C	130	130	18000	4380/9.00/20	9.00/20																											
21	21C	130	130	18000	4380/9.00/20	9.00/20																											
22	21C	130	130	18000	4380/9.00/20	9.00/20																											
23	21C	130	130	18000	4380/9.00/20	9.00/20																											
24	21C	130	130	18000	4380/9.00/20	9.00/20																											
25	21C	130	130	18000	4380/9.00/20	9.00/20																											
26	21C	130	130	18000	4380/9.00/20	9.00/20																											
27	21C	130	130	18000	4380/9.00/20	9.00/20																											
28	21C	130	130	18000	4380/9.00/20	9.00/20																											
29	21C	130	130	18000	4380/9.00/20	9.00/20																											
30	21C	130	130	18000	4380/9.00/20	9.00/20																											
31	Sterling	148	175	24000	9150/9.00/20	11.00/20																											
32	HD97	148	175	24000	9150/9.00/20	11.00/20																											
33	HD105	148	175	24000	9150/9.00/20	11.00/20																											
34	HD115	148	175	24000	9150/9.00/20	11.00/20																											
35	HD15H	158	185	32000	11950/10.00/20	12.00/24																											
36	HD15H	158	185	32000	11950/10.00/20	12.00/24																											
37	HD15H	158	185	32000	11950/10.00/20	12.00/24																											
38	HD15H	158	185	32000	11950/10.00/20	12.00/24																											
39	HD15H	158	185	32000	11950/10.00/20	12.00/24																											
40	HD15H	158	185	32000	11950/10.00/20	12.00/24																											
41	HD15H	158	185	32000	11950/10.00/20	12.00/24																											
42	HD15H	158	185	32000	11950/10.00/20	12.00/24																											
43	HD15H	158	185	32000	11950/10.00/20	12.00/24																											
44	HD15H	158	185	32000	11950/10.00/20	12.00/24																											
45	HD15H	158	185	32000	11950/10.00/20	12.00/24																											
46	HD15H	158	185	32000	11950/10.00/20	12.00/24																											
47	Studebaker . M5	133	133	4500	2120/6.50/168	6.50/168																											
48	M16A-20	130	120	7800	4000/7.00/178	7.00/178																											
49	M16A-20	130	120	7800	4000/7.00/178	7.00/178																											
50	M16A-20	130	120	7800	4000/7.00/178	7.00/178																											
51	M16(2-Sp)	128	195	15000	4000/7.00/20D	8.25/20																											
52	Trucksell(C) F18-6	140	194	18500	4265/7.50/20"	10.00/20																											
53	(C) F18-6	108	166	19500	4265/7.50/20"	10.00/20																											



## CURRENT TRUCK SPECIFICATIONS—continued

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### 4—Hydraulic Coupling.

### Chassis Weights on Duals Front, Center and Rear

9031

Includes Club

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# AMERICAN

Line Number	BUS MAKE AND MODEL	GENERAL							ENGINE										Oiling System			
		Passenger Rating	Type (City Service, Parlor, etc.)	Standard Wheelbase (In.)	Overall Length (In.)—Bumper to Bumper	Inside Length (In.)—Passenger Compartment	Tread (In.)—Front and Rear	Complete Vehicle Weight—Dry (Lb.)	Standard Tire Size (In.)—Front and Rear	Make and Model	Cycle and Fuel	Location	Number of Cylinders—Bore and Stroke (In.)	Displacement (Cu. In.)	Rated Horsepower (A.M.A.)	Maximum Brake Hp. at Governed R.P.M.	Maximum Net Torque (Lb. Ft.) at Specified R.P.M.	Compression Ratio—to 1		Compression Pressure—(Lb.) at Specified R.P.M.	Valve Arrangement	Pressure to—
1	A. C. F. (1).....IC-41	37-41	Par	270	420	408½	79½-71	19500	11.00/22	HS.....190	4-G	UF	6-5½x6	779	66.0	214-2200	590-1200	5.40	.....	I	acd	
2	A. C. F. ....C-36	36	CS	198½	389½	358½	79½-71	14300	10.00/20	HS.....138	4-G	UF	6-4½x5	477	49.0	142-2400	340-1200	5.50	.....	I	acd	
3	A. C. F. ....C-44	44	CS	249	420	407	79½-71	18000	11.00/20	HS.....180	4-G	UF	6-5x6	707	60.0	200-2200	525-1200	6.00	.....	I	acd	
4	Aerocoach (2).....P47-37	37	Par	229	396	378	80½-72½	15800	10.00/20	Int. RED450	4-G	TR	6-4½x5	451	45.9	147-2500	380-1200	6.30	122-160	I	abedf	
5	Aerocoach.....P47-41	41	Par	261	420	405½	79½-70½	20000	11.00/20	Cont. R6572	4-G	TR	6-4½x5½	572	54.2	210-2500	500-1400	6.75	140-200	I	abedf	
6	Aerocoach.....T47-36	36	CS	210½	367	352	79½-73	13000	10.00/20	Cont. R6513	4-G	TR	6-4½x5½	513	48.6	160-2500	375-1400	5.92	130-200	I	abedf	
7	Aerocoach.....T47-40	40	CS	239½	396	381	79½-70½	13500	11.00/20	Cont. R6572	4-G	TR	6-4½x5½	572	54.2	210-2500	500-1400	6.75	140-200	I	abedf	
8	Avenue (14).....AG3101	31-33	CS	172½	349	247½	80½-69½	13280	9.00/20	Chr.....IND11	4-G	R	6-3½x5	331	.....	124-3200	280-(aa)	6.65	100-115	L	acd	
9	Avenue.....AG2701	27-29	CS	153½	321½	220	80½-69½	12170	8.25/20	Chr.....IND 8	4-G	R	6-3½x4½	251	.....	114-3600	202-(bb)	6.60	100-125	L	acd	
10	Beaver (3).....B-31PT	33	CS	164	331	169	79½-69½	11900	8.25/20	Int. RED361	4-G	R	6-4½x4½	361	44.0	128-2800	282-1200	6.30	110-160	I	abedf	
11	Beaver.....B-35PT	37	CS	188	354	192	79½-69½	12500	8.25/20	Int. RED450	4-G	R	6-4½x5	451	52.0	148-2600	382-1000	6.30	122-160	I	abedf	
12	Beck (4).....Steoliner	24	Par	190	322	262	76-68	.....	8.25/20	Int. BLD269	4-G	Fr	6-3½x4½	269	30.4	100-3000	220-1000	6.13	.....	I	abedf	
13	Beck.....Mainliner	33	Par	220	396	323	81½-69½	.....	10.00/20	Int. RED450	4-G	R	6-4½x5	450	45.9	140-2400	350-1000	6.30	.....	I	abedf	
14	Fitzjohn (5).....Cityliner	33-35	CS	165½	334	320	82½-69½	12000	10.00/20	Her.....JXLD	4-G	FH	6-4x4½	339	38.4	131-3000	272-1400	7.00	.....	L	abedf	
15	Fitzjohn.....Duraliner	28	Par	185½	321½	286	77½-65½	12000	9.00/20	Her.....JXLD	4-G	FH	6-4x4½	339	38.4	131-3000	272-1400	7.00	.....	L	abedf	
16	Flexible (6).....37C1-47	37	Par	231	418½	356	80½-71½	17250	10.00/20	Che.....	4-G	R	6-3½x3½	470	60.8	188	384-11	6.62	.....	I	adf	
17	Flexible.....25B1-47	25	Par	182	359½	252	80½-69½	12800	9.00/20	Bui.....FB320	4-G	R	6-3½x4½	320	37.8	165	278-2200	6.70	.....	I	adf	
18	Flexible.....25C1-47	25	Par	182	359½	252	78-69½	11330	8.25/20	Che.....	4-G	R	6-3½x3½	235	30.4	93	192-11	6.62	.....	I	adf	
19	Flexible.....23B3-47	23	Par	218	395½	288	80½-69½	13450	9.00/20	Bui.....FB320	4-G	R	6-3½x4½	320	37.8	165	278-2200	6.70	.....	I	adf	
20	Flexible.....29B1-47	29	Par	218	395½	288	80½-69½	13390	9.00/20	Bui.....FB320	4-G	R	6-3½x4½	320	37.8	165	278-2200	6.70	.....	I	adf	
21	Flexible.....23B2-47	23	Par	218	395½	288	80½-69½	13450	9.00/20	Bui.....FB320	4-G	R	6-3½x4½	320	37.8	165	278-2200	6.70	.....	I	adf	
22	GMC (5).....TD-3207	32	CS	181½	340	310	81½-72½	13550	9.00/20	GMD.....4-71	2-D	TR	4-4½x5	284	28.9	133-2000	400-1200	16.0	500-1000	I	abedf	
23	GMC.....TG-3207	32	CS	181½	340	310	81½-72½	12876	9.00/20	Own.....477	4-G	TR	6-4½x5	477	48.6	154-2600	385-1000	6.00	140-1000	I	abedf	
24	GMC.....TG-3610	36	CS	210½	369	339	81½-72½	14018	9.00/20	GMD.....4-71	2-D	TR	4-4½x5	284	28.9	133-2000	400-1200	16.0	500-1000	I	abedf	
25	GMC.....TG-3610	36	CS	210½	369	339	81½-72½	13354	9.00/20	Own.....477	4-G	TR	6-4½x5	477	48.6	154-2600	385-1000	6.00	140-1000	I	abedf	
26	GMC.....TG-4008	40	CS	239½	396	368	80½-72½	15648	10.00/20	GMD.....6-71	2-D	TR	6-4½x5	426	43.3	170-2000	540-1200	16.0	500-1000	I	abedf	
27	GMC.....TD-4507	45	CS	239½	420	392	80½-72½	16216	10.00/20	GMD.....6-71	2-D	TR	6-4½x5	426	43.3	170-2000	540-1200	16.0	500-1000	I	abedf	
28	GMC.....PD-2903	29	Par	218	395½	295	81½-73	13994	9.00/20	GMD.....4-71	2-D	R	4-4½x5	284	28.9	113-2000	360-1200	16.0	500-1000	I	abedf	
29	GMC.....PG-2904	29	Par	218	395½	295	81½-73	13136	9.00/20	Own.....426	4-G	R	6-4½x5	426	43.3	145-2600	345-800	6.00	145-1000	I	adfh	
30	GMC.....PDA3703	37	Par	239	420	366	80½-72½	16892	10.00/20	GMD.....4-71	2-D	R	4-4½x5	284	28.9	133-2000	400-1200	16.0	500-1000	I	abedf	
31	Mack.....C41 Mech.	41	CS	237½	396	366½	80½-71½	.....	11.00/22	Own. EN672	4-G	TR	6-4½x6	672	57.0	187-2000	535-1000	6.15	.....	I	acdeh	
32	Mack.....C41 Hyd.	41	CS	237½	396	366½	80½-71½	.....	11.00/22	Own. EN672	4-G	TR	6-4½x6	672	57.0	187-2000	535-1000	6.15	.....	I	acdeh	
33	Mack.....C45 Mech.	45	CS	261½	420	390½	80½-71½	.....	11.00/22	Own. EN672	4-G	TR	6-4½x6	672	57.0	187-2000	535-1000	6.15	.....	I	acdeh	
34	Mack.....C45 Hyd.	45	CS	261½	420	390½	80½-71½	.....	11.00/22	Own. EN672	4-G	TR	6-4½x6	672	57.0	187-2000	535-1000	6.15	.....	I	acdeh	
35	Pony Cruiser (9).....1947	21-25	CS	160	281	.....	68-70	5300	7.50/20	Che.....	4-G	FH	6-3½x3½	235	.....	93	192-2000	6.62	.....	I	acd	
36	Pony Cruiser.....1947	21-25	CS	160	281	.....	68-70	5300	7.50/20	Mer.....	4-G	FH	6-3½x3½	239	.....	100	176-2000	6.40	125	.....	I	acd
37	Pony Cruiser.....1947	21-27	CP	160	281	.....	69½-66½	.....	7.50/20	Int.....K-7	4-G	FH	6-3½x4½	269	30.4	100-3000	222-1600	6.30	.....	I	abedf	
38	Reo (10).....96	31-33	CS	196	364	.....	82½-69½	13620	9.00/20	Cont. B-6427	4-G	R	6-4½x4½	427	44.6	127-2600	324-1200	6.14	114-1231	L	abcd	
39	Southern (11).....F-31	32	CS	175	319	305	81½-69½	11600	9.00/20	Wau.....6MZR	4-G	UF	6-4½x4½	404	.....	112-2500	305-700	5.90	.....	L	abedf	
40	Transit (7).....69B	29	CS	148½	309	270	83-84	10510	.....	Ford.....V8	4-G	R	8-3½x3½	239	32.0	100-3000	180-2000	6.75	134-2200	L	acd	
41	Twin Coach (12).....34-S	34	CS	189	350½	300	80-73½	12210	10.00/20**	Own. FTC180	4-G	UF	6-4½x4½	404	43.4	180-2800	380-1600	7.30	165-120	I	abedf	
42	Twin Coach.....38-S	38	CS	189	373	322½	80-73½	12880	10.00/20**	Own. FTC180	4-G	UF	6-4½x4½	404	43.4	180-2800	380-1600	7.30	165-120	I	abedf	
43	Twin Coach.....41-S	41	CS	211½	395½	345½	80½-73½	13500	11.0/20**	Own. FTC180	4-G	UF	6-4½x4½	404	43.4	180-2800	380-1600	7.30	165-120	I	abedf	
44	Twin Coach.....44-D	44	CS	218	418	367½	80½-73½	16070	11.0/20**	Own. FTC180	4-G	UF	6-4½x4½	404	43.4	180-2800	380-1600	7.30	165-120	I	abedf	
45	Twin Coach.....34-SW	34	CS	189	350½	300	88½-81½	12210	10.00/20**	Fag. FTC180	4-G	UF	6-4½x4½	404	43.4	180-2800	380-1600	7.30	165-120	I	abedf	
46	Twin Coach.....41D	41	CS	211½	395½	345½	80½-73½	15600	11.00/20**	Fag. FTC180	4-G	UF	6-4½x4½	404	43.4	180-2800	380-1600	7.30	165-120	I	abedf	
47	Twin Coach.....44S	44	CS	218	418	367½	80½-73½	14300	11.00/20**	Fag. FTC180	4-G	UF	6-4½x4½	404	43.4	180-2800	380-1600	7.30	165-120	I	abedf	
48	White (13).....788	40	Tr	214	395½	.....	82½-71½	16400	10.00/20	Own.....24A	4-G	UFA	12-4½x4½	681	81.7	207-2600	500-1200	5.65	.....	L	abedf	
49	White.....798	45	Tr	238	419½	.....	82½-71½	17410	11.00/20	Own.....24A	4-G	UFA	12-4½x4½	681	81.7	207-2600	500-1200	5.65	.....	L	abedf	

## ABBREVIATIONS FOR BUSES

- Torque Converter
- Wet Weight
- Hundred R.P.M.s.
- Each Engine
- 16½ on rear
- Two used
- 9.00/18 Front; 7.50/20 Rear
- 800-2000 R.P.M.
- 9.00/20 Rear
- Front 14½; Rear 15.
- There are 4 front and 4 rear springs of dimensions shown.
- (1)—A.C.F.-Brill Motors Co.

- (2)—General American Aerocoach Co
- (3)—Beaver Metropolitan Coaches.
- (4)—C. D. Beck Co.
- (5)—Fitzjohn Coach Co.
- (6)—The Flexible Co.
- (7)—Transit Buses, Inc., (Ford Motor Co.)
- (8)—G.M.C. Truck & Coach Div.
- (9)—Kalamazoo Coach Co.
- (10)—Reo Motors Co.
- (11)—Southern Coach Mfg. Co.
- (12)—Twin Coach Co.
- (13)—White Motor Co.
- (14)—Superior Coach Corp.
- a—Main Bearings

- (aa)—1200 to 1600 rpm
- A—Air Pressure (Brakes)
- AL—Electric Auto-Lite
- b—Wrist Pins
- BB—Borg & Beck
- (bb)—1200 to 1800 rpm
- BL—Brown-Lipe (Spicer Mfg. Corp.)
- Bos—American Bosch Corp.
- Bui—Buick Motor Div.
- c—Connecting Rods
- Ce—Centrifugal
- Che—Chevrolet Motor Div
- Chr—Chrysler
- Clk—Clark Equipment Co.

- Cont—Continents
- CP—City Service and Parlor
- CS—City service
- d—Camshaft
- DD—Diesel or heavy oil
- DD—Dual Downdraft
- Dn—Dayton Steel Foundry Co.
- Do—Downdraft
- DR—Delco-Remy Div.
- DS—Drive Shaft
- e—Accessory Drive
- f—Valve lifters or Rocker Arms and Shafts
- F—Ford
- F-G—Ford-Gemmer



# BUS CHASSIS



FUEL SYSTEM			ELECTRICAL SYSTEM				Governor		TRANSMISSION				Uni- versals		REAR AXLE		BRAKES				SPRINGS				RUNNING GEAR			Line				
Carburetor or Injector Pump		Tank Capacity (Gal.)	Ignition System—Make		Generator and Starter—Make	Battery	Type	Max. Governed Speed—M.P.H.	Clutch—Make and Size (In. diam.)	Make	No. of Forward Speeds		Low Speed Ratio—to 1	Type	Number	Size of Series	Make and Model	Standard Gear Ratio—to 1	Service		Hand	Total Lining Area (Sq. In.)	Operates on—	Total Lining Area (Sq. In.)	Front		Rear		Front Axle—Make	Steering Gear—Make	Outside Diameter of Min. Turn Circle (Ft.)	
Make and Type	Size (In.)		No.	Size							No.	Size							No.	Size					No.	Size	No.					Size
Zen. Up 2	120	DR	DR	12-1584	Ce	68	Lg. 17	Spi	4	4.36	M	2	1700	Tim. 59070W	4.11	A	898	16 1/2	Ds	139	59-7	76-8	Tim	Gem	84	1						
Zen. Up 1 1/2	90	DR	DR	12-1584	Ce	51	Lg. 15 1/2	Spi	3	3.80	M	2	1600	Tim. 58285W	5.57	A	890	16 1/2	Ds	111	60-7	72-8	Tim	Gem	73	2						
Zen. Up 2	90	DR	DR	12-158	Ce	52	BL 17	Spi	3	3.32	M	2	1600	Tim. 59070W	5.14	A	829	16 1/2	Ds	139	66-7	76-8	Tim	Gem	83	3						
Zen. Do 1 1/2	100	DR	DR	12-158	Ce	25*	Lg. 14	Cla	5	5.22	M	2	1600	Tim. 58000	4.11	A	744	16 1/2	Ds	73	51-3	65-3	Tim	Ro	83	4						
Zen. Do 1 1/2	150	MA	DR	12-1584	Ce	25*	Spi 16	Spi**	If	6.80	H	2	1700	Tim. R100DF	4.11	A	692	15	Ds	140 1/2	Special	Special	Tim	Ro	81	5						
Zen. Do 1 1/2	66	MA	DR	12-1584	Ce	25*	Spi 16	Spi**	If	6.80	H	2	1600	Tim. L100DP	6.16	A	554	15	Ds	140 1/2	Special	Special	Tim	Ro	68	6						
Zen. Do 1 1/2	100	MA	DR	12-1584	Ce	25*	Spi 16	Spi**	If	6.80	H	2	1700	Tim. R100DP	6.14	A	692	15	Ds	140 1/2	Special	Special	Tim	Ro	71 1/4	7						
Do 1 1/2	60	AL	DR	12-140	Su	29*	Spi 14	Spi	4	4.57	M	2	1500	Tim. 56410PA	6.56	A	362	16 1/2	Ds	45	52-3	55-3	Tim	Ro	62	8						
Do 1 1/2	42	AL	DR	12-140	Su	29*	Spi 14	Spi	4	4.57	M	2	1500	Tim. 56410PA	6.56	A	362	16 1/2	Ds	45	52-3	55-3	Tim	Ro	56	9						
Zen. Up 1 1/2	65	DR	DR	12-158	Su	29*	Roc. 14	BL	3	3.96	M	2	1500	Tim 56410PAX5	5.28	A	530	16 1/2	Ds	45	60-3	60-3	Tim	Ro	27 1/2	10						
Zen. Up 1 1/2	65	DR	DR	12-158	Su	29*	Roc. 14	BL	3	3.96	M	2	1500	Tim 56410PAX5	5.28	A	530	16 1/2	Ds	45	60-3	60-3	Tim	Ro	27 1/2	11						
Zen. Do 1 1/2	40	DR	DR	12-	Ng	24*	Roc. 11	Fu	5	6.52	M	4	5-C	Tim. 53000	5.14	A	417	17 1/2	Ds	88	46-2 1/2	52-2 1/2	Tim	Ro	12	12						
Hol. DD 1 1/2	100	DR	DR	12-	Su	24*	Roc. 14	Fu	5	6.52	M	2	1500	Tim. 56410-PA	5.28	A	598	17 1/2	Ds	88	52-3	58-3	Tim	Ro	13	13						
Zen. Up 1 1/2	60	DR	DR	12-160	Ce	55	WL 13	Cla	3	3.90	M	4	1400	Tim. 56410PA	5.57	A	594	16 1/2	Ds	88	54-3	60-3	Tim	Ro	31 1/2	14						
Zen. Up 1 1/2	73	DR	DR	12-160	Ce	65	WL 13	Cla	4	5.00	M	3	1400	Tim. 56410PA	7.85	A	796	14 1/2	Ds	88	50-3	63 1/2-3	Tim	Ro	33 1/2	15						
Do 1 1/2	115	DR	DR	12-120	Ce	69	Che. 11	Spi	4	4.36	M	2	9310	Tim. L110	5.75	A	16	16	Ds	11	56-4	60-4	Tim	Ro	72.8	16						
Str. Do 1 1/2	80	DR	DR	12-120	Ce	69	Spi. 13	Spi	4	4.57	M	2	1500	Tim. H110	6.16	A	16	16	Ds	12	52-3	56-3	Tim	Ro	76	17						
Do 1 1/2	80	DR	DR	12-120	Su	58	Che. 11	Spi	4	6.35	M	2	1400	Ti. 53587TWX1	5.83	A	16	16	Ds	12	52-2 1/2	56-2 1/2	Tim	Ro	76	18						
Str. Do 1 1/2	80	DR	DR	12-120	Ce	69	Spi. 13	Spi	4	4.57	M	2	1500	Tim. H110	6.16	A	16	16	Ds	12	52-3	56-3	Tim	Ro	82.7	19						
Str. Do 1 1/2	80	DR	DR	12-120	Ce	69	Spi. 13	Spi	4	4.57	M	2	1500	Tim. H110	6.16	A	16	16	Ds	12	52-3	56-3	Tim	Ro	82.7	20						
Str. Do 1 1/2	80	DR	DR	12-120	Ce	69	Spi. 13	Spi	4	4.57	M	2	1500	Tim. H110	6.16	A	16	16	Ds	12	52-3	56-3	Tim	Ro	82.7	21						
Own. 1 1/2	85	DR	DR	12-1264	Ce	46	Lg. 15 1/2	Spi	3	3.50	M	2	1600	Tim. 57452WX1	4.72	A	587	14 1/2	Ds	69	58-3 1/2	62-3 1/2	Tim	Sag	66 1/2	22						
Zen. Do 1 1/2	85	DR	DR	12-1264	Ce	50	Lg. 15 1/2	Spi	3	3.50	M	2	1600	Tim. 57452WX1	5.43	A	587	14 1/2	Ds	69	58-3 1/2	62-3 1/2	Tim	Sag	66 1/2	23						
Own. 1 1/2	85	DR	DR	12-1264	Ce	46	Lg. 15 1/2	Spi	3	3.50	M	2	1600	Tim. 57452WX1	4.72	A	587	14 1/2	Ds	69	58-3 1/2	62-3 1/2	Tim	Sag	73	24						
Zen. Do 1 1/2	85	DR	DR	12-1264	Ce	47	Lg. 15 1/2	Spi	3	3.50	M	2	1600	Tim. 57452WX1	5.83	A	587	14 1/2	Ds	69	58-3 1/2	62-3 1/2	Tim	Sag	73	25						
Own. 1 1/2	85	DR	DR	12-1264	Ce	49	Lg. 17	Spi	3	3.32	M	2	1700	Ti. 58455WX13	3.87	A	764	14 1/2	Ds	104	58-3 1/2	62-4	Tim	Sag	80	26						
Own. 1 1/2	85	DR	DR	12-1264	Ce	49	Lg. 17	Spi	3	3.32	M	2	1700	Tim. 58455WX4	3.87	A	764	14 1/2	Ds	104	58-3 1/2	62-4	Tim	Sag	80	27						
Own. 1 1/2	110	DR	DR	12-1264	Ce	69	Lg. 15 1/2	Cla	4	4.88	M	2	1600	Tim. 56600TWX1	3.88	A	587	14 1/2	Ds	88 1/2	49 1/2-3	58-3 1/2	Tim	Ro	85	28						
Zen. Do 1 1/2	110	DR	DR	12-1264	Ce	67	Lg. 14	Cla	4	4.88	M	2	1500	Ti. 56600TWX1	4.11	A	587	14 1/2	Ds	88 1/2	49 1/2-3	58-3 1/2	Tim	Ro	85	29						
Own. 1 1/2	100	DR	DR	12-1264	Ce	57	Lg. 15 1/2	Cla	4	4.88	M	2	1600	Tim. 58352WX4	4.11	A	646	14 1/2	Ds	136	53-4	67-4	Tim	Ro	96	30						
Hol. Do 1 1/2	100	DR	DR	12-158	Ce	20*	Own. 16 1/2	Own	3	3.66	M	2	700	Own. RA103	Var	A	759	16 1/2	Ds	122	70-4	62-4	Own	Gem	72 1/2	31						
Hol. Do 1 1/2	100	DR	DR	12-158	Ce	20*	Spi. 16	Spi	If	3.66	H	2	700	Own. RA103	Var	A	759	16 1/2	Ds	122	70-4	62-4	Own	Gem	72 1/2	32						
Hol. Do 1 1/2	100	DR	DR	12-158	Ce	20*	Own. 16 1/2	Own	3	3.66	M	2	700	Own. RA103	Var	A	759	16 1/2	Ds	122	70-4	62-4	Own	Gem	78 1/2	33						
Hol. Do 1 1/2	100	DR	DR	12-158	Ce	20*	Spi. 16	Spi	If	3.66	H	2	700	Own. RA103	Var	A	759	16 1/2	Ds	122	70-4	62-4	Own	Gem	78 1/2	34						
Do 1 1/2	40	DR	Bos	6-205	Su	28*	Lg. 14	Che	4	7.06	M	3	Tim.	56000	6.16	H	13	38 1/2-2	13	54 1/2-2 1/2	54-2 1/2	Cla	Che	69	35							
Gro. Do 1 1/2	40	Fo	Bos	6-205	Su	28*	Lg. 14	Che	4	7.06	M	3	Tim.	56000	6.16	H	13	38 1/2-2	13	54 1/2-2 1/2	54-2 1/2	Cla	Che	69	36							
Hol. Do 1 1/2	31	AL	AL	6-205	Su	28*	Int. 10 1/2	Int.	5	6.52	M	3	Int.	R1560	5.62	H	421	48-2 1/2	9	48-2 1/2	54-3	54-3	Ro	59	37							
Zen. Up 1 1/2	75	DR	DR	12-152	Su	28*	BB. 14	Spi	3	3.72	M	1	Tim.	56000	6.16	A	570	16 1/2	Ds	83 1/2	50-3	54-3	Tim	Ro	30	38						
Zen. Do 1 1/2	72	Op	Op	12-152	Ce	48	BL 14	Spi	3	3.80	M	2	1600	Tim. 56410PA	5.71	A	576	17 1/4	Ds	96	58-3	64-3	Tim	Ro	65	39						
F-Hol Do 1 1/2	60	Fo	Fo	12-158	Su	30*	F-Lg. 11	F-Spi	3	3.81	M	2	F-Tim.	59B	5.83	A	472	14 1/2	Ds	55 1/2	54-3	58-3	FTim	F-G	61	40						
Hol. Do 1 1/2	80	DR	DR	12-170	Ce	24*	None	Spi**	If	5.40	H	2	1608	Tim. 58285W	5.83	A	693	14 1/2	Ds	65 1/2	To	elastic	To	elastic	Tim	Gem	70 1/2	41				
Hol. Do 1 1/2	80	DR	DR	12-170	Ce	24*	None	Spi**	If	5.40	H	2	1608	Tim. 58285W	5.83	A	693	14 1/2	Ds	65 1/2	To	elastic	To	elastic	Tim	Gem	70 1/2	42				
Hol. Do 1 1/2	80	DR	DR	12-170	Ce	24*	None	Spi**	If	5.40	H	2	1608	Tim. 58285W	5.83	A	768	14 1/2	Ds	65 1/2	To	elastic	To	elastic	Tim	Gem	77 1/2	43				
Hol. Do 1 1/2	125	DR	DR	12-170	Ce	24*	None	Spi**	If	5.40	H	2	1608	Tim. 58285W	5.83	A	751	14 1/2	Ds	65 1/2	To	elastic	To	elastic	Tim	Gem	79 1/2	44				
Hol. Do 1 1/2	80	DR	DR	12-170	Su	55	None	Spi**	If	5.40	H	2	1700	Tim. J153A1	8.34	A	693	14 1/2	Ds	65 1/2	To	elastic	To	elastic	Tim	Gem	70 1/2	45				
Hol. Do 1 1/2	125	DR	DR	12-170	Su	78	None	Spi**	If	5.40	H	2	1700	Tim. J152W3	4.11	A	768	14 1/2	Ds	65 1/2	To	elastic	To	elastic	Tim	Gem	77 1/2	46				
Hol. Do 1 1/2	125	DR	DR	12-170	Su	52	None	Spi**	If	5.40	H	2	1700	Tim. 58285W	6.16	A	751	14 1/2	Ds	65 1/2	To	elastic	To	elastic	Tim	Gem	79 1/2	47				
Zen. Do 1 1/2	105	DR	DR	12-152	26*	13 1/2	Own	3	3.32	M	2	1700	Own. 34C	5.22	A	818	15	Ds	123	58 1/2-3 1/2	14	64-4	Own	Ro	84 1/2	48						
Zen. Do 1 1/2	105	DR	DR	12-152	26*	13 1/2	Own	3	3.32	M	2	1700	Own. 34C	5.22	A	818	15	Ds	123	58 1/2-3 1/2	14	64-4	Own	Ro	72	49						

FN—Front end, under hood

Fo—Ford Motor Co.

F-Hol—Ford-Holley

F-Lg—Ford-Long

Fr—Front

F-Spi—Ford-Spicer

Fu—Fuller Mfg. Co.

g—Timing Gears or Chain

G—Gasoline

Gem—Gemmer Mfg. Co.

G.M.C.—General Motors Truck & Coach

Mfg. Co.

Gro—Grove

h—Air Compressor

H—Hydraulic

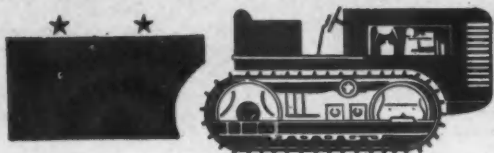
Her—Hercules Motor Corp.

Hol—Holley

HS—Hall-Scott Motor Car Co.

I—In-Head (Valves)





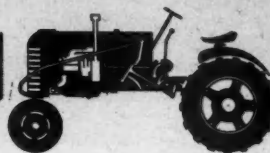
# AMERICAN

## CURRENT MODELS

Line Number	TRACTOR MAKE AND MODEL	GENERAL					DRAW-BAR		OVERALL DIMENSIONS				WHEELS				HP. RATING		Travel Speed at Normal Governed Engine R.P.M. (M.P.H.) with 1 Standard Wheel									
		Wheelbase (in.)	Minimum Turning Radius—Outside (ft.)	Ground Clearance (in.)	Shipping Weight with Rubber Tyres (Lb.)	TREAD (in.)		Lateral Adjustment (in.)	Height Above Ground (in.)	Length (in.)	Width (in.)	Height—To Highest Point (in.)	Standard Equipment	STEEL Diam. and Face		TIRE SIZE		Belt	Drawbar	Nebraska Test Number	Power Take off	Number of Forward Speeds	Number of Reverse Speeds	First	Second	Third	Fourth	
						Minimum	Maximum							Front (in.)	Rear (in.)	Front (in.)	Rear (in.)											
1	Allis-Chalmers IB 57 1/2	7	12 1/2	2365	40 1/2	52 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	87 1/2	82 1/2	54 1/2	RT	22x4	38x8	5.00/15	9.00/24	18.31	13.54	Op	3	1	3.30	5.30	10.0				
2	Allis-Chalmers B 73 1/2	7 3/4	21 1/2	2060	40 1/2	52 1/2	22 1/2	12 1/2	110 1/2	82 1/2	62	RT	22x4	38x8	4.00/15	8.00/24	18.31	13.54	Op	3	1	2.80	4.01	7.90				
3	Allis-Chalmers C 77	7 3/4	23 1/2	2250	52	80	22 1/2	12 1/2	114	85 1/2	62 1/2	RT	22x4	38x8	4.00/15	9.00/24	23.81	18.74	Op	3	1	2.30	3.80	7.10				
4	Allis-Chalmers WC 87 1/2	8	29 1/2	3310	64 1/2	75 1/2	10 1/2	16	128 1/2	76 1/2	67 1/2	RS	24x4	40x8	5.50/16	11.00/28	31.43	23.58	Op	4	1	2.64	3.84	5.10				
5	Allis-Chalmers WF 70	12	13	3490	45 1/2	56 1/2	10 1/2	14 1/2	117 1/2	57 1/2	60 1/2	RS	24x4	40x8	5.50/16	11.00/28	31.43	23.58	Op	4	1	2.60	3.80	5.10				
6	Avery A 80	Piv	23	2240	48	78	20	18 1/2	118	85	45	RT			5.50/16	9.00/24			Op	3	1	2.75	3.80	6.00				
7	Avery V 74	9	23	1625	40	40	24	13 1/2	105	51	61 1/2	RT			4.00/15	7.00/24			Op	3	1	2.68	3.53	7.20				
8	Case VA 75 1/2	8 1/2	15 1/2	44	72 1/2	18		102	65	51 1/2	Op	25x4	38x8	5.00/15	9/24			NT	Op	4	1	2.50	4.25	8.00				
9	Case VAC 83	8 1/2	15 1/2	44	72 1/2	18		119	88	56 1/2	Op	21x3 1/2	42x3	5.00/15	9/32			NT	Op	4	1	2.50	3.25	4.25				
10	Case VAI 75 1/2	8 1/2	15 1/2	44	72 1/2	N	12 1/2	108	65	51 1/2	RT			4.00/15	9/24			NT	Op	4	1	2.48	4.26	4.48				
11	Case VAIW 54 1/2	9	8 1/2	33 1/2	48	18	11 1/2	105 1/2	43 1/2	53 1/2	Op	25x4	42x8	6.00/16	7.50/18			NT	Op	4	1	2.82	4.83	5.81				
12	Case S 68	10		48	80	17		108 1/2	58 1/2	51	Op	25x4	42x8	5.00/15	11/26			NT	Op	4	1	2.50	3.80	4.70				
13	Case SC 82 1/2	Piv		48	80	17		126 1/2	74 1/2	58	Op	24 1/2 x 4	48x2 1/2	5.00/15	10/38			NT	Op	4	1	2.50	3.50	4.70				
14	Case SI 85 1/2	11 1/2		48 1/2	84	21		110 1/2	80 1/2	74 1/2	RT			6.00/16	12.00/24			NT	Op	4	1	2.52	3.57	4.80				
15	Case D 88 1/2	10 1/2		50	84	21		116	81 1/2	49 1/2	Op	28x8	42x11 1/2	6.00/16	12/26			NT	Op	4	1	2.50	3.50	4.70				
16	Case DC 89	Piv		48	84	21		134 1/2	81	56 1/2	Op	25x4	48x2 1/2	5.50/16	11/38			NT	Op	4	1	2.50	3.50	4.70				
17	Case DI 88 1/2	10 1/2		51 1/2	N			111	85 1/2	75	RT			6.00/16	13.00/24			NT	Op	4	1	2.24	4.29	5.91				
18	Case LA 82	13		59 1/2	33 1/2			138	72 1/2	59 1/2	Op	30x8	48x12	7.50/18	14.00/30			NT	Op	4	1	2.75	3.75	4.90				
19	Case LAI 82	16		59 1/2	N			130	73 1/2	68	Op			7.50/20	14.00/28			NT	Op	4	1	1.70	3.00	3.70				
20	Ford-Ferguson System 8N 70	15	13	2140	48	78	N	17 1/2	115	84	52	RT			4.00/19	10.00/32	20.29	16.90	Op	3	1	2.51	3.23	7.40				
21	I.H.C. Farmall-A 71 1/2	9	20 1/2	1870	44F	68R	19	14 1/2	106 1/2	76 1/2	63 1/2	RT			4.00/15	8/24	19.06	17.35	329	Op	4	1	2.25	3.80	4.82			
22	I.H.C. Farmall-AV 71 1/2	8 1/2	26 1/2	2280	44F	80	19	14	115 1/2	78 1/2	69 1/2	RT			4.00/19	9/36	19.00	17.00	NT	Op	4	1	2.87	4.82	6.10			
23	I.H.C. Farmall-B 72 1/2	6 1/2	23 1/2	1830	64R	92R	33 1/2	14 1/2	107 1/2	100 1/2	65 1/2	RT			8.00/12S	8/24	19.22	17.31	331	Op	4	1	2.25	3.80	4.82			
24	I.H.C. Farmall-BN 72 1/2	6 1/2	23 1/2	1780	56R	84R	28 1/2	14 1/2	107 1/2	92 1/2	65 1/2	RT			8.00/12S	8/24	19.00	17.00	NT	Op	4	1	2.25	3.80	4.82			
25	I.H.C. Farmall-H 88 1/2	8 1/2	23 1/2	3335	44R	80R	28	14 1/2	131 1/2	86	74 1/2	Op	22 1/2 x 3	51x8	5.50/16	10/38	27.904	25.804	333	Op	5	1	2.62	3.80	4.28			
26	I.H.C. Farmall-HV 91 1/2	12 1/2	30 1/2	4430	60	72R	30	17 1/2	148 1/2	85 1/2	87 1/2	RT			6.00/20	9.00/38	27.504	25.004	NT	Op	5	1	2.50	3.37	4.00			
27	I.H.C. Farmall-M 88 1/2	9 1/2	23 1/2	4415	52R	88R	28	15	131 1/2	96	78 1/2	Op	22 1/2 x 4	51x8	6.00/16	11/38	39.234	34.444	328	Op	5	1	2.62	3.80	4.28			
28	I.H.C. Farmall-MV 91 1/2	12 1/2	29 1/2	5505	60	72R	30	19 1/2	148 1/2	95 1/2	90 1/2	RT			6.00/20	10.00/38	38.504	33.504	NT	Op	5	1	2.53	3.37	4.12			
29	I.H.C. Farmall-MD 90 1/2	8 1/2	23 1/2	4745	52R	88R	28	15	133	96	78 1/2	Op	22 1/2 x 4	51x8	6.00/16	11/38	36.56	33.04	368	Op	5	1	2.62	3.80	4.28			
30	I.H.C. Farmall-MDV 93	12 1/2	29 1/2	5835	60	72R	30	18 1/2	148	85 1/2	90 1/2	RT			6.00/20	10.00/38	38.00	31.50	NT	Op	5	1	2.50	3.37	4.12			
31	I.H.C. McC-D-W 68 1/2	11	11 1/2	3350	48 1/2 F	50 1/2 R	18 1/2	11 1/2	114 1/2	85 1/2	80 1/2	Op	22 1/2 x 3	40x8	5.50/16	11/26	27.894	25.674	353	Op	5	1	2.37	3.12	4.08			
32	I.H.C. McC-D-W 76 1/2	12 1/2	10 1/2	4450	47 1/2 F	53R	18 1/2	12 1/2	125 1/2	83	68 1/2	Op	22 1/2 x 4	42x10	6.00/16	12/30	38.744	33.814	355	Op	5	1	2.12	3.12	4.00			
33	I.H.C. McC-D-W 76 1/2	12 1/2	10 1/2	4785	47 1/2 F	53R	18 1/2	12 1/2	125 1/2	83	68 1/2	Op	22 1/2 x 4	42x10	6.00/16	12/30	38.38	31.38	355	Op	5	1	2.12	3.12	4.00			
34	I.H.C. McC-D-W 83 1/2	15	12 1/2	5780	50F	57 1/2 R	18 1/2	11 1/2	134 1/2	89 1/2	88	Op	30x8	48x12	7.50/18	15/34	52.384	47.084	369	Op	5	1	2.62	3.50	4.87			
35	I.H.C. McC-D-W 83 1/2	15	15 1/2	6110	51 1/2 F	57 1/2 R	18 1/2	15 1/2	139 1/2	89 1/2	72 1/2	Op	34x8	54x12	7.50/18	15/34	52.004	46.004	NT	Op	5	1	2.62	3.50	4.87			
36	I.H.C. McC-D-W 83 1/2	15	12 1/2	6015	50F	57 1/2 R	18 1/2	11 1/2	134 1/2	89 1/2	88	Op	30x8	48x12	7.50/18	13/34	49.17	44.78	370	Op	5	1	2.62	3.50	4.87			
37	I.H.C. McC-D-W 83 1/2	15	15 1/2	6345	51 1/2 F	57 1/2 R	18 1/2	15 1/2	139 1/2	89 1/2	72 1/2	Op	34x8	54x12	7.50/18	15/34	49.00	43.50	NT	Op	5	1	2.62	3.50	4.87			
38	I.H.C. McC-D-W 83 1/2	11	11 1/2	4010	45 1/2 F	41 1/2 R	28 1/2	12 1/2	120 1/2	80 1/2	58 1/2	RT			5.50/16	11/26	27.504	25.004	NT	Op	5	1	1.90	3.00	3.87			
39	I.H.C. McC-D-W 83 1/2	11	11 1/2	3825	45 1/2 F	41 1/2 R	28 1/2	12 1/2	120 1/2	80 1/2	58 1/2	RT			5.50/16	11/26	27.504	25.004	NT	Op	5	1	1.90	3.00	3.87			
40	I.H.C. McC-D-W 83 1/2	12 1/2	10 1/2	5110	48 1/2 F	45R	27 1/2	13	133 1/2	85	61 1/2	RT			6.00/16	12/28	38.504	33.504	NT	Op	5	1	1.90	3.00	3.87			
41	I.H.C. McC-D-W 83 1/2	12 1/2	10 1/2	4815	48 1/2 F	45R	27 1/2	13	133 1/2	85	61 1/2	RT			6.00/16	12/28	38.504	33.504	NT	Op	5	1	1.90	3.00	3.87			
42	I.H.C. McC-D-W 83 1/2	12 1/2	10 1/2	5125	48 1/2 F	45R	27 1/2	13	133 1/2	85	61 1/2	RT	</															



# TRACTORS



## OF WHEEL TYPE

Travel Speeds at Normal Governed Engine R.P.M. with Standard Wheels			ENGINE				FUEL		BELT PULLEY		CAPACITIES				Line Number															
Fourth	Fifth	Sixth	Reverse	Make and Model	Number of Cylinders—Bore and Stroke (in.)	Piston Displacement (Cu. In.)	R.P.M. at Governed Speed	Valve Arrangement	Number of Main Bearings	Diameter of Main Bearings	Standard	Optional	Ignition—Make	Carburetor or Injector Pump—Make	Air Cleaner—Make	Governor—Make	Oiling System—Type	Cooling System—Type	Clutch—Make and Type	Final Drive—Type	Diameter (in.)	Face (in.)	Normal R.P.M.	Steering Type	Cooling System (Gal.)	Fuel Tank (Gal.)	Crankcase (Qtz.)	Transmission (Qtz.)	Final Drive Case (Qtz.)	Starting Method
10.0	12.76	15.80	3.80	Own.....1B	4-3 1/2 x 3 1/2	125 1400	1	3	2 1/2	G	FM	Zen	Don	Own	Own	Own	P	Pu	Roc...SP	SG	8 5/8	1054	FK	2	13	4	7	4 1/2	Ele	1
7.10	9.02	11.10	3.00	Own.....B	4-3 1/2 x 3 1/2	125 1400	1	3	2 1/2	G,D	FM	Zen	Don	Own	Own	Own	P	Pu	Roc...SP	SG	8 5/8	1054	FK	2	13	4	6	1 1/2	Ele	2
5.10	6.80	8.30	2.70	Own.....C	4-3 1/2 x 3 1/2	125 1500	1	3	2 1/2	G,D	FM	Zen	Don	Own	Own	Own	P	Pu	Roc...SP	SG	8 5/8	1129	SA	2	13	4	6	1 1/2	Ele	3
4.0	5.80	7.10	2.20	Own.....W	4-4 x 4	201 1300	1	3	2.47	G,D	FM	Zen	Don	Own	Own	Own	P	Pu	Roc...SP	SG	9 5/8	1170	SA	3 1/2	15	6	4	1 1/2	Ele	4
3.0	4.80	5.80	2.00	Own.....W	4-4 x 4	201 1300	1	3	2.47	G,D	FM	Zen	Don	Own	Own	Own	P	Pu	Roc...SP	SG	9 5/8	1170	SA	3 1/2	15	6	4	1 1/2	Ele	4
2.0	3.80	4.80	2.25	Herc...IXB-3	4-3 1/2 x 4	133 1450	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	8 5/8	1035	SA	2 1/2	12	5	10	1 1/2	HE	6	7	
1.0	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.80	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.60	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.40	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.20	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.10	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.05	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.02	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.01	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.005	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.002	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.001	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.0005	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.0002	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.0001	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.00005	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.00002	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.00001	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.000005	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.000002	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.000001	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.0000005	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.0000002	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.0000001	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.00000005	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.00000002	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.00000001	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.000000005	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.000000002	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.000000001	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.0000000005	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.0000000002	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.0000000001	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.00000000005	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.00000000002	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.00000000001	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.000000000005	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.000000000002	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.000000000001	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.0000000000005	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.0000000000002	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.0000000000001	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.00000000000005	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.00000000000002	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4	5	1 1/2	HE	7		
0.00000000000001	2.80	3.80	3.16	Herc...ZXB	4-2 1/2 x 3	65 1800	L	3	2	G	DR	TII	Ver	Han	P	TS	Roc...SP	SG	6 5/8	1990	SA	1 1/2	7	4						



Line Number	TRACTOR MAKE AND MODEL	GENERAL					DRAW-BAR		OVERALL DIMENSIONS			WHEELS				HP. RATING		Travel Speeds at Normal Governed Engine R.P.M. (M.P.H.) with Standard Wheels								
		Wheelbase (In.)	Minimum Turning Radius—Outside (Ft.)	Ground Clearance (In.)	Shipping Weight with Rubber Tires (Lb.)	TREAD (In.)		Lateral Adjustment (In.)	Height Above Ground (In.)	Length (In.)	Width (In.)	Height—To Highest Point (In.)	STEEL Diam. and Face		TIRE SIZE		Belt	Drawbar	Nebraska Test Number	Power Take-off	Number of Forward Speeds	Number of Reverse Speeds	First	Second	Third	Fourth
						Minimum	Maximum						Front (In.)	Rear (In.)	Front (In.)	Rear (In.)										
1	Oliver-Rowcrop.....60HC	85 1/2	7 1/2	15 1/2	2200	60	72	20 1/2	15	131 1/2	79 1/2	83	SW 23x4 1/2	43x 1/2	5.00/15	9/32	18.76	16.92	375	Op	5	1	2.58	3.46	4.57	6.10
2	Oliver-Rowcrop.....60KD	85 1/2	7 1/2	15 1/2	2200	60	72	20 1/2	15	131 1/2	79 1/2	83	SW 23x4 1/2	43x 1/2	5.00/15	9/32	.....	.....	NT	Op	5	1	2.58	3.46	4.57	6.10
3	Oliver-Standard.....60HC	86	10	11 1/2	2100	48	48	14 1/2	15	121 1/2	56	76	RT 25x4	38x8	5.00/15	10/24	.....	.....	NT	Op	5	1	2.60	3.48	4.61	6.16
4	Oliver-Standard.....60KD	86	10	11 1/2	2100	48	48	14 1/2	15	121 1/2	56	76	RT 25x4	38x8	5.00/15	10/24	.....	.....	NT	Op	5	1	2.60	3.48	4.61	6.16
5	Oliver-Rowcrop.....70HC	91 1/2	8	17 1/2	3300	60	72	20 1/2	15	136	80 1/2	83 1/2	SW 24x4 1/2	55x 1/2	5.50/16	11/38	31.52	28.63	351	Op	6	1	2.52	3.44	4.48	6.06
6	Oliver-Rowcrop.....70KD	91 1/2	8	17 1/2	3300	60	72	20 1/2	15	136	80 1/2	83 1/2	SW 24x4 1/2	55x 1/2	5.50/16	11/38	27.15	20.48	287	Op	6	1	2.52	3.44	4.48	6.06
7	Oliver-Standard.....70HC	72	11 1/2	11 1/2	3150	48	48	21 1/2	15	135	61 1/2	77 1/2	SW 27x4 1/2	42x10	5.50/16	11/24	27.79	19.84	283	Op	6	1	2.44	3.24	4.33	5.88
8	Oliver-Standard.....70KD	72	11 1/2	11 1/2	3150	48	48	21 1/2	15	135	61 1/2	77 1/2	SW 27x4 1/2	42x10	5.50/16	11/24	26.75	19.83	284	Op	6	1	2.44	3.24	4.33	5.88
9	Oliver-Rowcrop.....80HC	93 1/2	8 1/2	17 1/2	4775	60	72	21 1/2	15	142 1/2	80	82	SW 24x4 1/2	59 1/2 x 1 1/2	6.00/16	13/40	38.78	29.92	300	Op	4	1	2.52	3.36	4.33	6.02
10	Oliver-Rowcrop.....80KD	93 1/2	8 1/2	17 1/2	4775	60	72	21 1/2	15	142 1/2	80	82	SW 24x4 1/2	59 1/2 x 1 1/2	6.00/16	13/40	38.78	29.92	300	Op	4	1	2.52	3.36	4.33	6.02
11	Oliver-Standard.....80HC	72 1/2	12 1/2	10	4600	48	50	18 1/2	15	124	61 1/2	74 1/2	SW 28x5	44x10	6.00/16	13/26	41.27	35.91	365	Op	4	1	2.42	3.23	4.17	5.80
12	Oliver-Standard.....80KD	72 1/2	12 1/2	10	4600	48	50	18 1/2	15	124	61 1/2	74 1/2	SW 28x5	44x10	6.00/16	13/24	39.32	28.55	301	Op	4	1	2.42	3.23	4.17	5.80
13	Oliver.....90	80	14	10 1/2	6200	52	52	18 1/2	15	132 1/2	65	80 1/2	SW 29x6	46x12	7.50/18	14/30	49.04	34.21	183	Op	4	1	2.23	3.32	4.30	5.55
14	Oliver.....99	80	14	10 1/2	8400	52	52	18 1/2	15	132 1/2	65	80 1/2	SW 29x6	46x12	7.50/18	14/30	49.04	34.21	183	Op	4	1	2.23	3.32	4.30	5.55
15	Oliver.....60 Ind.	86	10	10 1/2	2060	49	49	14 1/2	15	111	80	76	RT.....	.....	5.00/15	9/24	19.50	17.50	.....	Op	5	2	2.60	3.48	4.61	6.16
16	Oliver.....70 Ind.	72	11 1/2	12 1/2	3500	52 1/2	52 1/2	14 1/2	15	115	62	59 1/2	RT.....	.....	6.00/16	12/20	33.00	30.00	.....	Op	6	1	2.52	3.42	4.47	6.07
17	Oliver.....80 Ind.	72 1/2	12 1/2	10 1/2	4600	54 1/2	54 1/2	16 1/2	15	122	65 1/2	80 1/2	RT.....	.....	7.50/18	13/24	42.00	36.50	.....	Op	4	1	2.47	4.26	5.74	10.62
18	Oliver.....99 Ind.	80	14	12	7485	53 1/2	53 1/2	23 1/2	15 1/2	132	68	83 1/2	RT.....	.....	7.50/18	14/20	63.00	.....	.....	Op	4	1	2.62	5.08	6.30	18.63
19	Oliver.....900 Ind.	92 1/2	15	12 1/2	10400	49 1/2	82 1/2	30	15 1/2	145	96	87	RT.....	.....	7.00/20	14/30	63.00	50.00	.....	Op	4	1	2.82	5.48	6.40	17.95
20	Silverking (2).....347	83 1/2	7	29	3350	56	84	27	15	131	72 1/2	78	RT.....	.....	7.50/16	10/30	34.60	22.50	NT	Op	4	1	2.67	4.10	5.10	18.10
21	Silverking.....447	86 1/2	9	16 1/2	3000	44	72	27	15	113 1/2	67 1/2	73	RT.....	.....	6.50/16	10/20	34.60	21.40	NT	Op	4	1	3.25	5.18	7.30	23.20

## ABBREVIATIONS:

- \*\*—Included in transmission  
 †—Clearance at rear axle  
 \*—Rated using gasoline  
 †—Rated using distillate  
 †—Clearance at front axle  
 †—64 to 85 (In.)  
 †—To top of steering wheel  
 †—To top of hood  
 †—5 with rubber tires  
 ††—Capacity final drive—Each case

- †—Total capacity final drive cases  
 †—On gasoline with high compression engine, tractor equipped with pneumatic tires  
 (1)—Deere & Co.  
 (2)—Fate-Root-Heath Co.  
 (3)—Minneapolis Moline Power Implement Co.  
 (a)—Front tread: 47 1/2—54 1/2  
 AL—Auto Lite  
 (b)—Front tread: 7 1/2—14  
 Ba—Ball bearing

- BB—Borg & Beck Div.  
 Bos—American Bosch Corp.  
 (c)—Front tread: 48" Minimum  
 CH—Chain  
 Cont—Continental Motors  
 (d)—Overall dimensions—Front 56 1/2"  
 D—Distillate  
 DO—Double plate operating in oil  
 DR—Delco-Remy Div.  
 Don—Donaldson  
 (e)—Front tread: 47 1/2—53 1/2  
 E-A—Edison Splitdorf or Auto-Lite

- Ele—Electric starting  
 F—Front wheel tread  
 (f)—Front tread: 7-14 1/2  
 FK—Front axle knuckle  
 FM—Fairbanks Morse  
 FO—Fork type  
 G—Gasoline  
 (h)—3" Rear; Front S.A.E. 212 Roller  
 Han—Handy Governor Corp.  
 HC—Hand crank  
 HE—Hand or Electric  
 Here—Hercules Motors Corp.

## CURRENT MODELS OF TR

Line Number	TRACTOR MAKE AND MODEL	GENERAL						DRAW-BAR		OVERALL DIMENSIONS			TRACK		HP. RATING		MAXIMUM DRAWBAR PULL AT NORMAL GOVERNED ENGINE R.P.M.						Travel Speeds at Normal Governed Engine R.P.M.				Travel Speeds at Normal Governed Engine R.P.M.		
		Minimum Turning Radius—Outside (Ft.) (Minimum Tread)	Ground Clearance (In.)	Shipping Weight (Lb.) Standard Shoe (Minimum Tread)	Tread		Lateral Adjustment—At Pin (In.)	Height Above Ground (In.)	Length (In.)	Width—Maximum (In.) (Minimum Tread)	Height to Highest Point (In.)	Width or Shoe—Standard (In.)	Length on Ground (In.)	Belt	Drawbar	Power Take-off	No. of Forward Speeds	No. of Reverse Speeds	First Gear (Lb.)	Second Gear (Lb.)	Third Gear (Lb.)	Fourth Gear (Lb.)	Fifth Gear (Lb.)	Sixth Gear (Lb.)	First Gear (M.P.H.)	Second Gear (M.P.H.)		Third Gear (M.P.H.)	Fourth Gear (M.P.H.)
					Minimum (In.)	Maximum (In.)																							
1	Allis-Chalmers.....HD-5	6 1/2	11 1/2	11250	44	60	21	13 1/2	125 1/2	78	60 1/2	13	64 1/2	45.10	37.40	Op	5	1	10000	5750	4150	3350	2250	.....	1.46	2.44	3.30	3.36	5.07
2	Allis-Chalmers.....HD-7	7 1/2	10 1/2	13522	52	63	19 1/2	10 1/2	128	70	69 1/2	16	67	71.08	60.10	Op	4	1	13300	9450	6750	5500	.....	1.59	2.19	2.97	5.00	4.82	
3	Allis-Chalmers.....HD-10	8 1/2	11 1/2	21400	62	74	32	14 1/2	150	82 1/2	77 1/2	18	84 1/2	101.62	86.63	Op	6	2	19830	14800	11100	8060	5850	4100	1.57	2.06	2.68	3.54	4.82
4	Allis-Chalmers.....HD-14	9 1/2	13 1/2	28880	68	68	30	15 1/2	165	91 1/2	80 1/2	22	85 1/2	150.48	132.19	Op	6	2	28019	22699	17265	13769	10074	5579	1.72	2.18	2.70	3.80	4.36
5	Caterpillar.....Diesel-D2	5 1/2	9	6710	40	50	20	12	107 1/2	55 1/2	57 1/2	12	54 1/2	31.99	25.86	Op	5	1	5903	3798	3069	2485	1585	.....	1.70	2.50	3.00	3.80	1.10
6	Caterpillar.....Diesel-D4	6 1/2	11 1/2	10195	44	60	21	14 1/2	120 1/2	62	60 1/2	13	61 1/2	41.17	35.68	Op	5	1	7852	5811	4541	3471	2230	.....	1.70	2.40	3.00	3.70	1.40
7	Caterpillar.....Diesel-D6	8 1/2	12 1/2	16630	60	74	27 1/2	14	149 1/2	80 1/2	75 1/2	16	85 1/2	65.00	55.00	Op	5	4	14300	9100	6200	4000	2650	.....	1.40	2.30	3.20	4.40	1.00
8	Caterpillar.....Diesel-D7	8 1/2	15 1/2	24330	74	74	36	17 1/2	152 1/2	97	80	20	93 1/2	92.84	80.44	Op	5	4	21351	13454	9090	5994	4550	.....	1.40	2.20	3.20	4.40	1.00
9	Caterpillar.....Diesel-D8	9 1/2	10 1/2	34160	78	78	43	17 1/2	183	103 1/2	90	22	97 1/2	131.00	113.14	Op	6	2	26208	19537	15973	13707	11266	7995	1.60	2.20	2.60	3.80	1.40
10	I.H.C. (1).....TracTracTor-T-6	5 1/2	8 1/2	6750	40	50	19 1/2	12 1/2	104	53	62 1/2	12	58 1/2	38.96	32.92	Op	5	1	7652	5215	3579	2767	1756	.....	1.50	2.20	3.10	3.80	1.40
11	I.H.C. (1).....TracTracTor-TD-6	5 1/2	8 1/2	7010	40	50	19 1/2	12 1/2	104	53	62 1/2	12	58 1/2	36.23	29.49	Op	5	1	7160	4929	3368	2641	1661	.....	1.50	2.20	3.10	3.80	1.40
12	I.H.C. (1).....TracTracTor-T-9	6	10 1/2	8300	44	60	19 1/2	13 1/2	114	59 1/2	66 1/2	13	63 1/2	48.69	42.98	Op	5	1	9868	6904	4556	3650	2434	.....	1.50	2.20	3.00	3.80	1.30
13	I.H.C. (1).....TracTracTor-TD-9	6	10 1/2	8525	44	60	19 1/2	13 1/2	114	59 1/2	66 1/2	13	63 1/2	45.91	38.88	Op	5	1	9014	6637	4368	3551	2304	.....	1.50	2.20	3.00	3.80	1.30
14	I.H.C. (1).....TracTracTor-TD-14	7 1/2	11 1/2	15550	56	74	27	13 1/2	134 1/2	74 1/2	73 1/2	16	78 1/2	64.02	54.04	Op	6	2	13426	9645	7919	5683	3824	2925	1.50	2.10	2.50	3.40	1.00
15	I.H.C. (1).....TracTracTor-TD-18	8 1/2	14 1/2	22250	62	74	31	15 1/2	158 1/2	82 1/2	79	18	84 1/2	84.66	72.38	Op	6	2	18973	13357	10561	7827	5157	3833	1.50	2.00	2.50	3.30	1.00
16	Oliver....."CleTrac"-AG-6	7 1/2	20 1/2	3065	42	68	22	15 1/2	105 1/2	78 1/2	52 1/2	6	50	22.00	18.00	Op	3	1	3060	2170	1080	.....	.....	.....	2.02	3.19	5.25	.....	.....
17	Oliver....."CleTrac"-HG-8	7 1/2	13 1/2	7120	42	50	15	14 1/2	111 1/2	65 1/2	84	12	62	38.80	30.80	Op	3	1	6020	4160	2640	.....	.....	.....	1.78	2.62	3.74	.....	.....
18	Oliver....."CleTrac"-AD-5	7 1/2	13 1/2	7750	42	50	15	14 1/2	109 1/2	65 1/2	84	12	62	38.00	30.50	Op	3	1	6500	4520	2800	.....	.....	.....	1.78	2.62	3.74	.....	.....
19	Oliver....."CleTrac"-BGS	8 1/2	15 1/2	8580	44	52	14 1/2	17	117	68 1/2	70 1/2	14	63	50.00	38.00	Op	4	2	7600	5586	4200	2000	.....	.....	1.80	2.63	3.46	4.54	.....
20	Oliver....."CleTrac"-BD	8 1/2	15 1/2	9275	44	52	14 1/2	17	117	68 1/2	70 1/2	14	63	48.09	38.05	Op	4	2	8012	5586	4127	2000	.....	.....	1.80	2.64	3.46	4.54	.....
21	Oliver....."CleTrac"-DG	9	15 1/2	12825	48	61	16 1/2	17 1/2	125	80 1/2	81 1/2	16	74 1/2	69.00	61.20	Op	4	2	11000	9350	7000	4156	.....	.....	1.84	2.49	3.31	4.30	.....
22	Oliver....."CleTrac"-D	9	15 1/2	13885	48	61	16 1/2	17 1/2	125	80 1/2	81 1/2	16	74 1/2	67.71	61.19	Op	4	2	11816	10222	7596	4588	.....	.....	1.70	2.30	3.06	4.00	.....
23	Oliver....."CleTrac"-FDE	14 1/2	19 1/2	29760	69	.....	25	25	180	100	109	20	96	146.00	120.15	Op	4	2	28600	22600	11300	7150	.....	.....	1.61	2.75	3.86	5.00	.....



# TYPE—continued

Travel Speeds at Normal Governed Engine R.P.M. with Standard Wheels				ENGINE							FUEL		BELT PULLEY					CAPACITIES													
Fourth	Fifth	Sixth	Reverse	Make and Model	Number of Cylinders—Bore and Stroke (In.)	Piston Displacement (Cu. In.)	R.P.M. at Governed Speed	Valve Arrangement	Number of Main Bearings	Diameter of Main Bearings	Standard	Optional	Ignition—Make	Carburetor or Injector Pump—Make	Air Cleaner—Make	Governor—Make	Oiling System—Type	Cooling System—Type	Clutch—Make and Type	Final Drive—Type	Diameter (In.)	Face (In.)	Normal R.P.M.	Steering Type	Cooling System (Gal.)	Fuel Tank (Gal.)	Crankcase (Qts.)	Transmission (Qts.)	Final Drive Case (Qts.)	Starting Method	Line Number
6.10	11.56		3.32	Own	4-3 1/2 x 3 1/2	121	1500	1	3	2 1/4	G		DR	Mar	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	10	6 1/4	647	SA	2 1/2	10	4	24	**	Ele	1
6.10	11.56		3.32	Own	4-3 1/2 x 3 1/2	121	1500	1	3	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Mar	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	10	6 1/4	647	SA	2 1/2	10	4	24	**	Ele	2
6.10	11.56		3.35	Own	4-3 1/2 x 3 1/2	121	1500	1	3	2 1/4	G		DR	Mar	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	10	6 1/4	647	SA	2 1/2	10	4	24	**	Ele	3
6.10	11.56		3.35	Own	4-3 1/2 x 3 1/2	121	1500	1	3	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Mar	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	10	6 1/4	647	SA	2 1/2	10	4	24	**	Ele	4
6.00	7.50	13.25	2.52	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	5
6.00	7.50	13.25	2.52	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	6
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	7
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	8
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	9
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	10
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	11
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	12
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	13
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	14
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	15
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	16
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	17
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	18
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	19
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	20
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	21
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	22
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	23
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	24
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	25
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	26
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	27
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	28
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	29
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	30
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	31
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	32
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	33
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	34
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	35
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	36
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	37
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	38
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	39
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	40
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	41
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	42
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	43
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	44
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	45
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	46
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	47
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB... SP	SG	12 1/2	7 1/4	774	SA	4 1/2	15	5	26	**	HC	48
6.00	7.25	12.80	2.44	Own	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	201	1500	1	4	2 1/4	G	G	DR	Zen	Don	Own	PS	Pu	BB...												

(F)—Front tread: 8 1/2-14  
 I—In head (Valves)  
 H—Horizontal—In head (Valves)  
 (F)—Front tread: 50 1/2-56 1/2  
 (K)—Kerosene  
 (F)—Front tread: 54 1/2  
 L—L head (Valves)  
 Lg—Long Mfg. Co.  
 Mar—Marvel-Schebler Carb. Div.  
 MD—Multiple disc operating dry  
 MO—Multiple disc operating in oil

MSH—Marvel-Schebler or Holley  
 MS-Z—Marvel-Schebler or Zenith  
 N—No or none  
 Nov—Novi Equipment Co.  
 NT—Not tested  
 O—Diesel fuel  
 Oh—Overhead  
 Op—Optional  
 P—Pressure  
 Pie—Pierce Governor Co.  
 Piv—Pivot  
 PS—Pressure and splash

Pu—Pump  
 R—Rear wheel tread  
 RA—Rockford-Atwood  
 Roe—Rockford Drilling Mach. Div.  
 RT—Rubber tires  
 S—Single front wheel  
 SA—Solid axle  
 Sch—Marvel-Schebler Carburetor Div.  
 SG—Spur gear  
 SP—Single plate, dry  
 SW—Steel wheels  
 TD—Twin Disc Clutch Co.

The—Thelander  
 Till—Tillotson  
 TS—Thermo-Syphon  
 Uni—United Air Cleaner Div.  
 UDO—United, Donaldson or Oakes  
 Vor—Vortex Mfg. Co.  
 Zen—Zenith Carburetor Div.

## OF TRACK LAYING TYPE

Travel Speeds at Normal Governed Engine R.P.M.				ENGINE										FUEL		BELT PULLEY					CAPACITIES													
Fifth Gear (M.P.H.)	Sixth Gear (M.P.H.)	Low Reverse (M.P.H.)	High Reverse (M.P.H.)	Make and Model	Cycle	No. of Cylinders—Bore and Stroke (In.)	Displacement (Cu. In.)	R.P.M. at Governed Speed	S.A.E. or Tax Hp.	Valve Arrangement	No. of Main Bearings	Diam. Main Bearings (In.)	Standard	Optional	Ignition—Make	Carburetor or Injector Pump—Make	Air Cleaner—Make	Governor—Make	Oiling System—Type	Cooling System—Type	Clutch—Make and Type	Drive Type to Traction Members	Diameter (In.)	Face (In.)	Normal R.P.M.	Steering Type	Cooling System (Gal.)	Fuel Tank (Gal.)	Crankcase (Qts.)	Transmission (Qts.)	Final Drive Case (Qts.) (Each Case)	Starting Method	Line Number	
5.47	2.00	GM	2-71	22-4 1/2 x 5	142	1800	1800	1	3	3 1/2	3	3 1/2	O	O	No	GM	DU	GM	GM	P	Pu	Atw... SP	SG	12	8 1/2	890	Clu	3 1/2	37	8	20	12	Ele	1
4.62	1.89	GM	3-71	23-4 1/2 x 5	213	1500	1500	1	4	3 1/2	4	3 1/2	O	O	No	GM	Uni	GM	GM	P	Pu	Atw... SP	SG	12	8 1/2	890	Clu	5 1/2	31	11	26	7	Ele	2
4.38	1.86	4-71	24-4 1/2 x 5	284	1600	1600	1600	1	5	3 1/2	5	3 1/2	O	O	No	GM	Uni	GM	GM	P	Pu	Roc... SP	SG	13 1/2	10	930	Clu	9 1/2	44	13	24	8	Ele	3
7.00	2.00	6-71	26-4 1/2 x 5	425	1500	1500	1500	1	7	3 1/2	7	3 1/2	O	O	No	GM	Uni	GM	GM	P	Pu	Atw... SP	SG	20	15	650	Clu	12	68	14	40	8	Ele	4
5.10	2.10	Own	D2	44-3 1/2 x 5	221	1525	22.5	1	5	2 1/2	1	2 1/2	D	D	Own	Don	Own	Own	Own	P	Pu	Own... SP	SG	12	7 1/2	850	Clu	7 1/2	20	13	10	4 1/2	GE	5
5.40	1.90	Own	D4	44-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	312	1400	28.9	1	5	2 1/2	1	2 1/2	D	D	Own	Don	Own	Own	Own	P	Pu	Own... SP	SG	14	8 1/2	840	Clu	11	25	16	20	7	GE	6
5.00	1.80	5.40	Own	D6	46-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	468	1400	43.3	1	7	3	3	D	D	Own	Don	Own	Own	Own	P	Pu	Own... SP	SG	13 1/2	12 1/2	913	Clu	12 1/2	48	19	38	12	GE	7
5.00	1.60	5.40	Own	D7	44-5 1/2 x 8	831	1000	52.9	1	5	3 1/2	3 1/2	D	D	Own	Don	Own	Own	Own	P	Pu	Own... SP	SG	17 1/2	15	692	Clu	18	65	22	40	24	GE	8
4.80	1.60	2.60	Own	D8	46-5 1/2 x 8	1246	950	79.3	1	7	3 1/2	3 1/2	D	D	Own	Don	Own	Own	Own	P	Pu	Own... SP	SG	14 1/2	15	804	Clu	28	69	34	40	26	GE	9
5.40	1.70	Own	TD-6	44-3 1/2 x 5 1/2	248	1450	24.0	1	3	2 1/2	1	2 1/2	D	G, K	Own	Own	Don	Own	Own	P	Pu	Roe... SP	SG	12 1/2	8 1/2	811	Clu	9 1/2	20	9	16	1	HE	10
5.40	1.70	Own	TD-8	44-3 1/2 x 5 1/2	248	1450	24.0	1	3	2 1/2	1	2 1/2	D	G, K	Own	Own	Don	Own	Own	P	Pu	Roe... SP	SG	12 1/2	8 1/2	811	Clu	10 1/2	20	9	18	1	HE	11
5.30	1.70	Own	TD-9	44-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	334	1400	31.0	1	3	3 1/2	1	3 1/2	D	G, K	Own	Own	Don	Own	Own	P	Pu	Roe... SP	SG	11	8 1/2	811	Clu	12	31	11	22	1 1/2	HE	12
5.30	1.70	Own	TD-9	44-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	334	1400	31.0	1	3	3 1/2	1	3 1/2	D	G, K	Own	Own	Don	Own	Own	P	Pu	Roe... SP	SG	11	8 1/2	878	Clu	13	31	11	22	1 1/2	HE	13
4.80	1.50	3.40	Own	TD-14	44-4 1/2 x 6 1/2	461	1350	36.1	1	5	3	3	O	O	Own	Own	Don	Own	Own	P	Pu	Roe... SP	SG	11 1/2	11	844	Clu	20	45	16	24	2 1/2	HE	14
4.80	1.50	3.30	Own	TD-18	46-4 1/2 x 6 1/2	691	1200	54.1	1	7	3 1/2	3 1/2	O	O	Own	Bos	Don	Bos	Don	P	Pu	Roe... SP	SG	13 1/2	12 1/2	750	Clu	27	60	22	30	5	Ele	15
2.35	1.38	Herc.	JXK3	44-3 1/2 x 4	123	1700	15.6	L	3	2	G	K, D	WI	Til	Vor	Herc	Cont	P	TS	Lg... SP	SG	8 1/2	8 1/2	551	Dif	2 1/2	12	5	8	1 1/2	HC	16		
1.38	1.38	Cont.	F226	46-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	226	1530	26.3	L	4	2 1/2	G	K	Bos	Til	Vor	Herc	Cont	P	TS	Lg... DP	SG	10 1/2	8 1/2	765	Dif	5	18	8	32	**	HC	17		
1.38	1.38	Herc.	DOOC	44-4 1/2 x 4 1/2	226	1530	25.6	L	3	2 1/2	G	K	Bos	Til	Vor	Herc	Cont	P	TS	Lg... DP	SG	10 1/2	8 1/2	765	Dif	5 1/2	18	10	32	**	Ele	18		
1.80	3.13	Herc.	JXD	46-4 1/2 x 4 1/2	320	1530	38.4	L	7	2 1/2	G	K	DR	Til	Vor	Herc	Cont	P	TS	Lg... DP	SG	12	8 1/2	1150	Dif	6	23	6	36	**	Ele	19		
1.80	3.14	Herc.	DJXC	46-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	298	1400	33.7	L	7	3	G	O	O	Bos	Vor	Herc	Cont	P		Lg... DP	SG	12	8 1/2	1050	Dif	5	23	12	36	**	Ele	20		
2.19	3.34	Herc.	DXC	46-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	529	1300	51.3	L	7	3	G	O	DR	Til	Vor	Herc	Cont	P		Lg... DP	SG	13	11	960	Dif	10 1/2	30	12	52	**	Ele	21		
2.02	3.64	Herc.	DRXB	46-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	474	1200	45.9	L	7	3 1/2	O	O	O	Bos	Vor	Herc	Cont	P		Lg... DP	SG	13	11	884	Dif	10 1/2	30	16	52	**	Ele	22		
1.58	2.82	Herc.	DFXE	46-5 1/2 x 6	695	1300	75.9	L	7	4 1/2	O	O	O	Bos	Vor	Herc	Cont	P		Lg... SP	PL	24 1/2	15	535	Dif	14	60	24	144	**	Ele	23		





# AMERICAN COMMERCIAL

These specifications pertain to those civil aircraft

Line Numbers	MAKE AND MODEL	Type	A.T.C. Number	Number of Crew	Number of Passengers Seated	Fuel		Engine		Take-off Hp. at Specified R.P.M.	Propellers		Dimensions (Ft. & In.)							
						Capacity (Gal.)	Octane Recommended	Oil Capacity (Gal.)	Make and Model		Number Used	Make	Type	Diameter (Ft. and In.)	Number of Blades	Span	Overall Length	Height (Taxi Position)	Wing Area (Gross) Sq. Ft.	Alarons Area (Sq. Ft.)
1	Aero (1)..... L-3908	PC-L	Pend	1	4-5	115	73	3	Lyco..... O-435-A	2	190-2550	Aero	C-CS	8' 6"	2	43' 10"	32' 0"	12' 0"	240.0	
2	Aeronca (2)..... Tandem	PL		2	2	13	73		Cont.....	1	65-2300	Sen			35' 2"	21' 6"	8' 7"			
3	Aeronca..... Side-by-Side	PL		2	2	23	73		Cont.....	1	65-2300	Sen			36' 0"	20' 5"	8' 9"			
4	Aeronca..... Side-by-Side	PL		2	2	22	73		Cont.....	1	85-2575	Sen			28' 8"					
5	All American (3)..... 10A	PL	Pend	2	2	20	73		Cont..... C-85	1	85-2575	Sen	Fxd	5' 1"	2	33' 0"	22' 0"	9' 0"	138.0	
6	Beachcraft (4)..... 35	PL	777	1	3	40	80	2 1/2	Cont..... E-165	1	185-2300	Own	Cnt	7' 4"	2	32' 10"	25' 2"	6' 6 1/2"	177.6	11.5
7	Beachcraft..... D18C-T	PL	770	2	0	206	87	8 1/2	Cont..... R9A	2	525-2300	Ham	Hyd-Mc	8' 3"	2	47' 7"	33' 11 1/2"	9' 2 1/2"	349.0	22.6
8	Beachcraft..... D18S-T	PC-L	765	1-2	4-7	206	87	8 1/2	P&W..... SB-3	2	450-2300	Ham	Cst	8' 3"	2	47' 7"	33' 11 1/2"	9' 2 1/2"	349.0	22.6
9	Beachcraft..... G175	PC-LS	779	1	4	124	87	6 1/2	P&W..... SB-3	2	450-2300	Ham	Cst	8' 3"	2	32' 0"	26' 9"	8' 0"	296.4	11.4
10	Bellanca (5)..... 14-13	PL	773	1	3	40	80	2	Frank..... 8A4-150-B3	1	150-2800	S-A	F-C	6' 2"	2	34' 2"	21' 3 1/4"	5' 6 1/2"	161.5	
11	Boeing (6)..... 377-10-19	PL		5-7	80	7630	115/145	200	P&W..... TSB3-G	4	3500-2700	Curt	C-Fi-Fr	16' 8"	4	141' 3"	110' 4"	38' 3"	1720.0	84.8
12	Boeing..... 377-10-33	CL		3-5	No	7630	115/145	200	P&W..... TSB3-G	4	3500-2700	Curt	C-Fi-Fr	16' 8"	4	141' 3"	110' 4"	38' 3"	1720.0	84.8
13	Call (7)..... A3	PL	758	2	2	27	73	2	Cont..... C125	1	125-2550	Sen	Fxd	6' 4"	2	35' 10"	23' 5"	7' 0"	181.6	10.9
14	Cessna (8)..... 120	PL	768	2	2	25	73	1 1/2	Cont..... C85	1	85-2575	Sen	Fxd	6' 7"	2	32' 10"	21' 6"	6' 3 1/4"	159.3	14.0
15	Cessna..... 140	PL	768	2	2	25	73	1 1/2	Cont..... C85	1	85-2575	Sen	Fxd	6' 7"	2	32' 10"	21' 6"	6' 3 1/4"	159.3	14.0
16	Consol. Vultee (9)..... 240	PC-L		4	40	1000	100/130	40	P&W..... R2800	2	2400-2800	Ham	C-Fi-Fr	13' 1"	3	91' 9"	74' 8"	28' 11"	817.0	42.0
17	Curtis-Wright (11)..... CW-32	CL		2	2	2450	100/130	100	Wright..... C9H7	4	1525-2800 (e)	Curt	Rp-Aa	12' 1"	3	130' 2"	88' 2"	32' 4 1/4"	1400	
18	Douglas (12)..... DC-3C-1030	PL	A689	2-3	18	804	91/96	58	P&W..... S1C3-G	2	1200-2700	Ham	Cst	11' 6"	3	95' 0"	64' 5 1/2"	14' 11"	987	75.9
19	Douglas..... DC-3D-1012	PL	A689	2-3	21-24	804	91/96	58	P&W..... S1C3-G	2	1200-2700	Ham	Cst	11' 6"	3	95' 0"	64' 5 1/2"	14' 11"	987	75.9
20	Douglas..... DC-6-477B	PL	A781	4-5	50-68	2577 (h)	100/130	128	P&W..... CA15	4	2100-2800	H-C	Cst-R	13' 1"	3	117' 6"	100' 7"	28' 5"	1463	85.0
21	Douglas..... DC-6-477B	PL	A781	6-8	50	4201	100/130	140	P&W..... CA15	4	2100-2800	H-C	Cst-R	13' 1"	3	117' 6"	100' 7"	28' 5"	1463	85.0
22	Douglas..... DC-6-477B	PL	A781	4-5	52	2577 (h)	100/130	128	P&W..... CA15	4	2100-2800	H-C	Cst-R	13' 1"	3	117' 6"	100' 7"	28' 5"	1463	85.0
23	Douglas..... DC-4	PL	Pend	4-5	44	2886 (k)	100/130	138	Allis..... V1710-G2R	4	1600-3200	Ham	Cst	13' 1"	3	117' 6"	93' 5"	27' 7"	1457	93.6
24	Douglas..... DC-4-1009A	PL	A762	4-5	44-50	2886 (k)	100/130	138	P&W..... 2SD13-G	4	1450-2700	Ham	Cst	13' 1"	3	117' 6"	93' 5"	27' 7"	1457	93.6
25	Douglas..... DC-4-1037	CL	A762	2-3		2400	100/130	88	P&W..... 2SD13-G	4	1450-2700	Ham	Cst	13' 1"	3	117' 6"	93' 5"	27' 7"	1457	93.6
26	Eng. & Research (13)..... 415-C	PL	718	2	2	25	73/80	1	Cont..... C75	1	75-2275	Sen	Fxd	6' 1"	2	30' 0"	20' 9"	5' 0"	142.6	
27	Eshelman (14)..... EF-100	PL	Pend	2	30	80	73	2	Frank..... 4A4-100B3	1	100-2550	Sen	Fxd	5' 10"	2	30' 0"	18' 11"	5' 8"	122.0	9.7
28	Fairchild (15)..... F24R46	PL-S	706	1	3	60	80	4	Rgr..... 6-440-C2	1	175		Fxd	7' 2"	2	38' 4"	25' 10 1/4"	7' 7 1/2"	193.3	
29	Fairchild..... F24W46	PL-S	707	1	3	60	73	4	Warner..... 165	1	175-2250		Fxd	7' 2"	2	38' 4"	25' 10 1/4"	7' 7 1/2"	193.3	
30	Funk (16)..... B85C	PL		2	2	20	73/80	4 1/2	Cont..... C85-12	1	85	Lewis	Fxd	6' 0"	2	35' 0"	20' 1"		157.1	11.5
31	Globe (17)..... GC-18	PL	766	2	2	28	80	2	Cont..... C-125	1	125-2550	Opt	Opt	6' 1"	2	29' 4"	20' 10 1/4"	5' 10 1/4"	131.6	9.6
32	Hockaday (18)..... CF-130	PL		2	2	24	73	3	Cont..... C-125	1	125-2550	Opt	Opt	6' 4"	2	33' 0"	21' 5"	7' 8"	156.0	13.5
33	Lockheed (19)..... 649-79-21	PC-L		5	48	4690	100/130	229	Wrt..... 749C18BD1	4	2500	H-C	Rev	15' 1"	3	123' 0"	95' 1 1/2"	23' 0"	1650	99.6
34	Lockheed..... 749-79-22	PC-L		7	44	5790	100/130	229	Wrt..... 749C18BD1	4	2500	H-C	Rev	15' 1"	3	123' 0"	95' 1 1/2"	23' 0"	1650	99.6
35	Lockheed..... 649-18-21	PC-L		5	48	4690	115/145	220	P&W..... R2800CA-17	4	2300-2800	H-C	Rev	15' 1"	3	123' 0"	95' 1 1/2"	23' 0"	1605	99.6
36	Lockheed..... 749-18-22	PC-L		7	44	5790	115/145	220	P&W..... R2800CA-17	4	2300-2800	H-C	Rev	15' 1"	3	123' 0"	95' 1 1/2"	23' 0"	1605	99.6
37	Lockheed..... 89	PC-L		11	180															
38	Luscombe (20)..... 8A	PL	694	2	14	73	1	Cont..... A65-8	1	65-2150	Sen	Fxd	6' 4"	2	35' 0"	19' 11"	5' 11"	140.0	13.0	
39	Luscombe..... 8E	PL	694	2	30	73	1 1/2	Cont..... C85-12	1	85-2575	Sen	Fxd	6' 0"	2	35' 0"	19' 11"	5' 11"	140.0	13.0	
40	Martin (21)..... 2-0-2	PL		3-5	40	1030			P&W..... R2800CA3	2	2100	Ham	Rev	13' 1"	3	92' 9"	71' 4"	28' 5 1/2"	860.0	
41	Martin..... 2-0-2	CL		2-3		1450			P&W..... R2800CA3	2	2400	Ham	Rev	13' 1"	3	92' 9"	71' 4"	28' 5 1/2"	860.0	
42	Martin..... 3-0-3	PL		36		1000			P&W..... R2800CA3	2	2100	Ham	Rev	13' 1"	3	89' 4"	71' 4"	28' 5 1/2"	725.0	
43	Meyers (22)..... Mac 125-C	PL		2	30			2	Cont..... C-125	1	125-2550	Fxd			30' 0"	20' 10"	6' 0"	149.0	5.34	
44	Nelson (23)..... BB-1	PL-PS	G-19	2	3	80	0	Own	H44	1	25-3900	U.S.	Fxd	3' 6"	2	47' 4"	20' 0"	6' 10"	169.3	24.2
45	North American (24)..... Nav-4	PL	782	1	3	39.5	80	2 1/2	Cont..... 185	1	2300-SL	Har	Cnt	7' 2"	2	33' 4 1/4"	27' 8"	8' 7"	184.3	10.3
46	Northrop (25)..... N-23	PC-L		2	36	1000	91	36	Wrt..... 744C7BA1	3	800-2800	Aero	Cst-Fi	12' 0"	2	85' 0"	60' 7"	17' 10"	1100.0	12.5
47	Piper Cub (26)..... J3C-65	PL	691	2	12			1	Cont..... A65-8	1	65-2300	Sen	Fxd	6' 0"	2	35' 2 1/4"	22' 4 1/2"	6' 8"	178.5	19.2
48	Piper Cub..... PA-12	PL	780	2	38			1 1/2	Lyco..... O-235-C	1	100-2800	Sen	Fxd	8' 0"	2	35' 5 1/2"	22' 10"	6' 10"	179.3	19.2
49	Republic (27)..... RC-3 Amph		796	1	3	75	80	3	Frank..... 6A8-215-B8F	1	215-2500	Har	C-RP	7' 0"	2	37' 8"	27' 10 1/4"	10' 1"	195.0	17.4
50	Republic..... RC-2	PL		7	46	5900	115	148	P&W..... R4360	4	3500-2700	Curt	RP-AS	16' 2"	4	129' 2"	99' 8 1/4"	31' 4"	1640	42.38
51	Stinson Voyager (9)..... 109-1	PL	767	1	3	40	80	8	Frank..... 6A4-150-B31	1	150-2800	S-A	F-C	6' 4"	2	33' 11"	24' 6"	7' 0"	155.0	18.02
52	Taylorcraft (28)..... Ace	PL		2	12			1	Cont..... 65	1					38' 0"	22' 0"	6' 6"	183.7		
53	Taylorcraft..... BC12D	PL		2	24				Cont..... 65	1					38' 0"	22' 0"	6' 6"	183.7		
54	Waco (29)..... W	PL	Pend	1	3	60	80		Frank..... 6AL-215-B9F	1	215-2500	Har	Cnt	7' 0"	2	38' 0"	25' 6 1/4"	7' 8"	196.64	42.17
55	Wheelair (30)..... 111A	PC-LS	Pend	1	3	50	73	3	Lyco..... O-435A	1	190-2550	Sen	Fxd	6' 10"	2	37' 0"	28' 7"	7' 2"	180.0	18.24

## ABBREVIATIONS

- \*—Each
- †—With 37619 lb. load
- ††—With 121700 lb. load
- †††—With 39500 lb. load
- ††††—At 1900 BHP and 135000 lb. take-off load
- †††††—Plus
- ††††††—With provisions for relief crew of two
- †††††††—At take-off
- ††††††††—With gross load of 135000 lb.
- †††††††††—With 82500 lb. load
- ††††††††††—With 1675 BHP each engine
- †††††††††††—With 1200 BHP each engine
- ††††††††††††—At sea level
- †††††††††††††—Data restricted
- ††††††††††††††—At 7500 ft. altitude
- †††††††††††††††—Also available as Seaplane or Skiplane
- (a)—Not including fuel and oil
- (b)—730 ft. fixed propeller, 1130 ft. constant propeller
- (c)—610 ft. fixed propeller, 475 ft. constant propeller

- (d)—Dual
- (e)—With fuel derichment and water injection
- (f)—With 10% allowance for take-off and climb
- (g)—Stripped condition
- (h)—Or 3301 gal. fuel capacity
- (k)—Or 3952 gal. fuel capacity
- (m)—Operating weight, empty
- (n)—Cruising speed 250 to 280
- (p)—High blower, 29000 ft.
- (r)—With water, 2130 ft.
- (s)—High blower, 26500 ft.
- (t)—With water, 2550 ft.
- (u)—High blower, 27400 ft.
- (v)—With water, 2070 ft.
- (w)—Without residual fuel and oil
- (x)—1000 ft. in water
- (y)—700 ft. in water
- (z)—Includes 8 qts. oil and 4 gal. gasoline
- Aero—Aeromatic propeller or equivalent
- Allis—Allison Division

- C-Fi-Fr—Constant speed, fast feathering, fast reversing
- C-CS—Automatic controllable constant speed
- CL—Cargo land plane
- Cnt—Controllable
- Cont—Continental Motors Corp.
- Cst—Constant
- Cst-Fi—Constant speed, full feathering
- Cst-R—Constant speed—reversible
- C-RP—Controllable and reversible pitch
- Curt—Curtis
- Ele—Electric
- Ext—Expendable tubebrake
- F-C—Fixed with Sensenich, constant with Aeromatic
- Frank—Franklin by Aircooled Motors Corp.
- F-S—Fixed steering
- F-S-L—Fixed, swivel, lockable
- Fxd—Fixed
- Ham—Hamilton Standard Propellers Div.
- Har—Hartell propellers
- H-C—Hamilton or Curtis



# AND PRIVATE AIRCRAFT



which will be in active production during 1947

Weights (Lb.)							Performance										Main Landing Gear					Tread (FL, In.)	Brake Type	Line Numbers
Empty	Gross	Gross Landing	Pay Load	Useful Load	Wing Loading (Lb. per Sq. Ft.)	Power Loading (Lb. per Hp.)	Maximum Speed at Altitude	Cruising Speed at Altitude	Fuel Consumption at Cruising Speed (Lb. per Hr.)	Range in Miles at Cruising Speed	Stalling Speed at Sea Level (m.p.h.)	Initial Climb (Ft. per Min.)	Service Ceiling with Normal Load (Ft.)	Take-off Distance (Over 50 ft. obstacle no wind) (Ft.)	Landing Distance (Over 50 ft. obstacle no wind) (Ft.)	Retractable	Method of Retraction	Auxiliary Gear						
																		Tail or Nose Wheel	Retractable	Type				
2400(a)	4200	4200	1112	738	17.8	11.0	181-SL	179-10000	120.0	700	56	1400	22000	950	850	Y	Hyd	Nose	Y		12' 0"	Opt	1	
750	1220			470	7.17	18.8	100	90	4.4	250		500	12600	370		N		Tail					2	
750	1250			460	7.15	19.2	100	90	4.4	420			10800	380		N		Tail					3	
860	1400						118	108	5.6	400			11000	435		N		Nose					4	
900	1450			550	10.3	17.2			5.5	400+	50	700	12000	400	300	N		Nose	N Swi		Hyd		5	
1560(w)	2550	2550		990	14.37	15.45	184-SL	175-10000	53.0	750	55	950	18000			Y	Ele	Nose	Y Swi	9' 7 3/4"	Disc	6		
6000(w)	9000	9000		3000	25.8	9.0	236-4000	231-10000	223.0	1040		1490	23800	1530	1490	Y	Ele	Tail	Y Sw-L	12' 11"	Disc	7		
5645(w)	8500	8500		2855	24.4	10.6	231-5000	211-10000	195.0	1500		1250	21200	1650	1390	Y	Ele	Tail	Y Sw-L	12' 11"	Disc	8		
2800(w)	4250	4250		1450	14.3	10.6	212-5500	201-10000	95.0	1000		1320	20000	1130	980	Y	Ele	Tail	Y Sw-L	7' 2"	Disc	9		
1200	2100	2100	585	900	14.5	15.0	170-SL	150-SL	57.0	600+	45	(b)	20000+		330	Y	Man	Tail	N Swi	10' 6"	Hyd	10		
77559	135000	121700	25000	55026	78.5	9.65	375-25000†	320-25000†	3520	4100†	101	1040†	30000+	3950†	3520	Y	Ele	Nose	Y Ste	28' 6"	Hyd	11		
73684	135000	121700	41000	60676	78.5	9.65	375-25000†	320-25000†	3520	4100†	101	1040†	30000+	3950†	3520	Y	Ele	Nose	Y Ste	28' 6"	Hyd	12		
1020	1550	1550		530	8.53	12.40	112-SL	102-SL	47.3	350	45	1000	17500	800	500	N		Tail	N SS	8' 0"	Hyd	13		
770	1450		530	680	9.1	17.1	120	100	26.2	450+	41	680	15500			N		Tail	N Fxd	6' 5"	Hyd	14		
890	1450		410	560	9.1	17.1	120	100	26.2	450+	41	680	15500			N		Tail	N SS	6' 5"	Hyd	15		
24784	39500	37619	8509	14746	48.4	8.2	336-13500A	300-16000V		800+	85		30000	3800†	4140**	Y	Hyd(d)	Nose(d)	Y St-L	25' 0"	Hyd	16		
40000(g)	80800	89300	26195	40800	57.6	13.25	310-20000	254-20000	1703	1500	88	910	32000	3170	2990	Y	Hyd	Nose	Y Ste	25' 6"	Hyd	17		
18090	25346	24546	4934	7256	25.5	10.5	231-8500	186-10000	634	1510(f)	67	1170	24100	1800	1885	Y		Tail	N Sw-L	18' 6"	Hyd	18		
17238	25346	24546	5631	8108	25.5	10.5	231-8500	186-10000	634	1510(f)	67	1170	24100	1800	1885	Y		Tail	N Sw-L	18' 6"	Hyd	19		
4875	84000	73000	17140	35125	57.4	10.0	351-18400	312-19600	2400	3350	88	1320	26300	4030	2904	Y	Hyd	Nose	Y Ste	24' 8"	Hyd	20		
48737	93200	73000	13350	43463	63.7	11.09	351-18400	312-19600	2400	3910	88	1100	23900	5170	2904	Y	Hyd	Nose	Y Ste	24' 8"	Hyd	21		
48875	84000	73000	14280	35125	57.4	10.0	351-18400	312-19600	2400	3350	88	1320	26300	4030	2904	Y	Hyd	Nose	Y Ste	24' 8"	Hyd	22		
40885	73000	63500	14000	32115	50.1	8.76	303-11700	277-12600	1899	4200	83	975	25200	3470	2748	Y	Hyd	Nose	Y Ste	24' 8"	Hyd	23		
39874	73000	63500	14000	32126	50.1	12.6	287-15000	243-12300	1520	4250	83	880	22300	3920	2748	Y	Hyd	Nose	Y Ste	24' 8"	Hyd	24		
36240	73000	63500	22900	36780	50.1	12.6	287-15000	269-21100	1728	2850	84	1090	24800	3750	2770	Y	Hyd	Nose	Y Ste	24' 8"	Hyd	25		
801	1260	1260	340	459	8.9	16.8	121-SL	103-SL	27.6	500	48	700	14000	560		N		Nose	N F-S	8' 0"	Disc	26		
895	1510	1510	615	615	12.4	15.1	135-SL	118-SL	36.0	496	42	900	15000	600	400	N		Tail	N Swi	9' 5"	Hyd	27		
1650	2582	2582		912	13.2	14.6	133-SL	118-SL		620	57		14000	1100	1000	N		Tail	N Ste		Hyd	28		
1613	2582	2582		949	13.2	15.7	132-SL	117-SL		639	57		14000	1100	1000	N		Tail	N Ste	9' 3"	Hyd	29		
890	1350	1350	460	460	8.0	15.9	112-SL	100-SL	29.1	400	37	800	15000	350	287	N		Tail	N F-S-L	8' 0"	Hyd	30		
1110	1710	1710		600	13.0	13.69	150-5000	140-5000	46.0	512	48	1000	16000	685	380	Y	Hyd	Tail	N SS	9' 8 1/2"	Hyd	31		
1236	1800	1800	564	585	11.5	13.8	140-SL	125-SL	48.0	500	50	1150	19000	1000	800	N		Tail	N F-S	75.36"	Hyd	32		
60158(m)	92000	82500	13860	34825	55.7	9.2	357-19500	317-20000	2900	3600	804	1540	26500	2970*	2540*	Y	Hyd	Nose	Y Ste	28' 0"	Hyd	33		
61483(m)	100000	82500	13200	41919	60.6	10.0	350-19500	310-20000	2900	4000	804	1330	24500	3600*	2540*	Y	Hyd	Nose	Y Ste	28' 0"	Hyd	34		
56351(m)	92000	82500	13860	36582	55.7	10.0	328-19000	291-20000	2200	3700	804	1250	24200	3100	2540	Y	Hyd	Nose	Y Ste	28' 0"	Hyd	35		
56696(m)	100000	82500	13200	43676	60.6	10.9	321-18800	287-20000	2220	4600	804	1020	22100	4100	2540	Y	Hyd	Nose	Y Ste	28' 0"	Hyd	36		
720	184000	12000	20000				300+25000	250-25000(h)		4500+	80					Y	Hyd	Nose	Y Ste		Hyd	37		
850	1280	1280		540	9.00	19.4	115-SL	105-SL	28.8	350	37	900	15000	575SL	426SL	N		Tail	N Ste	8' 4"	Mec	38		
24030(m)	38000			530	10.0	16.5	125-SL	112-SL	35.2	650	48	800	16500	575SL	462SL	N		Tail	N Ste	8' 4"	Mec	39		
22545(m)	40745	15100	18200				292-10000	263-7000	1116.4	1570	83		20306(s)	2280(t)	2430	Y		Nose	Y Ste			41		
23830(m)	35000	10300					307-10000	287-7000	1230.1	1000	82		23700(u)	2340(v)	2340	Y		Nose	Y Ste			42		
1090				585	11.2	13.4	142	120		500			700			Y	Hyd	Tail				43		
575	940	940	347	365	5.55	37.0	70-3000	50-3000	15.0	50	39	250	6000	1885	1475	Y	Man	Nose	Y Ste	4' 2"	Int-X	44		
1660	2750	2750	860	1070	14.48	14.44	157-SL	150-3500	70.0	500+	58	800	14000	1536	1129	Y	Hyd	Nose	Y Ste	8' 8 1/2"	Ext	45		
14400	25000	25000		10600	22.7	10.4	193-10000	150-10000	517.0	1750	62	1500	20500	1000	1200	N		Tail	Y Sw-L	21' 3"	Hyd	46		
680	1220			540	6.8	18.8	83	75	25.6	200		450	14000	370	290	N	Fxd	Tail	Y Ste	5' 11"	Hyd	47		
950	1500			550	8.36	15.0	115-SL	105-SL	37.8	600		750	18000	480	390	N		Tail	Y SS	6' 2 1/2"	Hyd	48		
2100	3150	3150	680	1050	15.3	14.2	120-SL	103-SL	81.0	560	58	700	12000	800(x)	400(y)	Y	Hyd	Tail	Y Sw-L	7' 6"	Ext	49		
69000	116600	90000	12400	48800	71.0	8.96	452-40000	400-40000	540.0	4100	100	2000	41000	5000	5150	Y	Hyd	Nose	Y SS-L	24' 3"	Hyd	50		
1258(z)	2230	2230	660	974	14.4	14.9	135-SL	125-SL	66.0	410	57	650	13000	620	290	N		Tail	N SS	7' 0"		51		
	1200						117	100	24.0	270		750	15000	350			Fxd	Tail	Y Ste	6' 0"	Mec	52		
	1200						110	95	24.0	450		600	15000	350			Fxd	Tail	Y Ste			53		
2046	3000	3000		954	15.25	13.95	154-SL	164-7500AA	74.4	606	58	950	17500	1250	1400	Y	Ele	Nose	Y SS	5' 5"	Hyd	54		
1350(m)	2500	2500	658	1150	13.95	13.1	140-SL	125-SL	57.0	600	55	760	11500	1300	1000	N		Nose	Y Ste		Hyd	55		

Hyd—Hydraulic  
 Hyd-Me—Hydromatic  
 Int-x—Internal expanding  
 Lyco—Lycoming Div., The Aviation Corp.  
 Man—Manual  
 Mec—Mechanical  
 N—No or None  
 Opt—Optional  
 PC-L—Passenger and Cargo, Land Plane  
 PC-LS—Passenger, Cargo, Land or Seaplane  
 PL—Passenger Land Plane  
 PL-S—Passenger-Land or Seaplane  
 PL-PS—Passenger Land—Auxiliary Powered Sailplane  
 P&W—Pratt and Whitney  
 Rev—Reversible pitch  
 Rp-A—Reverse pitch, automatic synchronization  
 Rgr—Ranger engine  
 S-A—Sensenich or Koppers Aeromatic propellers optional  
 Sen—Sensenich Bros.  
 SL—Sea level

SS—Swivel and steering  
 SS-L—Swivel, steering, lockable  
 Ste—Steering  
 St-L—Steering, lockable  
 Swi—Swivel  
 SW-L—Swivel, lockable  
 Wrt—Wright  
 Y—Yes  
 (1)—Aero Design & Engineering Corp.  
 (2)—Aerona Aircraft Corp.  
 (3)—All American Aircraft  
 (4)—Beech Aircraft Corp.  
 (5)—Bellanca Aircraft Corp.  
 (6)—Boeing Aircraft Co.  
 (7)—Call Aircraft Co.  
 (8)—Cessna Aircraft Co.  
 (9)—Consolidated Vultee Aircraft Corp.  
 (11)—Curtis-Wright Corp.  
 (12)—Douglas Aircraft Co., Inc.  
 (13)—Engineering & Research Corp.

(14)—Chester L. Eshelman Co.  
 (15)—Fairchild Personal Planes Div. of Fairchild Engine & Airplane Corp.  
 (16)—Funk Aircraft Co.  
 (17)—Globe Aircraft Corp.  
 (18)—Hockaday Aircraft Corp.  
 (19)—Lockhead Aircraft Corp.  
 (20)—Luscombe Airplane Corp.  
 (21)—Glenn L. Martin Co.  
 (22)—Meyers Aircraft Co.  
 (23)—Nelson Aircraft Corp.  
 (24)—North American Aviation, Inc.  
 (25)—Northrop Aircraft, Inc.  
 (26)—Piper Aircraft Corp.  
 (27)—Republic Aviation Corp.  
 (28)—Taylorcraft Aviation Corp.  
 (29)—The Waco Aircraft Co.  
 (30)—Puget Pacific Planes, Inc.





# U. S. ROTARY WING AIRCRAFT

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MAKE AND MODEL	General				Engine				Main Rotor				Anti-Torque Rotor				Weights (Lb.)		Performance							Landing Gear												
	A.T.C. Number	Number of Seats	Fuel Capacity (Gal.)	Octane Number	Oil Capacity (Gal.)	Make and Model	Number Used	Rated Hp. at Specified R.P.M.	Number Used	Location	Blades per Rotor	Diameter of Rotor (Ft. In.)	Blade Area (Sq. Ft.)	Type (If more than one used)	Rotor R.P.M. at Cruising Speed	Disc Area (Sq. Ft.)	No. of Blades	Rotor Diameter (Ft. In.)	Blade Area (Sq. Ft.)	Rotor R.P.M. at Cruising Speed	Disc Area (Sq. Ft.)	Gross (Normal Load)	Empty	Useful Load	Max. Speed at Altitude		Cruising Speed at Altitude	Fuel Consumption—Cruise Speed (Lb./hr.)	Range (Miles) at Cruising Speed	Maximum (Ft./min.)	Vertical (Ft./min.)	Service Ceiling—Normal Load	Type					
Ball (1).....47B	1	2	32	80	3	Frank.....6V4-178-B3	1	178-3000	1	Cla	2	39' 1 1/2"	35.3	.....	.....	965	2	5' 8 3/4"	2.40	.....	.....	1521	2200	679	106-SL	86-SL	84	216	1108	108	11300	(4)	5' 10 1/4"	Tread—Main Gear				
Bendix (2).....K	NX	1	.....	.....	.....	Cont. P&W.....Wasp Jr.	1	100-.....	1	.....	2	28'	.....	Co	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....			
Bendix.....J	NX	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	450-.....	2	.....	2	42'	.....	Co	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
de Lackner.....	.....	2	20	.....	.....	Lycoming.....	1	125-.....	1	Tan	2	24'	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1125	1600	.....	100	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Donnan-Frasier (3).....L2-1A	.....	2	75	.....	4.1	Frank.....O-405-9	1	228-3100	1	.....	4	38' 4"	72.0	.....	.....	1153	3	8'	6.10	1200	.....	.....	1920	2490	570	135-SL	100-SL	85	520	1900	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Donnan-Frasier.....HC-2	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	Wright.....744C7BA1	2	1200-.....	2	.....	4	63'	.....	.....	.....	150	3117	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6000	9000	2500	130-SL	100-SL	.....	350	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....			
Firestone (4).....GA-45D	Pend	2	25	80	2	Frank.....BALV-335	1	175-3000	1	Con	3	30'	38.7	.....	.....	325	707	2	8' 6"	2.40	1300	.....	1380	1950	570	110-SL	90-SL	65	175	1250	300	15000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Firestone.....GA-45E	Pend	2	25	80	2	Frank.....BALV-335	1	175-3000	1	Con	3	30'	38.7	.....	.....	325	707	2	8' 6"	2.25	1300	.....	1370	1950	570	110-SL	90-SL	65	175	1250	300	15000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Firestone.....GA-50	Dev	4	67	91	5	Cont. ....	1	250-3200	1	Con	3	44'	80.4	.....	.....	200	1820	4	6'	3.12	1375	.....	1075	3300	2225	115-SL	95-SL	105	200	1300	250	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Landgraf (5).....H-2	.....	1	6 1/2	80	1 1/2	Pobloy.....	R	85-3300	2	Lab	3	16'	32.4	Int	495	360	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	636	850	214	100-SL	70+	24	150	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
McDonnell (6).....XHJD-1	.....	3	.....	91	.....	P&W.....R985-14B	2	450-2300	2	SS	3	48'	.....	Int	190	3324	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3000	6700	4300	125-5000	100-2500	.....	303	1000	900	14000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Plasecki (7).....PV-3	.....	10	80-100	.....	.....	P&W.....R-1340	1	600-.....	2	Tan	3	41'	.....	Tan	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	807	1250	443	Restr	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Roter (8).....XR-11	.....	2	7.6	100	1 1/2	Cont. ....	C100	100-.....	2	Tan	3	22' 5"	6.2	Tan	.....	551°	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Sikorsky (9).....S-51	H-2	4	100	90	8	P&W.....R-985-B4	1	450-2300	1	For	3	48'	.....	.....	185	1809	3	8' 5"	6.69	1222	.....	3735	4983	1250	103-(c)	85-(d)	168	245	1200	620	14400	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Sikorsky.....S-52	.....	2	45	8	2 1/2	Frank. GALV-168-B5F	1	178-3000	1	For	3	32'	.....	.....	280	804	2	5'	.....	1980	.....	1100	1750	650	105-(e)	90-(c)	69	310	1500	1000	16000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Willford (10).....22-80	.....	22	500	.....	.....	Wright.....GR1820	2	1000-2300	1	Tp	3	80'	480	.....	150	5026	3	14'	18	1500	154	20000	13000	7000	133-.....	115-.....	100	575	700	500	7000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

ABBREVIATIONS  
o.—Total area  
1.—Per rotor  
(4t)—Quadracycle with tail skid  
a.—Hovering ceiling  
(a)—285-350 rpm (b)—1540-1802 rpm

Tw—Tail wheel type  
Wright—Wright Aeronautical Corp.  
(1)—Bell Aircraft Corp.  
(2)—Bendix Helicopter, Inc.  
(3)—Donnan-Frasier Helicopters, Inc.  
(4)—Firestone Aircraft Co.  
(5)—Landgraf Helicopter Co.  
(6)—McDonnell Aircraft Corp.  
(7)—Plasecki Helicopter Corp.  
(8)—Roto-Craft Corp.  
(9)—Sikorsky Aircraft Div.  
(10)—Pennsylvania Airline Syndicate, Inc.

Pend—Pending  
P&W—Pratt & Whitney Aircraft  
SL—Sea level  
SS—Side-by-side  
Tan—Tandem, fore and aft  
Tp—Top of fuselage  
Tri—Triplane

Cont—Continental Motors Corp.  
Dev—in development  
For—Forward  
Frank—Franklin (Air Cooled Motors)  
Int—Intermeshing  
Lab—Laterally spaced on booms

(c)—Sea level to 4000 ft.  
(d)—Sea level to 10000 ft.  
(e)—Sea level to 2000 ft.  
Gen—General  
Cla—Center line of engine aft of cabin  
Co—Co-axial

## Registered Civil Aircraft\* As of July 1, 1946

STATE	Number	STATE	Number	STATE	Number	STATE	Number
Alabama	630	Idaho	392	Michigan	2,593	New York	3,307
Arizona	678	Illinois	2,763	Minnesota	1,261	North Carolina	1,059
Arkansas	705	Indiana	1,628	Mississippi	503	North Dakota	345
California	6,539	Iowa	1,226	Missouri	1,640	Ohio	2,605
Colorado	751	Kansas	1,356	Montana	427	Oklahoma	1,440
Connecticut	504	Kentucky	450	Nebraska	738	Oregon	717
Delaware	138	Louisiana	556	Nevada	325	Pennsylvania	2,909
District of Columbia	940	Maine	298	New Hampshire	190	Rhode Island	114
Florida	1,901	Maryland	662	New Jersey	1,021	South Carolina	622
Georgia	1,045	Massachusetts	939	New Mexico	482	South Dakota	340
*Civil Aeronautics Administration							
Tennessee	887	Texas	5,060	Utah	310	Vermont	101
Virginia	886	Washington	1,023	West Virginia	426	Wisconsin	1,272
Wyoming	213						
TOTAL	55,927						





# SMALL GASOLINE POWER UNITS



MAKE AND MODEL	Designed for Use	Number of Cycles	ENGINE										GOV-ERNOR		Ignition System Type	FUEL SYSTEM		Starting Method	
			Type	No. of Cylinders	Bore and Stroke (In.)	Total Displacement (Cu. In.)	Compression Ratio (to 1)	Valve Location	Horsepower		Torque—Lb. Ft. at RPM	Weight (Lb.)	Used	Type		Type	Make		Fuel Used
									Rated at RPM	Continuous at RPM									
AIR COOLED ENGINES																			
Briggs & Stratton (1).....N	GS,Co,In,Pu,Re,Af	4	Ver	1	2x2	6.28	5.86	L	1.9-3600	1.7-3600	2.8-3600	40	Y	PM	Mag	Car	Own	G	Rh
Briggs & Stratton.....A	GS,Co,In,Pu,Re,Af	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	8.95	4.26	L	2.4-3200	2.0-3200	4.0-3200	76	Y	Me	Mag	Car	Own	G	RH
Briggs & Stratton.....B	GS,Co,In,Pu,Re,Af	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	14.21	4.47	L	3.6-3200	3.0-3200	5.9-3200	92	Y	Me	Mag	Car	Own	G	RH
Briggs & Stratton.....ZZ	GS,Co,In,Pu,Re,Af	4	Ver	1	3x3 1/4	22.97	4.76	L	7.7-3200	6.5-3200	12.6-3200	118	Y	Me	Mag	Car	Own	G	RH
Briggs & Stratton.....NS	GS,Co,In,Pu,Re,Af	4	Ver	1	2x2	6.28	5.86	L	1.3-3200	1.1-3200	2.1-3200	38	Y	Pn	Mag	Car	Own	G	HBP
Briggs & Stratton.....I	GS,Co,In,Pu,Re,Af	4	Ver	1	2x1 1/2	4.71	5.29	L	1.3-3600	1.1-3600	1.9-3600	38	Y	Pn	Mag	Car	Own	G	HBP
Briggs & Stratton.....WI	GS,Co,In,Pu,Re,Af	4	Ver	1	2x1 1/2	4.71	5.29	L	1.0-3200	.85-3200	1.6-3200	36	Y	Pn	Mag	Car	Own	G	HBP
Continental (2) Tiny Tim Jr	GS	4	Ver	1	1 1/4 x 1 1/4	4.2	4.10	L	5/8-2400	5/8-2400	1.5-1800	...	N	Bat	MV	Zen	G	EI	
Continental.....AA7	GS,Co,Ha,Pu,Re,Af	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2	7.10	4.20	L	2.0-2400	1.2-2400	3.5-2400	38	Y	Me	Mag	Car	Zen	G	PB
Cushman (3).....M	GS,Co,Pu,Af	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	11.07	5.00	L	1.5-1800	1.5-1800	4.5-1800	60	Y	Fb	Mag	Car	Til	G	PB
Cushman.....M70	Pu,Af,Ag	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	14.89	5.40	L	4.0-3000	4.0-3000	7.5-2800	80	Y	Fb	Mag	Car	Til	G	PB
Cushman.....M50	Pu,Af,Ag	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	13.53	5.00	L	2.0-1800	2.0-1800	6.0-1800	75	Y	Fb	Mag	Car	Til	G	PB
Delco (4).....10EAB3	GS	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	15.25	4.50	L	1.9-1800	1.9-1800	5.4-1800	...	N	Cb	Bat	Car	Own	G	EI
Homelite (5).....22	GS,Pu	2	Ver	1	2x1 1/2	4.7	6.00	R	1.0-3600	1.0-3600	...	30	Y	Ge	Mag	Car	Own	G	Bp
Homelite.....23	GS,Pu,CS	2	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	8.45	6.00	R	2.5-3600	2.5-3600	...	49	Y	Ce	Mag	Car	Own	G	Bp
Homelite.....24	GS,Pu	2	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	11.5	6.00	R	4.25-3600	4.25-3600	...	65	Y	Ce	Mag	Car	Own	G	Bp
Homelite.....25	GS	2	Op	2	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	23.0	6.00	R	8.25-3600	8.25-3600	...	90	Y	Ce	Mag	Car	Own	G	Bp
Jacobsen (6).....J100	Co,Pu,Re,Af,Ha	2	Hor	1	2x1 1/2	4.70	5.50	N	1.0-3000	...	2.2-...	20	Y	Av	Mag	Car	Til	G	Rr
Jacobsen.....J150	Co,Pu,Re,Af,Ha	2	Hor	1	2 1/4 x 1 1/4	6.95	5.50	N	1.5-3000	...	3.0-...	36	Y	Av	Mag	Car	Til	G	Rr
Kinner (8).....AB3	GS,Co,Ha,Pu,Re,Af	4	Hor	1	2 1/4 x 3	17.8	5.40	L	5.0-2600	...	9.5-2500	75	Y	AB	Mag	Car	...	G	Ro
Kinner.....BB	GS,Co,Ha,Pu,Re,Af	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 3.00	14.7	5.00	L	3.0-2000	3.0-2000	7.88-2000	73	Y	FB	Mag	Car	MS	G	Bp
Lauson (9).....LJ	GS	4	Ver	1	1 1/2 x 1 1/2	3.11	5.10	L	75-4000	65-4000	1.0-4000	16	Y	Fb	Mag	Car	Til	G	Ro
Lauson.....RLC	GS,Co,Ha,Pu,Re,Af	4	Ver	1	1 1/2 x 1 1/2	4.51	5.00	L	0.8-2400	0.7-2400	1.95-2400	30	Y	Fb	Mag	Car	Til	G	Ro
Lauson.....TLC	GS,Co,Ha,Pu,Re,Af	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	8.95	5.00	L	1.9-2400	1.6-2400	4.2-2400	65	Y	Fb	Mag	Car	Til	G	Ro
Lauson.....RSC	GS,Co,Ha,Pu,Re,Af	4	Ver	1	2x1 1/2	5.89	5.00	L	1.2-2400	0.9-2400	2.45-2400	33	Y	Fb	Mag	Car	Til	G	Ro
Lauson.....PAC	GS,Co,Ha,Pu,Re,Af	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	17.85	5.00	L	4.0-2400	3.6-2400	9.0-2400	85	Y	Fb	Mag	Car	Til	G	Ro
Mall (10).....17410C	CS	2	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	12.20	5.00	...	6.0-4500	...	...	44	N	...	Mag	Car	Brk	G	Bp
McCulloch (17).....628	GS,Ha,Co,Pu,Re,Af	4	Hor	1	2x2	6.28	6.2	L	2.0-4000	...	3.1-2400	27	Y	Me	Mag	Car	Own	G	PB
McCulloch.....1200B	Chain Saw	2	Ver	1	2x2	6.28	6.7	N	3.7-4000	2.8-3000	5.3-3200	20	N	...	Mag	Car	Own	G	Bp
McCulloch.....1200D	Lawn Mower	2	Hor	1	2x2	6.28	...	N	3.0-3500	2.5-2500	5.1-2500	23	Y	Da	Mag	Car	Own	G	Bp
Novo (11).....CA-33	GS,Co,Pu,Re,Ha	4	Ver	1	3 1/4 x 4	33.00	4.25	L	5.1-1800	4.0-1800	16.0-1400	245	Y	Fb	Mag	Car	Hol	G,K,Ng,G	...
Novo.....DA-33	Pu,Af	4	Ver	1	3 1/4 x 4	...	5.50	L	8.0-2400	6.5-2400	20.0-1600	210	Y	Fb	Mag	Car	MS	G	He
Novo.....BA23	Pu,Af	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 3 1/2	...	6.10	L	7.4-3200	5.8-3000	15.0-1800	150	Y	Fb	Mag	Car	Zen	G	He
Onan (12).....AH	In,GS	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	11.05	6.23	L	3.3-3000	2.6-3000	6.0-3000	55	Y	...	BM	Car	Zen	G	HE
Onan.....BH	In,GS	4	Op	2	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	22.10	6.23	L	6.7-3000	5.3-3000	12.0-3000	85	Y	...	BM	Car	MS	G	HE
Onan.....CK	In,GS	4	Op	2	3x3 1/4	38.80	6.20	L	10.1-3000	8.6-3000	18.0-3000	95	Y	...	BM	Car	MS	G	HE
Onan.....Com-18	In	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	16.30	4.10	L	3.45-2400	2.7-2400	7.1-2400	124	Y	...	Mag	Car	Zen	G	Ro
Onan.....1B	GS	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	16.30	4.80	L	2.5-1800	2.5-1800	7.3-1800	177	Y	...	Mag	Car	Zen	G	Ro
Onan.....1C	GS	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	8.95	5.00	L	1.4-2100	1.0-1900	2.9-1800	105	Y	...	Mag	Car	Zen	G	HE
Onan.....IC	GS	4	(f)	1	3x2 3/4	19.40	6.00	L	6.0-2650	4.8-2650	12.0-2200	56	Y	Mec	Mag	Car	MS	G	HBP
Salisbury (13).....600	GS,Co,Ha,Pu,Re,Af	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	10.90	4.40	L	2.0-2600	1.6-2600	4.7-1900	76	Y	...	Mag	Car	Str	G	B
Wisconsin (13).....AA	GS,Co,Pu,Re,Af,In	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	13.50	4.40	L	3.0-2600	2.4-2600	6.7-1700	76	Y	...	Mag	Car	Str	G	B
Wisconsin.....AB	GS,Co,Pu,Re,Af,In	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	13.50	5.17	L	4.0-3200	3.2-3200	6.9-2500	79	Y	...	Mag	Car	Str	G	B
Wisconsin.....ABS	GS,Co,Pu,Re,Af,In	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	17.80	4.60	L	4.1-2400	3.3-2400	9.5-1700	77	Y	...	Mag	Car	Str	G	B
Wisconsin.....AK	GS,Co,Pu,Re,Af,In	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	17.80	5.12	L	5.0-3200	4.0-3200	10.0-2000	77	Y	...	Mag	Car	Str	G	B
Wisconsin.....AKS	GS,Co,Pu,Re,Af,In	4	Ver	1	2 1/4 x 2 1/4	19.30	5.10	L	5.1-2600	4.1-2600	10.8-2000	125	Y	...	Mag	Car	Str	G	B
Wisconsin.....ADH	GS,Co,Pu,Re,Af,In	4	Ver	1	3x3 1/4	23.00	5.10	L	6.1-2600	4.9-2600	12.9-2000	130	Y	...	Mag	Car	Str	G	B
Wisconsin.....AEH	GS,Co,Pu,Re,Af,In	4	Ver	1	3 1/4 x 4	38.50	4.60	L	8.4-2100	6.7-2200	24.2-1300	175	Y	...	Mag	Car	Str	G	HB
Wisconsin.....AGH	GS,Co,Pu,Re,Af,In	4	Ver	1	3 1/4 x 4	41.30	4.55	L	9.2-2200	7.4-2200	25.9-1400	180	Y	...	Mag	Car	Str	G	HB
WATER COOLED ENGINES																			
Cushman (3).....2R14	GS,Co,Pu,Af	4	Hor	1	3 1/4 x 4 1/2	37.33	3.67	(a)	2.0-750	2.0-750	18.5-750	195	Y	Fb	Mag	MV	Own	G,K,D,Ng	He
Cushman.....3R20	GS,Co,Pu,Af	4	Hor	1	3 1/4 x 4 1/2	43.29	4.10	(a)	3.0-800	3.0-800	23.0-800	235	Y	Fb	Mag	MV	Own	G,K,D,Ng	He
Cushman.....4R30	GS,Co,Pu,Af	4	Hor	1	3 1/4 x 4 1/2	49.70	4.64	(a)	4.0-850	4.0-850	28.0-850	245	Y	Fb	Mag	MV	Own	G,K,D,Ng	He
Cushman.....C34	Co,Pu,Af	4	Ver	1	4x4	50.28	4.00	(a)	(b)	(b)	26.8-1000	270	Y	Fb	Mag	Car	Til	G	He
IHC (14).....LB, 3-5 Hp	Pu,Re,Af	4	Hor	1	4x4 1/4	51.80	4.60	I	(d)	(d)	35.8-750	290	Y	Fb	Mag	MV	Own	G,K,D,Ng	He
IHC.....LB, 1 1/2-2 1/2 Hp	Ha,Pu,Af	4	Hor	1	3 1/4 x 3 1/4	24.90	4.70	I	(e)	(e)	16.5-875	194	Y	Fb	Mag	MV	Own	G,K,D,Ng	He
Le Roi (15).....D140	GS,Pu,Af	4	Ver	4	3 1/2 x 3 1/2	140.0	...	I	33.0-2400	23.0-1500	72.0-2400	650	Y	Fb	BM	CM	...	G	HE
Le Roi.....B45	GS,Pu,Re,Af	4	Ver	2	2 1/4 x 3 1/2	45.40	5.80	L	9.8-1800	7.8-1800	29.0-1550	400	Y	Fb	Mag	Car	Zen	G	HE
Le Roi.....B91	GS,Pu,Re,Af	4	Ver	4	2 1/4 x 3 1/2	90.80	5.80	L	20.7-1800	16.5-1800	62.0-1550	495	Y	Fb	BM	Car	Zen	G	HE
Novo (11).....CWR-47	GS,Pu,Af,Ha,Co	4	Ver	2	2 1/4 x 4	47.00	6.00	L	10.0-2200	8.0-2200	30.0-1200	355	Y	Fb	Mag	Car	MS	G	He
Novo.....CWR-66	GS,Pu,Af,Ha,Co	4	Ver	2	3 1/4 x 4	66.00	6.00	L	15.0-2200	13.0-2200	46.0-1200	355	Y	Fb	Mag	Car	MS	G,K,D	He
Novo.....CWR-95	GS,Pu,Af,Ha,Co	4	Ver	4	2 1/4 x 4	95.00	6.00	L	23.0-2400	19.0-2400	63.0-1200	505	Y	Fb	Mag	Car	MS	G	He
Novo.....CWR-133	GS,Pu,Af,Ha,Co	4	Ver	4	3 1/4 x 4	133.0	6.00	L	32.0-2400	27.0-2400	87.0-1400	505	Y	Fb	Mag	Car	MS	G,K,D	He
Onan (12).....W3M or S	GS	4	IL	2	3x2 3/4	38.80	5.50	L	7.2-1850	7.1-1800	20.4-1850	1450	Y	...	BM	Car	Zen	G	He
Universal (16).....AFTC	GS	4	Ver	2	3x3 1/2	48.50	5.78	L	5.0-1200	6.0-1350	25.0-1200	385	Y	Me	BM	Car	Str	G	HE

## ABBREVIATIONS

Da—Dynamic Air  
(d)—3 to 5 Hp at 600 to 1000 rpm  
(e)—1 1/2 to 2 1/2 Hp at 600 to 1000 rpm  
EI—Electric  
(f)—Cylinder 30° from horizontal  
Fb—Flyball throttling  
GS—Generator Sets  
G—Gasoline  
Ha—Home appliances  
HB—Hand crank or Belt  
HBP—Hand crank-Pedal-Belt or Pulley  
He—Hand crank  
Hc—Hand crank or electric  
Hol—Holley Carburetor Co.  
Hor—Horizontal  
Ho—Hoists  
I—In-head  
IL—In Line  
Inj—Injector  
Inv—Inverted  
K—Kerosene  
L—Valves at side (L-Head)

1—Weight includes generator  
2—Flyweights in cam gear  
(a)—“F” Head: In-Head for Intake, L-head for exhaust  
AB—Air Vane or Flyball  
AF—Auxiliary Farm Implement equipment  
Ag—Auto glides  
Av—Air Vane  
(b)—4 to 6 Hp at 850 to 1300 rpm  
Bat—Battery  
BM—Battery and Magneto  
Bp—Belt or Pulley  
Brk—Bracke  
Car—Carburetor  
Co—Centrifugal  
CM—Carburetor or Mixing Valve  
C—Air Compressor  
CS—Chain Saws  
B—Belt  
(b)—4 to 6 Hp at 850 to 1300 rpm  
Me—Mechanical





# AMERICAN AIRCRAFT ENGINES

ENGINE MAKE AND MODEL	GENERAL DATA						RATINGS										Weight (Lb.)				Ignition System—Make	Starting		Installation Dimensions (Overall—Ins.)	Height above Engine Bed	Diameter Mounting Ring or Distance Between Bore					
	Arrangement	Cooling Medium	Number of Cylinders	Bore and Stroke (In.)	Total Piston Displacement (Cu. In.)	Compression Ratio	B.M.E.P. at Maximum (Lb. per Sq. In.)	Blower Ratio	Cylinder Material	No. of Valves per Cyl.		Maximum (Except Take-off)	Take-off		Cruising	Octane Rating of Fuel Required	Propeller Drive Ratio (to 1)	Engine Dry—Without Hub or Starter	Number Used and (except Take-off)	Carburetor		Type	Make				Method	Length	Height or O. D.	Width	
										Intake	Exhaust		R. P. M.	Horsepower																	R. P. M.
Allison V1710-G2	V60	Liq	12-5/16	4-3/4x4-1/4	1710.0	8.00	7.76	2	2	OH	2	1800	3200	2700	6030	975	2700	103/130	2.33	1470	1.22	1-Str	PI	Scin	EM	93	38 1/2	23 1/2	21 1/2	18 1/2	
Allison V1710-G6	V60	Liq	12-5/16	4-3/4x4-1/4	1710.0	8.00	7.48	2	2	OH	2	1800	3200	2700	15310	825	2100	103/130	2.33	1550	1.45	1-Str	PI	Scin	EM	101	33 1/2	23 1/2	21 1/2	18 1/2	
Cameron C4-E-1	IL	Air	4-3/4x4-1/4	301.0	7.00	132	8.00	(6)	(6)	HO	1	125	2500	SL	2700	110	2200	80	D	173	...	1-C7	PI	Scin	EM	43	25 1/4	14 1/4	6 1/4	13 1/4	
Continental A65-8F	Hor	Air	4-3/4x3-1/2	171.0	6.30	131	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	65	2300	SL	65	2300	83	2150	73	D	170	2.62	1-Str	FL	Scin	N <sub>2</sub>	30	23 1/2	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A65-9F	Hor	Air	4-3/4x3-1/2	171.0	6.30	131	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	65	2300	SL	65	2300	83	2150	73	D	170	2.62	1-Str	FL	Scin	N <sub>2</sub>	30	23 1/2	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental C75-12F	Hor	Air	4-3/4x3-1/2	188.0	6.30	139	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	75	2275	SL	75	2275	83	2275	73	D	175	2.70	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	32	21 1/2	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental C85-12F	Hor	Air	4-3/4x3-1/2	188.0	6.30	139	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	182	75	2275	SL	83	2275	61	2100	73	D	182	2.43	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	32	21 1/2	31 1/2	18 1/2
Continental A100-1	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	255.0	6.30	132	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	100	2350	SL	101	2350	71	2100	73	D	222	2.14	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41	21 1/2	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental C115-2	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	282.0	6.30	138	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	115	2350	SL	115	2350	61	2100	73	D	237	2.23	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	39 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental C125-2	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	282.0	6.30	138	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	115	2350	SL	115	2350	61	2100	73	D	237	2.23	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	39 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-2	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-3	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-4	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-5	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-6	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-7	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-8	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-9	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-10	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-11	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-12	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-13	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-14	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-15	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-16	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-17	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-18	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-19	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-20	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-21	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-22	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-23	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-24	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-25	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-26	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-27	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-28	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-29	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/4	31 1/2	18 1/2	
Continental A165-30	Hor	Air	6-3/4x3-1/2	471.0	7.00	135	7.76	(5)	(5)	In	1	165	2050	SL	165	2050	84	2100	73	D	321	1.94	1-Str	FL	Scin	EM	41 1/2	23 1/			



[illegible]

## ABBREVIATIONS FOR AIRCRAFT ENGINES

provided by four mounting bases integral with the crantcose. rear type mounting is provided by four mounting bases integral with the crantcose sections. rear type mounting is provided by five mounting bases, 4 of which are integral with the crantcose sections, and the remaining base is located at the rear of the oil sump.

Model B same as B5 except it is mounted vertically for helicopter use.

**Method of Starting**  
**EM**—Electric Motor  
**HE**—Hand Crank or Electric Motor  
**PC**—Pulling Cable  
**PS**—Propeller Spring

**Engine Manufacturers**  
 (1)—Alcooled Motors Corp.  
 (2)—Cameron Aero Engine Corp.  
 (3)—Aviation Mfg. Corp., Lycoming Div.  
 (4)—Gladden Products Corp.  
 (5)—Nelson Aircraft Corp.

**Mounting**  
 (a)—A longitudinal type mounting is

**ISM**—Stromberg or Marvel-Schoepler  
**Str**—Stromberg  
**Carburetor Type**  
**F-F**—Floak or fuel-injection  
**F-Flo**—Floak  
**Pl**—Pressure Injection  
**P**—Speed density pump  
**Ignition System**  
**I**—Ignition System  
**Mako**  
**Boo**—Boach  
**DR**—Delco-Remy  
**E**—Eisenmann  
**Sei**—Scintilla  
**Startur Mako**  
**AL**—Auto-Lite  
**E**—Ed  
**Ec**—Ecclipse  
**DR**—Delco-Remy  
**Opt**—Optional  
**Opt-Optional**

Ratings	
1-L—Sea Level	H—High Blower
2-L—Low Blower	
a) 2400 hp with water injections	
b) Take-off with high-speed supercharger drive and water injection	
Propeller Drive	
1—600 Optional	1—4375 Optional
Carburetor Make	
Gen—Bendix Fuel Injector	
SS—Bendix-Stromberg	
MS—Marvel Schebler	
DF—Own, fuel injector	
SH—Stromberg or Holley	

UL-In-Line Rad-Radial	IV-L-Inverted-In-Line
<b>Cylinder Material</b>	
(1) Nickel iron with Aluminum head	
(2) Aluminum with steel liner	
(3) Steel with Aluminum head	
(4) Aluminum with Nylasit iron sleeves	
(5) Steel barrel with aluminum fins cut in aluminum muff and bounded	
<b>Valve Location</b>	
In-3-In-head with push rods and rocker	
OH-2708	
OH-2708	

**General**

- Equipped with SAE #4 flanged popper shaft, available only on special request.
- Equipped with SAE #20 splined popper shaft.
- One engine-driven fuel pump standard equipment with each engine.

(a) —Cooled by fan  
(b) —Approved for glider use  
(c) —Liquid cooled  
(d) —Liquid cooled

**Pen-Pending** (c)—Also a ratio of .3536

**Cylinder Arrangement**

—Cylinders arranged



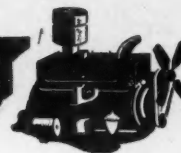


# AMERICAN

Line Number	ENGINE MAKE AND MODEL	Designed for	Number of Cylinders, Bore and Stroke (In.)	MAXIMUM BRAKE Hp. at Specified R.P.M.		Piston Displacement (Cu. In.)	Compression Ratio	Maximum Torque at R.P.M. (Lb. Ft.) with or without Accessories	Cylinder Liners—Type	Crankcase—Upper Half Integral with Cylinders	Arrangement	Exhaust Head Material (S.A.E. No.)	VALVES								Angle (Deg.)		
				With Bare Engine	With Standard Accessories								Max. Head Diameter (In.)		Min. Port Diameter (In.)		Lift (In.)		Stem Diameter (In.)				
													Intake	Exhaust	Intake	Exhaust	Intake	Exhaust	Intake	Exhaust			
1	Allis-Chalmers	B-15	Tr, Ind	4-3 1/2 x 3 1/2	30-1800	27-1800	125.2	5.75	87-1100 (EA)	W	In	I	Sil	1.43	1.31	1.20	1.03	.378	.378	.344	.344		
2	Allis-Chalmers	W-25	Tr, Ind	4-4 x 4	44-1800	40-1800	201.1	5.00	128-1200 (EA)	W	In	I	Sil	1.68	1.50	1.50	1.32	.376	.376	.372	.372	45	
3	Allis-Chalmers	U-40	Tr, Ind	4-4 1/2 x 5	56-1400	51-1400	318.1	4.75	200-900 (EA)	W	W	In	I	Sil	2.03	1.78	1.75	1.50	.375	.375	.372	.372	45
4	Allis-Chalmers	E-60	Tr, Ind	4-5 1/2 x 6 1/2	81-1050	74-1050	562.8	5.20	400-650 (EA)	W	In	I	Sil	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	.440	.417	.500	.500	30	
5	Allis-Chalmers	L-90	Tr, Ind	6-5 1/2 x 6 1/2	121-1050	110-1050	844.3	5.20	590-650 (EA)	W	In	I	Sil	2.21	2.21	2.00	2.00	.440	.417	.500	.500	45	
6	Autocar	377	T	6-4 x 5	119-2800		377.0	5.85	292-1400 (BE)	N	Se	L	SH X10	1.90	1.78	1.68	1.58	.406	.406	.437	.437	45	
7	Autocar	447	T	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	145-2700		447.0	6.25	352-1300 (BE)	N	Se	L	SH X10	2.12	1.93	1.93	1.79	.452	.452	.437	.437	45	
8	Autocar	501	T	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	165-2700		501.0	6.25	402-1100 (BE)	N	Se	L	SH X10	2.12	1.93	1.93	1.79	.452	.452	.437	.437	45	
9	Brennan	20	Ind	4-2 1/2 x 3 1/2	20-3900	15-3900	50.0	7.40	34-3200 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	1.12	1.00	.875	.875	.250	.250	.312	.312	45	
10	Brennan	Imp. De Luxe Spec.	M	4-2 1/2 x 3 1/2	25-4000	20-4000	50.0	7.40	34-3200 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	1.12	1.00	.875	.875	.250	.250	.312	.312	45	
11	Brennan	75	T, In	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	90-3500	75-3300	230.3	6.7	175-1000 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	1.50	1.50	1.37	1.25	.343	.343	.312	.312	45	
12	Brennan	Ned	M	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	95-3200	92-3200	230.3	5.50	184-1250	N	In	L	Sil	1.50	1.37	1.37	1.25	.343	.343	.312	.312	45	
13	Brennan	M-4	Ind	4-4 x 5	45-1800	39-1800	261.0	5.00	155-1000 (EA)	N	Se	L	NCI	2.00	2.00	1.87	1.87	.375	.375	.375	.375	45	
14	Brennan	CE	Ind	4-4 1/2 x 5	54-1600	46-1600	318.0	5.00	203-1000 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	2.00	2.00	1.87	1.87	.375	.375	.375	.375	45	
15	Brennan	E-4	M	4-4 1/2 x 5	54-1600	45-1600	318.0	5.00	203-1000 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	2.00	2.00	1.87	1.87	.375	.375	.375	.375	45	
16	Brennan	B-70	T, B, Tr, Ind	6-4 x 5 1/2	90-2000	75-2000	415.0	4.50	278-900 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	2.12	2.12	2.00	2.00	.375	.375	.437	.437	45	
17	Brennan	100	M	6-4 x 5 1/2	94-2000	80-2000	415.0	4.50	278-900 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	2.12	2.12	2.00	2.00	.375	.375	.437	.437	45	
18	Brennan	B-100	T, B, Tr, Ind	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	94-2000	80-2000	496.0	4.50	350-1200 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	2.12	2.12	2.00	2.00	.375	.375	.437	.437	45	
19	Brennan	125	M	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	110-2200	94-2200	496.0	6.00	350-1200 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	2.12	2.12	2.00	2.00	.375	.375	.437	.437	45	
20	Brennan	150	M	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	150-2000	130-2000	620.3	6.00	500-1200 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	2.50	2.50	2.12	2.12	.437	.437	.500	.500	45	
21	Bridgeport	F-5	M	1-3 1/2 x 4 1/2		6-1200	49.0	5.5		N	In	I	Sil	1.50	1.50					.312	.312	45	
22	Bridgeport	71	M	1-5 1/2 x 6 1/2		10-600	154.0	3.4		N	Se	L	NCI	2.25	2.25	2.00	2.00			.500	.500	45	
23	Bridgeport	F-10	M	2-3 1/2 x 4 1/2		12-1200	99.0	5.5		N	In	I	Sil	1.50	1.50					.312	.312	45	
24	Bridgeport	162	M	2-5 1/2 x 6 1/2		20-650	308.0	3.4		N	Se	L	NCI	2.25	2.25	2.00	2.00			.500	.500	45	
25	Bridgeport	Pilot	M	4-4 1/2 x 5		55-2000	283.0	2.9	25-2000 (EA)	N	In	L	Sil	1.87	1.87	1.62	1.62			.375	.375	45	
26	Bridgeport	304	M	4-5 1/2 x 6 1/2		45-700	617.0	3.4		N	Se	L	NCI	2.25	2.25	2.00	2.00			.500	.500	45	
27	Bridgeport	404	M	4-6 1/2 x 7 1/2		65-600	995.0	2.6		N	Se	L	NCI	2.37	2.37	2.00	2.00			.500	.500	45	
28	Buda	HP-326	T, B, Tr, Ind	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	78-2400	66-2400	326.0	5.40	188-1000 (EA)	N	In	L	2112	1.65	1.53	1.50	1.37	.344	.344	.372	.372	45	
29	Buda	HP-351	T, Tr, Ind	6-3 1/2 x 5 1/2	84-2400	71-2400	351.0	5.83	201-1000 (EA)	N	In	L	2112	1.65	1.53	1.50	1.37	.344	.344	.372	.372	45	
30	Buda	K-428	T, B, Tr, Ind	6-4 1/2 x 4 1/2	107-2400	95-2400	428.0	5.33	296-1100 (EA)	N	In	L	2112	1.90	1.78	1.75	1.62	.400	.400	.372	.372	45	
31	Buda	L-525	T, Tr, Ind	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	113-2400	94-2400	525.0	4.75	340-800 (EA)	N	In	L	2112	1.90	1.78	1.75	1.62	.400	.400	.372	.372	45	
32	Buda	LO-525	T, B, Tr, Ind	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	157-2400	139-2400	525.0	5.00	396-1200 (EA)	N	In	L	2112	1.96	1.68	1.75	1.50	.468	.468	.372	.372	30	
33	Buda	JL-1335	Ind	6-8 1/2 x 7 1/2	164-1000	140-1000	1334.6	4.40	780-600 (EA)	N	Se	L	2112	2.93	2.93	2.50	2.50	.438	.438	.497	.497	30	
34	Buda	PC-1879	Ind	6-6 1/2 x 8 1/2	232-1000	197-1000	1879.0	4.50	1110-750 (EA)	W	In	L	2112	2.71	2.53	2.50	2.28	.703	.703	.558	.558	45	
35	Buda	PGC-1879	Ind	6-6 1/2 x 8 1/2	232-1000	197-1000	1879.0	4.50	1200-750 (EA)	W	In	L	2112	2.71	2.53	2.50	2.28	.703	.703	.558	.558	45	
36	Buda	PCS-1879	Ind	6-6 1/2 x 8 1/2	340-1200	310-1200	1879.0	4.50	1410-950 (EA)	W	In	L	2112	2.71	2.53	2.50	2.28	.703	.703	.558	.558	45	
37	Buda	6-MO-970	T, Ind, M	6-5 1/2 x 6 1/2	172-1400	147-1400	970.0	5.43	545-1000	W	In	L	2112	2.64	2.02	2.37	1.87	.540	.540	.433	.433	30	
38	Buda	6-MO-893	T, Ind, M	6-5 1/2 x 6 1/2	199-2000	170-2000	893.0	5.50	490-1000	W	In	L	2112	2.64	2.02	2.37	1.87	.540	.540	.433	.433	30	
39	Buda	4MO-645	Tr, Ind	4-5 1/2 x 6 1/2	123-1400	110-1400	645.0	5.43	510-1000	W	In	L	2112	2.64	2.02	2.37	1.87	.540	.540	.433	.433	30	
40	Buda	4B-153	T, Tr, Ind	4-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	47-2800	42-2800	153.0	6.00	108-1000	W	In	L	2112	1.50	1.28	1.37	1.12	.429	.429	.312	.312	45	
41	Buda	4B-182	T, Tr, Ind	4-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	54-2800	49-2800	182.0	5.54	128-1200	N	In	L	2112	1.50	1.28	1.37	1.12	.429	.429	.312	.312	45	
42	Buda	6B-230	T, Tr, Ind	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	72-3000	65-3000	230.0	6.00	164-1000	W	In	L	2112	1.50	1.28	1.37	1.12	.429	.429	.312	.312	45	
43	Buda	6B-273	T, Tr, Ind	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	82-2800	75-2800	273.0	5.40	191-1000	N	In	L	2112	1.50	1.28	1.37	1.12	.429	.429	.312	.312	45	
44	Buffalo	RA-4	M, Ind	4-5 1/2 x 7	120-1200	110-1200	759.0	4.60	525-1200 (EA)	N	Se	I	Sil	3.09	2.84	2.87	2.62	.540	.540	.500	.500	45	
45	Buffalo	RAB-4	M, Ind	4-6 1/2 x 7	145-1200	130-1200	929.0	5.00	635-1200 (EA)	N	Se	I	Sil	3.09	2.84	2.87	2.62	.625	.625	.500	.500	45	
46	Buffalo	RA-9	M, Ind	6-5 1/2 x 7	180-1200	160-1200	1138.0	4.69	790-1200 (EA)	N	Se	I	Sil	3.09	2.84	2.87	2.62	.540	.540	.500	.500	45	
47	Buffalo	RAB-6	M, Ind	6-6 1/2 x 7	215-1200	195-1200	1393.0	5.00	965-1200 (EA)	N	Se	I	Sil	3.09	2.84	2.87	2.62	.625	.625	.500	.500	45	
48	Buffalo	RA-8	M, Ind	8-5 1/2 x 7	240-1200	220-1200	1518.0	4.60	1050-1200 (EA)	N	Se	I	Sil	3.09	2.84	2.87	2.62	.540	.540	.500	.500	45	
49	Buffalo	RAB-9	M, Ind	8-6 1/2 x 7	300-1200	270-1200	1853.0	5.00	1275-1200 (EA)	N	Se	I	Sil	3.09	2.84	2.87	2.62	.625	.625	.500	.500	45	
50	Buffalo	RABV-12	Ind																				



# GASOLINE ENGINES



Exhaust	VALVES			PISTONS				CONNECTING RODS		CRANKSHAFT					CARBU-RETOR		OVERALL DIMENSIONS (In.)									
	Seats			Cameshaft Drive—Type	Material	Weight with Pins, Rings, Bushings (Oz.)	Piston Pin—Diameter and Length (In.)	Number of Rings per Piston	Material	Center to Center Length (In.)	Weight with Bushing and Cap (Oz.)	Material	Counter Balance Used	Crank-Pin Diameter and Length (In.)	MAIN BEARINGS		Oil Pressure to —	Spark Plug—Thread Size	Make	Size	Engine Weight without Carburetor or Ignition (Lb.)	OVERALL DIMENSIONS (In.)				
	Angle (Deg.)	Inserts Used?	Insert Material (S.A.E. No.)												Number	Diameter and Length (In.)						Width	Height	Length		
																Front									Rear	
344	45	N	.....	HG	CI	42	.813x2.87	4	1040	6 1/2	29	1045	N	1.93x1.43	3	2.25x1.62	2.25x1.50	abce	14mm	Zen	3/8	360	16 1/4	31 1/2	27	1
372	45	N	TA	HG	CI	67	.989x3.50	4	1040	7 1/2	42	1045	N	2.37x1.75	3	2.43x1.93	2.50x1.75	abce	14mm	Zen	1 1/4	520	23 1/4	31 1/2	33 1/2	2
372	30	F	TA	HG	CI	99	1.31x4.06	5	1045	9 1/2	92	1045	N	2.37x2.37	3	2.50x2.31	2.50x2.75	abce	1 1/8-18	Zen	1 1/2	985	26 3/4	37 1/2	43 1/2	3
500	45	F	TA	HG	CI	162	1.50x4.87	4	1040	13	182	1045	N	2.75x3.24	3	3.00x3.50	3.00x4.75	abce	1 1/8-18	Zen	1 1/2	2020	27 47/8	53	53	4
500	45	F	TA	HG	CI	162	1.50x4.87	4	1040	13	182	1945	N	2.75x3.24	4	3.00x3.50	3.00x4.75	abce	1 1/8-18	Zen(2)	1 1/2	2810	29 1/4	63 1/2	72 1/2	5
437	45	F	71360	HG	AI	43	1.12x3.43	4	NE8840	10 1/4	65	CS	Y	2.37x1.44	7	3.25x1.87	3.25x2.80	abce	18 mm	Zen	1 1/2	1230	27 1/4	41	45	6
437	45	F	71360	HG	AI	51	1.12x3.68	4	NE8840	10 1/4	78	CS	Y	2.50x1.53	7	3.25x1.87	3.25x2.87	abce	18 mm	Zen	1 1/2	1385	27 1/4	41 1/2	47	7
437	45	F	71360	HG	AI	57	1.12x3.93	4	NE8840	10 1/4	78	CS	Y	2.50x1.58	7	3.25x1.87	3.25x2.87	abce	18 mm	Hol	1 1/2	1395	27 1/4	41 1/2	47	8
312	45	N	.....	HG	AI	6	.625x2.00	3	1045	5 1/4	14	1045	Y	1.31x1.25	3	2.50x1.50	2.50x1.50	abce	14 mm	Zen	3/4	128	12 1/4	17 1/2	18 1/2	9
312	45	N	.....	HG	AI	6	.625x2.00	3	1045	5 1/4	14	1045	N	1.31x1.25	3	2.50x1.50	2.50x1.50	abce	14 mm	Zen	3/4	165	12 1/4	17 1/2	29	10
312	45	Y	TS	Ch	AI	23	.875x2.75	4	2320	7 1/4	29	1045	Y	2.08x1.25	4	2.50x1.87	2.50x1.87	abce	14 mm	Str	1 1/4	710	18 1/4	22	37 1/2	11
312	45	E	TS	Ch	AI	23	.875x2.75	4	2320	7 1/4	29	1045	Y	2.08x1.25	4	2.50x1.87	2.50x1.75	abce	14 mm	Str	1 1/4	710	18 1/4	22	46 1/2	12
375	45	N	.....	HG	CI	80	1.17x4.00	4	AS	11	64	CNS	N	2.56x2.00	3	2.12x4.25	2.12x2.25	abce	14 mm	Str	1 1/4	650	12 1/4	19 1/2	53 1/2	13
375	45	N	.....	HG	SS	80	1.17x4.00	4	1045	11	64	1045	N	2.50x2.50	3	2.50x4.25	2.50x3.50	abce	14 mm	Str	1 1/4	600	21	29 1/2	37 1/2	14
437	45	N	.....	HG	SS	72	1.17x4.00	5	1045	11	64	1045	N	2.50x2.50	3	2.50x4.25	2.50x3.50	abce	14 mm	Str	1 1/4	950	16	18	53	15
437	45	N	.....	HG	SS	64	1.17x3.87	4	CNS	11	65	CNS	N	2.50x2.00	3	2.75x4.50	2.75x3.00	abce	14 mm	Str	1 1/4	800	25 1/4	33 1/4	49	16
437	45	N	.....	HG	SS	64	1.17x3.87	4	AS	11	65	CNS	N	2.50x2.00	3	2.75x4.50	2.75x3.00	abce	14 mm	Str	1 1/4	800	19 1/4	24 1/4	65	17
437	45	N	.....	HG	SS	76	1.25x3.87	5	CNS	11	65	CNS	N	2.50x2.00	3	2.75x4.50	2.75x3.00	abce	14 mm	Str	1 1/4	875	25 1/4	33 1/4	49	18
437	45	N	.....	HG	SS	70	1.25x3.87	5	AS	11	65	CNS	N	2.50x2.00	3	2.75x4.50	2.75x3.00	abce	14 mm	Str	1 1/4	900	19 1/4	24 1/4	65	19
500	45	N	.....	BG	SS	72	1.37x4.00	5	AS	12	80	CNS	Y	2.62x2.67	7	2.62x5.00	2.62x3.50	abce	14 mm	Str	1 1/4	1450	20	30	74	20
312	45	N	.....	SG	CI	124	.750x3.37	3	DFS	12 1/2	130	.....	Y	1.37x1.50	2	1.37x2.50	1.37x2.50	Splash	1 1/8-18	.....	1	204	13	24	30	21
312	45	N	.....	SG	CI	124	.750x3.37	3	DFS	12 1/2	130	.....	N	2.00x3.00	2	2.00x3.00	2.00x5.50	Splash	1 1/8-18	.....	1	510	20	34	47	22
312	45	N	.....	HG	CI	124	.750x3.37	3	DFS	12 1/2	136	.....	Y	1.37x1.50	2	1.37x1.50	1.37x2.50	Splash	1 1/8-18	.....	1	308	13	25	33	23
312	45	N	.....	HG	CI	124	.750x3.37	3	DFS	12 1/2	136	.....	N	2.00x3.00	3	2.00x5.50	2.00x5.50	ML	1 1/8-18	.....	1	1010	20	35	56	24
312	45	Bo	AS	HG	CI	64	1.37x3.50	4	DFS	9 1/4	56	.....	N	2.00x2.25	3	2.00x3.00	2.00x3.25	abce	1 1/8-18	.....	1	920	17	28 1/2	53	25
312	45	N	.....	HG	CI	124	1.25x5.25	5	DFS	12 1/2	136	.....	N	2.00x3.00	5	2.00x5.50	2.00x5.50	ML	1 1/8-18	.....	1	1700	20	35	76	26
312	45	N	.....	HG	CI	272	1.50x6.00	5	DFS	15 1/2	208	.....	N	2.37x3.00	5	2.37x6.00	2.37x6.00	ML	1 1/8-18	.....	1	2400	21	40	87	27
372	45	E	DC	HG	CI	42	1.12x3.25	4	CS	9 1/4	42	CS	N	2.12x1.62	7	3.00x1.50	3.00x2.12	abce	18 mm	Zen	1 1/4	885	25 1/4	33 1/4	39 1/2	28
372	45	E	DC	HG	CI	42	1.12x3.25	4	CS	9 1/4	42	CS	N	2.12x1.62	7	3.00x1.50	3.00x2.12	abce	18 mm	Zen	1 1/4	905	25 1/4	33 1/4	39 1/2	29
372	45	E	DC	HG	AI	68	1.25x3.82	4	CS	9 1/4	58	CS	N	2.37x1.75	7	3.00x1.75	3.00x2.50	abce	18 mm	Zen	1 1/4	905	25 1/4	30 1/2	47 1/2	30
372	45	E	DC	HG	AI	88	1.25x3.81	4	CS	11	66	CS	N	2.37x1.75	7	3.00x1.75	3.00x2.50	abce	18 mm	Zen	1 1/4	950	25 1/4	33 1/4	47 1/2	31
497	30	E	JM	HG	AI	88	1.25x3.81	4	AS	11	78	CS	N	2.37x1.75	7	3.00x1.75	3.00x2.50	abce	14 mm	Zen	1 1/4	1195	27 1/4	38 1/2	49 1/2	32
550	45	E	DC	HG	AI	199	2.00x5.33	4	AS	15 1/4	239	CS	Y	3.50x3.31	4	3.50x4.75	3.50x4.75	abce	1 1/8-18	Zen	2	3700	28 1/4	43	74 1/2	33
550	45	E	DC	HG	Ala	263	2.75x5.53	5	CS	17 1/4	430	CS	Y	4.25x3.25	7	4.50x2.68	3.75x3.48	abce	18 mm	Zen(2)	2	9000	48	48 1/2	88 1/2	34
550	45	E	DC	HG	Ala	263	2.75x5.53	5	CS	17 1/4	430	CS	Y	4.25x3.25	7	4.50x2.68	3.75x3.48	abce	18 mm	Ens	2	9000	48	48 1/2	88 1/2	35
550	45	E	DC	HG	AI	263	2.75x5.53	5	1035	17 1/4	430	1045	N	4.25x3.25	7	4.50x2.68	4.50x3.48	abce	18 mm	Ens	2	9000	48	48 1/2	88 1/2	36
433	45	E	Jad	HG	CI	152	1.75x4.75	5	1040	12 1/2	171	1045	N	3.25x2.12	7	3.75x3.75	3.75x2.75	abce	14 mm	Zen	2	2400	28 1/4	48 1/4	58 1/2	37
437	30	E	Jad	HG	CI	152	1.75x4.75	5	1040	12 1/2	171	1045	N	3.25x2.12	7	3.75x3.00	3.75x2.75	abce	14 mm	Zen	2	2400	28 1/4	48 1/4	58 1/2	38
312	45	N	.....	HG	CI	152	1.75x4.75	5	1040	12 1/2	171	1045	N	3.25x2.12	7	3.75x3.00	3.75x2.75	abce	14 mm	Zen	2	2400	28 1/4	48 1/4	58 1/2	39
312	45	N	.....	HG	CI	152	1.75x4.75	5	1040	12 1/2	171	1045	N	3.25x2.12	7	3.75x3.00	3.75x2.75	abce	14 mm	Zen	2	2400	28 1/4	48 1/4	58 1/2	40
312	45	N	.....	HG	CI	152	1.75x4.75	5	1040	12 1/2	171	1045	N	3.25x2.12	7	3.75x3.00	3.75x2.75	abce	14 mm	Zen	2	2400	28 1/4	48 1/4	58 1/2	41
312	45	N	.....	HG	CI	152	1.75x4.75	5	1040	12 1/2	171	1045	N	3.25x2.12	7	3.75x3.00	3.75x2.75	abce	14 mm	Zen	2	2400	28 1/4	48 1/4	58 1/2	42
312	45	N	.....	HG	CI	152	1.75x4.75	5	1040	12 1/2	171	1045	N	3.25x2.12	7	3.75x3.00	3.75x2.75	abce	14 mm	Zen	2	2400	28 1/4	48 1/4	58 1/2	43
500	45	E	SA	HG	AI	132	1.50x5.62	5	3135	14	147	3140	Y	3.00x2.37	5	3.75x4.12	3.75x4.50	abce	1 1/8-18	Zen	2 1/4	2500	24	46	78	44
500	45																									



# American Gasoline

Line Number	ENGINE MAKE AND MODEL	Designed for	Number of Cylinders, Bore and Stroke (In.)	MAXIMUM BRAKE HP. at Specified R.P.M.		Piston Displacement (Cu. In.)	Compression Ratio	Maximum Torque at R.P.M. (Lb. Ft.) with or without Accessories	Cylinder Liners—Type	Crankcase—Upper Half Integral with Cylinders	Arrangement	Exhaust Head Material (S.A.E. No.)	VALVES						Stem Diameter (In.)	Angle (Deg.)	
				With Bare Engine	With Standard Accessories								Max. Head Diameter (In.)		Min. Port Diameter (In.)		Lift (In.)				
													Intake	Exhaust	Intake	Exhaust	Intake	Exhaust			
1	Continental.....Y-4112	C,Tr	4-3 1/4 x 3 1/2	45-3000		111.7	6.10	86-2200 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.20	1.01	1.06	.875	.296	.281	.314	.313	(h)
2	Continental.....F-124	Ind	4-3x4 1/2	36-2400		123.7	4.10	91-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.51	1.32	1.37	1.18	.281	.281	.341	.339	(h)
3	Continental.....F-4124	C,T,Tr	4-3x4 1/2	46-3000		123.7	6.50	86-1400 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.51	1.32	1.37	1.18	.281	.281	.341	.339	(h)
4	Continental.....G-134	Ind	4-3 1/4 x 3 1/2	33-2400		134.0	4.80	104-1000 (BE)	N	In	Oh	XCR	1.32	1.20	1.18	1.09	.312	.312	.343	.343	(h)
5	Continental.....F-140	Ind	4-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	42-2400		139.6	4.40	104-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.51	1.32	1.37	1.18	.281	.281	.341	.339	(h)
6	Continental.....F-4140	C,T,Tr	4-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	52-3000		139.6	6.30	108-1400 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.51	1.32	1.37	1.18	.281	.281	.341	.339	(h)
7	Continental.....G-157	Ind	4-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	39-2400		157.0	4.80	121-1000 (BE)	N	In	Oh	XCR	1.32	1.20	1.18	1.09	.312	.312	.343	.343	(h)
8	Continental.....F-182	Ind	4-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	43-2400		162.4	5.00	124-800 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.51	1.32	1.37	1.18	.281	.281	.341	.339	(h)
9	Continental.....F-4182	C,T,Tr	4-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	58-3000		162.4	6.10	122-1600 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.51	1.32	1.37	1.18	.281	.281	.341	.339	(h)
10	Continental.....H-227	Ind	4-3 1/4 x 5 1/2	54-2000		227.0	4.70	174-1000 (BE)	N	In	Oh	XCR	1.64	1.45	1.60	1.31	.343	.343	.437	.437	(h)
11	Continental.....H-243	Ind	4-3 1/4 x 5 1/2	58-2000		243.0	4.70	186-1000 (BE)	N	In	Oh	XCR	1.64	1.45	1.60	1.31	.343	.343	.437	.437	(h)
12	Continental.....F-186	Ind	6-3x4 1/2	54-2400		185.6	4.20	140-1000 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.51	1.32	1.37	1.18	.296	.296	.341	.339	(h)
13	Continental.....F-6186	C,T,Tr	6-3x4 1/2	59-3000		185.6	6.40	139-1000 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.51	1.32	1.37	1.18	.296	.296	.341	.339	(h)
14	Continental.....F-209	Ind	6-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	61-2400		209.4	4.70	185-1000 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.51	1.32	1.37	1.18	.296	.296	.341	.339	(h)
15	Continental.....F-6209	C,T,Tr	6-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	70-3000		209.4	6.10	183-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.51	1.32	1.37	1.18	.296	.296	.341	.339	(h)
16	Continental.....F-226	Ind	6-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	65-2400		226.0	4.90	169-1000 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.51	1.32	1.37	1.18	.296	.296	.341	.339	(h)
17	Continental.....F-6226	C,T,Tr	6-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	72-3000		226.0	6.00	168-1000 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.51	1.32	1.37	1.18	.296	.296	.341	.339	(h)
18	Continental.....M-271	Ind	6-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	76-2200		270.9	4.20	198-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.76	1.51	1.62	1.37	.343	.359	.404	.402	(h)
19	Continental.....M-8271	T,B,Tr	6-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	89-2800		270.9	6.00	203-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.76	1.51	1.62	1.37	.343	.359	.404	.402	(h)
20	Continental.....K-8271	T,B	6-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	105-2800		270.9		216-1200 (BE)	N	In	Oh	Aus	1.76	1.51	1.62	1.37	.375	.375	.406	.406	(h)
21	Continental.....M-290	Ind	6-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	81-2200		289.9	4.40	212-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.76	1.51	1.62	1.37	.343	.359	.404	.402	(h)
22	Continental.....M-8290	T,B,Tr	6-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	93-2800		289.9	6.00	217-1000 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.76	1.51	1.62	1.37	.343	.359	.404	.402	(h)
23	Continental.....K-8290	T,B	6-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	111-2800		289.9		231-1200 (BE)	N	In	Oh	Aus	1.76	1.51	1.62	1.37	.375	.375	.406	.406	(h)
24	Continental.....M-330	Ind	6-4x4 1/2	89-2200		329.9	4.80	248-1000 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.76	1.51	1.62	1.37	.343	.359	.404	.402	(h)
25	Continental.....M-8330	T,B,Tr	6-4x4 1/2	104-2800		329.4	6.10	245-1000 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.76	1.51	1.62	1.37	.343	.359	.404	.402	(h)
26	Continental.....K-6330	T,B	6-4x4 1/2	125-2800		329.4	6.30	264-1200 (BE)	N	In	Oh	Aus	1.76	1.51	1.62	1.37	.375	.375	.406	.406	(h)
27	Continental.....B-371	Ind	6-4 1/4 x 4 1/2	97-2200		370.9	5.20	277-1000 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.89	1.64	1.75	1.50	.359	.359	.435	.432	(h)
28	Continental.....B-8371	T,B	6-4 1/4 x 4 1/2	100-2600		370.9	6.00	278-1000 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.89	1.64	1.75	1.50	.359	.359	.435	.432	(h)
29	Continental.....T-8371	Ind	6-4 1/4 x 4 1/2	132-2600		370.9		296-1200 (BE)	N	In	Oh	Aus	2.01	1.64	1.75	1.50	.375	.375	.437	.437	(h)
30	Continental.....B-427	Ind	6-4 1/4 x 4 1/2	112-2200		427.1		322-800 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.89	1.64	1.75	1.50	.359	.359	.435	.432	(h)
31	Continental.....B-8427	T,B,M	6-4 1/4 x 4 1/2	127-2600		427.2	5.90	323-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	Aus	1.89	1.64	1.75	1.50	.359	.359	.435	.432	(h)
32	Continental.....T-8427	Ind	6-4 1/4 x 4 1/2	151-2600		427.2	6.20	340-1200 (BE)	N	In	Oh	Aus	2.01	1.64	1.75	1.50	.375	.375	.437	.437	(h)
33	Continental.....33-R-501	Ind	6-4 1/4 x 5 1/2	128-2000		501.0	4.40	373-1000 (BE)	N	In	Oh	Aus	2.14	1.87	1.81	1.62	.421	.421	.435	.433	(h)
34	Continental.....22-R	T,B	6-4 1/4 x 5 1/2	148-2400		501.0	5.70	387-1200 (BE)	N	In	Oh	Aus	2.14	1.87	1.81	1.62	.421	.421	.435	.433	(h)
35	Continental.....R-513	Ind	6-4 1/4 x 5 1/2	140-2000		512.9	5.10	393-1000 (BE)	N	In	Oh	Aus	2.14	1.89	2.00	1.75	.500	.500	.485	.485	(h)
36	Continental.....R-6513	T,B	6-4 1/4 x 5 1/2	170-2600		512.9	5.90	400-1200 (BE)	N	In	Oh	Aus	2.14	1.89	2.00	1.75	.500	.500	.485	.485	(h)
37	Continental.....R-572	Ind	6-4 1/4 x 5 1/2	156-2000		571.7	5.50	440-1000 (BE)	N	In	Oh	Aus	2.14	1.89	2.00	1.75	.500	.500	.485	.485	(h)
38	Continental.....R-6572	T,B	6-4 1/4 x 5 1/2	189-2600		571.7	5.90	440-1200 (BE)	N	In	Oh	Aus	2.09	1.89	2.00	1.75	.500	.500	.485	.485	(h)
39	Continental.....R-602	Ind	6-4 1/4 x 5 1/2	164-2000		602.0	5.80	460-1000 (BE)	N	In	Oh	Aus	2.14	1.89	2.00	1.75	.500	.500	.485	.485	(h)
40	Continental.....R-6602	T,B	6-4 1/4 x 5 1/2	199-2600		602.0	5.80	464-1200 (BE)	N	In	Oh	Aus	2.14	1.89	2.00	1.75	.500	.500	.485	.485	(h)
41	Continental.....S-749	Ind	6-5 1/4 x 5 1/2	217-2200		748.8	6.10	572-1000 (BE)	N	In	Oh	Aus	2.39	2.14	2.25	2.00	.562	.562	.497	.494	(h)
42	Continental.....S-6749	Ind	6-5 1/4 x 5 1/2	247-2600		748.8	6.10	576-1400 (BE)	N	In	Oh	Aus	2.39	2.14	2.25	2.00	.562	.562	.497	.494	(h)
43	Dodge.....T-112,T-114	T	6-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	95-3600	80-3400	217.8	6.60	172-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	Sil	1.53	1.41	1.41	1.28	.379	.379	.340	.340	(h)
44	Dodge.....T-116	T	6-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	102-3600	80-3200	230.2	6.70	184-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	Sil	1.53	1.41	1.41	1.28	.379	.379	.340	.340	(h)
45	Dodge.....T-137	T	6-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	94-3200	74-2800	230.2	6.70	185-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	Sil	1.53	1.41	1.41	1.28	.379	.379	.340	.340	(h)
46	Dodge.....T-118,T-128	T	6-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	109-3600	87-3200	236.6	6.80	192-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	Sil	1.72	1.53	1.56	1.37	.379	.379	.340	.340	(h)
47	Dodge.....T-120,T-130	T	6-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	114-3600	97-3200	250.6	6.80	204-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	Sil	1.72	1.53	1.56	1.37	.379	.379	.340	.340	(h)
48	Dodge.....T-136	T	6-3 1/4 x 4 1/2	115-3200	108-3200	281.8	6.50	225-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	Sil	1.94	1.75	1.78	1.59	.41	.379	.372	.434	(h)
49	Dodge.....T-135	T	6-3 1/4 x 5	128-3000	111-2800	331.3	6.50	270-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	Sil	1.94	1.75	1.78	1.59	.41	.379	.372	.434	(h)
50	Ford.....59A	C,T,B	6-3 1/4 x 3 1/2	100-3800	89-3600	239.4	6.75	180-2000 (BE)	N	In	L	Sil	1.50	1.50	1.34	1.34	.292	.292	.311	.311	



# Engines—Continued

VALVES			PISTONS			CONNECTING RODS			CRANKSHAFT			CARBU-RETOR			OVERALL DIMENSIONS (In.)									
Seats			Cameshaft Drive—Type	Material	Weight with Pins, Rings, Bushings (Oz.)	Piston Pin—Diameter and Length (In.)	Number of Rings per Piston	Material	Center to Center Length (In.)	Weight with Bushing and Cap (Oz.)	Material	Counter Balance Used	Crank-Pin Diameter and Length (In.)	MAIN BEARINGS		Oil Pressure to—	Spark Plug—Thread Size	Make	Size	Engine Weight without Carburetor or Ignition (Lb.)	Width	Height	Length	Line Number
Angle (Deg.)	Inserts Used?	Insert Material (S.A.E. No.)												Front	Rear									
(h)	N		HG	CI	.703x2.75	3	1030	5 3/4	DFS	N	1.50x1.18	3	1.75x1.28	1.75x1.65	abce	18 mm	1	290	26	22 1/2	25 1/2	1		
(h)	N		HG	CI	.859x2.50	4	1030	7	DFS	N	1.93x1.31	3	2.25x1.18	2.25x1.89	abce	18 mm	1	370	26	26 1/2	29 1/2	2		
(h)	N		HG	CI	.859x2.50	4	1030	7	DFS	N	1.93x1.31	3	2.25x1.18	2.25x1.89	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	395	28	26 1/2	29 1/2	3		
(h)	N		HG	AL	1.12x2.56	4	1035	7	DFS	N	1.93x1.31	3	2.37x2.53	2.37x1.68	abce	18 mm	1	475	16 1/2	19 1/2	26 1/2	4		
(h)	N		HG	CI	.859x2.68	4	1030	7	DFS	N	1.93x1.31	3	2.25x1.18	2.25x1.89	abce	18 mm	1	370	26	26 1/2	29 1/2	5		
(h)	N		HG	AL	.859x2.68	4	1030	7	DFS	N	1.93x1.31	3	2.25x1.18	2.25x1.89	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	395	28	26 1/2	29 1/2	6		
(h)	N		HG	CI	1.12x2.75	4	1035	7	DFS	N	1.93x1.31	3	2.37x1.53	2.37x1.68	abce	18 mm	1	475	16 1/2	19 1/2	26 1/2	7		
(h)	N		HG	CI	.859x2.87	4	1030	7	DFS	N	1.93x1.31	3	2.25x1.18	2.25x1.89	abce	18 mm	1	370	26	26 1/2	29 1/2	8		
(h)	N		HG	CI	.859x2.87	4	1030	7	DFS	N	1.93x1.31	3	2.25x1.18	2.25x1.89	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	395	28	26 1/2	29 1/2	9		
(h)	N		HG	Ala	.859x2.87	4	1030	7	DFS	N	1.93x1.31	3	2.25x1.18	2.25x1.89	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	395	28	26 1/2	29 1/2	10		
(h)	N	SA			1.25x3.31	5	1035	9 1/2	DFS	N	2.50x1.18	3	2.67x1.81	2.67x2.06	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	645	19 1/2	33 1/2	30 1/2	11		
(h)	N	SA			1.25x3.31	5	1035	9 1/2	DFS	N	2.50x1.18	3	2.67x1.81	2.67x2.06	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	654	19 1/2	33 1/2	30 1/2	12		
(h)	N		HG	CI	.859x2.50	4	1030	7	DFS	N	1.93x1.31	4	2.25x1.18	2.25x1.81	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	505	26	27 1/2	36 1/2	13		
(h)	N		HG	CI	.859x2.50	4	1030	7	DFS	N	1.93x1.31	4	2.25x1.18	2.25x1.81	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	515	28	27 1/2	36 1/2	14		
(h)	N		HG	CI	.859x2.62	4	1030	7	DFS	N	1.93x1.31	4	2.25x1.18	2.25x1.81	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	505	26	27 1/2	36 1/2	15		
(h)	N		HG	CI	.859x2.62	4	1030	7	DFS	N	1.93x1.31	4	2.25x1.18	2.25x1.81	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	515	28	27 1/2	36 1/2	16		
(h)	N		HG	CI	.859x2.62	4	1030	7	DFS	N	1.93x1.31	4	2.25x1.18	2.25x1.81	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	510	28	27 1/2	36 1/2	17		
(h)	N		HG	CI	.859x2.62	4	1030	7	DFS	N	1.93x1.31	4	2.25x1.18	2.25x1.81	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	515	28	27 1/2	36 1/2	18		
(h)	N	SA			1.10x3.06	4	1035	8 3/4	DFS	Y	2.25x1.56	7	2.62x1.50	2.62x1.81	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	755	25 1/2	29 1/2	42	19		
(h)	N	SA			1.10x3.06	4	1035	8 3/4	DFS	Y	2.25x1.56	7	2.62x1.50	2.62x1.81	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	755	25 1/2	29 1/2	42	20		
(h)	N	SA			1.10x3.01	4	1035	8 3/4	DFS	Y	2.25x1.56	7	2.62x1.53	2.62x1.81	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	940	22 1/2	31 1/2	42	21		
(h)	N	SA			1.10x3.18	4	1035	8 3/4	DFS	Y	2.25x1.56	7	2.62x1.50	2.62x1.81	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	720	25 1/2	29 1/2	42	22		
(h)	N	SA			1.10x3.18	4	1035	8 3/4	DFS	Y	2.25x1.56	7	2.62x1.50	2.62x1.81	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	755	25 1/2	29 1/2	42	23		
(h)	N	SA			1.10x3.18	4	1035	8 3/4	DFS	Y	2.25x1.56	7	2.62x1.53	2.62x1.81	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	940	22 1/2	31 1/2	42	24		
(h)	N	SA			1.10x3.43	4	1035	8 3/4	DFS	Y	2.25x1.56	7	2.62x1.50	2.62x1.81	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	720	25 1/2	29 1/2	42	25		
(h)	N	SA			1.10x3.43	4	1035	8 3/4	DFS	Y	2.25x1.56	7	2.62x1.50	2.62x1.81	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	755	25 1/2	29 1/2	42	26		
(h)	N	SA			1.10x3.18	4	1035	8 3/4	DFS	Y	2.25x1.56	7	2.62x1.53	2.62x1.81	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	940	22 1/2	31 1/2	42	27		
(h)	N	SA			1.25x3.43	5	1035	8 3/4	DFS	Y	2.50x1.69	7	2.87x1.65	2.87x2.62	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	870	26	29 1/2	43	28		
(h)	N	SA			1.25x3.43	5	1035	8 3/4	DFS	Y	2.50x1.69	7	2.87x1.65	2.87x2.62	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	870	28	29 1/2	43	29		
(h)	N	SA			1.25x3.43	5	1035	8 3/4	DFS	Y	2.50x1.69	7	2.87x1.65	2.87x2.62	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	875	26	29 1/2	43	30		
(h)	N	SA			1.25x3.43	5	1035	8 3/4	DFS	Y	2.50x1.69	7	2.87x1.65	2.87x2.62	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	875	28	29 1/2	43	31		
(h)	N	SA			1.25x3.62	5	1035	8 3/4	DFS	Y	2.75x1.81	7	2.87x1.65	2.87x2.71	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	1070	24 1/2	31 1/2	45	32		
(h)	N	SA			1.50x3.71	4	1035	10 1/2	DFS	Y	2.75x1.81	7	2.75x1.75	2.75x2.81	abce	18 mm	1 1/4	1330	25 1/2	39 1/2	45	33		
(h)	N	SA			1.50x3.72	4	1035	10 1/2	DFS	Y	3.00x1.94	7	3.25x1.75	3.25x2.75	abce	18 mm	2	1525	25 1/2	39 1/2	45	34		
(h)	N	SA			1.50x3.72	4	1035	10 1/2	DFS	Y	3.00x1.94	7	3.25x1.75	3.25x2.75	abce	18 mm	2	1525	25 1/2	39 1/2	45	35		
(h)	N	SA			1.50x3.72	4	1035	10 1/2	DFS	Y	3.00x1.94	7	3.25x1.75	3.25x2.75	abce	18 mm	2	1525	25 1/2	39 1/2	45	36		
(h)	N	SA			1.50x3.72	4	1035	10 1/2	DFS	Y	3.00x1.94	7	3.25x1.75	3.25x2.75	abce	18 mm	2	1525	25 1/2	39 1/2	45	37		
(h)	N	SA			1.50x3.72	4	1035	10 1/2	DFS	Y	3.00x1.94	7	3.25x1.75	3.25x2.75	abce	18 mm	2	1525	25 1/2	39 1/2	45	38		
(h)	N	SA			1.50x3.72	4	1035	10 1/2	DFS	Y	3.00x1.94	7	3.25x1.75	3.25x2.75	abce	18 mm	2	1525	25 1/2	39 1/2	45	39		
(h)	N	SA			1.75x4.53	5	8640	10 1/2	DFS	Y	3.75x1.12	7	3.75x1.12	3.75x3.62	abce	18 mm	2(2)	1885	31 1/2	47 1/2	57 1/2	40		
(h)	N	SA			1.75x4.53	5	8640	10 1/2	DFS	Y	3.75x1.12	7	3.75x1.12	3.75x3.62	abce	18 mm	2(2)	1885	31 1/2	47 1/2	57 1/2	41		
(h)	N	SA			1.75x4.53	5	8640	10 1/2	DFS	Y	3.75x1.12	7	3.75x1.12	3.75x3.62	abce	18 mm	2(2)	1885	31 1/2	47 1/2	57 1/2	42		
45	E	SA	Ch	AI	.85x2.75	4	MS	7 1/4	CS	Y	2.06x1.00	4	2.50x1.17	2.50x1.59	abce	14 mm	Car Str	1 1/2	500	23 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/4	43	
45	E	SA	Ch	AI	.85x2.75	4	MS	7 1/4	CS	Y	2.06x1.00	4	2.50x1.17	2.50x1.59	abce	14 mm	Car	1 1/2	525	23 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/4	44	
45	E	SA	Ch	AI	.85x2.75	4	MS	7 1/4	CS	Y	2.06x1.00	4	2.50x1.17	2.50x1.59	abce	14 mm	Car	1 1/2	570	23 1/2	35 1/2	39 1/4	45	
45	E	SA	Ch	AI	.85x2.87	4	MS	8	CS	Y	2.12x1.09	4	2.50x1.15	2.50x1.59	abce	14 mm	Car	1 1/2	675	23 1/2	35 1/2	39 1/4	46	
45	E	SA	Ch	AI	.85x2.87	4	MS	7 1/4	CS	Y	2.12x1.09	4	2.50x1.15	2.50x1.59	abce	14 mm	Car	1 1/2	590	23 1/2	35 1/2	39 1/4	47	
45	Bo	Sil <sup>o</sup>	HG	AL	1.12x3.25	4	MS	9 1/4	CS	Y	3.00x1.71	7	3.00x1.71	3.00x2.93	abce	14 mm	Car	1 1/2	1330	25 1/2	39 1/2	45	48	
45	Bo	Sil <sup>o</sup>	HG	AL	1.12x3.25	4	MS	8 3/4	CS	Y	2.31x1.43	7	3.00x1.71	3.00x2.93	abce	14 mm	Car	1 1/2	1330	25 1/2	39 1/2	45	49	
45	E	CMT Aus	SG	AI	.75x2.85	4	DFS	7-8	Steel	Y	2.14x1.75	3	2.49x1.50	2.49x2.25	abce	14 mm	Hol	1	22	27 1/2	32 1/2	50		
45	E	CMT Aus	SG	AI	.854x2.91	4	CAS	7-8	CAS	Y	2.23x1.40	4	2.49x1.27	2.49x1.75	abce	14 mm	Hol	1	22	27 1/2	32 1/2	51		
30	E	WR	HG	AI	.990x3.08	4	1141	7	35	1046	Y	2.31x1.44	4	2.69x1.44										



Line Number	ENGINE MAKE AND MODEL	Designed for	Number of Cylinders, Bore and Stroke (In.)	MAXIMUM BRAKE Hp. at Specified R.P.M.		Piston Displacement (Cu. In.)	Compression Ratio	Maximum Torque at R.P.M. (Lb. Ft.) with or without Accessories	Cylinder Liners—Type	Crankcase—Upper Half Integral with Cylinders	Arrangement	VALVES								Angle (Deg.)		
				With Bare Engine	With Standard Accessories							Exhaust Head Material (S.A.E. No.)	Max. Head Diameter (In.)		Min. Port Diameter (In.)		Lift (In.)		Stem Diameter (In.)			
													Intake	Exhaust	Intake	Exhaust	Intake	Exhaust	Intake		Exhaust	
1	Hall-Scott Defender 2286-87	M	12-5 1/2 x 7	.....	605-2100	2181.0	7.00	.....	N	Se	I	2112	2.87	2.75	2.62	2.50	.482	.482	.487	.520	30	
2	Hall-Scott Defender 2288-69	M	12-5 1/2 x 7	.....	630-2100	2181.0	7.00	.....	N	N	Se	2112	2.87	2.75	2.62	2.50	.482	.482	.487	.520	30	
3	Hall-Scott Defender 13368-69	M	12-5 1/2 x 7	.....	900-2100	2181.0	6.50	380-1600 (BE)	N	N	Se	2112	2.87	2.75	2.62	2.50	.482	.482	.487	.520	30	
4	Hall-Scott (H) 136	T,B	6-4 1/2 x 5	.....	159-2600	136-2600	477	6.50	380-1600 (BE)	N	W	I	AESW	2.15	2.02	2.00	1.75	.506	.506	.435	.435	(h)
5	Hall-Scott 470	Tr,In	6-5 1/2 x 6	.....	245-2100	.....	855	5.20	660-1600 (BE)	N	N	I	AESW	2.62	2.37	2.37	2.02	.547	.547	.497	.520	(h)
6	Hall-Scott 480	Tr,In	6-5 1/2 x 6	.....	266-2100	.....	935	5.70	760-1400 (BE)	N	N	Se	AESW	2.62	2.37	2.37	2.02	.547	.547	.497	.520	(h)
7	Hercules BXB	M,Tr,Ind	2-2 1/2 x 3	.....	10-2300	8.5-2300	39.0	6.00	29-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	1.30	1.05	1.12	.875	.200	.200	.248	.248	30
8	Hercules NXA	M,Tr,Ind	2-3 x 4	.....	13-2000	11-2000	56.5	5.50	39-1100 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	1.48	1.35	1.25	1.12	.250	.250	.310	.310	30
9	Hercules NXB	M,Tr,Ind	2-3 1/2 x 4	.....	16-2000	13-2000	66.3	5.50	46-1100 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	1.48	1.35	1.25	1.12	.250	.250	.310	.310	30
10	Hercules ZXA	M,T,Tr,Ind	4-2 1/2 x 3	.....	23-3800	19-3800	58.8	6.10	37-1800 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	1.30	1.05	1.12	.875	.200	.200	.248	.248	30
11	Hercules ZXB	T,Tr,M,Ind	4-2 1/2 x 3	.....	25-3800	21-3800	64.9	6.10	78-1800 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	1.30	1.05	1.12	.875	.200	.200	.248	.248	30
12	Hercules IXA	T,Tr,M,Ind	4-3 x 4	.....	40-3200	34-3200	113.0	5.50	79-2000 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	1.48	1.35	1.25	1.12	.250	.250	.310	.310	30
13	Hercules IXB	T,Tr,M,Ind	4-3 1/2 x 4	.....	47-3200	40-3200	133.0	5.50	92-1800 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	1.48	1.35	1.25	1.12	.250	.250	.310	.310	30
14	Hercules OXA	T,B,Tr,M,Ind	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	.....	64-3200	54.5-3200	190.0	6.50	132-1300 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	1.45	1.12	1.56	1.12	.311	.311	.310	.310	30
15	Hercules OXB	T,B,Tr,M,Ind	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	.....	69-3200	59-3200	205.0	6.50	142-1400 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	1.48	1.35	1.46	1.12	.311	.311	.310	.310	30
16	Hercules OXC	T,B,Tr,M,Ind	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	.....	77.5-3200	66-3200	221.0	6.50	159-1400 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	1.61	1.35	1.46	1.12	.311	.311	.310	.310	30
17	Hercules QXLD	T,B,Tr,M,Ind	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	.....	91-3200	77-3200	236.7	6.80	189-1400 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	1.61	1.36	1.50	1.25	.311	.311	.310	.310	30
18	Hercules JXE	T,B,Tr,M,Ind	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	.....	91-3200	77-3200	245.0	6.50	184-1400 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	1.68	1.56	1.50	1.37	.356	.356	.373	.373	45
19	Hercules JXB	T,B,Tr,M,Ind	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	.....	98-3200	83-3200	263.0	6.50	190-1400 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	1.68	1.56	1.50	1.37	.356	.356	.373	.373	45
20	Hercules JXC	T,B,Tr,M,Ind	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	.....	103-3200	87.5-3200	282.0	6.50	207-1400 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	1.68	1.56	1.50	1.37	.356	.356	.373	.373	45
21	Hercules JXD	T,B,Tr,M,Ind	6-4 x 4 1/2	.....	113-3000	96-3000	320.0	6.50	240-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	1.68	1.56	1.50	1.37	.356	.356	.373	.373	45
22	Hercules JXLD	T,B,Tr,M,Ind	6-4 x 4 1/2	.....	131-3200	111-3200	339.0	6.90	272-1400 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	1.83	1.67	1.72	1.56	.356	.356	.373	.373	30
23	Hercules WXC-3	T,B,Tr,M,Ind	6-4 1/2 x 4 1/2	.....	131-2600	111-2600	383.0	6.80	296-1400 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	1.87	1.75	1.62	1.50	.388	.388	.373	.373	45
24	Hercules WXL	T,B,Tr,M,Ind	6-4 1/2 x 4 1/2	.....	123-2600	104-2600	358.0	6.80	275-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	1.87	1.75	1.62	1.50	.388	.388	.373	.373	45
25	Hercules WXL-3	T,B,Tr,M,Ind	6-4 1/2 x 4 1/2	.....	139-2600	118-2600	404.0	6.80	312-1300 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	1.87	1.75	1.62	1.50	.388	.388	.373	.373	45
26	Hercules RXB	T,B,Tr,M,Ind	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	.....	137-2400	116-2400	501.0	6.50	350-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	2.00	2.00	1.75	1.75	.388	.388	.373	.373	45
27	Hercules RXC	T,B,Tr,M,Ind	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	.....	143-2400	121-2400	529.2	6.50	372-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	2.00	2.00	1.75	1.75	.388	.388	.373	.373	45
28	Hercules RXLD	T,B,Tr,M,Ind	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	.....	146-2400	124-2400	529.2	6.20	408-1100 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	2.00	2.00	1.81	1.75	.388	.388	.373	.373	(h)
29	Hercules RXLB	T,B,Tr,M,Ind	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	.....	154-2400	131-2400	558.0	6.50	430-1100 (BE)	N	In	L	AUS	2.00	2.00	1.81	1.75	.388	.388	.373	.373	(h)
30	Hercules HXB	T,B,Tr,M,Ind	6-5 x 6	.....	159-2000	135-2000	707.0	5.75	502-900 (BE)	N	Se	L	AUS	2.43	2.31	2.12	2.00	.468	.468	.498	.498	30
31	Hercules HXC	T,B,Tr,M,Ind	6-5 1/2 x 6	.....	175-2000	145-2000	779.0	5.75	555-900 (BE)	N	Se	L	AUS	2.43	2.31	2.12	2.00	.468	.468	.498	.498	30
32	Hercules HXD	T,B,Tr,M,Ind	6-5 1/2 x 6	.....	202-2000	172-2000	855.0	5.75	645-900 (BE)	N	Se	L	AUS	2.43	2.31	2.12	2.00	.468	.468	.498	.498	30
33	Hercules HXE	T,B,Tr,M,Ind	6-5 1/2 x 6	.....	227-2000	193-2000	935.0	6.20	750-900 (BE)	N	Se	L	AUS	2.43	2.31	2.18	2.00	.468	.468	.498	.498	30
34	International U-2	Tr,Ind	4-3 x 4	.....	24.5-1800	22-1800	113.1	5.23	78-1000 (EA)	W	In	I	CNS	1.34	1.22	1.19	1.06	.261	.261	.341	.341	45
35	International U-4	Tr,Ind	4-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	.....	33.5-1800	31.5-1800	152.1	5.90	108-1250 (EA)	D	In	I	CNS	1.50	1.37	1.34	1.22	.343	.343	.341	.341	45
36	International U-6	Tr,Ind	4-3 1/2 x 5 1/2	.....	43-1500	41-1500	247.7	5.65	162-900 (EA)	D	In	I	CNS	1.81	1.68	1.59	1.44	.438	.438	.372	.372	45
37	International U-9	Tr,Ind	4-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	.....	56.5-1500	55-1500	334.5	5.40	227-1000 (EA)	D	In	I	CNS	2.09	1.81	1.87	1.69	.469	.469	.402	.402	45
38	International GRD-214	T	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	.....	82.4-3400	73-3200	.....	.....	158-1000 (EA)	N	In	L	Sil	1.68	1.43	1.50	1.28	.320	.320	.372	.372	45
39	International GRD-233	T	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	.....	93-3400	80-3400	232.6	6.30	176-800 (EA)	In	In	L	XCR	1.68	1.44	1.50	1.28	.320	.320	.372	.372	45
40	International BLD-250	T	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	.....	99.8-3200	84-3000	250.5	6.30	194-800 (EA)	D	In	I	XCR	1.65	1.46	1.50	1.31	.332	.332	.342	.342	45
41	International BLD-289	T,B,Ind	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	.....	100-3000	89-3000	269.1	6.30	216-1000 (EA)	D	In	I	XCR	1.68	1.47	1.50	1.31	.332	.332	.342	.342	45
42	International RED-361	T,B,Ind	6-4 1/2 x 4 1/2	.....	126-2800	112-2800	360.8	6.30	278-1000 (EA)	D	In	I	XCR	2.25	1.62	2.00	1.37	.449	.449	.434	.434	(n)
43	International RED-401	T	6-4 1/2 x 5	.....	140-2800	126-2800	400.9	6.30	314-1000 (EA)	D	In	I	XCR	2.25	1.54	2.00	1.37	.449	.449	.434	.434	(n)
44	International RED-450	T,B,Ind	6-4 1/2 x 5	.....	148-2600	133-2600	451.0	6.30	348-1000 (EA)	D	In	I	XCR	2.25	1.53	2.00	1.37	.449	.449	.434	.434	(n)
45	Kermath ZX	M	4-2 1/2 x 3	.....	25-3400	65.0	6.00	40-1700 (EA)	N	In	L	Sil	1.25	1.12	1.12	.875	.250	.250	.310	.310	30	
46	Kermath KWF	M	4-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	.....	40-2700	134.0	6.48	106-2200 (EA)	N	In	L	.....	1.53	1.46	1.34	1.23	.369	.369	.373	.373	45	
47	Kermath KWH	M	4-3 1/2 x 3 1/2	.....	61-3600	134.0	6.48	106-2200 (EA)	N	In	L	.....	1.53	1.46	1.34	1.28	.369	.369	.373	.373	45	
48	Kermath P-848	M	6-3 1/2 x 3 1/2	.....	110-3600																	



# Engines—Continued

VALVES			PISTONS				CONNECTING RODS		CRANKSHAFT				CARBU-RETOR		OVERALL DIMENSIONS (In.)			Line Number							
Seats			Camshaft Drive—Type	Material	Weight with Pins, Rings, Bushings (Oz.)	Piston Pin—Diameter and Length (In.)	Number of Rings per Piston	Material	Center to Center Length (In.)	Weight with Bushing and Cap (Oz.)	Material	Counter Balance Used	Crank-Pin Diameter and Length (In.)	MAIN BEARINGS		Oil Pressure to —	Spark Plug—Thread Size		Make	Size	Engine Weight without Carburetor or Ignition (Lb.)	Width	Height	Length	
Angle (Deg.)	Inserts Used?	Insert Material (S.A.E. No.)												Number	Front										Rear
30	mm	CA	HC	AI	128	1.37x4.94	6	3140	12	2374	4140	Y	3.00x2.43	7	3.25x2.09	3.25x2.09	abcefg	18 mm	Zen(3)	2 1/2	4560*	43 1/2	50 1/2	108 1/2	1
30	mm	CA	HC	AI	128	1.37x4.94	6	3140	12	2374	4140	Y	3.00x2.43	7	3.25x2.09	3.25x2.09	abcefg	18 mm	Zen(3)	2 1/2	3850*	45	42 1/2	88	2
30	mm	CA	HC	AI	123	1.37x4.94	6	3140	12	2374	4140	Y	3.00x2.43	7	3.25x2.09	3.25x2.09	abcefg	18 mm	Zen(4)	2 1/2	4105*	43 1/2	56 1/2	91 1/2	3
30	(h)	4140*	Ch	AI	53	1.12x3.98	4	3135	11	91	4140	Y	2.62x2.00	7	3.00x1.46	3.00x2.28	abede	18 mm	Zen	1 1/2	1293	58 1/2	20 1/2	53 1/2	4
30	(h)	4140*	Ch	AI	116	1.37x4.68	5	3140	12	157	4140	Y	3.00x2.43	7	3.25x2.09	3.25x3.12	abedf	18 mm	Zen	2 1/2	2116	28	44 1/2	60 1/2	5
30					132	1.37x4.93	6	3140	12	157	4140	Y	3.00x2.43	7	3.25x2.09	3.25x3.12	abedf	18 mm	Zen	2 1/2	2136	28	44 1/2	60 1/2	6
30	N		HG	CI	25	.887x2.50	3	3140	5 1/2	15	1045	Y	1.50x1.00	2	2.00x1.25	2.00x1.37	abe	14 mm	Op	3/8	131	16 1/2	15 1/2	17 1/2	7
30	N		HG	CI	28	.750x2.56	3	3140	6 1/2	21	1045	Y	1.75x1.12	2	2.00x1.58	2.00x1.82	abe	14 mm	Op	3/8	270	16 1/2	19 1/2	18 1/2	8
30	N		HG	CI	29.5	.750x2.81	3	3140	6 1/2	21	1045	Y	1.75x1.12	2	2.00x1.58	2.00x1.82	abe	14 mm	Op	3/8	270	16 1/2	19 1/2	18 1/2	9
30	N		HG	CI	19	.887x2.14	3	3140	5 1/2	15	4140	N	1.50x1.00	3	2.00x1.31	2.00x1.37	abe	14 mm	Op	3/8	179	14 1/2	16 1/2	21 1/2	10
30	N		HG	CI	21	.887x2.33	3	3140	5 1/2	15	4140	N	1.50x1.00	3	2.00x1.31	2.00x1.37	abe	14 mm	Op	3/8	179	14 1/2	16 1/2	21 1/2	11
30	N		HG	CI	28	.750x2.56	3	3140	6 1/2	21	CS*	N	1.75x1.12	3	2.00x1.58	2.00x1.82	abe	14 mm	Op	3/8	285	16 1/2	19 1/2	24 1/2	12
30	N		HG	CI	29.5	.750x2.81	3	3140	6 1/2	21	CS*	N	1.75x1.12	3	2.00x1.58	2.00x1.82	abe	14 mm	Op	3/8	293	16 1/2	19 1/2	24 1/2	13
30	N		HG	AI	23.1	.875x2.67	4	1035	7	26	CS*	Op	2.00x1.25	7	2.50x1.31	2.50x1.93	abe	14 mm	Op	1 1/4	440	15 1/2	21 1/2	36 1/2	14
30	N		HG	AI	24	.875x2.81	4	1035	7	26	CS*	Op	2.00x1.25	7	2.50x1.31	2.50x1.93	abe	14 mm	Op	1 1/4	440	15 1/2	21 1/2	36 1/2	15
30	N		HG	AI	26	.875x2.92	4	1035	7	26	CS*	Op	2.00x1.25	7	2.50x1.31	2.50x1.93	abe	14 mm	Op	1 1/4	440	15 1/2	21 1/2	36 1/2	16
30	N		HG	AI	26	.875x2.92	3	1035	7	26	CS*	Y	2.00x1.25	7	2.50x1.31	2.50x1.93	abe	14 mm	Op	1 1/4	445	15 1/2	21 1/2	36 1/2	17
30	N		HG	AI	31	1.00x2.92	4	1040	8	37	CS*	Op	2.00x1.50	7	2.50x1.31	2.50x2.12	abe	14 mm	Op	1 1/4	590	18 1/2	24 1/2	38 1/2	18
30	N		HG	AI	35.5	1.00x3.17	4	1040	8	37	CS*	Op	2.00x1.50	7	2.50x1.31	2.50x2.12	abe	14 mm	Op	1 1/4	605	17 1/2	24 1/2	39 1/2	19
30	N		HG	AI	37.5	1.00x3.26	4	1040	8	37	CS*	Op	2.00x1.50	7	2.50x1.31	2.50x2.12	abe	14 mm	Op	1 1/4	605	17 1/2	24 1/2	39 1/2	20
30	N		HG	AI	40.5	1.00x3.51	4	1040	8	37	CS*	Op	2.00x1.50	7	2.50x1.31	2.50x2.12	abe	14 mm	Op	1 1/4	605	17 1/2	24 1/2	39 1/2	21
30	N		HG	AI	44.5	1.12x3.44	4	1035	8	39.2	CS*	Y	2.00x1.50	7	2.50x1.31	2.50x2.12	abe	14 mm	Op	1 1/4	630	17 1/2	24 1/2	39 1/2	22
30	N		HG	AI	50	1.12x3.70	4	1035	8 1/2	50	CS*	Op	2.25x1.50	7	2.62x1.75	2.62x2.75	abce	14 mm	Op	1 1/4	820	22 1/2	27 1/2	41 1/2	23
30	N		HG	AI	44	1.12x3.57	4	3140	8 1/2	50	CS*	Op	2.25x1.50	7	2.62x1.75	2.62x2.75	abce	14 mm	Op	1 1/4	811	22 1/2	27 1/2	41 1/2	24
30	N		HG	AI	50	1.12x3.70	4	3140	8 1/2	50	CS*	Op	2.25x1.50	7	2.62x1.75	2.62x2.75	abce	14 mm	Op	1 1/4	825	22 1/2	27 1/2	41 1/2	25
30	N		HG	AI	60	1.25x3.57	5	3140	9 1/2	78	1045	Op	2.62x2.00	7	3.00x1.93	3.00x2.93	abce	14 mm	Op	1 1/4	1000	23 1/2	32 1/2	45 1/2	26
30	N		HG	AI	63	1.25x4.07	5	3140	9 1/2	78	CS*	Op	2.62x2.00	7	3.00x1.93	3.00x2.93	abce	14 mm	Op	1 1/4	1010	23 1/2	32 1/2	45 1/2	27
30	N		HG	AI	61	1.25x4.07	5	E-4342	9 1/2	97	CS*	Op	3.00x2.00	7	3.50x1.93	3.50x2.93	abce	14 mm	Op	1 1/4	1195	25 1/2	35 1/2	45 1/2	28
30	N		HG	AI	64	1.25x4.20	6	E-4342	9 1/2	97	CS*	Op	3.00x2.00	7	3.50x1.93	3.50x2.93	abce	14 mm	Op	1 1/4	1195	25 1/2	35 1/2	45 1/2	29
30	N		HG	AI	98	1.50x4.43	4	3140	12	161	1045	Op	3.00x2.25	7	3.50x2.37	3.50x3.50	abce	14 mm	Op	2	1810	28 1/2	40 1/2	54 1/2	30
30	N		HG	AI	108	1.60x4.56	4	3140	12	161	1045	Op	3.00x2.25	7	3.50x2.37	3.50x3.50	abce	14 mm	Op	2	1810	28 1/2	40 1/2	54 1/2	31
30	N		HG	AI	119	1.50x4.81	4	3140	12	161	1045	Op	3.00x2.25	7	3.50x2.37	3.50x3.50	abce	14 mm	Op	2	1830	28 1/2	40 1/2	54 1/2	32
30	N		HG	AI	126	1.60x5.06	4	3140	12	161	1045	Op	3.00x2.25	7	3.50x2.37	3.50x3.50	abce	14 mm	Op	2	1830	28 1/2	40 1/2	54 1/2	33
30	N		HG	CI	35	.919x2.50	4	1040	7 1/2	33	1045	N	1.75x1.19	3	2.12x1.37	2.12x1.84	abce	18 mm	Zen	3/8	460*	17 1/2	33 1/2	30 1/2	34
30	N		HG	CI	53	1.11x2.78	4	1040	8	37	1045	N	2.25x1.23	3	2.50x1.49	2.50x1.49	abce	18 mm	Own	1 1/8	660*	18 1/2	34 1/2	33 1/2	35
30	N		HG	CI	82	1.31x3.25	4	1040	10	93	1045	N	2.50x1.72	3	3.25x1.56	2.75x1.56	abce	18 mm	Own	1 1/8	955*	20 1/2	38 1/2	37 1/2	36
30	N		HG	CI	115	1.60x3.71	5	1040	11	124	1045	N	3.00x1.87	3	3.75x1.87	3.25x1.87	abce	18 mm	Own	1 1/8	1230*	23 1/2	42 1/2	40 1/2	37
30	N		Ch	AL	25	.937x2.88	4	(bb)	8 1/2	34	(bb)	Y	2.00x1.31	4	2.62x1.54	2.62x2.09	abce	14 mm	Zen	1 1/4	593*	24 1/2	33 1/2	42 1/2	38
30	N		Ch	AL	25	.937x2.88	4	1040	8 1/2	33	(bb)	Y	2.00x1.31	4	2.62x1.54	2.62x2.09	abce	14 mm	Zen	1 1/4	624*	24 1/2	33 1/2	42 1/2	39
30	N		HG	AL	29	.919x2.95	4	(aa)	8 1/2	43	C1046	Y	2.12x1.68	4	2.70x1.12	2.70x1.23	abce	14 mm	Zen	1 1/4	875*	23 1/2	40 1/2	47 1/2	40
30	N		HG	AL	31	.919x2.95	4	(aa)	8 1/2	43	C1046	Y	2.12x1.68	4	2.70x1.12	2.70x1.23	abce	14 mm	Zen	1 1/4	874*	23 1/2	40 1/2	47 1/2	41
30	N		HG	AL	52	1.10x3.54	4	(aa)	9	61	C1046	Y	2.75x1.68	7	3.25x1.34	3.25x1.84	abce	14 mm	Hol	1 1/4	1067*	26 1/2	42 1/2	47 1/2	42
30	N		HG	AL	48	1.10x3.54	4	(aa)	9	61	C1046	Y	2.75x1.68	7	3.25x1.34	3.25x1.84	abce	14 mm	Hol	1 1/4	1090*	26 1/2	42 1/2	47 1/2	43
30	N		HG	AI	56	1.10x3.79	4	(aa)	9	61	C1046	Y	2.75x1.68	7	3.25x1.34	3.25x1.84	abce	14 mm	Hol	1 1/4	1076*	26 1/2	42 1/2	47 1/2	44
30	N		HG	CI	19</																				



Line Number	ENGINE MAKE AND MODEL	Designed for	Number of Cylinders, Bore and Stroke (In.)	MAXIMUM BRAKE H.P. at Specified R.P.M.		Piston Displacement (Cu. In.)	Compression Ratio	Maximum Torque at R.P.M. (Lb. Ft.) with or without Accessories	Cylinder Liners—Type	Crankcase—Upper Half Integral with Cylinders	Arrangement	Exhaust Head Material (S.A.E. No.)	VALVES							
				With Bare Engine	With Standard Accessories								Max. Head Diameter (In.)	Min. Port Diameter (In.)	Lift (In.)		Stem Diameter (In.)			
															Intake	Exhaust	Intake	Exhaust		
1	Norberg.....230	M	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2		88-3000					In	I	Sil	1.18	1.12	1.06	1.00	.281	.281	.375	.375
2	Norberg.....320	M	6-4 x 4 1/2		102-2400					In	I	Sil	1.18	1.12	1.06	1.00	.281	.281	.375	.375
3	Norberg.....340	M	6-4 x 4 1/2		133-3000					In	I	Sil	1.18	1.12	1.06	1.00	.281	.281	.375	.375
4	Oliver.....60HC	Tr	4-3 1/2 x 3 1/2		21.2-1500	120.6	6.00	78-1000 (EA)	W	In	I	Sil	1.18	1.12	1.06	1.00	.281	.281	.375	.375
5	Oliver.....80HC	Tr	4-4 1/2 x 3 1/2		46.1-1200	298.0	5.25	190-880 (EA)	W	In	I	Sil	2.00	1.75	1.75	1.50	.406	.406	.375	.375
6	Oliver.....80KD	Tr	4-4 1/2 x 3 1/2		45-1200	334.0	4.23	190-850 (EA)	W	In	I	Sil	2.00	1.75	1.75	1.50	.406	.406	.375	.375
7	Oliver.....90	Tr	4-4 1/2 x 3 1/2		56.7-1125	443.0	4.10	250-850 (EA)	W	In	I	Sil	2.31	2.31	2.00	2.00	.437	.437	.437	.437
8	Oliver.....99	Tr	4-4 1/2 x 3 1/2		65-1125	443.0	5.04	295-850 (EA)	W	In	I	Sil	2.31	2.00	2.00	1.75	.437	.437	.437	.437
9	Oliver.....70KD	Tr	6-3 1/2 x 4 3/8		31.3-1500	201.3	4.50	105-1150 (EA)	W	In	I	Sil	1.54	1.20	1.37	1.06	.390	.390	.375	.375
10	Oliver.....70HC	Tr	6-3 1/2 x 4 3/8		36.3-1500	201.3	6.50	105-1150 (EA)	W	In	I	Sil	1.84	1.20	1.37	1.06	.390	.390	.375	.375
11	Oliver.....80KD	Tr	4-3 1/2 x 3 1/2		18-1500	120.6	5.00	63-1000 (EA)	W	In	I	Sil	1.18	1.12	1.06	1.00	.281	.281	.375	.375
12	Packard.....4M-2500	M	12-6 1/2 x 6 1/2		1500-2500	2490	6.40	3155-2500 (EA)	N	Se	I	CNS	2.56	2.21	2.37	2.12	.529	.524	.558	.618
13	Reo.....GC-245	T	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	89-3100		245.0	6.20	191-1000 (BE)	N	In	L	Sil	1.78	1.62			.324	.324	.373	.373
14	Reo.....GC-288	T	6-3 1/2 x 5	94-3000		288.0	6.20	221-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	Sil	1.78	1.62			.324	.324	.373	.373
15	Reo.....GC-310	T,B	6-3 1/2 x 5	101-3000		310.0	6.20	241-900 (BE)	N	In	L	Sil	1.78	1.62			.324	.324	.373	.373
16	Scripps.....34	M	4-3 1/2 x 4		32-2200	134.0	5.20	92-2000 (BE)		In	L	Sil	1.48	1.35	1.25	1.12	.250	.250	.310	.310
17	Scripps.....36	M	4-3 1/2 x 4		50-3200	134.0				In	L	Sil	1.49	1.35	1.25	1.12	.250	.250	.310	.310
18	Scripps.....F4	M	4-3 1/2 x 5		81-3000	220.0	6.10			In	L	Sil	1.93	1.93			.406	.406	.375	.375
19	Scripps.....96A-97A	M	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2		95-3000	221.0	5.85	187-1200 (BE)		In	L	Sil	1.60	1.39	1.43	1.12	.281	.281	.312	.312
20	Scripps.....F6	M	6-3 1/2 x 5		120-3000	331.0	6.10			In	L	Sil	1.93	1.93			.406	.406	.375	.375
21	Scripps.....104A-105A	M	6-4 x 4 1/2		110-3000	320.0	5.63	239-1700 (BE)		In	L	Sil	1.75	1.62	1.50	1.37	.322	.322	.373	.373
22	Scripps.....152-153	M	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2		169-3000	447.0	6.20			Se	L	Sil	2.25	2.25			.375	.375	.437	.437
23	Scripps.....154, 5, 6, 7	M	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2		155-3000	447.0	6.20			Se	L	Sil	2.25	2.25			.375	.375	.437	.437
24	Scripps.....162-163	M	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2		166-2400	549.0	5.75			Se	L	Sil	2.37	2.28			.405	.375	.437	.437
25	Scripps.....166-167	M	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2		145-2200	549.0	5.20			Se	L	Sil	2.56	2.28			.405	.375	.437	.437
26	Scripps.....168-169	M	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2		175-2400	549.0	5.75			Se	L	Sil	2.37	2.28			.405	.375	.437	.437
27	Scripps.....172A-173A	M	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2		200-2400	611.0	5.20			Se	L	Sil	2.37	2.28			.405	.375	.437	.437
28	Scripps.....176A-177A	M	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2		155-2200	611.0	5.20			Se	L	Sil	2.56	2.28			.405	.375	.437	.437
29	Scripps.....178-179	M	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2		200-2400	611.0	5.75			Se	L	Sil	2.37	2.28			.405	.375	.437	.437
30	Scripps.....202-203	M	6-5 x 5 1/2		212-2400	678.0	6.20			Se	L	Sil	2.56	2.28			.405	.375	.437	.437
31	Scripps.....206-207	M	6-5 x 5 1/2		170-2200	678.0	5.75			Se	L	Sil	2.56	2.28			.405	.375	.437	.437
32	Scripps.....208-209	M	6-5 x 5 1/2		225-2400	678.0	5.85			Se	L	Sil	2.50	2.37			.406	.375	.437	.437
33	Scripps.....214-215	M	6-5 x 5 1/2		185-2000	678.0	5.75			Se	L	Sil	2.50	2.37			.406	.375	.437	.437
34	Scripps.....V43-90, V47-90	M	8-3 1/2 x 3 3/4		90-3600	221.0	6.16	154-2200 (BE)		In	L	Sil	1.53	1.53			.296	.296	.312	.312
35	Scripps.....V43M-100, V47M-100	M	8-3 1/2 x 3 3/4		100-3600	239.0	6.15	172-2200 (BE)		In	L	CNS	1.53	1.53			.292	.292	.311	.311
36	Scripps.....V63-130, V67-130	M	12-2 1/2 x 3 3/4		130-3600	305.0	6.70	232-2200 (BE)		In	L	CNS	1.53	1.53			.292	.292	.311	.311
37	Scripps.....302-303	M	12-4 1/2 x 5 1/2		304-2400	894.0	6.20			Se	L	Sil	2.25	2.25			.375	.375	.437	.437
38	Scripps.....304-305	M	12-4 1/2 x 5 1/2		250-2400	894.0	6.20			Se	L	Sil	2.25	2.25			.375	.375	.437	.437
39	Scripps.....306-307	M	12-4 1/2 x 5 1/2		280-2400	894.0	6.20			Se	L	Sil	2.25	2.25			.375	.375	.437	.437
40	Sterling.....Petrol-L-6	M	6-5 1/2 x 6		122-1200	780.0	4.60	558-1800 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	2.25	2.25			.573	.573	.437	.437
41	Sterling.....Petrol-LC-6	Tr, Ind	6-5 1/2 x 6		122-1200	780.0	4.60	558-1800 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	2.25	2.25			.573	.573	.437	.437
42	Sterling.....Petrol-L-6	M	6-5 1/2 x 6		157-1500	780.0	5.00	558-1800 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	2.25	2.25			.573	.573	.437	.437
43	Sterling.....Petrol-LC-6	Tr, Ind	6-5 1/2 x 6		157-1500	780.0	5.00	558-1800 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	2.25	2.25			.573	.573	.437	.437
44	Sterling.....Petrol-L-6	M	6-5 1/2 x 6		190-1800	780.0	5.60	558-1800 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	2.25	2.25			.573	.573	.437	.437
45	Sterling.....Petrol-LC-6	Tr, Ind	6-5 1/2 x 6		190-1800	780.0	5.60	558-1800 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	2.25	2.25			.573	.573	.437	.437
46	Sterling.....Petrol-L-6	M	6-5 1/2 x 6		214-2000	780.0	6.00	558-1800 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	2.25	2.25			.573	.573	.437	.437
47	Sterling.....Petrol-LC-6	Tr, Ind	6-5 1/2 x 6		214-2000	780.0	6.00	558-1800 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	2.25	2.25			.573	.573	.437	.437
48	Sterling.....Petrol-L-6	M	6-5 1/2 x 6		258-2500	780.0	6.00	558-1800 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	2.25	2.25			.573	.573	.437	.437
49	Sterling.....Petrol-LC-6	Tr, Ind	6-5 1/2 x 6		258-2500	780.0	6.00	558-1800 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	2.25	2.25			.573	.573	.437	.437
50	Sterling.....Petrol Reduction-L-6	M	6-5 1/2 x 6		180-1800	780.0	5.60	558-1800 (EA)	W	Se	L	Sil	2.25	2.25			.573	.573	.437	.437
51	Sterling.....Viking II-T-6	M	6-8 x 9		450-1200	2714.3	5.20	2015-900 (EA)	W	Se	I	Sil	2.59	2.59			.556	.556	.557	.557
52	Sterling.....Viking II-T-6	Tr, Ind	6-8 x 9		450-1200	2714.3	5.20	2015-900 (EA)	W	Se	I	Sil	2.59	2.59			.556	.556	.557	.557
53	Sterling.....Viking II-T-6	Tr, Ind	6-8 x 9		345-900	2714.3	5.20	2015-900 (EA)	W	Se	I	Sil	2.59	2.59			.556	.556	.557	.557
54	Sterling.....Viking II-T-6	M	6-8 x 9		600-1200	3619.0	5.20	2685-900 (EA)	W	Se	I	Sil	2.59	2.59			.556	.556	.557	.557
55	Sterling.....Viking II-T-6	Tr, Ind	6-8 x 9		600-1200	3619.0	5.20	2685-900 (EA)	W	Se	I	Sil	2.59	2.59			.556	.556	.557	.557
56	Sterling.....Viking II-T-6	Tr, Ind	6-8 x 9		460-900	3619.0	5.20	2685-900 (EA)	W	Se	I	Sil	2.59	2.59			.556	.556	.557	.557
57	Thorobred (10).....KK	M	2-3 1/2 x 4 1/2		11-1100	106.0	4.00	54-900 (EA)	N	Se	L	NCI	1.62	1.62	1.43					



# Engines—Continued

VALVES			PISTONS				CONNECTING RODS			CRANKSHAFT					CARBU-RETOR		OVERALL DIMENSIONS (In.)								
Angle (Deg.)	Seats		Cameshaft Drive—Type	Material	Weight with Pins, Rings, Bushings (Oz.)	Piston Pin—Diameter and Length (In.)	Number of Rings per Piston	Material	Center to Center Length (In.)	Weight with Bushing and Cap (Oz.)	Material	Counter Balance Used	Crank-Pin Diameter and Length (In.)	MAIN BEARINGS		Oil Pressure lb.—	Spark Plug—Thread Size	Make	Size	Engine Weight without Carburetor or Ignition (Lb.)	Width	Height	Length	Line Number	
	Inserts Used?	Insert Material (S.A.E. No.)												Number	Front										Rear
45	E	CA	HG	CI	45	.875x2.70	4	1045	6	29	1045	N	2.00x1.37	3	2.25x1.43	2.25x1.43	a	18 mm	Sch	1	345	17	24 1/2	28 1/2	4
45	E	CA	HG	CI	83	1.31x3.81	4	1045	10 1/2	68	1045	N	2.37x2.12	3	2.37x2.12	2.37x2.75	abede	7/8-18	Sch	1 1/4	850	21 1/4	34 1/2	37 1/2	5
45	E	CA	HG	CI	94	1.31x4.06	4	1045	10 1/2	68	1045	N	2.37x2.12	3	2.37x2.12	2.37x2.75	abede	7/8-18	Sch	1 1/4	850	21 1/4	34 1/2	37 1/2	6
45	E	CA	HG	CI	109	1.50x4.37	4	1040	12 1/2	145	1045	N	2.75x2.50	3	3.00x2.81	3.00x3.75	abede	7/8-18	Sch	1 1/4	1200	24 1/4	44	44 1/2	7
45	E	CA	HG	CI	109	1.50x4.37	4	1040	12 1/2	145	1045	N	2.75x2.50	3	3.00x2.81	3.00x3.75	abede	7/8-18	Sch	1 1/4	1200	24 1/4	44	44 1/2	8
45	E	CA	HG	CI	39	.859x2.62	4	1030	7	28	1045	N	1.93x1.12	4	2.25x1.23	2.25x1.62	ab	18 mm	Zen	1 1/4	550	17 1/2	29	31 1/2	9
45	E	CA	HG	CI	39	.859x2.62	4	1030	7	28	1045	N	1.93x1.12	4	2.25x1.23	2.25x1.62	ab	18 mm	Zen	1 1/4	530	17 1/2	29	31 1/2	10
45	E	CA	HG	CI	45	.875x2.70	4	1045	6	29	1045	N	2.00x1.37	3	2.25x1.43	2.25x1.43	a	18 mm	Sch	1	355	17	24 1/2	28 1/2	11
45	E	St	.....	AI	130	1.50x5.62	4	4340	11	Bf	CNM	Y	3.25x2.87	8	3.50x3.37	3.50x2.00	abors	18 mm	Hol	.....	y2950	y45 1/4	y48 1/4	105 1/4	12
45	E	.....	Ch	AI	26	.983x3.03	4	1035	10 1/2	50	1045	Y	2.19x1.50	7	2.62x1.94	2.62x2.47	abede	14 mm	Zen	1 1/4	763	19 1/4	30 1/4	36 1/4	13
45	E	.....	Ch	AI	26	.983x3.03	4	1035	10 1/2	50	1045	Y	2.19x1.50	7	2.62x1.94	2.62x2.47	abede	14 mm	Zen	1 1/4	780	19 1/4	30 1/4	36 1/4	14
45	E	.....	Ch	AI	29	.983x3.13	4	1035	10 1/2	50	1045	Y	2.19x1.50	7	2.62x1.94	2.62x2.47	abede	14 mm	Zen	1 1/2	785	19 1/4	30 1/4	36 1/4	15
30	.....	.....	HG	CI	29	.750x2.81	3	3140	6 1/4	21	1045	N	1.75x1.12	3	2.00x1.56	2.00x1.62	abr	7/8-18	Zen	1 1/4	410	15 1/4	21 1/4	32 1/4	16
45	.....	.....	HG	AI	33	.750x2.81	3	AS	6 1/4	21	1045	N	1.75x1.12	3	2.00x1.56	2.00x1.62	abr	7/8-18	Zen	1 1/4	410	15 1/4	21 1/4	32 1/4	17
45	.....	.....	HG	AI	33	1.12x3.25	4	Dur	10 1/2	41	NS	N	2.18x1.87	3	2.25x2.62	2.25x2.62	abc	18 mm	Str	1 1/4	660	23	28 1/4	45 1/4	18
30	.....	.....	HG	AI	33	.875x2.90	4	CS	7	26	CS	N	2.00x1.25	3	2.50x1.31	2.50x1.93	abr	14 mm	Zen	1 1/4	675	21	23 1/4	41 1/4	19
45	.....	.....	HG	AI	33	1.12x3.25	4	Dur	10 1/2	41	NS	Y	2.18x1.87	4	2.25x2.62	2.25x2.62	abc	18 mm	Zen	1 1/4	900	19 1/4	28 1/4	50 1/4	20
45	E	Tun	HG	AI	40	1.00x3.51	4	1035	8	37	1045	N	2.00x1.50	7	2.50x1.31	2.50x2.12	abr	7/8-18	Zen	1 1/4	860	21	26 1/4	49 1/4	21
45	E	.....	HG	AI	49	1.25x3.68	4	AS	10 1/4	70	NS	Y	2.75x2.25	4	3.25x2.25	3.25x2.25	abc	18 mm	Hol	2	1050	27 1/4	32 1/4	58 1/4	22
45	E	.....	HG	AI	49	1.25x3.68	4	AS	10 1/4	70	NS	Y	2.75x2.25	4	3.25x2.25	3.25x2.25	abc	18 mm	Str	2	1150	24 1/4	29 1/4	59 1/4	23
45	.....	.....	HG	AI	50	1.37x3.84	4	AS	11 1/4	84	NS	Y	2.87x2.00	4	3.00x3.00	3.00x3.62	ab	18 mm	Hol	1 1/2	1325	26 1/4	36 1/4	66 1/4	24
45	.....	.....	HG	AI	50	1.37x3.84	4	AS	11 1/4	84	NS	Y	2.87x2.00	4	3.00x3.00	3.00x3.62	ab	18 mm	Sch	1 1/2	1420	26 1/4	37 1/4	66 1/4	25
45	.....	.....	HG	AI	50	1.37x3.84	4	AS	11 1/4	84	NS	Y	2.87x2.00	4	3.00x3.00	3.00x3.62	ab	18 mm	Zen	2	1325	26 1/4	37 1/4	66 1/4	26
45	.....	.....	HG	AI	56	1.37x4.00	4	AS	11 1/4	84	NS	Y	2.87x2.00	4	3.00x3.00	3.00x3.62	ab	18 mm	Hol	1 1/2	1325	26 1/4	37 1/4	66 1/4	27
45	.....	.....	HG	AI	56	1.37x4.00	4	AS	11 1/4	84	NS	Y	2.87x2.00	4	3.00x3.00	3.00x3.62	ab	18 mm	Sch	1 1/2	1420	26 1/4	37 1/4	66 1/4	28
45	.....	.....	HG	AI	56	1.37x4.00	4	AS	11 1/4	84	NS	Y	2.87x2.00	4	3.00x3.00	3.00x3.62	ab	18 mm	Hol	1 1/2	1325	26 1/4	37 1/4	66 1/4	29
45	.....	.....	HG	AI	62	1.37x4.00	4	AS	11 1/4	84	NS	Y	2.87x2.00	4	3.00x3.00	3.00x3.62	ab	18 mm	Hol	1 1/2	1325	26 1/4	37 1/4	66 1/4	30
45	.....	.....	HG	AI	62	1.37x4.00	4	AS	11 1/4	84	NS	Y	2.87x2.00	4	3.00x3.00	3.00x3.62	ab	18 mm	Sch	1 1/2	1420	26 1/4	37 1/4	66 1/4	31
45	.....	.....	HG	AI	56	1.37x4.00	4	AS	11 1/4	85	CS	Y	2.87x2.25	4	3.00x3.00	3.00x3.62	abr	18 mm	Zen(2)	2	1325	25	33 1/4	66 1/4	32
45	.....	.....	HG	AI	56	1.37x4.00	4	AS	11 1/4	85	CS	Y	2.87x2.25	4	3.00x3.00	3.00x3.62	abr	18 mm	Zen(2)	2	1450	25	33 1/4	66 1/4	33
45	Bo	Tun	HG	AI	.....	.750x2.84	3	AS	7	17	CS	Y	2.00x1.75	3	2.50x1.37	2.00x1.96	abc	18 mm	Str(2)	1	880	23 1/4	32 1/4	42 1/4	34
45	Bo	Tun	HG	AI	.....	.750x2.84	3	DFS	7	18	CAS	Y	2.14x1.75	3	2.50x1.37	2.00x1.96	abc	14 mm	Hol	1	700	23 1/4	32 1/4	43 1/4	35
45	.....	.....	HG	AI	15	.750x2.48	3	DFS	7 1/2	22	CAS	Y	2.12x1.57	4	2.40x1.83	2.40x2.25	abc	14 mm	Str	1	880	23 1/4	32 1/4	43 1/4	36
45	.....	.....	HG	AI	49	1.25x3.68	4	AS	10 1/4	164	NS	Y	2.75x2.25	4	3.25x2.25	3.25x2.25	abc	18 mm	Hol	2	1700	35	33 1/4	58 1/4	37
45	.....	.....	HG	AI	49	1.25x3.68	4	AS	10 1/4	164	NS	Y	2.75x2.25	4	3.25x2.25	3.25x2.25	abc	18 mm	Str(2)	2	1700	33 1/4	30 1/4	58 1/4	38
45	.....	.....	HG	AI	49	1.25x3.68	4	AS	10 1/4	164	NS	Y	2.75x2.25	4	3.25x2.25	3.25x2.25	abc	18 mm	Str(2)	2	1700	33 1/4	30 1/4	58 1/4	39
45	E	T-12	HG	AI	91	1.43x4.37	5	CS	12 1/2	113	CNS	Y	2.50x2.12	7	3.00x1.75	3.00x2.87	abedef	7/8-18	S-Z(2)	1 1/4	1800	27 1/4	34 1/4	73 1/4	40
45	E	T-12	HG	AI	91	1.43x4.37	5	CS	12 1/2	113	CNS	Y	2.50x2.12	7	3.00x1.75	3.00x2.87	abedef	7/8-18	S-Z(2)	1 1/4	2150	27 1/4	41 1/4	59 1/4	41
45	E	T-12	HG	AI	91	1.43x4.37	5	CS	12 1/2	113	CNS	Y	2.50x2.12	7	3.00x1.75	3.00x2.87	abedef	7/8-18	S-Z(2)	1 1/4	1880	27 1/4	34 1/4	73 1/4	42
45	E	T-12	HG	AI	91	1.43x4.37	5	CS	12 1/2	113	CNS	Y	2.50x2.12	7	3.00x1.75	3.00x2.87	abedef	7/8-18	S-Z(2)	1 1/4	2150	27 1/4	41 1/4	59 1/4	43
45	E	T-12	HG	AI	91	1.43x4.37	5	CS	12 1/2	113	CNS	Y	2.50x2.12	7	3.00x1.75	3.00x2.87	abedef	7/8-18	S-Z(2)	1 1/4	1880	27 1/4	34 1/4	73 1/4	44
45	E	T-12	HG	AI	91	1.43x4.37	5	CS	12 1/2	113	CNS	Y	2.50x2.12	7	3.00x1.75	3.00x2.87	abedef	7/8-18	S-Z(2)	1 1/4	2150	27 1/4	41 1/4	59 1/4	45
45	E	T-12	HG	AI	91	1.43x4.37	5	CS	12 1/2	113	CNS	Y	2.50x2.12	7	3.00x1.75	3.00x2.87	abedef	7/8-18	S-Z(2)	1 1/4	1880	27 1/4	34 1/4	73 1/4	46
45	E	T-12	HG	AI	91	1.43x4.37	5	CS	12 1/2	113	CNS	Y	2.50x2.12	7	3.00x1.75	3.00x2.87	abedef	7/8-18	S-Z(2)	1 1/4	2150	27 1/4	41 1/4	59 1/4	47
45	E	T-12	HG	AI	91	1.43x4.37	5	CS	12 1/2	113	CNS	Y</													



Line Number	ENGINE MAKE AND MODEL	Designed for	Number of Cylinders, Bore and Stroke (In.)	MAXIMUM BRAKE Hp. at Specified R.P.M.		Piston Displacement (Cu. In.)	Compression Ratio	Maximum Torque at R.P.M. (Lb. Ft.) with or without Accessories	Cylinder Liners—Type	Crankcase—Upper Half Integral with Cylinders	VALVES									
				With Bare Engine	With Standard Accessories						Arrangement	Exhaust Head Material (S.A.E. No.)	Max. Head Diameter (In.)		Min. Port Diameter (In.)		Lift (In.)		Stem Diameter (In.)	
													Intake	Exhaust	Intake	Exhaust	Intake	Exhaust	Intake	Exhaust
1	Waukesha.....(12) ICK	Ind	4-2 1/2 x 3 1/2	18-2600	14-2000	61.3	5.70	40-1700 (BE)	N	Se	L	Sil	1.12	.937	1.00	.812	.228	.250	.312	.312
2	Waukesha.....(12) FC	T,Tr,Ind	4-3 1/2 x 4	32-2600	24-1800	133.0	5.58	86-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	Sil	1.34	1.34	1.18	1.18	.281	.281	.312	.312
3	Waukesha.....(12) XAH	T,Ind	4-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	43-2200	36-1800	186.0	5.50	120-900 (BE)	N	In	L	Sil	1.56	1.56	1.37	1.37	.302	.275	.375	.375
4	Waukesha.....(12) 130GS	T,Tr,Ind	4-3 1/2 x 5	47-2000	36-1500	221.0	6.12	144-800 (BE)	W	W	I	Sil	1.84	1.40	1.62	1.25	.445	.453	.434	.434
5	Waukesha.....(12) VIK	Tr,Ind	4-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	58-1800	50-1400	334.0	4.30	224-900 (BE)	W	In	I	Sil	2.00	2.00	1.75	1.75	.400	.400	.375	.375
6	Waukesha.....(12) VRZG	T,Tr,Ind	4-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	64-1600	56-1400	353.0	6.10	241-1100 (BE)	W	W	I	Sil	2.00	1.75	1.75	1.50	.450	.400	.375	.375
7	Waukesha.....(11) 6BZ	T,Ind	6-4 x 4 1/2	105-3000	89-3000	320.0	5.75	235-1000 (BE)	N	In	L	Sil	1.68	1.43	1.50	1.25	.375	.375	.375	.375
8	Waukesha.....(11) 140-GK	T,Ind	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	142-2250	127-2250	525.0	6.00	425-1000 (BE)	W	W	I	Sil	2.12	1.56	1.87	1.37	.531	.469	.434	.434
9	Waukesha.....(11) 6SRKR	T,Ind	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	126-2250	109-2250	517.0	6.50	369-600 (BE)	N	Se	L	Sil	2.16	1.65	1.87	1.37	.386	.375	.375	.375
10	Waukesha.....(11) 145-GK	T,Ind	6-5 1/2 x 6	186-2000	172-2000	779.0	6.20	590-1200 (BE)	W	W	I	Sil	2.37	1.84	2.12	1.62	.594	.531	.500	.500
11	Waukesha.....(12) 6WAK	T,Ind	6-6 1/2 x 6 1/2	235-1800	193-1300	1197.0	5.20	865-900 (BE)	W	In	I	Sil	2.65	2.22	2.37	2.00	.656	.656	.500	.500
12	Waukesha.....(12) 6NK	Ind	6-7 x 8 1/2	221-1050	200-950	1962.0	5.50	1330-600 (BE)	W	W	I	Sil	2.84	2.53	2.50	2.25	.718	.718	.562	.562
13	Waukesha.....(12) 6LRO	Ind	6-8 1/2 x 8 1/2	430-1050	374-900	2894.0	6.60	2260-800 (BE)	W	Se	L	Sil	3.50	3.00	3.25	2.75	.750	.840	.562	.562
14	Waukesha.....(11) 145GZ	T,Tr,Ind	6-5 1/2 x 6	220-2000	206-2000	817.0	6.00	615-1200 (BE)	W	W	I	Sil	2.37	1.84	2.12	1.62	.594	.531	.497	.498
15	Waukesha.....6MZA	T,Ind	6-4 1/2 x 4 1/2	128-2800	113-2800	404.0	5.90	290-1000 (BE)	N	In	L	Sil	1.93	1.68	.....	.....	.375	.375	.375	.375
16	Waukesha**.....(11) 140GK	T,Tr,Ind	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	176-2800	159-2800	525.0	6.40	435-800 (BE)	W	W	I	Sil	2.12	1.56	1.87	1.37	.540	.540	.437	.437
17	Waukesha**.....(11) 140GZ	T,Tr,Ind	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	188-2800	171-2800	554.0	6.40	460-800 (BE)	W	W	I	Sil	2.12	1.56	1.87	1.37	.540	.540	.437	.437
18	Waukesha**.....(11) 145GK	T,Tr,Ind	6-5 1/2 x 6	225-2400	207-2400	779.0	6.20	595-1400 (BE)	W	W	I	Sil	2.56	2.03	2.31	1.81	.600	.600	.500	.500
19	White.....100A	T,B	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	90-2800	.....	250.0	6.75	185-1400 (BE)	N	In	L	St	1.66	1.63	1.43	1.49	.....	.373	.373	.373
20	White.....120A	T,B	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	110-2800	.....	318.0	6.40	250-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	Sil(x)	1.66	1.63	1.43	1.49	.....	.373	.432	.432
21	White.....140A	T,B	6-3 1/2 x 5 1/2	125-2600	.....	362.0	6.28	285-1400 (BE)	N	In	L	Sil(x)	1.97	1.63	1.75	1.49	.381	.381	.373	.432
22	White.....150A	T,B	6-4 x 5 1/2	135-2800	.....	386.0	6.40	315-1300 (BE)	N	In	L	Sil(x)	1.97	1.63	1.75	1.49	.381	.381	.373	.432
23	White.....260A	T	6-4 1/2 x 5	170-2800	.....	451.0	6.25	350-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	Sil(x)	2.35	1.88	1.99	1.75	.423	.423	.434	.432
24	White.....280A	T	6-4 1/2 x 5	184-2800	.....	504.0	6.00	405-1200 (BE)	N	In	L	Sil(x)	2.35	1.88	1.99	1.75	.423	.423	.434	.432
25	White.....(H) 24A	B	12-4 1/2 x 4 1/2	210-2800	.....	681.0	5.65	500-1200 (BE)	D	In	L	Sil(x)	1.85	1.75	1.62	1.62	.....	.401	.432	.432
26	Willys.....4-63	C	4-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	63-4000	.....	134.2	6.48	105-2000 (BE)	N	In	L	3140	1.53	1.46	.....	.....	.359	.359	.373	.373
27	Wisconsin.....AK	M,Tr,Ind	1-2 1/2 x 2 1/2	4.2-2400	4.2-2400	17.8	4.59	9.5-1700 (EA)	N	In	L	AUS	1.12	1.12	.937	.937	.187	.187	.310	.310
28	Wisconsin.....AHH	M,Tr,Ind	1-3 1/2 x 4	9.2-2200	9.2-2200	41.3	4.50	26-1300 (EA)	N	Se	L	Sil	1.56	1.56	.812	1.25	.275	.275	.310	.310
29	Wisconsin.....VL-4	M,Tr,Ind	4-2 1/2 x 2 1/2	14.1-2600	14.1-2600	65.0	4.75	33.5-1600 (EA)	N	Se	L	AUS	1.13	1.13	.938	.938	.275	.275	.309	.309
30	Wisconsin.....VE-4	M,Tr,Ind	4-3 x 3 1/2	22-2600	22-2600	91.9	4.60	50-1600 (EA)	N	Se	L	AUS	1.31	1.31	1.12	1.12	.275	.275	.309	.309
31	Wisconsin.....VF-4	M,Tr,Ind	4-3 1/2 x 3 1/2	25-2400	25-2400	107.7	4.60	57-1600 (EA)	N	Se	L	AUS	1.31	1.31	1.12	1.12	.275	.275	.309	.309
32	Wisconsin.....VM-4	Tr,Ind	4-3 1/2 x 3 1/2	28-2200	28-2200	132.7	4.75	72.5-1600 (EA)	N	Se	L	AUS	1.56	1.56	1.37	1.37	.275	.275	.309	.309
33	Wisconsin.....VP-4	Tr,Ind	4-3 1/2 x 3 1/2	31-2200	31-2200	154.0	4.75	86-1600 (EA)	N	Se	L	AUS	1.56	1.56	1.37	1.37	.275	.275	.309	.309
34	Wisconsin.....																			

For other engines see SMALL GASOLINE POWER UNITS table

For other engines see SMALL GASOLINE POWER UNITS table

## ABBREVIATIONS

- Weight including flywheel, housing and stellite faced manifold
- Weight complete with ignition and carburetor
- Pressure also to Camshaft thrust bearing
- Also available in reduction gear models
- Also available in R.H. rotation
- High Output
- Tocco hardened
- Weight per pair
- Rated with generator and water pump, but no fan or muffler
- 5.00 for gasoline, 6.00 for natural gas or butane
- Special

- Two rods used; 1 clamped tight weighing 308 oz., and 1 loose outside of bearing weighing 240 oz.
- Dual Venturi
- Super-Charged engine
- 8 1/2 in. for link rod; 12 in. for master rod
- (2)—Two used (3)—Three used
- (4)—Four used (7)—Roller Bearings
- (8)—Minneapolis Moline Power Implement Co. (9)—Ball Bearings
- (10)—Red Wing Motor Co.
- (11)—Automotive Power Ratings
- (12)—Industrial Power Ratings
- a—Main Bearings
- (aa)—AISI-8640-H
- ACI—Alloy Cast Iron

- Al—Aluminum Alloy
- Ala—Aluminum Alloy, Anodized
- Als—Aluminum Alloy with Steel Strut
- Alt—Aluminum Alloy (Tin coated)
- AS—Alloy Steel
- AY—Alloy Iron
- b—Connecting Rods
- (bb)—C1045GFQ
- (BE)—Bare Engine
- BG—Bevel Gear
- Bf—107-Blade, 133 Fork
- Bo—Used in both Intake and Exhaust seats
- c—Camshaft Bearings
- CA—Cast Alloy
- CAS—Cast Alloy Steel
- Ch—Chain
- CHS—Chrome Nickel Silicon Steel
- AUS—Austenitic Steel
- B—Buses

- CI—Cast Iron
- CIA—Cast Iron, Anodized
- CM—Chrome Molybdenum
- CMT—Chromium Tungsten Steel
- CNI—Chrome Nickel Iron
- CNM—Chrome Nickel Molybdenum
- CNS—Chrome Nickel Steel
- CNT—Chrome Nickel Steel with Tungsten
- CS—Carbon Steel
- CSC—Carbon Steel, Case Hardened
- CT—Cast Iron, Tin Plated
- d—Wrist Pins
- DC—Duralchrome Castings
- DFS—Drop Forged Steel
- Dia—Diachrome
- Dp—Duplex
- D—Dry Liners

British Motor Vehicle Exports			
Eleven Months			
1945 and 1946 Compared			
In Units and Their Value			
Country of Destination			
QUANTITIES			
Eleven months ended Nov. 30			
VALUES			
Eleven months ended Nov. 30			
1945	1946	1945	1946
Motor Cars (incl. Taxies), New			
To Eire.....	93	1,170	£18,759
To Channel Islands.....	142	1,923	30,903
To Union of South Africa.....	34	4,311	7,428
To British India.....	23	5,011	6,135
To British Malaya.....	.....	1,975	.....
To Ceylon.....	76	1,170	17,855
To Australia.....	3	1,130	2,303
To New Zealand.....	155	5,688	30,835
To Canada.....	.....	622	143,243
To Other British Countries.....	133	8,272	29,974
To Sweden.....	101	3,013	16,929
To Denmark.....	6	4,160	2,700
To Netherlands.....	11	2,713	5,610
To Switzerland.....	18	2,250	4,088
To Portugal.....	48	2,016	8,516
To Spain.....	.....	115	38,455
To Egypt.....	5	1,136	1,546
To Argentine Republic.....	7	1,754	1,499
To Other Foreign Countries.....	115	12,078	40,575
Total.....	970	60,507	£225,655
Total.....	970	60,507	£15,159,232
Commercial Vehicles, other than Tractors, New			
To Union of South Africa.....	67	801	39,913
To Australia.....	991	246	282,481
To Other British Countries.....	1,541	7,062	518,046
To Foreign Countries.....	2,077	14,569	899,521
Total.....	4,676	22,678	£1,719,961
Total.....	4,676	22,678	£7,994,774
Tractors (other than agricultural Tractors) New			
Total.....	145	809	£30,555
Total.....	145	809	£620,246



# Engines—Concluded

VALVES				PISTONS				CONNECTING RODS			CRANKSHAFT						CARBU-RETOR		OVERALL DIMENSIONS (In.)						
Angle (Deg.)	Seats		Camshaft Drive—Type	Material	Weight with Pins, Rings, Bushings (Oz.)	Piston Pin—Diameter and Length (In.)	Number of Rings per Piston	Material	Center to Center Length (In.)	Weight with Bushing and Cap (Oz.)	Material	Counter Balance Used	Crank-Pin Diameter and Length (In.)	MAIN BEARINGS		Oil Pressure to —	Spark Plug—Thread Size	Make	Size	Engine Weight without Carburetor or Ignition (Lb.)	Width	Height	Length	Line Number	
		Insert Material (S.A.E. No.)												Front	Rear										Diameter and Length (In.)
45	N	CA	HG	AI	8	.625x2.12	4	1045	6	14	1045	N	1.56x1.25	2(3)	ND1207	ND1207	ac	14 mm	Op	5/8	143	14 1/2	20 1/2	21 1/2	1
45	N	CA	HG	CI	30	.875x2.75	4	1045	7 1/4	29	1045	N	1.75x1.06	3	2.12x1.18	2.12x1.43	abede	18 mm	Op	1	290	19	26 1/2	27 1/2	2
45	N	CA	HG	CI	45	1.12x3.03	4	1045	8 1/4	46	1045	N	2.00x1.50	3	2.00x1.87	2.00x2.50	abede	1/8-18	Op	1 1/4	385	17 1/2	27	32 1/2	3
45	(h)	CA	HG	CI	58	1.12x3.06	4	1045	8 1/4	57	1045	N	2.25x1.75	3	2.62x1.75	2.62x2.25	abede	18 mm	Op	1 1/4	870	22 1/2	38 1/2	33 1/2	4
45	N	CA	HG	CI	85	1.31x4.06	4	1045	10 1/4	86	1045	N	2.37x2.12	3	2.37x2.12	2.37x2.75	abede	1/8-18	Op	1 1/4	925	21 1/2	35	37 1/2	5
45	N	CA	HG	CI	96	1.31x4.06	4	1045	10 1/4	85	1045	N	2.37x2.12	3	2.37x2.31	2.37x2.75	abede	18 mm	Op	1 1/4	1025	20 1/2	37 1/2	38 1/2	6
45	N	CA	HG	AI	46	1.00x3.85	4	1045	8	40	1045	N	2.00x1.50	7	2.62x1.25	2.62x2.00	abede	18 mm	Op	1 1/4	706	19 1/2	31	38 1/2	7
45	(h)	CA	HG	AI	64	1.37x3.87	4	1045	10 1/4	85	1045	N	2.62x2.00	7	3.25x1.75	3.25x3.00	abede	18 mm	Op	1 1/4	1390	23 1/2	41 1/2	50 1/2	8
45	(h)	CA	HG	AI	70	1.37x4.25	4	1045	10 1/4	83	1045	N	2.75x1.75	7	3.00x1.87	3.00x3.00	abede	1/8-18	Op	1 1/4	1225	24 1/2	39 1/2	46 1/2	9
45	(h)	CA	HG	AI	103	1.62x4.50	4	1045	11 1/4	133	1045	N	3.00x2.25	7	3.50x2.00	3.50x3.50	abede	18 mm	Op	2	1810	25 1/2	46 1/2	55 1/2	10
45	(h)	CA	HG	CI	292	1.87x5.50	4	1045	13 1/4	195	1045	N	3.37x2.37	7	4.00x2.56	4.00x3.56	abede	18 mm	Op	2 1/2	3050	30 1/2	50 1/2	65 1/2	11
45	(h)	CA	HG	CI	304	2.00x6.00	4	1045	15 1/4	314	1045	N	3.25x2.75	7	3.75x3.75	3.75x5.50	abede	18 mm	Op	2 1/2	5900	31 1/2	61 1/2	76 1/2	12
45	(h)	CA	HG	CI	776	2.25x7.75	5	1045	18 1/4	474	1045	N	4.00x3.75	7	4.25x4.81	4.25x5.50	abede	1/8-18	Op(2)	2 1/2	9200	48 1/2	65	85 1/2	13
45	(h)	TS	HG	AI	110	1.62x4.50	4	1045	11 1/4	133	1045	N	3.00x2.25	7	3.50x2.00	3.50x3.50	abede	14mm(v)	Op	1 1/4	1810	25 1/2	46 1/2	55 1/2	14
45	(h)	CA	HG	AI	45	1.00x4.00	4	1045	8 1/4	48	1045	N	2.25x1.50	7	2.62x1.82	2.62x2.75	abede	18 mm	Op	1 1/4	920	20 1/2	34 1/2	43 1/2	15
45	(h)	TS	HG	AI	64	1.37x3.87	4	1045	10 1/4	85	C1046	Y	2.62x2.00	7	3.25x1.59	3.25x3.00	abede	18 mm	Op	1 1/4	1390	23 1/2	41 1/2	50 1/2	16
45	(h)	TS	HG	AI	67	1.37x3.87	4	1045	10 1/4	85	C1046	Y	2.62x2.00	7	3.25x1.59	3.25x3.00	abede	18 mm	Op	1 1/4	1390	23 1/2	41 1/2	50 1/2	17
45	(h)	E	TS	AI	103	1.62x4.50	4	1045	11 1/4	133	C1046	Y	3.00x2.25	7	3.50x2.00	3.50x3.50	abede	18 mm	Op	2	1810	25 1/2	46 1/2	57 1/2	18
45	E	St	HG	AI	38	1.00x3.03	4	1040	9 1/4	40	1050	Y	2.18x1.34	7	3.00x1.84	3.00x1.93	abede	14 mm	Str(Dp)	1 1/4	982	29 1/2	40 1/2	44 1/2	19
45	E	St	HG	AI	45	1.00x3.46	4	1040	9 1/4	52	1050	Y	2.18x1.34	7	3.00x1.84	3.00x1.93	abede	14 mm	Str(Dp)	1 1/4	1003	29 1/2	40 1/2	44 1/2	20
45	E	Spec	HG	AI	45	1.00x3.46	4	1040	9 1/4	52	1050	Y	2.18x1.34	7	3.00x1.84	3.00x1.93	abede	14 mm	Str(Dp)	1 1/4	1080	29 1/2	40 1/2	44 1/2	21
45	E	Spec	HG	AI	55 1/2	1.18x3.62	4	1040	9 1/4	52	1050	Y	2.18x1.34	7	3.00x1.84	3.00x1.93	abede	14 mm	Hol(dp)	1 1/4	1300*	29 1/2	40 1/2	44 1/2	22
45	E	Spec	HG	AI	54	1.24x3.93	4	3130	9 1/4	75	1050	Y	2.50x2.06	7	3.25x1.68	3.25x2.00	abede	18 mm	Hol(dp)	1 1/4	1409*	34	37	51	23
45	E	Spec	HG	AI	62	1.24x3.93	4	3130	9 1/4	75	1050	Y	2.50x2.06	7	3.25x1.68	3.25x2.00	abede	18 mm	Hol(dp)	1 1/4	1442*	34	37	51	24
45	(h)	E	St	HG	AI	30	1.18x3.31	5	1040	8 1/4	1050	Y	2.43x2.31	7	2.87x2.09	2.87x2.40	abede	18 mm	Zen(dp)	1 1/4	2275*				25
45	N	N	HG	AI	24	.812x2.78	3	1035	9 1/4	34	1040	Y	1.93x1.30	3	2.33x1.92	2.33x1.75	abce	14 mm	Car	1 1/4	364	19	26 1/2	26 1/2	26
45	E	Mo	HG	AI	10	.625x2.37	4	AI	6	6	1045	Y	1.00x1.00	2	Timken	Timken	.....	18 mm	Str	1	70*	17 1/2	16 1/2	15	27
45	Bo	Mo	HG	AI	26	.937x3.00	4	1035	9 1/4	33	1045	Y	1.37x1.37	2	Timken	Timken	.....	18 mm	Str	1	180*	18 1/2	24 1/2	18 1/2	28
45	Bo	MI	HG	AI	11.5	.625x2.06	4	1035	6 1/4	16	1045	N	1.62x1.00	2	Timken	Timken	PS	18 mm	Zen	5/8	233*	18	19 1/2	23 1/2	29
45	Bo	MI	HG	AI	16	.750x2.56	4	1035	8 1/4	22	1045	N	1.75x1.12	2	Timken	Timken	PS	18 mm	Zen	5/8	285*	21 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2	30
45	Bo	MI	HG	AI	18.2	.750x2.56	4	1035	8 1/4	22	1045	N	1.75x1.12	2	Timken	Timken	PS	18 mm	Zen	5/8	285*	21 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2	31
45	Bo	MI	HG	AI	24.5	.937x2.75	4	1035	8 1/4	29	1045	N	1.75x1.25	2	Timken	Timken	PS	18 mm	Zen	1	418*	24	25 1/2	28 1/2	32
45	Bo	MI	HG	AI	28	.937x2.75	4	1035	8 1/4	29	1045	N	1.75x1.25	2	Timken	Timken	PS	18 mm	Zen	1	418*	24	25 1/2	28 1/2	33

For other engines see SMALL GASOLINE POWER UNITS table

For other engines see SMALL GASOLINE POWER UNITS table

## ABBREVIATIONS—Cont.

Dur—Duralumin  
e—Timing Gears or Chain  
E—Used on Exhaust valve seats  
(EA)—Engine with Standard Accessories  
Ed—Edelbrock  
Ens—Ensign  
f—Accessories drive  
FA—Fire Apparatus  
g—Rocker Arms and Shafts  
(h)—Intake 30°, Exhaust 45°  
(H)—Horizontal Motor  
HC—Helical Gear and Chain  
HG—Helical Gear

HH—Horizontal in Head (Valves)  
Hol—Holley Carburetor  
HS—High Speed Steel  
I—In Head (Valves)  
Ind—Industrial  
JM—Judson I-S material  
(k)—Intake 30°, Exhaust 44°  
L—Valves at Side (L-Head)  
M—Marine  
MI—Moly Iron  
ML—Mechanical Lubricator System  
Mo—Molybdenum  
n—Intake 15°, Exhaust 44°  
N—No or none  
NCI—Nickel Cast Iron  
NIS—Nickel Cast Iron, Stellite

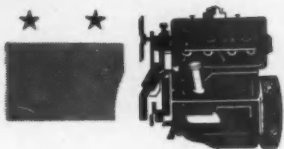
NS—Nickel Steel  
Op—Optional  
P—Hydraulic Valve Lifters and Cylinder Walls  
r—Reverse Gear  
s—Fan Drive Gears  
SA—Special Alloy  
Sch—Schebler Carburetor  
Se—Separate  
Sil—Silicone Steel  
Spec—Special  
St—Stellite Steel  
Str—Stromberg Carburetor  
SZ(2)—1 Each, Stromberg & Zenith  
t—Tappets and Valve Mechanism

Oh—Overhead Valves  
PS—Pump Splash system  
RC—Rail Cars  
SB—Spiral Bevel Gear  
SG—Spur Gear  
SS—Semi-Steel  
T-12—Thompson Products No. 12  
T—Valves, Opposite (T-Head)  
T—Trucks  
Til—Tillotson Carburetor  
TS—Tool Steel  
V—Dual  
W—Wet Liners  
WM—Wausau Cast Moly #1  
WR—Wilcox-Rich-Eds  
(x)—Sodium Cooled  
—Complete with SAE housing  
y—With reverse gear  
Y—Yes  
Zen—Zenith Carburetor  
ZC—Zenith or Carter

Country of Destination	QUANTITIES		VALUES	
	Eleven months ended Nov. 30		Eleven months ended Nov. 30	
	1945	1946	1945	1946
Motor Cars and Commercial Vehicles, Used				
Total	2,194	9,683	£654,327	£3,010,436
Chassis for motor vehicles with engines (with or without fitted tires)				
Of Motor Car Type—				
To Australia		13,001		1,678,750
To Other British Countries		1,445		310,987
To Foreign Countries		1,102		286,114
Total		15,548		£2,275,851
Other—				
To Eire	21	819	7,791	394,721
To Channel Islands	8	75	2,880	24,990
To Union of South Africa	10	1,158	4,182	981,018
To British India		1,331		543,646
To British Malaya		726		241,611
To Ceylon	14	40	44,75	32,574
To Australia	209	3,175	68,740	1,077,740
To New Zealand	158	1,004	49,200	312,198
To Canada		5		1,993
To Other British Countries	24	2,206	16,901	867,923
To Sweden		437		132,037
To Denmark	2	1,495	561	678,815
To Netherlands		511		412,151
To Switzerland	3	228	1,026	65,670
To Portugal	4	823	1,200	388,996
To Spain		209		117,178
To Egypt		60		18,916
To Argentine Republic	32	1,817	10,680	927,771
To Other Foreign Countries	191	4,121	48,715	1,740,849
Total	676	20,240	£216,351	£8,960,797

## British Motor Vehicle Exports Eleven Months 1945 and 1946 Compared In Units and Their Value



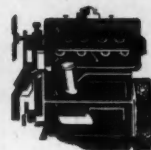


# AUTOMOTIVE DIESEL AND

GENERAL																				VALVES	
Line Number	ENGINE MAKE AND MODEL	Built Under License from	Designed for	Type	Number of Cylinders Bore and Stroke (In.)	Cylinder Liners—Type	Cycle	Piston Displacement (Cu. In.)	With Bare Engine Maximum Brake H.P. at Specified R.P.M.	With Standard Accessories		Compression Ratio - to 1	Max. Combustion Pressure (Lb. per Sq. In.)	B.M.E.P. at Continuous H.P. (Lb. per Sq. In.)	Weight per Continuous H.P. (Lb.)	Max. Torque in Lb. Ft. at Specified R.P.M.	Shipping Weight (Lb.)		Arrangement	Intake Port Diameter and Lift (In.)	
										Max. Intermitent H.P. at Specified R.P.M.	Continuous Sustained H.P. at Specified R.P.M.						Automotive or Industrial	Marine			
1	Atlas Imperial... 1LN29		I	AC	1-3 1/2 x 3 3/4	W	4	29	6.5-1800	5.7-1800	5-1800	16.50	76	72.84	15-1100	364		VI	1.06-.390		
2	Atlas Imperial... 3LN29		I	AC	3-3 1/2 x 3 3/4	W	4	87	20-1800	16.5-1800	15-1800	16.50	76	40.34	45-1100	604		VI	1.06-.390		
3	Atlas Imperial... 4ES253		I,M	DI	4-6 1/2 x 8 1/2	W	4	1012			90-900	13.8	700	78	62.2	528-900	5600	6400	VI	2.31-.562	
4	Atlas Imperial... 6ES253		I,M	DI	6-6 1/2 x 8 1/2	W	4	1518			135-900	13.8	700	78	56.2	789-900	7500	8260	VI	2.31-.562	
5	Buda... 4-BD-153	Lanova	T,Tr,M,I	AC	4-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	W	4	153	39-2400	30-2400	26-2000	15.30	725	73	29.2	104-1400	760	1000	VI	1.37-.429	
6	Buda... 6BD-230	Lanova	T,Tr,M,I	AC	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	W	4	230	58-2400	46-2400	40-2000	15.30	725	73	21.5	156-1400	860	1200	VI	1.37-.429	
7	Buda... 6-DT-317	Lanova	C,T,Tr,B	AC	6-3 1/2 x 5 1/2	D	4	317	90-2300	75-2300	52.5-1800	14.50	725	73	21.64	185.4-1500	1133		VI	1.37-.466	
8	Buda... 6-DT-317	Lanova	M	AC	6-3 1/2 x 5 1/2	D	4	317	90-2300	75-2100	56-1800	14.50	725	78	22.3	195-1500		1250	VI	1.37-.466	
9	Buda... 6-DT-468	Lanova	T,Tr,B	AC	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	D	4	468	113-2000	89-2000	68-1600	14.20	725	72	21.14	268.5-1100	1435		VI	1.59-.476	
10	Buda... 6-DT-468	Lanova	M	AC	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	D	4	468	113-2000	97-1800	75-1600	14.20	725	79	23.7	308-1100		1775	VI	1.59-.476	
11	Buda... 6DC-1879	Lanova	R,I	AC	6-6 1/2 x 8 1/2	W	4	1879	248-1100	203-1100	155-900	13.00	725	73	44.84	1043-650	6950		VI	2.50-.687	
12	Buda... 6DCM-1879	Lanova	M	AC	6-6 1/2 x 8 1/2	W	4	1879	248-1100	222-1100	186-1000	13.00	725	78	34.9	1140-650		6500	VI	2.50-.687	
13	Buda... 6-PH-D1879	Lanova	I	AC	6-6 1/2 x 8 1/2	W	4	1879	248-1100	203-1100	155-900	13.00	725	73	58.14	1043-650	9000		VI	2.50-.687	
14	Buda... 6-DC-844	Lanova	T,Tr,B,I	AC	6-5 1/2 x 8 1/2	W	4	844	180-1800	150-1800	96-1200	13.00	725	75	26.84	480-1100	2350		VI	2.00-.540	
15	Buda... 6-DCM-844	Lanova	M	AC	6-5 1/2 x 8 1/2	W	4	844	180-1800	159-1800	112-1300	13.00	725	81	34.8	518-1100		3900	VI	2.00-.540	
16	Buda... 6-DCS-844	Lanova	T,Tr,I	AC	6-5 1/2 x 8 1/2	W	4	844	225-1800	185-1800	140-1400	13.00	725	94	59	530-1250			VI	2.00-.540	
17	Buda... 6-DCSM-844	Lanova	M	AC	6-5 1/2 x 8 1/2	W	4	844	225-1800	195-1800	147-1400	13.00	725	99	59	635-1250			VI	2.00-.540	
18	Buda... 6-DC-1125	Lanova	T,Tr,I	AC	6-5 1/2 x 8 1/2	W	4	1125	239-1800	197-1800	143-1400	13.00	725	78	59	570-1100			VI	2.00-.540	
19	Buda... 6DCM-1125	Lanova	M	AC	6-5 1/2 x 8 1/2	W	4	1125	239-1800	210-1800	160-1400	13.00	725	80	59	695-1100			VI	2.00-.540	
20	Buda... 6DCS-1125	Lanova	T,Tr,I	AC	6-5 1/2 x 8 1/2	W	4	1125	300-1800	242-1800	184-1400	13.00	725	93	70	700-1250			VI	2.00-.540	
21	Buda... 6DCSM-1125	Lanova	M	AC	6-5 1/2 x 8 1/2	W	4	1125	300-1800	260-1800	193-1400	13.00	725	100	70	850-1250			VI	2.00-.540	
22	Buda... 6DC-845	Lanova	I	AC	6-5 1/2 x 8 1/2	W	4	845	119-1400	94-1400	71-1200	13.00	725	73	45	458-1000			VI	2.00-.540	
23	Buda... 6DCS-1879	Lanova	I	AC	6-6 1/2 x 8 1/2	W	4	1879	330-1200	275-1200	198-900	13.00	725	92	59	1580-700			VI	2.50-.687	
24	Buda... 6DCSMR-1879	Lanova	M	AC	6-6 1/2 x 8 1/2	W	4	1879	330-1200	275-1200	198-900	13.00	725	92	59	1580-700			VI	2.50-.687	
25	Caterpillar... D-17000	Own	M,I,R	PC	8-5 1/2 x 8	W	4	1682	182-950	174-950	131-950	15.7	66	61.14	1042-700	8000	95384	VI	2.5-.488		
26	Caterpillar... D-13000	Own	Tr,M,R,I	PC	6-5 1/2 x 8	W	4	1248	150-1000	145-1000	115-1000	15.7	73	48.84	842-800	5610	74504	VI	2.5-.488		
27	Caterpillar... D-8800	Own	Tr,M,I	PC	4-5 1/2 x 8	W	4	831	102-1000	98-1000	79-1000	15.7	75	55.74	551-800	4400	55304	VI	2.5-.488		
28	Caterpillar... D-4600	Own	Tr,M,I	PC	4-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	W	4	468	82-1600	78-1600	62-1600	16.5	66	48.44	300-1100	3000	37804	VI	1.1-.375		
29	Caterpillar... D-4400	Own	Tr,M,I	PC	4-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	W	4	312	55-1600	52-1600	41-1600	16.5	65	58.54	194-1100	2400	30904	VI	1.1-.375		
30	Caterpillar... D-3400	Own	Tr,M,I	PC	4-3 1/2 x 5 1/2	W	4	221	34-1650	32.5-1650	25.2-1650	17.0	55	75.04	127-1100	1830	24504	VI	1.1-.331		
31	Climax... D-148	Own	I,M	PC	2-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	W	4	149	22-1200	18-1200	18-1200	16.00	450	80	10.0	97-600	2000	2500	VI	1.75-.422	
32	Climax... D-297	Own	I,M	PC	4-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	W	4	298	44-1200	36-1200	36-1200	16.00	450	80	8.0	97-600	3000	3500	VI	1.75-.422	
33	Continental... GD-157	Own	I	TC	4-3 1/2 x 4 3/4	W	4	157	37.6-2000	30-2000	25-1800	15	79	24.2	109-1250	605		VI	1.18-.375		
34	Continental... HD-243	Own	I	TC	4-3 1/2 x 5 1/2	W	4	243	53.1-2000	45-2000	39.8-1800	14.5	79	21.1	169.5-1200	840		VI	1.37-.328		
35	Continental... HD-280	Own	I	TC	4-3 1/2 x 5 1/2	W	4	280	57.0-2000	48.5-2000	41.6-1800	15	79	20.2	181-1200	840		VI	1.37-.328		
36	Continental... TD-427	Own	I	TC	6-4 1/2 x 4 3/4	N	4	427	103-2000	87.2-2000	74.9-1800	15	79	17.4	298-1200	1300		VI	1.71-.437		
37	Continental... RD-572	Own	I	TC	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	N	4	572	137-2000	116-2000	96.5-1800	15	79	19.1	400-1200	1845		VI	1.87-.546		
38	Continental... KD-330	Own	I	TC	4-4 x 4 1/2	N	4	330	79.0-2000	67.2-2000	55.4-1800	15	79	20.2	229.5-1200	1115		VI	1.58-.437		
39	Continental... KD-8330	Own	T,B,Tr	TC	6-4 x 4 1/2	N	4	833	86.2-2400	73-2400	55-2400	15	106	14.4	282-1200	1090		VI	1.58-.437		
40	Continental... TD-8427	Own	T,B,Tr	TC	6-4 1/2 x 4 3/4	N	4	842	112-2400	95-2400	75-2400	15	106	13.4	300-1200	1270		VI	1.71-.437		
41	Continental... RD-6572	Own	T,B,Tr	TC	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	N	4	657	150-2200	127-2200	105-2200	15	105	14.1	400-1200	1785		VI	1.87-.546		
42	Cummins... A	Own	T,B,Tr,M,R,I	DI	6-4 x 5	W	4	377	100-2200	85-2200	57-1600	16.00	750	75	24.2	275-1200	1830	2030	VI	1.37-.406	
43	Cummins... H	Own	T,B,Tr,M,R,I	DI	4-4 1/2 x 6	W	4	448	100-1800	83-1800	50-1200	17.00	750	74	32.8	340-800	1930	3315	VI	1.75-.500	
44	Cummins... H	Own	T,B,Tr,M,R,I	DI	6-4 1/2 x 6	W	4	672	150-1800	125-1800	93-1600	17.00	750	72	25.5	500-800	2540	3670	VI	1.75-.500	
45	Cummins... NH-600	Own	T,B,Tr,M,R,I	DI	6-4 1/2 x 6	W	4	672	200-1800	175-1800	130-1600	14.00	925	101	19.8	625-1400	3000	4040	VI	1.75-.500	
46	Cummins... NH-600	Own	T,B,Tr,M,R,I	DI	6-5 1/2 x 6	W	4	743	200-2100	174-2100	130-1800	13.50	76	19.2	575-1400	2500	4000	VI	1.56-.420		
47	Cummins... NH-600	Own	T,B,Tr,M,R,I	DI	6-5 1/2 x 6	W	4	743	275-2100	240-2100	175-1800	13.50	101	16.3	710-1600	3520	4350	VI	1.56-.420		
48	Fairbanks-Morse (4) 36	Own	M,R,I	TC	6-4 1/2 x 6	W	4	510		75-1200	60-1200	16.80	800	78		335-1050			VI		
49	Fairbanks-Morse (5) 36	Own	M,R,I	TC	6-5 1/2 x 7 1/2	W	4	1068		150-1200	120-1200	14.70	800	74		660-1050			VI		
50	General Motors... 2-71	Own	T,B,Tr,I	DI	2-4 1/2 x 5	D	2	142		67-2000	48-1800	16.00	1000	78	16.0	200-1300	770		VI	No Valves	
51	General Motors... 3-71	Own	T,B,Tr,I	DI	3-4 1/2 x 5	D	2	213		100-2000	72-1800	16.00	1000	78	16.0	300-1300	1175		VI	No Valves	
52	General Motors... 4-71	Own	T,B,Tr,I	DI	4-4 1/2 x 5	D	2	284		133-2000	96-1800	16.00	1000								



# OTHER HEAVY OIL ENGINES



VALVES		PISTONS				PISTON PIN		CONNECTING RODS			MAIN BEARINGS		INJECTION SYSTEM					STARTING METHOD		OVERALL DIMENSIONS			Line Number				
Exhaust Port Diameter and Lift (In.)	Material	Length (In.)	Weight with Rings and Pin (Lb.)	No. of Compression Rings	No. of Oil Rings	Diameter and Length (In.)	Locked In—	Material (S.A.E. No.)	Center to Center Length (In.)	Weight with Cap and Bushing (Lb.)	Number	Diameter (In.)	Make of Pump	Make of Valve	Valve Type—Open or Closed	Orifices	Pressure—Nozzle Opening (Lb. per Sq. In.)	Air Cleaner—Make	Fuel Filter—Make	Lubricant Filter—Make	Minimum Recommended Cetane Number of Fuel	Make		Type	Length—Fan to Flywheel (In.)	Width (In.)	Height—To Top of Air Cleaner (In.)
.98-.390	Alu	4.25	1.75	3	2	.937-2.75	F	3140	7.56	2.50	2	2.25	AB	AB	C	PI	1800	Opt	AB	Opt	45	AL	E-H	20 1/2	20 1/2	36 1/2	1
.98-.390	Alu	4.25	1.75	3	2	.937-2.75	F	3140	7.56	2.50	2	2.25	AB	AB	C	PI	1800	Opt	AB	Opt	45	AL	E-H	20 1/2	20 1/2	36 1/2	2
2.00-.640	CI	9.75	27.2	4	2	2.50-5.25	F	1040	17.75	8.2	5	4.62	AB	AB	C	PI	2800	Ver	Pur	Pur	40	AL	A	31 1/2	23 1/2	34 1/2	3
2.00-.640	CI	9.75	27.2	4	2	2.50-5.25	F	1040	17.75	8.2	5	4.62	AB	AB	C	PI	2800	Ver	Pur	Pur	40	AL	A	31 1/2	23 1/2	34 1/2	4
1.12-.429	Alu	4.12	1.75	4	1	1.00-2.84	F	1045	7.37	2.50	3	2.50	AB	AB	C	PI	2000	Uni	Com	WGB	46	AL	Ele	30 1/2	19 1/2	26 1/2	5
1.12-.429	Alu	4.12	1.75	4	1	1.00-2.84	F	1045	7.37	2.50	3	2.50	AB	AB	C	PI	2000	Uni	Com	WGB	46	AL	Ele	30 1/2	19 1/2	26 1/2	6
1.18-.466	Alu	4.93	3.00	3	2	1.25-2.92	F	1035	9.50	3.41	7	3.00	AB	AB	C	PI	2000	Uni	B-P	DeL	46	DR	Ele	38 1/2	27 1/2	35 1/2 (12)	7
1.18-.466	Alu	4.93	3.00	3	2	1.25-2.92	F	1035	9.50	3.41	7	3.00	AB	AB	C	PI	2000	Uni	B-P	DeL	46	DR	Ele	38 1/2	27 1/2	35 1/2 (12)	8
1.37-.476	Alu	5.25	4.48	3	2	1.50-3.56	F	6140	11.00	4.87	7	3.00	AB	AB	C	PI	2000	Uni	B-P	DeL	46	DR	Ele	54 1/2 (11)	27 1/2	34 1/2 (12)	9
1.37-.476	Alu	5.25	4.48	3	2	1.50-3.56	F	6140	11.00	4.87	7	3.00	AB	AB	C	PI	2000	Uni	B-P	DeL	46	DR	Ele	54 1/2 (11)	27 1/2	34 1/2 (12)	10
2.16-.687	Alu	9.31	19.19	3	2	2.75-5.53	F	1035	17.75	28.51	7	4.50	AB	AB	C	PI	1800	Uni	P-S	DeL	46	D-N	E-G	86 1/2 (11)	38 1/2	62 1/2 (12)	11
2.16-.687	Alu	9.31	19.19	3	2	2.75-5.53	F	1035	17.75	28.51	7	4.50	AB	AB	C	PI	1800	Uni	P-S	DeL	46	D-N	E-G	86 1/2 (11)	38 1/2	62 1/2 (12)	12
2.16-.687	Alu	9.31	19.19	3	2	2.75-5.53	F	1035	17.75	28.51	7	4.50	AB	AB	C	PI	1800	Uni	P-S	DeL	46	D-N	E-G	86 1/2 (11)	38 1/2	62 1/2 (12)	13
2.16-.687	Alu	9.31	19.19	3	2	2.75-5.53	F	1035	17.75	28.51	7	4.50	AB	AB	C	PI	1800	Uni	P-S	DeL	46	D-N	E-G	86 1/2 (11)	38 1/2	62 1/2 (12)	14
1.87-.540	Alu	6.75	6.70	3	2	1.75-4.50	F	1040	12.50	10.62	7	3.75	AB	AB	C	PI	2000	Uni	Com	DeL	46	L-D	E-G	58 1/2	29 1/2	48 1/2	15
1.87-.540	Alu	6.75	6.70	3	2	1.75-4.50	F	1040	12.50	10.62	7	3.75	AB	AB	C	PI	2000	Uni	Com	DeL	46	L-D	E-G	58 1/2	29 1/2	48 1/2	16
1.87-.540	Alu	6.75	6.70	3	2	1.75-4.50	F	1040	12.50	10.62	7	3.75	AB	AB	C	PI	2000	Uni	Com	DeL	46	L-D	E-G	58 1/2	29 1/2	48 1/2	17
1.87-.540	Alu	6.75	6.70	3	2	1.75-4.50	F	1040	12.50	10.62	7	3.75	AB	AB	C	PI	2000	Uni	Com	DeL	46	L-D	E-G	58 1/2	29 1/2	48 1/2	18
1.87-.540	Alu	6.75	6.70	3	2	1.75-4.50	F	1040	12.50	10.62	7	3.75	AB	AB	C	PI	2000	Uni	Com	DeL	46	L-D	E-G	58 1/2	29 1/2	48 1/2	19
1.87-.540	Alu	6.75	6.70	3	2	1.75-4.50	F	1040	12.50	10.62	7	3.75	AB	AB	C	PI	2000	Uni	Com	DeL	46	L-D	E-G	58 1/2	29 1/2	48 1/2	20
1.87-.540	Alu	6.75	6.70	3	2	1.75-4.50	F	1040	12.50	10.62	7	3.75	AB	AB	C	PI	2000	Uni	Com	DeL	46	L-D	E-G	58 1/2	29 1/2	48 1/2	21
2.16-.687	AA	9.31	19.19	3	2	2.75-5.53	F	1035	17.75	28.51	7	4.50	AB	AB	C	PI	1800	Uni	Pur	DeL	46	DR	Ele	44 1/2	30 1/2	48 1/2	22
2.16-.687	AA	9.31	19.19	3	2	2.75-5.53	F	1035	17.75	28.51	7	4.50	AB	AB	C	PI	1800	Uni	Pur	DeL	46	DR	Ele	44 1/2	30 1/2	48 1/2	23
2.16-.687	AA	9.31	19.19	3	2	2.75-5.53	F	1035	17.75	28.51	7	4.50	AB	AB	C	PI	1800	Uni	Pur	DeL	46	DR	Ele	44 1/2	30 1/2	48 1/2	24
2 1/4-.488	Alu	9.18	19.19	3	2	2.37-4.75	F	1045	16.00	5.4	4	3.00	Own	Own	C	SI	1750	Don	Own	Pur	35	Own	G	88	49 1/2	66 1/2	25
2 1/4-.488	Alu	9.18	19.19	3	2	2.37-4.75	F	1045	16.00	5.4	4	3.00	Own	Own	C	SI	1750	Don	Own	Pur	35	Own	G	88	49 1/2	66 1/2	26
2 1/4-.488	Alu	9.18	19.19	3	2	2.37-4.75	F	1045	16.00	5.4	4	3.00	Own	Own	C	SI	1750	Don	Own	Pur	35	Own	G	88	49 1/2	66 1/2	27
1 1/4-.375	Alu	6.12	7.87	3	2	1.75-3.50	F	1045	10.25	5.4	4	3.00	Own	Own	C	SI	1500	Don	Own	Pur	35	Own	G	70 1/2	29 1/2	48 1/2	28
1 1/4-.375	Alu	6.12	7.87	3	2	1.75-3.50	F	1045	10.25	5.4	4	3.00	Own	Own	C	SI	1500	Don	Own	Pur	35	Own	G	70 1/2	29 1/2	48 1/2	29
1 1/4-.331	Alu	5.50	5.00	3	2	1.56-3.00	F	1045	10.25	5.4	4	3.00	Own	Own	C	SI	1500	Don	Own	Pur	35	Own	G	64	29 1/2	45	30
1.75-.422	NI	6.12	7.87	4	1	1.75-3.50	F	1045	11.50	6.43	4	3.00	AB	AB	C	PI	2200	Ver	CB	Nug	45	AL	Ele	46	32	53	31
1.75-.422	NI	6.12	7.87	4	1	1.75-3.50	F	1045	11.50	6.43	4	3.00	AB	AB	C	PI	2200	Ver	CB	Nug	45	AL	Ele	46	32	53	32
1.06-.375	AA	3.75	1.12	3	1	1.12	F	S/B-CLM	7.00	3.27	3	2.37	A-E	A-E	...	SI	1800	Op	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33
1.25-.328	AA	4.31	1.25	3	1	1.25	F	S/B-BAB	9.50	3.27	3	2.37	A-E	A-E	...	SI	1800	Op	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34
1.25-.328	AA	4.31	1.25	3	1	1.25	F	S/B-BAB	9.50	3.27	3	2.37	A-E	A-E	...	SI	1800	Op	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35
1.50-.437	AA	4.68	1.43	3	1	1.43	F	S/B-BAB	8.37	3.27	3	2.37	A-E	A-E	...	SI	1800	Op	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36
1.85-.546	AA	5.93	1.50	3	1	1.50	F	S/B-BAB	10.50	3.27	3	2.37	A-E	A-E	...	SI	1800	Op	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37
1.37-.437	AA	4.75	1.25	3	1	1.25	F	S/B-BAB	8.37	3.27	3	2.37	A-E	A-E	...	SI	1800	Op	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	38
1.37-.437	AA	4.75	1.25	3	1	1.25	F	S/B-BAB	8.37	3.27	3	2.37	A-E	A-E	...	SI	1800	Op	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39
1.50-.437	AA	4.68	1.50	3	1	1.50	F	S/B-BAB	10.50	3.27	3	2.37	A-E	A-E	...	SI	1800	Op	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40
1.85-.546	AA	5.93	1.50	3	1	1.50	F	S/B-BAB	10.50	3.27	3	2.37	A-E	A-E	...	SI	1800	Op	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41
1.37-.406	CI	5.04	5.70	3	2	1.49-3.37	F	E-4135	9.50	6.8	7	3.87	Own	Own	...	Mu	...	Don	Cun	Nug	50	L-D	Ele	46 1/2 (2)	28 1/2	39 1/2 (3)	42
1.75-.500	CI	6.25	10.58	3	2	1.99-4.09	F	E-4135	12.00	10.2	5	4.50	Own	Own	...	Mu	...	Don	Cun	Nug	50	L-D	Ele	43 1/2 (2)	29 1/2	47 1/2 (3)	43
1.75-.500	CI	6.25	10.58	3	2	1.99-4.09	F	E-4135	12.00	10.2	5	4.50	Own	Own	...	Mu	...	Don	Cun	Nug	50	L-D	Ele	43 1/2 (2)	29 1/2	47 1/2 (3)	44
1.56-.420	Alu	6.25	8.75	3	1	1.99-4.34	F	E-4135	12.00	10.2	7	4.50	Own	Own	...	Mu	...	Don	Cun	Nug	50	L-D	Ele	60 1/2 (2)	30 1/2	47 1/2 (3)	45
1.56-.420	Alu	6.25																									



# Automotive Diesel and

Line Number	ENGINE MAKE AND MODEL	Built Under License from	GENERAL																	VALVES	
			Designed for	Type	Number of Cylinders Bore and Stroke (in.)	Cylinder Liners—Type	Cycle	Piston Displacement (Cu. In.)	With Bare Engine Maximum Brake Hp. at Specified R.P.M.	With Standard Accessories		Compression Ratio - to 1	Max. Combustion Pressure (Lb. per Sq. In.)	B.M.E.P. at Continuous Hp. (Lb. per Sq. In.)	Weight per Continuous Hp. (Lb.)	Max. Torque in Lb. Ft. at Specified R.P.M.	Shipping Weight (Lb.)		Arrangement	Intake Port Diameter and Lift (in.)	
										Max. Intermitent Hp. at Specified R.P.M.	Continuous Sustained Hp. at Specified R.P.M.						Automotive or Industrial	Marine			
1	Hercules.....DRXB	Own	T,B,Tr,M,R,I	TC	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/4	D	4	474	132-2200	112-2200	89-1600	15.00	750	94	18.04	340-1200	1600	.....	VI	2.00-.395	
2	Hercules.....DRXC	Own	T,B,Tr,M,R,I	TC	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/4	D	4	529	147-2200	125-2200	100-1600	15.00	750	94	16.04	395-1200	1600	.....	VI	2.00-.395	
3	Hercules.....DFXB	Own	T,B,M,Tr,I	TC	6-5x8	D	4	707	190-2100	162-2100	136-1600	14.80	750	95	18.4	530-1350	2500	.....	VI	2.37-.500	
4	Hercules.....DFXC	Own	T,B,M,Tr,I	TC	6-5 1/2 x 8	D	4	779	204-2100	173-2100	149-1600	14.80	750	95	16.8	585-1350	2500	.....	VI	2.37-.500	
5	Hercules.....DFXD	Own	T,B,M,Tr,I	TC	6-5 1/2 x 8	D	4	855	217-2100	184-2100	162-1600	14.80	750	94	15.44	645-1200	2500	.....	VI	2.37-.500	
6	Hercules.....DFXE	Own	T,B,Tr,M,R,I	TC	6-5 1/2 x 8	D	4	895	228-2100	194-2100	170-1600	14.80	750	94	14.74	680-1200	2500	.....	VI	2.37-.500	
7	Hercules.....DFXH	Own	T,B,Tr,M,R,I	TC	6-5 1/2 x 8	D	4	935	260-2100	221-2100	187-1600	14.80	750	99	13.84	750-1200	2575	.....	VI	2.60-.500	
8	Hercules.....DNX-U8	Own	T,B,Tr,M,I	TC	8-8 1/2 x 6	D	4	1468	400-2100	340-2100	278-1600	14.80	750	94	15.1	1100-1200	4200	.....	VI	2.87-.500	
9	Hercules.....DNX-U85	Own	M,I	TC	8-8 1/2 x 6	D	4	1468	500-2100	425-2100	345-1600	14.80	750	115	13.9	1320-1400	4800	.....	VI	2.87-.500	
10	Hill.....2R	Own	M,I	PC	2-3 1/2 x 5 1/2	D	4	106	19-1500	17.3-1500	16.6-1500	16.00	85	64	69-1200	1225	1300	VI	1.37-.372		
11	Hill.....4R	Own	M,I	PC	4-3 1/2 x 5 1/2	D	4	212	41-1500	36.3-1500	33-1500	16.00	85	44	142-1200	1750	1750	VI	1.37-.372		
12	Hill.....6R	Own	M,I	PC	6-3 1/2 x 5 1/2	D	4	317	63-1500	55-1500	50-1500	16.00	85	37.5	225-1200	2300	1750	VI	1.37-.372		
13	International.....UD8	Own	Tr,I	PC	4-3 1/2 x 5 1/2	D	4	248	45-1500	39-1500	31.2-1500	14.20	66	38.94	162-800	1215	1300	VI	1.50-.500		
14	International.....UD9	Own	Tr,I	PC	4-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	D	4	334	63-1500	53-1500	42.4-1500	14.40	67	35.04	211-800	1485	1300	VI	1.68-.500		
15	International.....UD14A	Own	Tr,I	PC	4-4 1/2 x 6 1/2	W	4	461	79-1400	76-1400	60.8-1400	15.5	70	33.04	325-900	1775	1300	VI	1.78-.503		
16	International.....UD16	Own	Tr,I	PC	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	D	4	502	100-1800	100-1800	80-1800	16.60	70	27.34	330-1000	2190	1300	VI	1.65-.532		
17	International.....UD18A	Own	Tr,I	PC	6-4 1/2 x 6 1/2	W	4	691	131-1800	125-1600	100-1600	15.5	65	34.94	470-900	2860	1300	VI	1.78-.503		
18	Kermath.....DIX	Hercules	M	TC	2-4 1/2 x 4 1/2	D	4	113	27-1800	27-1800	20-1800	15.50	750	78	43.5	81-1400	870	VI	1.62-.375		
19	Kermath.....DOO	Hercules	M	TC	4-4 x 4 1/2	D	4	226	65-2800	49-2800	49-2800	14.50	500	86	24.5	162-1400	1200	VI	1.62-.375		
20	Kermath.....DJX	Hercules	M	TC	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	D	4	298	64-2800	63-2800	63-2800	14.50	500	84	21.5	128-1500	1355	VI	1.62-.375		
21	Kermath.....DRX	Hercules	M	TC	8-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	D	4	474	113-1800	85-1800	85-1800	14.50	475	79	24.7	350-1300	2100	VI	2.00-.395		
22	Lister (1).....CD	Lister	M,I	PC	1-4 1/2 x 4 1/2	D	4	69.5	8.75-1200	7.2-1200	6.2-1200	A	800	80	198.4	37-1000	1230	VI	1.43-.380		
23	Lister (1).....CE	Lister	M,I	PC	2-4 1/2 x 4 1/2	D	4	139	17.5-1200	14.4-1200	12.4-1200	A	800	80	109.2	73-1000	1355	VI	1.43-.380		
24	Murphy.....ME-4	Own	M,I	DI	4-5 1/2 x 6 1/2	W	4	675	105-1200	105-1200	90-1200	17.00	88	47.7	472-900	4300	6350	VI	1.62-.500		
25	Murphy.....ME-6	Own	M,I	DI	6-5 1/2 x 6 1/2	W	4	1013	160-1200	135-1200	135-1200	17.00	88	38.5	732-850	5200	7940	VI	1.62-.500		
26	Murphy.....ME-650	Own	M,I	DI	6-5 1/2 x 6 1/2	W	4	1013	200-1200	165-1200	165-1200	14.00	107	35.7	960-775	5900	8190	VI	1.62-.500		
27	Murphy.....ME-68	Own	M,I	DI	6-6 x 6 1/2	W	4	1103	180-1200	150-1200	150-1200	17.00	90	34.5	830-800	5200	7940	VI	1.62-.500		
28	Murphy.....ME-46	Own	M,I	DI	4-6 x 6 1/2	W	4	735	115-1200	100-1200	100-1200	17.00	90	43.0	533-800	4300	6350	VI	1.62-.500		
29	Red Wing.....DO	Herc	M	TC	4-4 1/2 x 4 1/2	D	4	255	79-2600	75-2400	56-1600	15.00	750	91	.....	182-1400	1100	VI	1.62-.375		
30	Red Wing.....42-54HP	Wau-Hes	M	DI	4-4 x 5	W	4	251	55-2200	54-2000	43-1500	5.90	500	65	25.6	155-1000	1100	VI	1.62-.445		
31	Red Wing.....55-60HP	Wau-Hes	M	DI	4-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	W	4	353	62-1600	59-1600	55-1400	5.60	500	65	21.8	230-800	1200	VI	1.75-.490		
32	Red Wing.....65-75HP	Wau-Hes	M	DI	6-3 1/2 x 4 1/2	N	4	282	78-2800	75-2800	59-1800	6.40	500	69	22.0	174-1400	1300	VI	1.62-.375		
33	Red Wing.....100-125HP	Wau-Hes	M	DI	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	W	4	525	128-2100	125-2100	106-1500	5.80	500	67	17.0	383-1000	1800	VI	1.87-.530		
34	Red Wing.....160-180HP	Wau-Hes	M	DI	6-6 1/2 x 7	W	4	1395	174-1125	170-1125	165-1050	5.40	500	74	33.9	900-500	5800	VI	2.50-.710		
35	Red Wing.....180-200HP	Wau-Hes	M	DI	6-7 x 7	W	4	1616	200-1125	198-1125	188-1050	5.50	500	74	30.8	1030-500	5800	VI	2.50-.710		
36	Scripps 7000A, 1A, 2A, 3A	Hercules	M	TC	4-4 1/2 x 4 1/2	D	4	255	79-2600	69-2600	52-1800	14.50	750	90	23.1	183-1400	1200	VI	1.62-.375		
37	Scripps 8500A, 1A, 2A, 3A	Hercules	M	TC	6-4 x 4 1/2	D	4	339	103-2600	89-2600	68-1800	14.50	750	88	21.1	238-1500	1435	VI	1.62-.375		
38	Sterling.....VD6	M,R,I	.....	.....	6-8 x 9	W	4	2714	.....	325-1200	270-1000	14.00	1000	80	33.9	1420-.....	9180	8850	VI	2.37-.525	
39	Sterling.....VD8	M,R,I	.....	.....	6-8 x 9	W	4	2714	.....	495-1200	410-1000	14.00	1000	120	24.4	2158-.....	10000	9550	VI	2.37-.525	
40	Sterling.....VD8	M,R,I	.....	.....	6-8 x 9	W	4	3619	.....	440-1200	370-1000	14.00	1000	80	28.9	1945-.....	10700	10250	VI	2.37-.525	
41	Sterling.....VD85	M,R,I	.....	.....	6-8 x 9	W	4	3619	.....	680-1200	550-1000	14.00	1000	120	21.6	2890-.....	11900	11300	VI	2.37-.525	
42	Sterling.....Viking AB4	M,I	TC	4-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	W	4	366	.....	62-1500	48-1400	11.80	675	75	50.0	288-1200	2900	2600	VI	1.81-.526		
43	Sterling.....Viking AB6	M,I	TC	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	W	4	549	.....	110-1800	72-1400	11.80	675	75	43.8	400-1200	3750	3200	VI	1.81-.526		
44	Sterling.....Viking DB4	M,I	TC	4-5 1/2 x 7	W	4	685	.....	90-1200	76-1200	11.80	750	75	50.7	475-1200	4550	4400	VI	2.19-.649		
45	Sterling.....Viking DB6	M,I	TC	6-5 1/2 x 7	W	4	998	.....	170-1500	114-1200	11.80	750	75	45.6	737-1000	5950	5350	VI	2.19-.649		
46	Sterling.....Viking DB8	M,I	TC	8-5 1/2 x 7	W	4	1330	.....	230-1500	152-1200	11.80	750	75	45.0	940-1000	7650	6600	VI	2.19-.649		
47	Waukesha.....(14) 130HS	Hes	Tr	DI	4-3 1/2 x 5	W	4	221	48-2200	38-2200	28-1500	6.12	500	67	24.84	142-1000	695	VI	1.62-.445		
48	Waukesha.....(14) 130HL	Hes	Tr	DI	4-4 x 5	W	4	251	55-2200	44-2200	31-1500	5.90	500	65	22.74	155-1000	705	VI	1.62-.445		
49	Waukesha.....(14) VRZH	Hes	Tr	DI	4-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	W	4	353	59-1600	47-1600	41-1400	5.60	500	65	25.64	229-700	1050	VI	1.75-.450		
50	Waukesha.....(13) 140HS	Hes	I	DI	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	W	4	468	114-2250	95-2250	67-1500	5.80	500	75	22.54	342-1000	1510	VI	1.87-.531		
51	Waukesha.....(13) 140HK	Hes	I	DI	6-4 1/2 x 5 1/2	W	4	525	128-2250	109-2250	75-1500	5.80	500	74	21.04	383-1000	1550	VI	1.87-.531		
52	Waukesha.....148DK	Hes	T,I	TC	6-5 1/2 x 8	W	4	779	168-2000	138-2000	102-1400	17.5	750	80	21.04	530-1200	2150	VI	2.25-.500		
53	Waukesha.....(13) 145HK	Hes	I	DI	6-5 1/2 x 8	W	4	779	174-2000	148-2000	106-1400	5.60	500	77	17.64	550-900	1885	VI	1.87-.594		
54	Waukesha.....(14) 6WAKH	Hes	I	DI	6-6 1/2 x 8 1/2	W	4	1197	202-1800	162-1600	139-1300	5.20	500	71	23.04	811-700	3200	VI	2.37-.656		
55	Waukesha.....6WAKD	Hes	T,I	TC	6-6 1/2 x 8 1/2	W	4	1197	225-1800	185-1600	152-1300	16.5	750	83	22.34	845-900	3400	VI	2.37-.656		
56	Waukesha.....(14) 6NKH	Hes	I	DI	6-7 x 8 1/2	W	4	1962	228-1050	187-1050	160-950	5.42	500	68	38.84	1350-650	6200	VI	2.50-.713		
57	Waukesha.....(14) 6LRH	Hes	I	DI	6-8 1/2 x 8 1/2	W	4	2894	333-1050	277-1050	225-900										

## ABBREVIATIONS

- Without fan or muffler
- Based on automotive or industrial weight, all others on marine
- With full equipment but without radiator or fan
- Supercharged
- From center line of crankshaft to top of engine
- Includes structural steel mounting base and reduction gears
- Includes muffler
- Includes piston pin
- Includes reverse and reduction gear
- Bottom of base to highest point on engine
- Lister-Blackstone, Inc.
- Fan to flywheel housing
- To top of water outlet (highest point)
- Also built in 1, 2, 3 and 4 cylinder models
- Also built in 8 cylinder model
- Air, electric

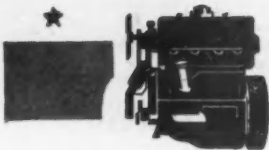
- To Propeller shaft flange
- Optional
- 15 or 19
- To top of valve cover
- Includes reverse and reduction gear
- Bottom of base to highest point on engine
- Lister-Blackstone, Inc.
- Fan to flywheel housing
- To top of water



# Other Heavy Oil Engines—Concluded

VALVES	PISTONS				PISTON PINS		CONNECTING RODS			MAIN BEARINGS		INJECTION SYSTEM					STARTING METHOD	OVERALL DIMENSIONS			Line Number							
	Exhaust Port Diameter and Lift (in.)	Material	Length (in.)	Weight with Rings and Pin (lb.)	No. of Compression Rings	No. of Oil Rings	Diameter and Length (in.)	Locked In—	Material (S.A.E. No.)	Center to Center Length (in.)	Weight with Cap and Bushing (lb.)	Number	Diameter (in.)	Make of Pump	Make of Valve	Valve Type—Open or Closed	Orifices	Pressure—Nozzle Opening (lb. per sq. in.)	Air Cleaner—Make	Fuel Filter—Make	Lubricant Filter—Make	Minimum Recommended Cetane Number of Fuel	Make	Type	Length—Fan to Flywheel (in.)	Width (in.)	Height—To Top of Air Cleaner (in.)	
1.37-.395	Alu	6.84	7.09	4	2	1.62-3.75	F	CNM	9.37	8.59	7	3.50	AB	AB	C	Pi	1650	.....	.....	.....	.....	45	LDA	EGA	46 1/2 (2)	27	38 1/2	1
1.37-.395	Alu	6.84	7.93	4	2	1.62-3.93	F	CNM	9.37	8.59	7	3.50	AB	AB	C	Pi	1650	.....	.....	.....	.....	45	LDA	EGA	46 1/2 (2)	27	38 1/2	2
1.62-.500	Alu	7.53	9.94	4	2	2.00-4.18	F	CNM	12.00	13.75	7	4.50	AB	AB	C	Pi	2000	.....	.....	.....	.....	45	LDA	EGA	62 1/2 (2)	30 1/2	48 1/2	3
1.62-.500	Alu	7.53	11.69	4	2	2.00-4.42	F	CNM	12.00	13.75	7	4.50	AB	AB	C	Pi	2000	.....	.....	.....	.....	45	LDA	EGA	62 1/2 (2)	30 1/2	48 1/2	4
1.62-.500	Alu	7.53	12.37	4	2	2.00-4.65	F	CNM	12.00	13.75	7	4.50	AB	AB	C	Pi	2000	.....	.....	.....	.....	45	LDA	EGA	62 1/2 (2)	30 1/2	48 1/2	5
1.62-.500	Alu	7.53	12.34	4	2	2.00-4.65	F	CNM	12.00	13.75	7	4.50	AB	AB	C	Pi	2000	.....	.....	.....	.....	45	LDA	EGA	62 1/2 (2)	30 1/2	48 1/2	6
1.90-.500	Alu	7.53	12.6	4	2	2.00-4.90	F	CNM	12.00	13.75	7	4.50	AB	AB	C	Pi	2000	.....	.....	.....	.....	45	LDA	EGA	62 1/2 (2)	30 1/2	48 1/2	7
2.12-.500	Alu	7.53	2.90	4	2	2.00-.....	F	CNM	13.25	.....	5	4.50	AB	AB	C	Pi	2000	.....	.....	.....	.....	45	LD	EGA	57 1/2	42	55 1/2	8
2.12-.500	Alu	7.53	2.90	4	2	2.00-.....	F	CNM	13.25	.....	5	4.50	AB	AB	C	Pi	2000	.....	.....	.....	.....	45	LD	EGA	57 1/2	42	55 1/2	9
1.37-.372	Lyn	4.87	2.83	3	2	1.50-2.72	F	4140	13.25	7.3	3	2.93	AB	A-E	C	Pi	1800	Uni	Fram	Brg	.....	AL	Eie	35	25	40	10	
1.37-.372	Lyn	4.87	2.83	3	2	1.50-2.72	F	4140	13.25	7.3	3	2.93	AB	A-E	C	Pi	1800	Uni	Fram	Brg	.....	AL	Eie	47 1/2	25	40	11	
1.37-.372	Lyn	4.87	2.83	3	2	1.50-2.72	F	4140	13.25	7.3	3	2.93	AB	A-E	C	Pi	1800	AM	Fram	Brg	.....	AL	Eie	58	27	45	12	
1.31-.500	Alu	5.70	4.33	3	2	1.31-3.25	F	1040	10.00	8.01	5	3.75	Own	Own	C	Si	700	Don	Pur	Pur	.....	Own	Ha	38 1/2	23	39 1/2	13	
1.47-.500	Alu	6.44	6.22	3	2	1.50-3.71	F	1040	11.00	10.83	5	4.12	Own	Own	C	Si	700	Don	Pur	Pur	.....	Own	Ha	41 1/2	24	42 1/2	14	
1.53-.503	Alu	6.19	7.27	4	2	1.62-4.10	F	1040	13.25	11.81	5	3.25	Own	Own	C	Si	700	Don	Pur	Pur	.....	Own	Ha	47 1/2	27 1/2	46 1/2	15	
1.53-.503	Alu	6.19	7.27	4	2	1.62-4.10	F	1040	13.25	11.81	7	3.50	AB	Own	C	Si	700	Don	Pur	Pur	.....	Own	Ha	60 1/2	29 1/2	49 1/2	16	
1.40-.532	AA	6.43	6.25	3	2	1.50-3.71	F	1040	11.00	9.10	7	3.57	Own	Own	C	Si	700	Don	Pur	Pur	.....	Own	Ha	58 1/2	28 1/2	44 1/2	17	
1.12-.375	Alu	4.84	4.00	4	2	.....	.....	CNM	8.00	5.31	2	.....	AB	AB	C	Pi	1650	AC	Pur	DeL	.....	DR	Eie	41 1/2	23	30 1/2	18	
1.12-.375	Alu	4.84	4.00	4	2	.....	.....	CNM	8.00	5.31	2	.....	AB	AB	C	Pi	1650	AC	Pur	Pur	.....	DR	Eie	47 1/2	22 1/2	33	19	
1.12-.375	Alu	4.84	3.56	4	2	.....	.....	CNM	8.00	5.31	2	.....	AB	AB	C	Pi	1650	AC	Pur	Pur	.....	DR	Eie	54 1/2	22 1/2	33	20	
1.37-.395	Alu	6.84	7.09	4	2	.....	.....	CNM	9.37	8.59	.....	.....	AB	AB	C	Pi	1650	AM	Pur	Pur	.....	DR	Eie	60 1/2	27 1/2	37 1/2	21	
1.28-.380	Alu	5.50	5.75	4	1	1.50-3.75	F	1045	8.50	5.37	4	2.37	AB	AB	C	Si	2000	Don	AC	Brg	.....	43	Own	Ha	40 1/2	20	33 1/2	22
1.28-.380	Alu	5.50	5.75	4	1	1.50-3.75	F	1045	8.50	5.37	5	2.37	AB	AB	C	Si	.....	Don	AC	Brg	.....	43	Own	Ha	48 1/2	23	36 1/2	23
1.620-.500	GI	7.75	21.9	4	2	2.12-4.73	F	1035	12.50	14.7	5	4.00	Own	Own	C	Mu	1500	Don	OP	Pur	.....	50	DR	Eie	66 1/2	37	60 1/2	24
1.620-.500	GI	7.75	21.9	4	2	2.12-4.73	F	1035	12.50	14.7	7	4.00	Own	Own	C	Mu	1500	Don	OP	Pur	.....	50	DR	Eie	73 1/2	37	57 1/2	25
1.620-.500	GI	7.75	21.2	4	2	2.12-4.73	F	1035	12.50	14.7	7	4.00	Own	Own	C	Mu	1500	Don	OP	Pur	.....	50	DR	Eie	75 1/2	37	51 1/2	26
1.620-.500	GI	7.75	23.3	4	2	2.12-4.98	F	1035	12.50	14.7	7	4.00	Own	Own	C	Mu	1500	Don	OP	Pur	.....	50	DR	Eie	73 1/2	37	57 1/2	27
1.620-.500	GI	7.75	23.3	4	2	2.12-4.98	F	1035	12.50	14.7	5	4.00	Own	Own	C	Mu	1500	Don	OP	Pur	.....	50	DR	Eie	53 1/2	37	60 1/2	28
1.12-.375	Alu	4.84	4.47	4	2	1.18-3.70	F	CNM	8.00	5.31	5	3.00	AB	AB	C	Pi	1650	.....	Pur	Pur	.....	45	LDA	Eie	50 1/2	25 1/2	35 1/2	29
1.28-.453	CI	5.12	4.30	3	1	1.12-3.06	F	1045	8.75	3.58	3	2.62	AB	Hes	O	Mu	750	.....	Mic	Mic	.....	60	AL	Eie	48 1/2	24	33 1/2	30
1.90-.450	CI	5.96	6.00	3	1	1.31-4.06	F	1045	10.50	5.30	3	2.37	AB	Hes	O	Mu	750	.....	Mic	Mic	.....	60	AL	Eie	52 1/2	21 1/2	38 1/2	31
1.37-.375	Alu	4.87	2.56	3	1	1.00-3.50	F	1045	8.00	3.50	7	2.62	AB	Hes	O	Mu	750	.....	Mic	Mic	.....	60	DR	Eie	53 1/2	23 1/2	31 1/2	32
1.37-.469	Alu	6.50	4.00	3	1	1.37-3.87	F	1045	10.25	5.31	7	3.25	AB	Hes	O	Mu	750	.....	Mic	Mic	.....	60	DR	Eie	78 1/2	29	41 1/2	33
2.28-.710	CI	9.25	20.50	3	1	2.00-5.50	F	1045	15.37	19.60	7	3.75	AB	Hes	O	Mu	78 1/2	Vor	Mic	DeL	.....	60	DR	Eie	100 1/2	30 1/2	56 1/2	34
2.28-.710	CI	9.25	24.75	3	1	2.00-6.00	F	1045	15.37	19.60	7	3.75	AB	Hes	O	Mu	78 1/2	Vor	Mic	DeL	.....	60	DR	Eie	100 1/2	30 1/2	56 1/2	35
1.12-.375	Alu	4.84	4.00	4	2	1.18-3.45	F	CNM	8.00	5.31	5	3.00	AB	AB	C	Pi	1650	AC	Pur	Pur	.....	45	DR	Eie	46 1/2	24 1/2	22 1/2	36
1.12-.375	Alu	4.84	3.56	4	2	1.18-3.20	F	CNM	8.00	5.31	7	3.00	AB	AB	C	Pi	1650	AC	Pur	Pur	.....	45	DR	Eie	53 1/2	24 1/2	22 1/2	37
2.37-.525	Alu	10.25	30.59	3	2	3.00-6.93	F	1040	18.00	46.05	7	6.00	BB	BB	C	.....	3000	Opt	Win	Mic	.....	50	LN	A-EI	.....	.....	.....	38
2.37-.525	Alu	10.25	30.59	3	2	3.00-6.93	F	1040	18.00	46.05	7	6.00	BB	BB	C	.....	3000	Opt	Win	Mic	.....	50	LN	A-EI	.....	.....	.....	39
2.37-.525	Alu	10.25	30.59	3	2	3.00-6.93	F	1040	18.00	46.05	9	6.00	BB	BB	C	.....	3000	Opt	Win	Mic	.....	50	LN	A-EI	.....	.....	.....	40
2.37-.525	Alu	10.25	30.59	3	2	3.00-6.93	F	1040	18.00	46.05	9	6.00	BB	BB	C	.....	3000	Opt	Win	Mic	.....	50	LN	A-EI	.....	.....	.....	41
1.47-.526	CI	6.68	7.50	4	2	1.75-3.59	F	1040	11.50	8.96	5	3.50	AB	AB	C	Pi	1800	Bur	Del	Del	.....	50	LN	Eie	.....	.....	.....	42
1.47-.526	(10)	6.68	7.50	4	2	1.75-3.59	F	1040	11.50	8.96	7	3.50	AB	AB	C	Pi	1800	Bur	Del	Del	.....	50	LN	Eie	.....	.....	.....	43
1.81-.536	CI	8.00	15.00	3	2	2.12-4.50	F	1040	14.25	19.11	5	4.50	AB	AB	C	Pi	1600	Bur	Del	Com	.....	50	LN	Eie	.....	.....	.....	44
1.81-.536	CI	8.00	15.00	3	2	2.12-4.50	F	1040	14.25	19.11	7	4.50	AB	AB	C	Pi	1600	Bur	Del	Com	.....	50	LN	Eie	.....	.....	.....	45
1.81-.536	CI	8.00	15.00	3	2	2.12-4.50	F	1040	14.25	19.11	9	4.50	AB	AB	C	Pi	1600	Bur	Del	Com	.....	50	LN	Eie	.....	.....	.....	46
1.25-.453	CI	5.12	3.60	3	1	1.12-3.06	F	1045	8.75	3.58	3	2.62	AB	Hes	O	Mu	750	Opt	Mic	Mic	.....	Opt	E-H	33 1/2	21 1/2	38 1/2	47	
1.25-.453	CI	5.12	4.30	3	1	1.12-3.06	F	1045	8.75	3.58	3	2.62	AB	Hes	O	Mu	750	Opt	Mic	Mic	.....	Opt	E-H	33 1/2	21 1/2	38 1/2	48	
1.80-.450	CI	5.96	6.00	3	1	1.31-4.06	F	1045	10.50	5.31	3	2.37	AB	Hes	O	Mu	750	Opt	Mic	Mic	.....	Opt	E-H	39 1/2	25 1/2	34 1/2	49	
1.37-.469	Alu	6.50	3.75	3	1	1.37-3.82	F	1045	10.25	5.31	7	3.25	AB	Hes	O	Mu	750	Opt	Mic	Mic	.....	Opt	Eie	50 1/2	21 1/2	41 1/2	50	
1.37-.469	Alu	6.50	4.00	3	1	1.37-3.87	F	1045	10.25	5.31	7	3.25	AB	Hes	O	Mu	750	Opt	Mic	Mic	.....	Opt	Eie	50 1/2	21 1/2	41 1/2	51	
1.81-.531	Alu	7.25	.....	4	2	1.67-4.50	F	4145	11.75	.....	7	4.25	AB	AB	C	Pi	2000	Opt	Mic	Mic	.....	50	DRW	E-G	55 1/2	25 1/2	46 1/2	52
1.37-.531	Alu	7.25	6.44	3	1	1.62-4.87	F	1045	11.75	8.31	7	3.50	AB	Hes	O	Mu</												





# BRITISH DIESEL AND

Line Number	ENGINE MAKE AND MODEL	Built under License from	GENERAL															
			Designed for	Type	Number of Cylinders Bore and Stroke (In.)	Cylinder Liners—Type	Cycle	Piston Displacement (Cu. In.)	With Bare Engine Maximum Brake Hp. at Specified R.P.M.	With Standard Accessories		Compression Ratio— to 1	Max. Combustion Pressure (Lb. per Sq. In.)	B.M.E.P. at Continuous Hp. (Lb. per Sq. In.)	Weight per Continuous Hp. (Lb.)	Max. Torque in Lb. Ft. at Specified R.P.M.	Shipping Weight (Lb.)	
										Max. Intermittent Hp. at Specified R.P.M.	Continuous Sustained Hp. at Specified R.P.M.						Automotive or Industrial	Marine
1	A.E.C. (1).....A209/A210	Ricardo	M	TC	6-4.72x5.59	D	4	587.9		125-1500	100-1500	16.00	900	91.5	32.8	360-1200		3200*
2	A.E.C. ....A212	Ricardo	M	TC	6-4.72x5.59	D	4	587.9		125-1500	100-1500	16.00	900	91.5		360-1200		
3	A.E.C. ....A173		M	DI	6-4.13x5.74	D	4	463.0	95-1800			16.00	1000	108	15.8	330-1150	1500	
4	A.E.C. ....A208		M	DI	6-4.72x5.59	D	4	587.9	125-1800			16.00	1000	110	13.4	430-1000	1670	
5	Coventry (2).....(a).....KF	Arm-W	M	DI	4-2 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> x4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	N	2	107.1	55-2000	55-2000	50-2000	14.34	1300	92.5	14.2			
6	Coventry.....CD		M	AC	4-3.24x4.13	D	4	137.0	45-2800	35-2000	30-2000	18.00	1000	87.5	17.3		520	640
7	Cub (3).....LG		M,I	TC	2-3.14x3.93	W	4	61.39		12.8-1800	11.6-1800	18.50	830	83.5	27.2	34-1000		315
8	Dorman (4).....4DSM		M	PC	4-3.54x4.72	D	4	186.4		32-1500	30-1500	17.50	950	86.0	50.0	111-1400		1500
9	Dorman.....4DWM		M	DI	4-4.52x5.11	N	4	329.5		46-1200	43-1200	14.00	900	87.5	53.5	200-1200		2300
10	Dorman.....8VRM		M	PC	8-4.12x4.12	N		441.2		100-2000	95-2000	17.50	950	86.0	16.1	250-1800		1530
11	Dorman.....6DLM		M	DI	6-4.72x7.08	N	4	745.0		112-1200	101-1200	14.00	900	90.0	41.8	462-1000		4230
12	Fowler (5).....2DY1		M	TC	2-3 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> x4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	W	4	99.4	16-1500	16-1500	15-1500	16.00	800	79.5	71.0	63-1000		1064
13	Fowler.....2DY2		M	TC	2-3 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> x4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	W	4	99.4	16-1500	16-1500	15-1500	16.00	800	79.5	74.7	63-1000		1120
14	Fowler.....2DX		Tr	TC	2-3 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> x4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	W	4	99.4	16-1500	16-1500	15-1500	16.00	800	79.5	63.5	63-1000		982
15	McLaren (6).....(b).....MR6		I		6-5 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> x7.90		4		100-750				750	90.0	41.4		4140	
16	Perkins (7).....P4	Own	Var	TC	4-3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> x5	D	4	192.4	46-2200	46-2200	37.5-1500	16.00	950	93.0	17.3	129-1300	650	725
17	Perkins.....P6	Own	Var	TC	6-3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> x5	D	4	288.6	70-2200	70-2200	52-1500	16.00	950	95.0	17.3	193-1500	846	900
18	Pötter (6).....(d).....2 L.T.A.		Var		2-3.34x3.24		2		8-1500						34.0		270	
19	Thornycroft (8).....TR6		Tr	PC	6-3.56x4.12	D	4	246.5	65-2200		66-2200	18.20	1070	98.0	16.2	168-1300		1068
20	Thornycroft.....NR6		Tr	DI	6-4.12x6.00	D	4	480.6	100-1800		98-1800	16.00	915	103	17.2	328-1200		1680
21	Thornycroft.....RJ/2		M	PC	2-4.00x6.00	D	4	150.0		20-1200	18-1200	18.00	850	79.8	79.8	87-1200		1435
22	Thornycroft.....RTR/6		M	PC	6-3.56x4.12	D	4	246.5		65-2250	55-2100	18.20	900	84.0	26.4	152-2250		1450
23	Thornycroft.....RNR/6		M	DI	6-4.12x6.00	D	4	480.6		90-1600	75-1500	16.00	900	82.2	26.6	298-1600		2000
24	Thornycroft.....RL/6		M	PC	6-4.75x6.50	D	4	691.0		145-1800	130-1600	16.00	800	93.0	31.2	426-1600		4060

**ABBREVIATIONS**  
 v—B.S.E.N. 24 V. Ult. 65 t.p.l.  
 a—BESA356 or BSS5005/203 or EN8  
 b—BSS. EN17T  
 c—BSS. EN100T  
 v—3 1/2% Nickel Steel  
 \*—Includes reverse and reduction gears

(a)—Also built in 1, 2, and 3 cylinder models  
 (b)—Also built in 2, 3, 4 and 5 cyl. models  
 (c)—To top of fan blade  
 (d)—Also built in single cylinder model  
 AC—Air chamber  
 Ala—Aluminum alloy  
 Alu—Aluminum

Arm-W—Armstrong-Whitworth  
 B—Buses  
 Bry—Bryce  
 C—Closed  
 C-B—C.A.V. or Inertia B.T.H.  
 CI—Cast iron  
 C-L—C.A.V. starter motor and Lucas dynamo

C-S—C.A.V. or Simms  
 D—Dry liners used  
 DI—Direct injection used  
 Ele—Electric  
 F—Floating  
 FS—Forged steel  
 Ha—Hand

## Automobile Makers Want Shows Resumed

Despite reports to the contrary, all automobile manufacturers are definitely interested in a resumption of national automobile shows. Although none is scheduled for this year, it is thought likely that by the fall of 1948 the national automotive exposition again will be attracting visitors by the hundreds of thousands. However, it is not likely to be doing business at the same old stand—Grand Central Palace in New York—since the New York Central Railroad is taking over the Palace for office space. It is reported that there is no other adequate facility in New York to accommodate the show, and that there is a strong possibility that it will be moved to somewhere in the mid-West. Chicago and Cleveland both have large auditoriums that are adequate for the show, and even Detroit cannot be ruled out, although there would have to be some fancy maneuvering there to line up adequate facilities.

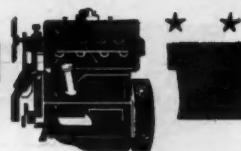
There has been considerable sentiment for some time to move the show to Detroit, where it properly should be located as the central point of the industry. In the early days before the automotive center of gravity shifted to Detroit, New York was a logical choice. The main purpose of the show was to attract financial backing for the pioneer manufacturer and incidentally to get deposits on a few cars to provide enough capital to operate. Later the show was useful in attracting dealers. However, the belief now is that the function of the show has changed and that it should be moved to the mid-West. There has been a movement of automotive interests to Detroit in recent years from New York, the most notable being that of the Automobile Manufacturers Association and some of the General Motors executive offices.

Despite recurrent reports that this or that sales manager is against a revival of automobile shows, an authori-

tative source says that all automotive sales managers are in favor of it. As one pointed out, the automobile shows always were the envy of other industries because the public would pay good money to view the products. There now is considerable thinking going on about the function of the show. It is no longer intended as a medium for specific sales, but is looked upon more as a springboard from which to launch national advertising and publicity campaigns on new models, with individual sales only an incidental factor. Stimulating sales and getting industry public relations across to the public are the main considerations. The show may also be used in promoting industry objectives other than direct sales by featuring programs on safety, parking problems, highway facilities, motor transportation, automobile utility, its effect on the community, and other activities of interest to the industry.



# OTHER HEAVY OIL ENGINES



Arrangement	VALVES		PISTONS				PISTON PIN		CONNECTING RODS			MAIN BEARINGS		INJECTION SYSTEM					STARTING METHOD		OVERALL DIMENSIONS				Line Number
	Intake Port Diameter and Lift (in.)	Exhaust Port Diameter and Lift (in.)	Material	Length (in.)	Weight with Rings and Pin (Lb.)	No. of Compression Rings	No. of Oil Rings	Diameter and Length (in.)	Locked in—	Material (S.A.E. No.)	Center to Center Length (in.)	Weight with Cap and Bushing (Lb.)	Number	Diameter (in.)	Make of Pump	Make of Valve	Valve Type, Open or Closed	Orifices	Pressure-Nozzle Opening (Lb. per Sq. In.)	Make	Type	Length—Fan to Flywheel (in.)	Width (in.)	Height—To Top of Air Cleaner (in.)	
VI	1.73-480	1.62-480	Ala	5.82	5.50	3	1	1.58-4.16	F	3435	11.40	7.50	7	3.35	C-S	C-S	C	PI	1543	C-S	Ele	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	33 $\frac{3}{8}$	40 $\frac{1}{2}$	1
VI	1.73-480	1.62-480	Ala	5.82	5.50	3	1	1.58-4.16	F	3435	11.40	7.50	7	3.35	C-S	C-S	C	PI	1543	C-S	Ele	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	33 $\frac{3}{8}$	40 $\frac{1}{2}$	2
VI	1.49-322	1.26-327	Ala	5.90	4.75	3	2	1.58-3.50	F	3435	10.70	6.50	7	3.35	C-S	C-S	C	Mu	2527	C-S	Ele	82 $\frac{1}{2}$	28	42 $\frac{3}{4}$	3
VI	1.57-480	1.49-480	Ala	6.83	6.50	3	2	1.58-4.15	F	3435	11.40	7.50	7	3.75	C-S	C-S	C	Mu	2572	C-S	Ele	54 $\frac{1}{2}$	29 $\frac{1}{2}$	49 $\frac{1}{2}$	4
VI			CI			3	2		R	FS			5		C.A.V.	C.A.V.	C	SI	4000	C.A.V.	Ele				5
VI			Alu			3	1		F	FS			5		C.A.V.	C.A.V.	C	PI	3000	C-B	Ele				6
VI	1.22-255	1.14-216	Ala	3.42	1.54	3	1	.886-2.72	F	2330	7.28	1.80	2	RB	Bry	Bry	C	PI	1800			22 $\frac{1}{2}$	31 $\frac{1}{2}$	19	7
VI	1.50-441	1.31-441	Ala	4.39	2.25	3	2	1.25-3.08	F	▲	9.50	4.75	5	2.50	C.A.V.	C.A.V.	C	PI	1610	C.A.V.	Ele	52 $\frac{3}{8}$	24	35 $\frac{1}{2}$	8
VI	1.68-526	1.56-446	Ala	6.55	5.50	4	2	1.62-3.75	F	▲	10.50	8.25	5	3.12	C.A.V.	C.A.V.	C	PI	2500	C.A.V.	Ele	68	33 $\frac{3}{8}$	48 $\frac{1}{2}$	9
VI	1.35-450	1.37-450	Ala	4.48	3.75	3	2	1.50-3.44	F	▲	8.75	6.33	5	3.12	C.A.V.	C.A.V.	C	PI	1750	C.A.V.	Ele	62	30 $\frac{3}{8}$	48 $\frac{1}{2}$	10
VI	1.68-612	1.56-612	Ala	6.71	6.33	4	2	1.62-4.09	F	▲	14.25	11.0	7	3.62	C.A.V.	C.A.V.	C	Mu	2500	C.A.V.	Ele	106*	36	54 $\frac{1}{2}$	11
VI	1.50-382	1.25-382	YA	4.25	1.75	3	1	.937-3.25	F	▲	8.00	3.50	3	1.87	C.A.V.	C.A.V.	C	PI	1500	C.A.V.	Ele	47*	25	30	12
VI	1.50-382	1.25-382	YA	4.25	1.75	3	1	.937-3.25	F	▲	8.00	3.50	3	1.87	C.A.V.	C.A.V.	C	PI	1500	C.A.V.	Ele	52 $\frac{1}{8}$	25	30	13
VI	1.50-382	1.25-382	YA	4.25	1.75	3	1	.937-3.25	F	▲	8.00	3.50	3	1.87	C.A.V.	C.A.V.	C	PI	1500	C.A.V.	Ha	32 $\frac{1}{2}$	24 $\frac{1}{2}$	31 $\frac{1}{2}$ (c)	14
																				Ha		36 $\frac{1}{2}$	51 $\frac{1}{2}$	15	
	1.40-350	1.18-350	YA	4.25	2.50	3	2	1.25-2.96	F	▼		3.75	5	2.75	C.A.V.	C.A.V.	O	Mu	120	C-L	Ele	26 $\frac{1}{2}$	24 $\frac{1}{2}$	33	16
	1.40-350	1.18-350	YA	4.25	2.50	3	2	1.25-2.96	F	▼		3.75	7	2.75	C.A.V.	C.A.V.	O	Mu	120	C-L	Ele	35	24 $\frac{1}{2}$	33	17
													3								Ha	25 $\frac{1}{2}$		23 $\frac{1}{2}$	18
VI	1.43-393	1.25x.393	Ala	4.34	2.68	3	2	1.25x3.00	F	4130	8.00	3.75	7	2.50	C.A.V.	C.A.V.	C	PI	1600	C.A.V.	Ele	41 $\frac{1}{8}$	22 $\frac{1}{4}$	38 $\frac{1}{2}$	19
VI	1.62-510	1.43x.510	Ala	5.32	4.18	3	2	1.37x3.56	F	4130	13.00	7.75	7	3.50	C.A.V.	C.A.V.	C	Mu	2900	C.A.V.	Ele	50 $\frac{3}{8}$	27 $\frac{3}{8}$	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	20
VI	1.56-429	1.56x.429	YAc	6.50	4.25	4	1	1.50x3.62	F	4130	13.00	7.50	3	2.75	C.A.V.	C.A.V.	C	PI	1500	C.A.V.	Ele	55 $\frac{1}{8}$	24 $\frac{1}{2}$	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	21
VI	1.43-393	1.25x.393	YA	4.34	2.68	3	2	1.25x3.00	F	4130	8.00	3.75	7	2.50	C.A.V.	C.A.V.	C	PI	1600	C.A.V.	Ele	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	24 $\frac{1}{2}$	39	22
VI	1.62-510	1.43x.510	YAc	5.32	4.18	3	2	1.37x3.56	F	4130	13.00	7.75	7	3.50	C.A.V.	C.A.V.	C	Mu	2800	C.A.V.	Ele	78	28	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	23
VI	1.75-406	1.75x.406	YAc	6.50	6.75	3	2	1.62x4.11	F	4130	13.81	9.50	7	3.50	C.A.V.	C.A.V.	C	PI	1500	C.A.V.	Ele	105 $\frac{1}{8}$	32 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 $\frac{1}{2}$	24

I—Industrial  
M—Marine  
Mu—Multiple  
N—No or None  
O—Open  
PC—Precombustion chamber  
P—Pintle

R—Railcars  
R—Locked in Rod  
RB—Roller bearings  
SI—Single  
T—Trucks  
TC—Turbulence chamber  
Tr—Tractors

Var—Various  
VI—Vertically In-head  
W—Wet liners used  
YA—Special "Y" alloy, heat treated  
YAc—"Y" alloy with cast iron inserts carrying rings  
(1)—Associated Equipment Co., Ltd.

(2)—Coventry Diesel Engine, Ltd.  
(3)—Oil Engines (Coventry) Ltd.  
(4)—W. H. Dorman & Co., Ltd.  
(5)—John Fowler & Co. (Leeds) Ltd.  
(6)—Associated British Oil Engines, Ltd.  
(7)—F. Perkins, Ltd.  
(8)—J. I. Thornycroft & Co., Ltd.

## 46% of British Passenger Cars Built for Export

### 1946 British Car Production by Taxable HP Ratings\*

Month	Total	Services	Production for Home Market					Production for Export					
			Total	Not exceeding 8 h.p.	Over 8 h.p. and not exceeding 12 h.p.	Over 12 h.p. and not exceeding 16 h.p.	Over 16 h.p. and not exceeding 20 h.p.	Total	Not exceeding 8 h.p.	Over 8 h.p. and not exceeding 12 h.p.	Over 12 h.p. and not exceeding 16 h.p.	Over 16 h.p. and not exceeding 20 h.p.	Over 20 h.p.
Jan.	6,319	134	3,671	1,460	1,916	231	31	2,514	1,023	1,350	96	31	14
Feb.	10,701	81	5,182	2,493	2,154	483	41	5,438	2,557	2,360	416	85	20
Mar.	12,419	141	5,890	2,515	2,665	613	61	6,388	2,965	2,743	550	107	23
April	15,348	117	7,874	3,344	3,603	793	96	7,357	3,062	3,383	791	90	31
May	18,113	51	9,721	3,680	4,758	1,079	128	8,341	3,116	4,212	785	119	109
June	20,365	46	10,682	4,073	5,210	1,150	191	9,637	3,051	5,205	1,168	106	117
July	16,269	23	9,028	3,379	4,483	956	154	7,218	2,835	3,434	757	100	92
Aug.	20,076	39	10,960	3,719	5,499	1,392	223	9,077	3,052	4,480	1,328	70	147
Sept.	20,612	19	12,089	4,755	5,288	1,749	208	8,504	3,019	4,375	962	62	86
Oct.	26,767	27	14,993	4,947	7,276	2,355	241	11,747	3,803	6,047	1,723	47	127
Nov.	25,346	27	13,786	4,823	6,315	2,219	258	11,533	3,973	5,825	1,804	54	177
11 Mos.	192,335	705	103,876	39,168	49,167	13,020	1,632	87,754	32,456	43,114	10,370	871	943
12 Mos.—1945	16,197	4,106											

(\*Including chassis delivered as such by motor manufacturers.







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# BRITISH PASSENGER CARS



MAKE AND MODEL	ENGINE										GENERAL			FUEL SYSTEM		TRANSMISSION		REAR AXLE				Servo Unit Fitted	Chassis Weight (Lb.)						
	Number of Cylinders, Bore and Stroke (In.)	Max. Brake Hp. at Specified R.P.M.	Piston Displacement (Cu. In.)	Compression Ratio (to-1)	Cylinder Arrangement	No. of Main Bearings	Valve Location	Crankcase Type	Piston Material	Camshaft Drive	Wheelbase (In.)	Tread-Rear (In.)	Tires (In.)	Oil Pressure to-	Carburetor—No. Used and Type	Supercharged	Clutch Type	Location	Type	No. of Forward Speeds Synchronizing Clutches	Final Drive			Gear Ratio (to-1)	Torque taken by Drive on	Independent Suspension	Service Brakes		
A.C.	16-HP	6-2.56x3.94	74-4500	121.4	V	3	L	In	AL	H	117.0	55.0	5.50/17		1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	3 Y SB	3.50	It	R	F	H	N	1980		
Allard	Two-seater	8-3.06x3.75	85-3800	221.0	6.21	V	3	L	In	AL	H	106.0	50.0	6.25/16	abc	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	3 Y SB	3.50	It	R	F	H	N	2010	
Allard	Four-seater	8-3.06x3.75	85-3800	221.0	6.21	V	3	L	In	AL	H	112.0	50.0	6.25/16	abc	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	3 Y SB	3.50	It	R	F	H	N	2010	
Allard	Coupe	8-3.06x3.75	85-3800	221.0	6.21	V	3	L	In	AL	H	112.0	60.0	6.25/16	abc	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	3 Y SB	3.50	It	R	F	H	N	1980	
Alfa	Racing	4-3.06x3.08	240-6700	90.7	7.10	V	3	L	In	AL	C	101.0	52.0	7.00/16	abc	2-Ho	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y DR	4.00	It	R	F	H	N	1300	
Alfa	P.W.	4-3.28x3.84	182-5600	119.1	6.40	V	3	L	In	AL	C	101.0	52.0	6.00/16	abc	1-Ho	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	3.80	Sp	R	F	H	N	1600	
Alvis	Fourteen	4-2.91x4.33	65-4000	115.4	6.90	V	3	L	In	AL	C	108.0	54.0	6.00/16	abc	1-Ho	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y Hy	4.87	Sp	R	F	H	N	1600	
Armstrong Siddely	16-HP	6-2.56x3.94	70-4200	121.4	7.00	V	4	L	In	AL	C	115.0	54.5	5.50/17	abc	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	5.10	Sp	R	F	H	N	1800	
Austin	Eight	4-2.23x3.50	24-4400	54.9	6.80	V	3	L	In	AL	C	88.5	45.0	4.50/17	abc	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	5.43	Sp	R	F	H	N	1800	
Austin	Ten	4-2.50x3.50	30-4000	68.6	6.50	V	3	L	In	AL	C	93.7	48.0	5.00/16	abc	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	5.43	Sp	R	F	H	N	1800	
Austin	Twelve	4-2.63x4.00	40-4000	93.6	6.24	V	3	L	In	AL	C	104.5	56.0	5.50/16	abc	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	4.89	Sp	R	F	H	N	1800	
Austin	Sixteen	4-3.12x4.37	64-3800	134.1	6.50	V	3	L	In	AL	C	104.5	56.0	5.75/16	abc	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	4.33	Sp	R	F	H	N	2000	
Bentley	VI	6-3.50x4.50	260.0	6.40	V	7	F	In	AL	H	120.0	58.5	6.50/16	abcde	2-Ho	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y Hy	3.72	Sp	R	F	H	N	2000		
Bristol	85	6-2.59x3.78	85-4500	118.2	7.40	V	4	L	In	AL	C	114.0	54.0	5.50/16	abcd	3-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	3.90	Ta	R	F	H	N	2200	
Citroen	11CL-BPVs	4-3.06x3.94	42-3200	116.6	5.90	V	3	L	In	AL	C	114.5	52.7	6.50/16	a	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	3 Y SB	3.44	F	R	F	H	N	2010	
Daimler	DB-18	6-2.74x3.75	70-4200	153.8	7.08	V	4	L	In	AL	C	114.0	52.0	6.00/16	abcde	1-SU	N	H	U	Sa	4	SB	4.37	F	R	F	H	N	2350
Daimler	DE-27	6-3.35x4.72	110-3600	249.7	6.30	V	4	L	In	AL	C	138.4	63.0	8.00/17	abcde	2-SU	N	H	U	Sa	4	Hy	4.72	F	R	F	H	N	3960
Daimler	DE-36	6-3.35x4.72	150-3600	333.0	6.30	V	5	L	In	AL	C	147.0	63.0	8.00/17	abcde	2-SU	N	H	U	Sa	4	Hy	4.72	F	R	F	H	N	4140
Ford	Anglia	4-2.23x3.64	23-4000	56.9	6.30	V	3	L	In	AL	C	90.0	45.0	4.50/17	abc	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	3 Y SB	5.50	It	R	F	H	N	900	
Ford	Prefect	4-2.50x3.64	30-4000	71.5	6.16	V	3	L	In	AL	C	94.0	45.0	5.00/16	abc	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	3 Y SB	5.50	It	R	F	H	N	1010	
Frazer-Nash	100	6-2.59x3.78	100-5000	118.2	8.50	V	4	L	In	AL	C	94.5	48.0	5.25/16	abcd	3-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	3.50	Ta	R	F	H	N	1600	
Gordano		4-3.03x3.15	91.0						Se	AL	102.0	56.0	5.00/18	ac	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y Hy	4.50			R	F	H	N	1180	
Grantham		2-2.83x2.87	15-4000	38.2	6.00	V	2	L	In	AL	C	78.7	48.5	4.00/15	abc	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	5.71	Sp	R	F	H	N	787	
Healey	2-4 Litre	4-3.17x4.72	104-4800	149.0	6.50	V	3	L	In	AL	C	102.0	54.0	5.75/16	abc	2-Ho	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	3.50	It	R	F	H	N	1792	
Hillman	Minx	4-2.48x3.74	35-4100	72.2	6.50	V	3	L	In	AL	C	92.0	43.5	5.00/16	abc	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	5.22	Sp	R	F	H	N	1890	
Hillman	Estate	4-2.48x3.74	35-4100	72.2	6.50	V	3	L	In	AL	C	92.0	50.0	5.25/16	abc	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	5.22	Sp	R	F	H	N	1890	
H.R.G.	Two-seater	4-2.36x3.74	40-5200	65.5	7.75	V	3	L	In	AL	C	99.5	45.0	4.75/17	abc	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	5.22	Sp	R	F	H	N	1812	
H.R.G.	1 1/2 Litre	4-2.67x4.05	61-4800	91.2	7.00	V	3	L	In	AL	C	103.0	45.0	4.75/17	abc	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	5.22	Sp	R	F	H	N	1782	
Humber	Hawk	4-2.95x4.33	56-3800	118.6	6.40	V	3	L	In	AL	C	114.0	56.0	5.75/16	abc	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	4.78	Sp	R	F	H	N	1890	
Humber	Snipe	4-2.74x4.72	65-3500	166.6	6.40	V	4	L	In	AL	C	114.0	56.0	6.00/16	abcde	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	4.67	Sp	R	F	H	N	2002	
Humber	Super Snipe	6-3.35x4.72	100-3400	248.2	6.25	V	4	L	In	AL	C	114.0	56.0	6.00/16	abcde	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	4.09	Sp	R	F	H	N	2550	
Humber	Pullman	6-3.35x4.72	100-3400	248.2	6.25	V	4	L	In	AL	C	127.5	61.0	7.00/16	abcde	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	4.09	Sp	R	F	H	N	2900	
Invicta	Black Prince	6-3.29x3.62	120-5600	183.0	7.25	V	4	L	In	AL	C	120.0	57.0	6.00/16	abc	3-Ho	N	SP	U	Ca	4	Ny	4.27	Sp	R	F	H	N	2300
Jaguar	1 1/2 Litre	4-2.67x4.17	65-4600	108.3	7.50	V	3	L	In	AL	C	112.5	55.0	5.65/16	abcd	1-Ho	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y Hy	4.87	Sp	R	F	H	N	2800	
Jaguar	2 1/2 Litre	6-3.23x4.33	102-4800	162.5	7.60	V	4	L	In	AL	C	120.0	56.0	5.85/16	abcd	2-Ho	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y Hy	4.55	Sp	R	F	H	N	3820	
Jaguar	3 1/2 Litre	6-3.23x4.33	125-4250	212.6	8.70	V	4	L	In	AL	C	120.0	56.0	5.85/16	abcd	2-Ho	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y Hy	4.27	Sp	R	F	H	N	3820	
Jensen	P.W.M.	4-3.34x3.64	130-4300	236.0	7.25	V	4	L	In	Ash	C	128.0	59.0	6.50/16	abc	2-Ho	N	SH	U	Hs	4 Y Wo	3.40	Ta	R	F	H	N	2120	
Jowett	Javelin	4-2.85x3.84	90-4250	90.5							104.0	49.0																	
Kendall	6-HP	2-2.83x2.87	15-4000	38.2	6.00	V	2	L	In	AL	C	42.7	48.5	4.00/15															
Lagonda	2 1/2 Litre	6-3.07x3.54	105-5000	157.3		V	3	L	In	AL	C	116.0	56.2	6.00/16	abcde	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	5.12	Sp	R	F	H	N	1830	
Lanchester	LD-10	4-2.50x4.00	40-4200	75.5	7.40	V	3	L	In	AL	C	99.0	48.0	5.25/16	abcde	1-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	5.12	Sp	R	F	H	N	1710	
Lee-Francis	12-HP	4-2.71x3.93	50-4800	22.8	7.25	V	3	L	In	AL	C	111.0	52.3	5.50/17	abc	1-Ho	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	4.87	Sp	R	F	H	N	1710	
Lee-Francis	14-HP	4-2.95x3.93	55-4800	26.8	7.25	V	3	L	In	AL	C	111.0	52.3	5.50/17	abc	1-Ho	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	4.87	Sp	R	F	H	N	1710	
M.G.	Midget-Series "TC"	4-2.61x3.94	54-5200	76.2	7.30	V	3	L	In	AL	C	94.0	45.0	4.50/16	abc	2-Do	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	5.12	Sp	R	F	H	N	1634	
Morgan	Two-seater	4-2.50x3.94	40-4300	77.2	7.00	V	3	L	In	AL	C	92.0	45.0	4.50/17	abc	1-Ho	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	5.12	Sp	R	F	H	N	1634	
Morris	8-HP Series "E"	4-2.24x3.54	29-4400	56.0	6.50	V	3	L	In	AL	C	89.0	48.2	4.50/17	abc	1-Ho	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	5.25	Sp	R	F	H	N	900	
Morris	10-HP Series "M"	4-2.50x3.54	37-4600	69.5	6.60	V	3	L	In	AL	C	94.0	50.0	5.00/16	abc	1-Ho	N	SP	U	Hs	4 Y SB	5.25	Sp	R	F	H	N	900	
Riley	2 1/2 Litre	4-3.16x4.72	90	149.0		V	3	L	In	AL	C	119.0	52.2	6.00/16	abc	2-Do	N	SP											



# HANNIBAL'S FROZEN ASSET

The Romans smugly thought the icy barrier of the Alps impassable. But Hannibal turned the paralyzing cold to his advantage. He had water poured into the crevices of road-blocking boulders. The expansion of the freezing water "made little ones out of big ones"—and another road led to Rome. Low temperature, which worked to Hannibal's advantage, is a distinct disadvantage to operating machinery. Under low temperature conditions, some steels that may perform

perfectly at ordinary temperatures, develop unsuspected weakness. There is always danger of a parts failure under such conditions.

One way to assure good performance at low temperatures is to specify molybdenum steels. Good hardenability plus freedom from temper brittleness give them good low temperature impact strength. They are a precaution it pays not to ignore. Practical working data are available on request.



MOLYBDIC OXIDE—BRIQUETTED OR CANNED • FERROMOLYBDENUM • "CALCIUM MOLYBDATE"  
CLIMAX FURNISHES AUTHORITATIVE ENGINEERING DATA ON MOLYBDENUM APPLICATIONS.

**Climax Molybdenum Company**  
**500 Fifth Avenue • New York City**

March 15, 1947

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# BRITISH CIVIL AIRCRAFT

Courtesy of The Aeroplane (London)

MAKE AND MODEL		Number Used	ENGINE		Dimensions and Weights				Performance				Loads			Range	
			Make and Model	Maximum Brake Horsepower	Span (Ft. In.)	Length (Ft. In.)	Gross Weight (Lb.)	Max. Wing Loading (Lb. per Sq. Ft.)	Maximum Speed (mph) at Altitude (Ft.)	Cruising Speed (mph)	At Per Cent Max. Power	At Altitude	Total Payload (Lb.)	No. of Passengers	Freight and Baggage (Lb.)	Miles	Speed (mph)
Airspeed..... Consul	2	A-S..... Cheetah X	410	53' 4"	35' 4"	8850	23.7	190-4800	140	47	10000	1230	6	210	490	140	10000
Airspeed..... Ambassador I	2	Bristol..... Centaurus	2600	115' 0"	80' 3"	45000	37.5	355-16500	280	57	20000	9400	40	2600	1000	240	20000
Airspeed..... Ambassador II	4	Napier..... Nalad	1580	115' 0"	80' 3"	47500	39.5		302	50	20000	9615	40	2815	1240	302	20000
Armstrong-Whitworth.....	55	A-S..... Mamba	1200	92' 0"	68' 0"	36500	37.1	360-20000	320	80	20000	7500	24	3420	1035	276	20000
Auster..... Autocrat	1	Blkbn..... Cirrus II	100	38' 0"	23' 5"	1850	10.0	120-1000	100	....	1000	608	2	98	320	95	2000
Auster..... Arrow	1	Cont..... C75	75	38' 0"	22' 11"	1450	7.9	100-1000	90	....	1000	414	1	80	330	83	2000
Avro.....	19	A-S..... Cheetah XV	420	56' 6"	42' 3"	10400	23.6	190-5000	150	....	5000	1560	8	200	356	155	3000
Avro..... Lancasterian	4	R-R..... Merlin T24	1280	102' 0"	76' 10"	65000	50.1	315-12000	280	....	11000	10650	13	8440	2730	210	15000
Avro..... York	4	R-R..... Merlin T24	1280	102' 0"	78' 0"	71000	54.8	315-10800	260	....	10500	7000	21	2380	2600	210	10000
Avro..... Tudor IV	4	R-R..... Merlin 600	1770	120' 0"	85' 6"	80000	56.3	325-19500	280	....	15000	7723	32	2150	3700	240	20000
Bristol..... Wayfarer IIA	2	Bristol..... Hercules 632	1795	98' 0"	68' 4"	37000	26.3	224-5000	153	50	5000	4475	24	395	950	153	5000
Bristol..... Brabazon I	8	Bristol..... Centaurus	2400	230' 0"	177' 0"	285000	54.0								5000	250	25000
Christie..... 3 Ace	1	Lycoming.....	130	36' 0"	20' 6"	1950	11.0	123-SL	111	85	2000	730	3	50	280	111	2000
Cunliffe..... Concordia	2	Alvis..... LE4M	525	57' 0"	44' 2"	11000	25.3	223-5000	190	60	7000	1900	9	370	980	190	7000
DeHavilland..... 104 Dove	2	D.H.....	70	330	57' 0"	39' 4"	8500	25.4	222-5800	200	82	8500	1733	8	373	500	200 8800
General Aircraft..... X	2	Bristol..... Mercury 31	965	110' 0"	68' 1"	47000	28.4	190-6000	164	62	6000	27670	...	18170	1100	130	6000
General Aircraft..... 80	4	Bristol..... Hercules 260	1950	162' 0"	99' 0"	87300	30.0	238-16000	175	55	8500	21620	90	7320	520	175	8500
Handley Page..... Halton	4	Bristol..... Hercules 100	1800	103' 8"	73' 7"	65000	51.0	320-15000	270	....	15000	10500	Various		1810	210	15000
Handley Page..... Hermes I	4	Bristol..... Hercules 101	1800	113' 0"	82' 2"	75000	53.3	355-22700	290	80	14000	15100	50	6100	1200	203	10000
Handley Page..... Hermes IV	4	Bristol..... Hercules 263	2040	113' 0"	95' 0"	82000	58.2	350-20000	269	87	10000	17000	63	8270	1400	271	25000
Handley Page..... Hermes V	4	Bristol..... Theseus	2290	113' 0"	95' 0"	84000	58.6	350-15000	338	....	25000	17100	63	6370	1670	297	30000
Miles..... Messenger	1	Blkbn..... Cirrus Major	155	36' 2"	24' 0"	2400	12.5	134-SL	122	....	SL	808	3	265	460	122	SL
Miles..... Gemini	2	Blkbn..... Cirrus Minor	100	36' 2"	22' 3"	3000	15.7	150-SL	135	....	SL	756	3	...	820	130	SL
Miles..... Aerovan	2	Blkbn..... Cirrus Major	155	50' 0"	38' 0"	5400	14.9	127-SL	112	....	SL	2240	...	2240	400	100	SL
Miles..... Marathon	4	D.H.....	71	330	65' 0"	52' 1"	16500	33.0	230-6300	175	50	10000	3800	18	540	500	175 10000
Miles..... M69	2	A-S..... Mamba	1010	65' 0"	52' 1"				260	....	10000	3800	18	540	770	260	10000
Percival..... Proctor V	1	D.H.....	61	208	39' 6"	28' 2"	3500	17.3	157-SL	135	68	SL	556	3	46	500	146 6000
Percival..... Merganser	2	D.H.....	51	296	47' 9"	38' 11"	6700	....	193-6800	160	68	6000	2110	6	110	800	160 6000
Portsmouth..... Major	2	Blkbn..... Cirrus Major	155	42' 0"	26' 3"	3950	15.5	164-5000	136	65	5000	1000	5	150	500	136 5000	
Portsmouth..... Minor	2	Blkbn..... Cirrus Minor	100	42' 0"	26' 3"	3450	13.5	138-5000	113	65	5000	800	4	120	500	113 5000	
Portsmouth..... Senior	2	Blkbn..... Cirrus Major	155	42' 0"	26' 3"	3950	15.5	150-5000	123	65	5000	1150	5	300	500	123 5000	
Saunders-Roe.....	45		5000	220' 0"	148' 0"	290000			300+						5000		
Short..... Solent	4	Bristol..... Hercules 637	1790	112' 9"	88' 7"	75000	44.5	273-7500	206	65	5000	13220	24	8900	1600	213	10000
Short..... Sandringham I	4	Bristol..... Pegasus 38	960	112' 9"	88' 3"	58000	33.2	215-3000	189	86	9000	7820	21	4250	1520	174	5000
Short..... Sandringham II	4	P&W..... R/1830	1200	112' 9"	88' 3"	60000	35.5	237-5000	160	47	10000	9915	45	2265	1890	174	5000
Short..... Shetland	4	Bristol..... Centaurus	2440	150' 4"	107' 0"	125000	47.5	263-1750	242	76	10000	8500	34	2720	3820	164	5000
Short..... Sealand	2	D.H..... Gipsy Queen 71	330	59' 0"	42' 0"	8700	24.9	188-6200	174	88	6600	1000	5	150	495	127	5000
Vickers..... Viking IB	2	Bristol..... Hercules 634	1785	89' 3"	65' 2"	34000	38.5	296-8000	263	83	10000	7860	24	3350	710	210	10000

## ABBREVIATIONS

A-S—Armstrong-Siddely Motors, Ltd.  
Blkbn—Blackburn Aircraft, Ltd.

Cont—Continental Motors, Inc.  
D.H.—DeHavilland Engine Co., Ltd.

P&W—Pratt & Whitney Twin Wasp  
R-R—Rolls-Royce, Ltd.

SL—Sea level

## A New Light Airplane

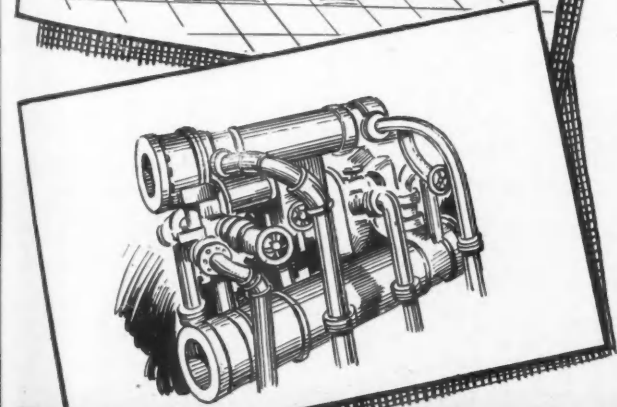
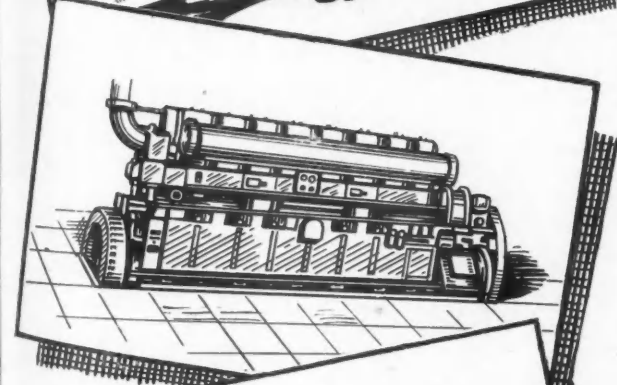
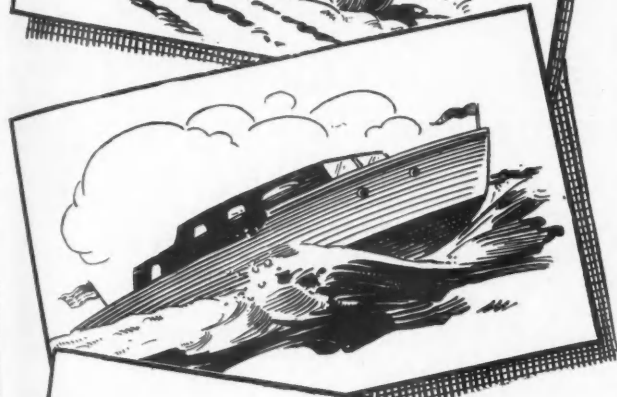
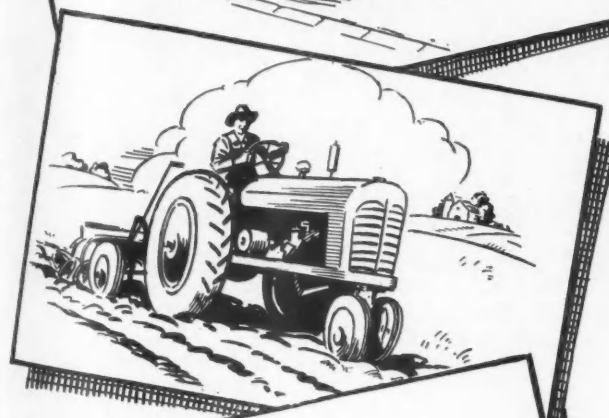
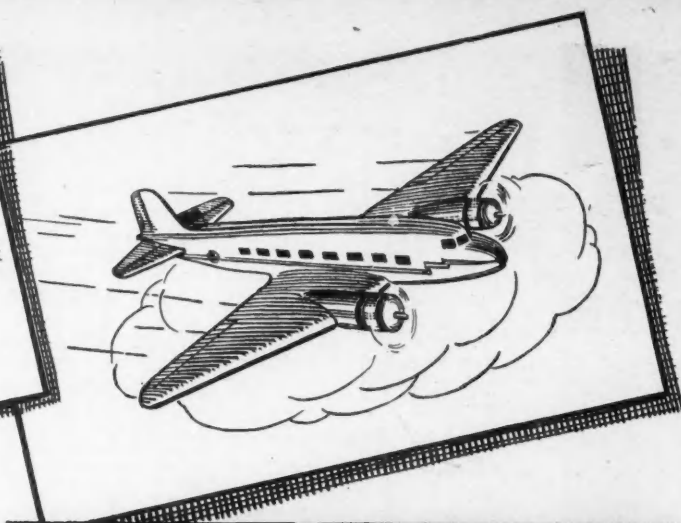
SCOTTISH AVIATION announces a new aircraft—the Prestwick Pioneer — which, the company states, has been designed primarily for operation in areas where, due to geographical considerations and low population density, airfield facilities are not available or are very restricted.

With accommodation for a pilot and three passengers and their baggage, the Pioneer is radio equipped and can be supplied as landplane, floatplane or skiplane. It can be adapted for a variety of duties—as a four-seat passenger aircraft, as an air ambulance, for aerial photography, for dual control training, for crop

dusting, and as a pick-up mail plane for operation in remote areas. It will be powered by a de Havilland Gipsy Queen 34 engine, driving a variable pitch propeller.

The landplane model, it is estimated, will cruise at 110 mph at 5000 ft., will have a top speed of 126 mph and a landing speed of 33 mph. Range is given as 500 miles and service ceiling 16,000 ft. The take-off ground run will be 95 yards and landing ground run 50 yards. Its overall length is 34 ft 9 in., span 50 ft 6 in., height (tail up) 12 ft 7 in., height (tail down) 9 ft 10 in. All-up weight will be 3630 lb.





## Four For All!

PERMATEX offers you these four top-notch, anti-corrosive, assembling compounds as the answer to your production and maintenance problems! Each one has valuable characteristics that make it best for certain types of assemblies!

Form-A-Gasket No. 1, a paste...sets hard.

Form-A-Gasket No. 2, a paste...sets pliable.

Aviation Form-A-Gasket, a liquid...sets tacky.

Pipe Joint Compound, a liquid...sets flexible.

All of these Permatex assembling compounds make pressure - tight unions . . . leak - proof to gasoline, kerosene, fuel oil, diesel oil, hot or cold lubricants, hot or cold water, salt water, illuminating gas, glycerine and numerous other liquids and gases!

*Descriptive literature on request.*



**PERMATEX COMPANY, INC., BROOKLYN 29, N. Y.**



ENGINE MAKE AND MODEL		CYLINDER DATA						RATINGS										Weight (Lb.)		Carburetor		Starting		Installation Dimensions (Overall—Ins.)			Height above Engine Bed (In.)				
		Arrangement	Cooling Medium	Number of Cylinders Bore and Stroke (In.)	Total Platen Displace- ment (Cu. In.)	Compression Ratio	B.M.E.P. at Maximum Hp. (Lb. per Sq. In.)	Blower Ratio	Cylinder Material	No. of Valves per Cylinder		Valve Arrangement	Maximum (Except Take-off)		Take-off		Cruising												Octane Rating or Fuel Required	Propeller Drive Ratio	Engine—Dry With- out Hub or Starter
										Intake	Exhaust		Horsem. Power	R.P.M.	At Sea Level or	Horsem. Power	R.P.M.							Horsem. Power	R.P.M.	Horsem. Power					R.P.M.
Alvis Ltd.	Leonides LE1M	Rad	Air	9-4.80x4.41	718.5	6.80	193	6.50	4	1	1	525	3000	5000	505	3000	400	2800	87/100	.500	747	1.42	Rot	BTH	52.8	41.3	.....	18.7	.....		
Alvis Ltd.	Leonides LE2M	Rad	Air	9-4.80x4.41	718.5	6.80	193	6.50	4	1	1	525	3000	5000	505	3000	400	2800	87/100	.525	747	1.42	Rot	BTH	54.2	41.3	.....	18.7	.....		
Armstrong Sid.	Cheetah XV	Rad	Air	7-5.25x5.50	835	6.35	158	6.82	2	1	1	405	2425	4000	420	2550	305*	2100	87	.732	805	1.98	Rot	R-B	49.6	47.7	.....	25	.....		
Armstrong Sid.	Cheetah XXV	Rad	Air	7-5.25x5.50	835	6.35	158	6.82	2	1	1	405	2425	4000	475	2700	305*	2100	87	.732	805	1.98	Rot	R-B	49.6	47.7	.....	25	.....		
Blackburn.	Minor II	IL	Air	4-3.94x5.00	243	6.25	125	.....	4	1	1	100	2800	SL	90	2300	74	2300	73	Dir	234	2.34	Rot	EM	39.9	25.6	17.9	8.00	15.2*		
Blackburn.	Major II	IL	Air	4-4.72x6.50	386	5.80	126	.....	4	1	1	150	2450	SL	138	2200	110	2200	70	Dir	327	2.10	Rot	BTH	43.15	31.4	17.7	8.50	15.2*		
Blackburn.	Major III	IL	Air	4-4.72x6.50	386	6.50	130	.....	4	1	1	155	2450	SL	145	2200	115	2200	80	Dir	333	2.14	Rot	BTH	43.15	31.4	17.7	8.50	15.2*		
Bristol.	Hercules 101	Rad	Air	14-5.70x6.50	2360	7.00	216	6.68	9	3	2	1800	2800	9000	1675	2800	1215	2400	100/130	.440	2045	1.13	Rot	EM	40.4	52.0	.....	.....	.....		
Bristol.	Hercules 120	Rad	Air	14-5.57x6.50	2360	7.00	216	6.35	9	3	2	1825	2800	9500	1715	2800	1230	2400	100/130	.440	2025	1.10	Rot	EM	40.95	52.0	.....	.....	.....		
Bristol.	Hercules 134, 630-639	Rad	Air	14-5.70x6.50	2360	7.00	215	6.38	9	3	2	1464	2800	8300	1690	2800	1090	2400	100/130	.440	1905	1.06	Rot	EM	40.38	52.0	.....	.....	.....		
Bristol.	Hercules 230-730	Rad	Air	14-5.70x6.50	2360	7.00	246	6.38	9	3	2	1795	2800	7250	2000	2800	1330	2400	100/130	.440	2080	1.00	Rot	EM	41.12	52.0	.....	.....	.....		
Bristol.	Centaurus XVIII	Rad	Air	18-5.76x7.00	3270	7.20	255	5.33	9	2	S	2840	2700	750	2825	2700	1790	2400	100/130	.440	2870	1.00	Rot	BTH	47.43	55.3	.....	.....	.....		
Bristol.	Centaurus 57	Rad	Air	18-5.76x7.00	3270	7.20	255	5.33	9	2	S	2810	2700	14250	2825	2700	1790	2400	100/130	.400	2780	.978	Rot	BTH	47.43	55.3	.....	.....	.....		
Bristol.	Centaurus 56	Rad	Air	18-5.76x7.00	3270	7.20	255	5.33	9	2	S	2810	2700	14250	2825	2700	1790	2400	100/130	.440	2790	.982	Rot	BTH	47.43	55.3	.....	.....	.....		
Bristol.	Centaurus 130, 630	Rad	Air	18-5.76x7.00	3270	7.20	269	6.25	9	2	S	3000	2700	14250	3000	2700	1805	2400	100/130	.400	2990	.993	Rot	EM	53.30	55.3	.....	.....	.....		
DeHavilland	Gipsy Major 10	IL	Air	4-4.64x5.51	373	6.00	121	.....	4	1	1	145	2550	SL	145	2550	128	2300	77	Dir	312	2.15	Rot	EM	45.05*	30.6	20.0	9.00	21.2		
DeHavilland	Gipsy Major 30	IL	Air	4-4.73x5.91	414	6.50	123	.....	4	1	1	160	2500	SL	160	2500	133	2200	87	Dir	340	2.12	Rot	BTH	43.00*	32.2	17.6	11.0	21.2		
DeHavilland	Gipsy Major 30	IL	Air	4-4.73x5.91	414	6.50	143	11.16	4	1	1	180	2400	7000	197	2500	146	2100	87	Dir	410	2.24	Rot	R-B	49.70*	32.2	17.6	11.0	21.2		
DeHavilland	Gipsy Queen 30	IL	Air	6-4.73x5.91	621	6.50	128	.....	4	1	1	250	2500	SL	250	2500	207	2200	87	Dir	510	2.07	Rot	R-B	55.33*	33.0	20.2	11.8	25.2		
DeHavilland	Gipsy Queen 50	IL	Air	6-4.73x5.91	621	6.50	144	11.16	4	1	1	270	2400	7000	295	2500	220	2100	87	Dir	560	2.07	Rot	R-B	64.25*	33.0	19.6	11.8	25.2		
DeHavilland	Gipsy Queen 70	IL	Air	6-4.73x5.91	621	6.50	144	11.22	4	1	1	305	2700	6000	330	2800	250	2400	100	.711	660	2.16	Rot	EM	69.50*	33.2	19.6	12.0	18.9		
Monaco.	100 L.P.	Hor	Air	4-4.37x3.62	218	6.00	130	.....	9	1	1	100	2800	SL	100	2900	80	2350	70	Dir	230	2.30	Rot	BTH	31.62	27.8	32.3	17.5	20.0		
Napier.	VA	4H	Liq	24-5.00x4.75	2238	7.00	241	4.68	7	3	2	2615	3850	2500	2565	3850	1675	3250	100	.252*	2490	.952	Car	BTH	82.2	46.0	40.0	31.3	12.2		
Napier.	VII	4H	Liq	24-5.00x4.75	2238	7.00	281	4.68	7	3	2	3055	3850	22750	3000†	3850	1630	3250	100	.252*	2580	.837	Car	BTH	83.0	47.2	40.0	31.3	12.2		
Rolls-Royce	Merlin 500	V-60	Liq	12-5.40x6.00	1649	6.00	262	8.15 (a)	2	2	2	1635	3000	2250	1610	3000	1220	2850	100/130	.420	1450	.866	EM	BTH	78.67	43.6	29.8	22.2	33.4		
Rolls-Royce	Merlin 66	V-60	Liq	12-5.40x6.00	1649	6.00	273	5.79 (b)	2	2	2	1705	3000	5750	1315	3000	1025	2850	100/130	.477	1645	.964	EM	BTH	85.82	43.3	29.8	23.9	33.4		
Rolls-Royce	Merlin 140	V-60	Liq	12-5.40x6.00	1649	6.00	285	5.79 (b)	2	2	2	1780	3000	4500	1725	3000	1200	2650	100/130	.510†	1760	1.00	EM	BTH	86.85	43.2	31.4	23.9	33.4		
Rolls-Royce	Merlin 620	V-60	Liq	12-5.40x6.00	1649	6.00	284	5.79 (b)	2	2	2	1770	3000	4000	1725	3000	1160	2850	100/130	.470	1740	.963	EM	BTH	86.85	43.2	31.4	23.9	33.4		
Rolls-Royce	Griffon 12	V-60	Liq	12-6.00x6.60	2239	6.00	266	7.85 (c)	2	2	2	1815	2750	SL	1815	2750	1320	2400	100/130	.451	1790	.966	EM	BTH	84.72	43.1	29.5	25.6	34.5		
Rolls-Royce	Griffon 57	V-60	Liq	12-6.00x6.60	2239	6.00	284	6.61 (d)	2	2	2	2060	2750	2250	2500	2750	1420	2400	100/130	.440†	1960	.961	EM	BTH	84.72	43.3	29.5	29.0	34.5		
Rolls-Royce	Griffon 74	V-60	Liq	12-6.00x6.60	2239	6.00	284	5.16 (e)	2	2	2	2045	2750	SL	2020	2750	1310	2400	100/130	.451	2100	1.02	EM	BTH	89.37	45.8	29.5	27.3	34.5		

- 2—Or .274:1 ratio
- 3—Alternate centers available
- 4—Or Plessey Coffman cartridge
- 5—With Water-Methanal injection
- 6—Control-Rotating

\*—From propeller center line to rear of engine

(a)—Also 9.49 Blower Ratio  
(b)—Also 7.06 Blower Ratio  
(c)—Also 10.68 Blower Ratio  
(d)—Also 7.69 Blower Ratio  
(e)—Also 6.79 Blower Ratio

BS—Bendix or Stromberg  
CA—Compressed air  
Car—Cartridge  
Cof—Coffman  
Dir—Direct  
EH—Electric motor or hand  
EM—Electric motor

FL—Float  
Hob—H. M. Hobson Components, Ltd.  
Hor—Horizontal  
I—In head with push rods and rocker arms  
(valves)  
IL—In line (val. arrangement)  
OH—Overhead (val. val.)

P1—Pressure injection  
 Rot—Rotax, Ltd.  
 R-B—Rotax or BTH  
 S—Sleeve  
 Sim—Simms Motor Unit  
 SL—Sea level  
 Zen—Zenith





MAT'L. CARP. STAIN. NO. 8 (TYPE 303)

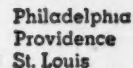


This image shows three loose-leaf pages from the notebook, fanned out to show their perforated edges. Below them is the notebook's binder, which is a dark, textured cover. The cover features a white label with the text "NOTEBOOK" in large, bold letters, followed by "100 pages" and "1 1/2 inch x 8 1/2 inch" in smaller text. The binder is shown standing upright, revealing the pages inside.

**THE CARPENTER STEEL CO. • 103 W. BERN STREET • READING, PENNA.**

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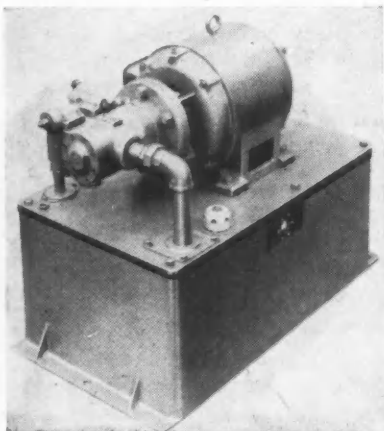
# NEW Production and Plant EQUIPMENT

**V**ICKERS, INC., 1428 Oakman Blvd., Detroit 32, Mich., has expanded its line of hydraulic power units.

For installation convenience of hydraulic equipment on industrial machinery, Vickers power units are available in standard sizes and types of 20-, 30- and 60-gal tank capacities equipped with Vickers constant-delivery vane-type pumps. Three types of pumps are available in a wide range of capacities—single and two pressure for 1000 psi, and two stage for 2000 psi continuous-duty operating pressures.

The power unit shown is equipped with a Vickers two-stage pump, and relief valve. All intermediary piping between pump, oil reservoir, etc., is provided. Pumps are arranged to accommodate electric motors of users selection.

The Vickers hydraulic power unit is a self-contained unit for hydraulic systems. It combines the oil reservoir, pump, suction filter, combination filler cap and air cleaner, oil level gauge and other accessories for a complete power source for hydraulic systems.



*Power unit equipped with Vickers two-stage pump and relief valve*

**A** PORTABLE motor-driven shaker screen for use with deburring and finishing barrels is a new product of Almco, Inc., 231 E. Clark St., Albert Lea, Minn. This unit separates the finished work from the tumbling medium, eliminating all hand screening and sorting.

The screen is driven by a ½ hp or 1-3 hp motor, and vibrates in an elliptical path at 380 reciprocations per minute. Length of movement is adjustable from zero to ¾ in. to meet all requirements. Interchangeable wire

screens are available in standard sizes from 3/64 in. to 2¼ in. openings, and are removed by pushing up and slipping out from between retaining lugs at each end of the frame.

One screening unit will normally serve 3 or 4 barrels. With casters at one end and a handle at the other, it is readily moved. Its over-all height of 24 in. (exclusive of the handle) permits this unit to be placed under Almco tumbling barrels to separate the load directly on discharge, and there is sufficient clearance beneath the screen for a mobile hoist pan to receive the screened material.



*Almco shaker screen*



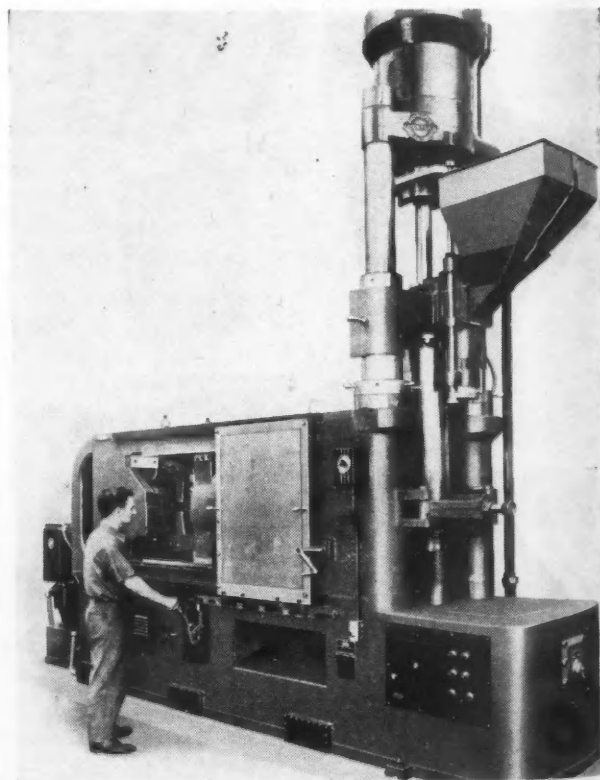
*Hammond Machinery Builders, Inc., 1600 Douglas Ave., Kalamazoo 54, Mich., have added this ROL model to their line of polishing and buffing lathes. It has an overhanging base to provide liberal working space around the wheel, will accommodate a 2- or 3-hp motor, and is multi-V-belt driven from motor mounted inside the base. Any single spindle speed can be had.*

**I**NJECTION machines capable of molding plastic pieces up to 32 oz over a projected area of 150 sq in. are now being delivered by Lester-Phoenix, Inc., Cleveland, Ohio.

These huge machines are the largest models of the new Lester line and, although hundreds of smaller sizes have been made for both domestic and foreign markets.

*(Turn to page 249, please)*

*Lester-Phoenix injection molding machine*







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**I**N THE 36 years since the beginning of Sealed Power in 1911 leading automotive engineers have been most generous in giving us the benefit of their skill and experience. With their help Sealed Power engineers have made noteworthy contributions to piston ring and piston design. Sealed Power plants and staff have grown to be the finest in the industry. You are invited to use our facilities to help make your good engines even better.

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# NEWS *of the* Industry

## **Wage Negotiations at GM and Ford Getting Underway**

Preliminary strategy in the coming battle between the UAW-CIO and General Motors over wage increases and other economic demands was mapped by union leaders in a meeting held in Detroit March 6 and 7. Walter Reuther, union president and head of negotiations with GM, called in union representatives from 85 plants throughout the country.

According to Reuther, the issues discussed which will be presented include a wage increase of 23½ cents an hour, wage equalization, a social security plan, and a pension program. The latter two would be financed solely by the company. Formal demands will be made some time after March 19, the earliest date that the wage issue can be reopened. Since the contract stipulates that no walkout over wages can occur until after May 31 of this year, GM appears to be safe from a strike until that time at least. In fact, there is currently no serious belief in Detroit that strikes will be much of a problem in the automotive industry this year.

## **Corporate Profits May Again be Basis of Union Attack**

In view of recent statements by Reuther and other union leaders, it now seems certain that the old question of corporate profits again will form the basis of attack by the union. The GM annual report will probably appear at about the time negotiations start, and with satisfactory profits reported for the fourth quarter of last year, it is practically certain that Reuther will repeat his ill-starred statistical attack of a year ago, charging that wages and other benefits can be granted without increasing prices. It is generally believed, however, that the union does not actually expect to get very far with its social security program, but will use it for bargaining purposes, and also as a wedge in order to achieve that goal some time in the future.

With the recent sharp upturn in prices, conditions are not so favorable as they were a month ago to compromise the wage issue at 10 to 15 cents an hour.

It now appears likely that contract negotiations between Ford Motor Co. and the UAW-CIO will get started some time in April, well ahead of the May date on which the 1946 contract expires. It is expected that in both the Ford and GM discussions the same type

**UAW-CIO Mapping Battle Strategy . . . Union Likely to Base Demands on Company Profits . . . High Automobile Ownership Cost Concerns Manufacturers . . . Production Title for 1946 Won by Chevrolet . . . Restrictive Labor Laws Likely in View of Union Attitude . . . Collective Bargaining Aspect of Welfare and Pension Plans Studied by NLRB . . . Michigan Investigates New Car Trafficking . . . Automobile Output Held Back by Shortage of Pig Iron and Steel . . . Lease Extension Obtained by Tucker to Complete Financing Program.**

of delaying tactics will be followed as in the Chrysler negotiations, in which a second 30-day extension to late March was announced.

## **Cost of Car Ownership Worries Manufacturers**

The recent increase of 30 per cent in automobile liability insurance rates in 27 states points up the increased cost of automobile ownership. Manufacturers are coming to realize more and more that, not only the high cost of the original purchase, but also the increasing cost of maintaining and operating an automobile, is a matter of serious concern to them. They point to the heavy tax burden now borne by the automobile owner in the way of excise, gasoline, license, and other forms of outside taxation that have increased steadily since World War I.

Another problem that may affect the automobile market eventually is the inconvenience and expense stemming from inadequate parking facilities in congested areas. Street systems that are inadequate to handle present volumes of traffic also discourage widespread car ownership. While all of these problems are outside the direct province of the automobile manufacturer, they are of prime importance to him. In fact, some spokesmen for the industry say that the situation now confronting the country in regard to the problems outlined above is similar to that of early days before all-year roads and highway systems were developed. It was only after extensive hard surface streets and highways became general throughout the country that the automobile industry was able to move into the mass market.

## **Chevrolet Battles to Top in 1946 Production Race with Ford**

Final and official returns for automotive registrations in the U. S. for 1946 show that Chevrolet again has attained top position in both passenger cars and trucks. It had been conceded that Chevrolet held undisputed title to top place in trucks but a neck-and-neck race with Ford on passenger cars had been indicated by registration figures for the first 11 months of the year. When totals were tabulated March 1, it showed that Chevrolet squeaked through to take the lead by a narrow margin of 2,779. Had Ford been able to operate one or two more days during the year, the results could have been reversed. The margin in trucks was much larger, totaling 40,149. Production of cars and trucks at Chevrolet totaled 501,219 last year, 42,928 greater than any other make in the industry. The breakdown was 329,601 passenger cars and 171,618 trucks. The results of the tabulations show that there still is a production race, however, not one of sales. The real test will not come until a definite buyer's market appears. Chevrolet has led in national car sales in 11 out of the past 12 full production years, but lost out to Ford in 1945, which was not a full production year, due mainly to getting a later start and also to the GM strike which shut off production during the last six weeks of the year.

## **Labor Attitude Increases Chance for Corrective Laws**

According to reliable Washington reports, the unyielding stand of labor leaders in testimony before congressional committees on proposed labor legislation makes more certain the passage of laws definitely restricting certain union activities. It is not expected that any new labor laws will be written before late April or May at the earliest, with the exception of a bill to outlaw or greatly restrict portal-to-portal claims.

## **NLRB Ponders Welfare and Pension Bargaining Status**

Employers are watching with interest the outcome of deliberations now before NLRB to determine whether or not demands involving pensions and insurance plans are properly a subject of collective bargaining. NLRB has never specifically ruled on that ques-

(Turn to page 195, please)





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March 15, 1947

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## Packard to Respect Supreme Court Decision

The Packard Motor Car Co. will respect to the letter the U. S. Supreme Court decision of March 10 that foremen are entitled to organize and bargain collectively under the National Labor Relations Act. George T. Christopher, president, said that the litigation concerned an act on the statute books at present, but that it seemed quite possible that remedial legislation might be enacted by the present Congress to "preserve the dignity, au-

thority, and independence of these—Packard—and other foremen throughout the country." He pointed out that although the Supreme Court upheld the right of foremen to bargain collectively, many issues still remained to be settled at the bargaining table. One important issue still to be decided is whether the Supreme Court will recognize the right of foremen to join unions of production workers. This issue is involved in the attempt by the United Mine Workers, A. F. of L. to organize the mine foremen into the Mine Workers Union.

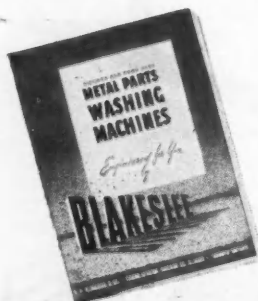


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## Business in Brief

Written by the Guaranty Trust Co.,  
New York, Exclusively for AUTO-  
MOTIVE and AVIATION INDUSTRIES

Renewed advances in general business activity are indicated. The *New York Times* index for the week ended Feb. 22 stands at 146.2, as against 144.7 for the preceding week and 127.9 a year ago.

Sales of department stores during the week ended Feb. 22, as reported by the Federal Reserve Board, equaled 216 per cent of the 1935-39 average, as compared with 246 per cent in the week before. Sales were 2 per cent above the corresponding distribution a year earlier, as against a preceding similar excess of 17 per cent. The total in 1947 so far reported is 15 per cent greater than the comparable sum in 1946.

Electric power production increased slightly in the week ended Feb. 22. The output was 21.8 per cent above the corresponding amount in 1946, as compared with a like advance of 21.0 per cent shown for the preceding week.

Railway freight loadings during the same period totaled 776,689 cars, 2.9 per cent less than the figure for the week before but 7.4 per cent above the corresponding number in the preceding year.

Crude oil production in the week ended Feb. 22 averaged 4,786,150 barrels daily, 28,500 barrels more than the preceding average and 72,500 barrels above the comparable output in 1946.

Production of bituminous coal and lignite during the week ended Feb. 22 is estimated at 13,030,000 net tons, or about 5.5 per cent above the output in the week before. The total production in 1947 so far reported is 3.2 per cent above the corresponding quantity in 1946.

Civil engineering construction volume reported for the week ended Feb. 27, according to *Engineering News-Record*, is \$91,704,000, or 7 per cent below the preceding weekly figure and 5 per cent below the comparable sum in 1946. The total recorded for nine weeks of this year is 32 per cent more than the corresponding amount in 1946. The increase in private construction is 25 per cent, and the rise in public construction is 47 per cent.

The wholesale price index of the Bureau of Labor Statistics for the week ended Feb. 22 is 144.3 per cent of the 1926 average, as compared with 143.1 for the preceding week and 107.4 a year earlier.

Member bank reserve balances increased \$11,000,000 during the week ended Feb. 26. Underlying changes thus reflected include a rise of \$87,000,000 in Reserve bank credit and an increase of \$14,000,000 in Treasury deposits with Federal Reserve banks, accompanied by a decline of \$14,000,000 in money in circulation.

Total loans and investments of reporting member banks decreased \$134,000,000 during the week ended Feb. 19. A decline of \$25,000,000 in commercial, industrial and agricultural loans was recorded. The sum of these business loans, \$10,648,000,000, shows a net increase of \$3,262,000,000 in twelve months.





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# PUBLICATIONS AVAILABLE

Publications listed in this department are obtainable by subscribers through the Editorial Department of AUTOMOTIVE and AVIATION INDUSTRIES. In making requests please be sure to give the NUMBER and TITLE above the item concerning the publication desired, your name and address, company connection and title.

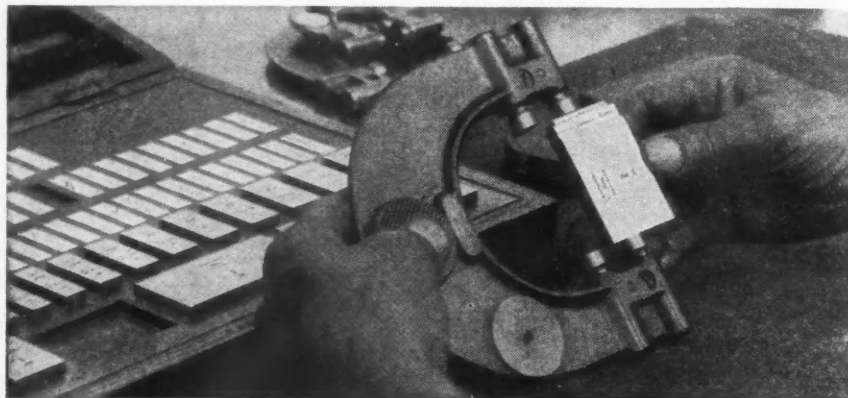
## 62—Caustic Soda

Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co., Columbia Chemical Div.—72-page, three-color booklet of interest to technical men, buyers and executives who desire useful data on the characteristics, uses, forms, transportation, constants, etc. of caustic

soda. It contains many useful graphs, charts and diagrams, is well illustrated with descriptive photographs.

## 63—Flowrator Dimensions

Fischer & Porter Co.—Catalog Section 27-A, Dimension drawings for Series 700 Flowrator. Various types of



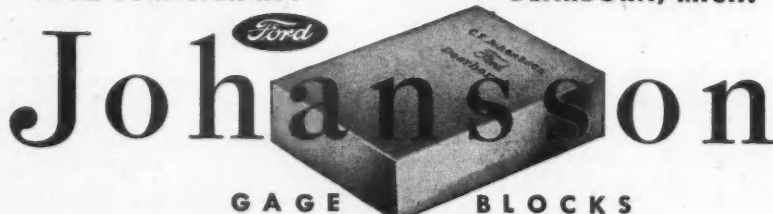
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indicating Flowrator instruments, along with panel mounting arrangements, electrical transmitters, pneumatic transmitters, etc. are included in the booklet.

## 64—ENB Air Operated Press Welders

Taylor-Winfield Corp.—Bulletin 3-113 describes and illustrates the two styles in ENB welders. Various tables are included—shipping weights and dimensions; specifications data—mechanical and electrical.

## 65—Arc Welding

The Lincoln Electric Co.—Learning to weld booklet provides a simple basic approach in making a start in arc welding. The booklet is well illustrated with typical applications of arc welding in repair and construction. Conversion tables of decimal equivalents and thicknesses of metal in both gage and in. are included, together with a glossary of welding terms. Copies may be had for \$.25 (in U. S.) from Lincoln Electric Co., Cleveland 1, Ohio.

## 66—Rust Preventive Liquid

Rust-Oleum Corp.—Descriptive bulletin on R-9 its new liquid rust preventive designed specifically as a journal protective coating.

## 67—Horizontal Boring Machines

Barrett Machine Tool Co.—Six-page folder describing specialized horizontal boring machines. The two-color booklet gives boring bar, pedestal and bed dimensions, etc. for the most frequently used models.

## 68—Dual Drive Lathe

R. K. LeBlond Machine Tool Co.—A new book, *The Silent Salesman*, makes it possible for prospective lathe buyers to examine the product inside and out in their offices. It is printed in a new process, permitting the reader to disassemble and assemble the Dual Drive lathe piece by piece. The new technique used practically X-rays the lathe in three dimensions, giving a much better conception of the design, construction and maintenance. Descriptive text matter is keyed to the illustrations. The book may be obtained from the above company, Cincinnati 8, Ohio, for \$1.00 per copy.

## 69—Sangamo Tachograph (Recording Speedometer)

Wagner Electric Corp.—Bulletin SU-3A explains in detail the Tachograph's operation in a manner of interest to truck and bus fleet owners. It covers such topics as driving by instruments, savings in maintenance, accident prevention and constant supervision of vehicles.

## 70—Glycol-Ethers

Carbide and Carbon Chemicals Corp.—Form 4765, *Cellosolve and Carbitol* (Turn to page 198, please)



Two Sides

to the Picture

### PRECISION GEAR DIVISION

"A-Q" Gears, engineered and produced in the Precision Gear Division of Foote Bros., offer manufacturers new possibilities in the field of power transmission.

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### INDUSTRIAL GEAR DIVISION

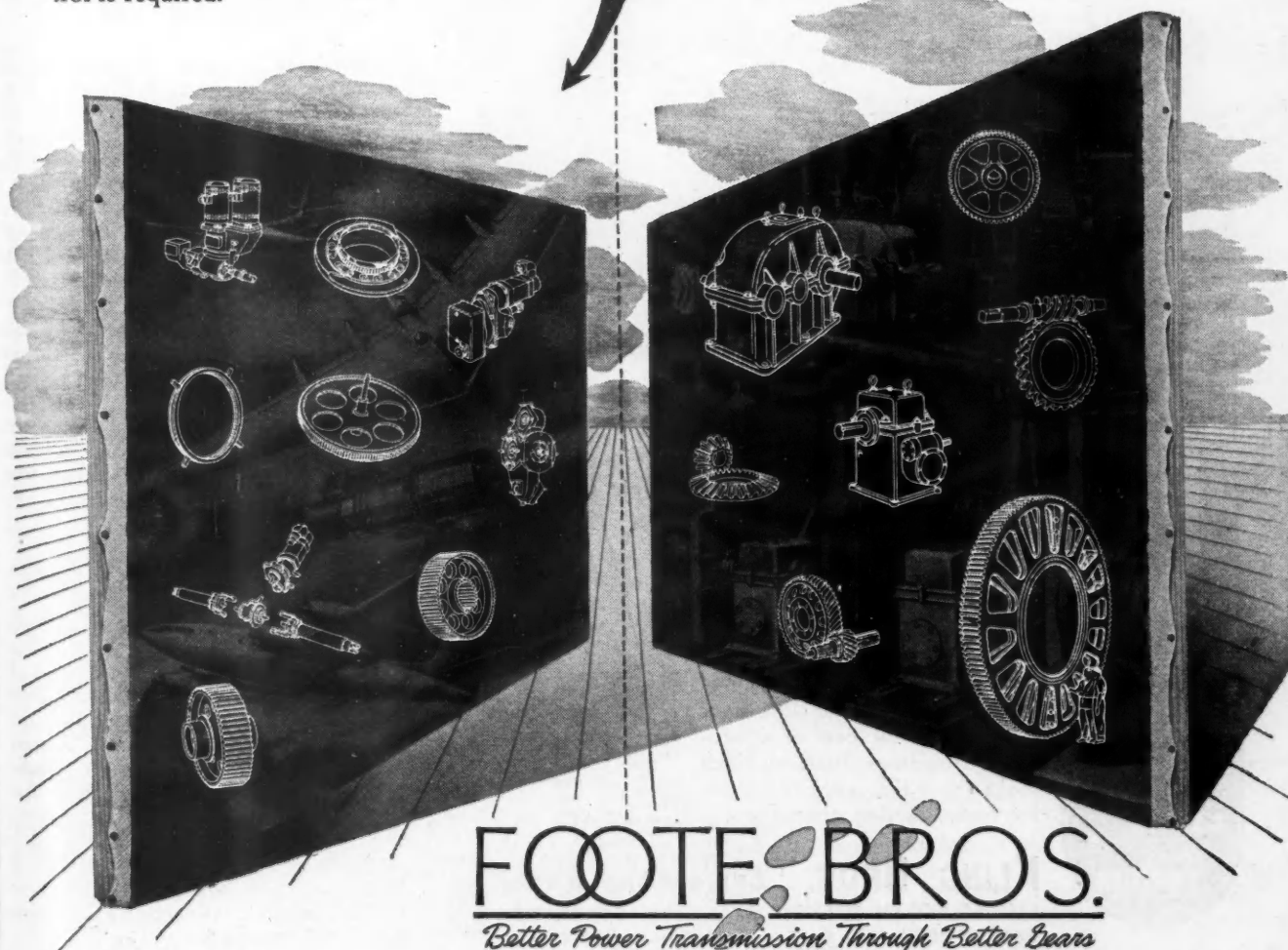
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# PERSONALS

*Recent Personnel Changes and Appointments at the Plants of Automotive and Aviation Manufacturers and Their Suppliers.*

Willys-Overland Motors — Benjamin C. Bowker, appointed Special Assistant to the President, James D. Mooney.

Nash-Kelvinator Corp., Nash Motors Div.—Floyd G. Sease appointed Assistant to the General Sales Manager.

Tucker Corp.—Victor J. Schaeffner,

Director of Industrial Relations Dept.

Graham-Paige Motors Corp.—Paul W. Heasley appointed Vice-President.

Kaiser-Frazer Corp.—A. J. Bedworth, Asst. General Planning Supt.

Consolidated Vultee Aircraft Corp., Stinson Div.—Robert W. Straughn, Advertising and Sales Promotion Manager.

United Aircraft Corp., Hamilton Standard Propellers Div. — William P. Huxley, Sales Manager.

Automotive Electric Assoc. — W. N.

Potter, General Manager of United Motors Service Div. of General Motors Corp., elected President.

McCord Corp.—Election of P. L. Barter as Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors. He will continue in his present capacity as Vice-President.

Federal-Mogul Corp., Federal-Mogul Service — Gene W. Anderson, Head of newly established Methods and Processes Department.

Westinghouse Electric Corp.—John E. Payne, Headquarters Industrial Sales Manager. C. G. Stainback, Industrial Syndicate Manager.

The Timken-Detroit Axle Co. — R. A. Obermeier, Assistant Treasurer.

General Motors Corp., Harrison Radiator Div. — J. Kenneth Bush, General Plant Manager responsible for production and maintenance of all plants.

Minneapolis - Honeywell Regulator Co., Brown Instrument Div. — L. M. Morley elected Vice-President of parent company. Mr. Morley is Vice-President in charge of Sales for the Brown division.

Stewart-Warner Corp., South Wind Div. — Harlan G. Pingrey, Advertising Manager.

The Arco Co.—John W. French, Sales Manager of Production Finishes Dept.

Republic Drill & Tool Co. — Ben T. Cowherd, elected Vice-President in charge of Eastern District.

The Standard Products Co. — Paul W. Seiler, elected to Board of Directors. He is President of Motor Tool Mfg. Co.

Bendix-Westinghouse Automotive Air Brake Co.—H. W. Jackson, Service Manager.

Niles-Bement-Pond Co.—Resignation is announced of Charles W. Deeds as President and General Manager. Succeeding Mr. Deeds is Frederick U. Conrad.

The Steel Improvement and Forge Co. —David E. Johnson, appointed a Vice-President.

Gar Wood Industries, Inc. — E. B. Hill, named Director of Factory Sales.

Sharon Steel Corp.—H. A. Roemer, Jr., elected Vice-President. Mr. Roemer is president of Detroit Seamless Steel Tubes Co.

Dearborn Motors Corp. — Merritt D. Hill, appointed General Sales Manager; G. D. Andrews, Advertising and Sales Promotion Manager.

General Motors Corp., Cleveland

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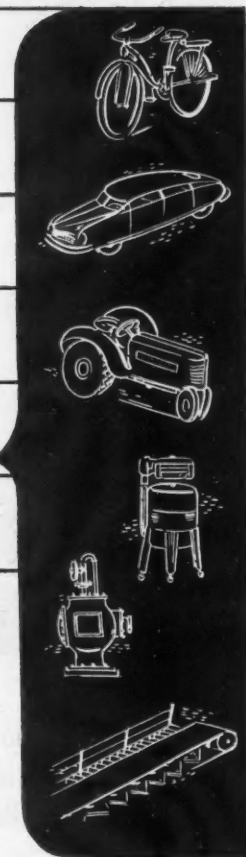
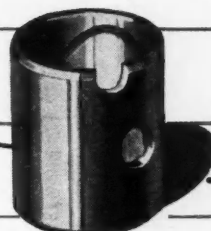
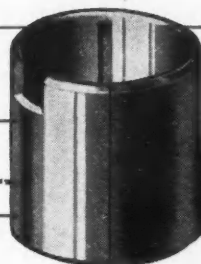
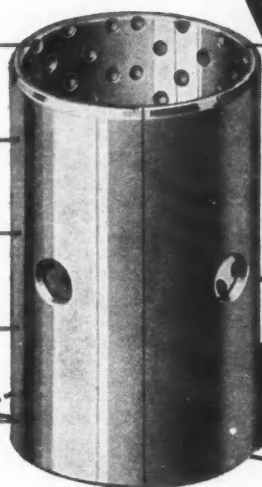
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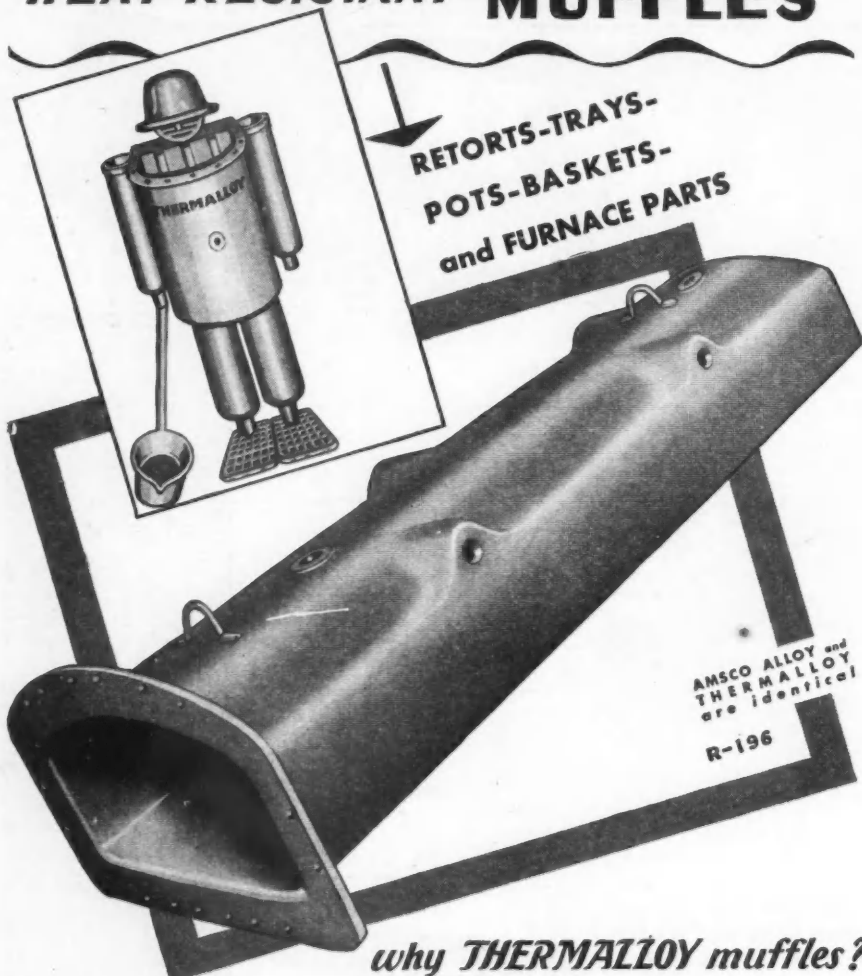
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## *why THERMALLOY muffles?*

because back of the production of THERMALLOY muffles is the metallurgical and foundry experience of alloy pioneers.

Back of THERMALLOY are specialists in proper design—sound foundry practice and X-RAY control.

This muffle weighing 1,750 lbs. is X-Ray inspected, pressure tested, machined and ready to give long uninterrupted service at temperatures up to 2,000° F.

Make your alloy purchase, a THERMALLOY investment.

AMERICAN  
**Brake Shoe**  
COMPANY

**ELECTRO-ALLOYS DIVISION**

ELYRIA, OHIO.

Diesel Engine Div.—T. E. Hughes, General Sales Manager and B. H. Gommel Commercial Sales Manager.

Houdaille-Hershey Corp. — Houde Engineering Div. — Elbert L. Potter Divisional Sales Manager.

Towmotor Corp. — Charles Edgar Smith appointed to newly created position of Executive Vice-President.

International Nickel Co., Inc. — H. J. Fraser and H. J. French elected as additional Vice-Presidents.

Lear, Inc.—Andrew W. Korb, Sales Manager.

Pioneer Engineering & Manufacturing Co.—Roy Farquharson, Assistant Chief Engineer.

The Weatherhead Co. — John Baldwin, Asst. Chief Engineer with direct supervision of Project and Engineering and Drafting and Design Groups. B. R. Teree, Laboratory Director.

The National Screw and Manufacturing Co. — George F. Jenkins, Assistant Sales Manager, replacing C. L. Kerr who has resigned to form his own company, the C. L. Kerr Industries, Inc.

General Electric Chemical Dept., General Electric Co.—Robert A. Nisbet, Supt. of Waterford Works.

Kelite Products, Inc.—A. T. Gibson, newly created office of Assistant to the President.

North American Philips Co., Inc.—John L. Abbott, Application Engineer, Industrial X-ray Div.

Agaloy Tubing Co. — C. E. Jones, Vice-President.

## **January Passenger Car Sales Below December Figure**

Passenger car factory sales for January totalled 247,130, or 93 per cent of total sales in December 1946, according to an industry-wide survey announced by the Automobile Manufacturers Association.

Continuing materials shortages was the principal reason for the drop from the December figure. Motor truck and coach sales for January totalled 102,345 units, or 94 per cent of December 1946, total. Total new car, truck and coach sales for January were 349,475, about 93 per cent of December's sales.

## **Russian Automobile Industry Failed to Make Quota**

Apparently automobile manufacturers under the capitalistic free enterprise system are not the only ones who suffered financial losses last year. A report from Moscow says that the Soviet automobile industry fell far short of its planned production for 1946 and that it lost 140 million more rubles than had been expected.



# SUPERIOR ABRASION RESISTANCE

Parts made from HYCAR synthetic rubber have 50% greater abrasion resistance than parts made from natural rubber. That means they'll last longer, give more dependable performance in the most severe service, and save maintenance and replacement time.

But that's only one of HYCAR's unusual and valuable properties. Examine the list in the box at the right. Think of these properties in terms of your requirements of rubber parts. Realize that these properties may be had in an almost limitless number of combinations, each designed to meet the specific service conditions of the finished part.

We have developed more than 5000 recipes for HYCAR compounds — each compound engineered to do a certain job. If you're looking for rubber parts that will give long life, dependability, and economical operation, *specify HYCAR*.

Ask your supplier for parts made from HYCAR. Test them in your own applications, difficult or routine. You'll learn for yourself that it's wise to use HYCAR for long-time, dependable performance. For more information, please write Department HD-3, B. F. Goodrich Chemical Company, Rose Building, Cleveland 15, Ohio.

## **Hycar**

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

*American Rubber*

### **B. F. Goodrich Chemical Company**

A DIVISION OF  
THE B. F. GOODRICH COMPANY

#### CHECK THESE SUPERIOR FEATURES OF HYCAR

1. EXTREME OIL RESISTANCE — insuring dimensional stability of parts.
2. HIGH TEMPERATURE RESISTANCE—up to 250° F. dry heat; up to 300° F. hot oil.
3. ABRASION RESISTANCE—50% greater than natural rubber.
4. MINIMUM COLD FLOW—even at elevated temperatures.
5. LOW TEMPERATURE FLEXIBILITY—down to -65° F.
6. LIGHT WEIGHT—15% to 25% lighter than many other synthetic rubbers.
7. AGE RESISTANCE—exceptionally resistant to checking or cracking from oxidation.
8. HARDNESS RANGE—compounds can be varied from extremely soft to bone hard.
9. NON-ADHERENT TO METAL—compounds will not adhere to metals even after prolonged contact under pressure. (Metal adhesions can be readily obtained when desired.)

March 15, 1947

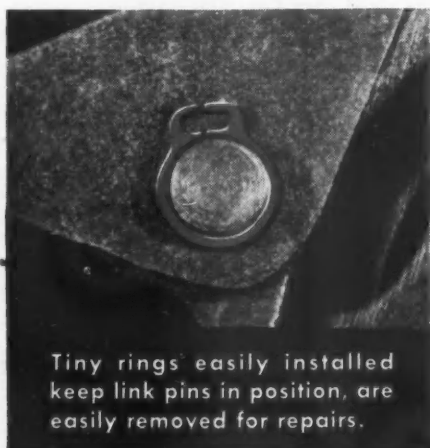
When writing to advertisers please mention AUTOMOTIVE and AVIATION INDUSTRIES

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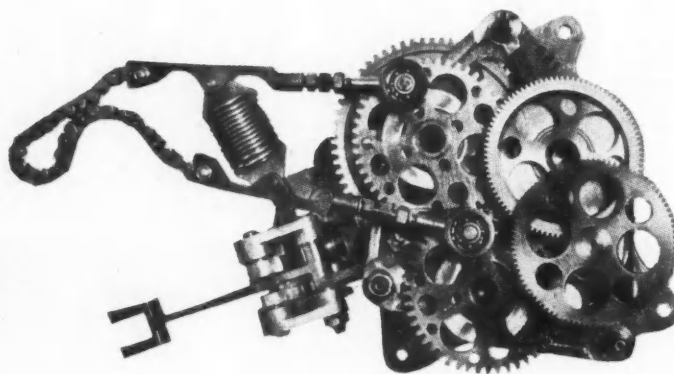


# 36 TRUARC rings reduce weight, eliminate

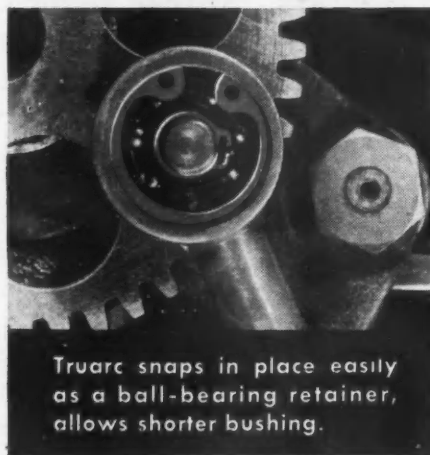
- **Waldes Truarc retaining rings cut machining, assembly, maintenance time**



Tiny rings easily installed keep link pins in position, are easily removed for repairs.



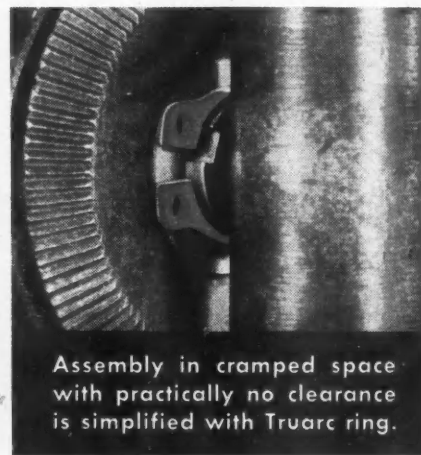
Courtesy of Dalmo-Victor



Truarc snaps in place easily as a ball-bearing retainer, allows shorter bushing.



Gears stay secure: Truarc saves space in this gear and worm application.



Assembly in cramped space with practically no clearance is simplified with Truarc ring.

"TRUARC NOT ONLY REDUCES WEIGHT IN OUR APS-4 AIRCRAFT ANTENNA," states Dalmo-Victor, of San Carlos, California, "but also saves numerous machining, drilling and threading operations and reduces assembly and maintenance time. Waldes Truarc

Retaining Rings are easy to install and remove, give equal pressure over a continuous surface because of their perfect circularity, and eliminate large numbers of tools hitherto required. They do not deteriorate under the most rigorous operating conditions."

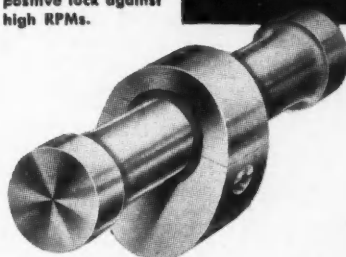


# parts in complex radar aircraft antenna!

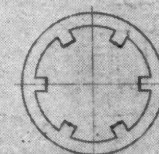
Wherever permanent maintenance of tolerance is important, Truarc rings keep moving parts in accurate relationship. In all industries, designers find Truarc a better way of fastening machine parts; production and maintenance men find Truarc cuts costs.

**There are different Truarc rings for any need,** in a complete range of sizes, for internal or external use. For example, there are Truarc rings that can be applied radially where axial assembly is impossible. Another type of ring is designed to take up end-play. Whatever your specifications, there's a Truarc ring that will do your fastening job better than screws, bolts, machined shoulders or cotter pins. Waldes Truarc engineers will be glad to assist in solving your problems. Send us your drawings; see how Truarc can help you.

**INTERLOCKING . . .**  
2-piece ring takes heavy thrusts, gives positive lock against high RPMs.

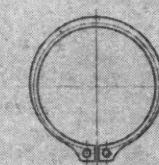
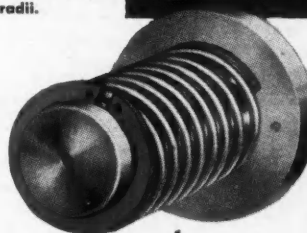


**CRESCENT\***: Snaps on radially where axial assembly is impossible. No special tools are required.

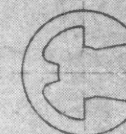


**SELF-LOCKING**: Economical where thrust is moderate—holds fast, yet shaft requires no machining.

**INVERTED . . .** Gives uniform shoulder for curved surfaces, for bearings with large corner radii.



**BEVELED & BOWED**: Takes up end-play rigidly or resiliently, accommodates accumulated tolerances.

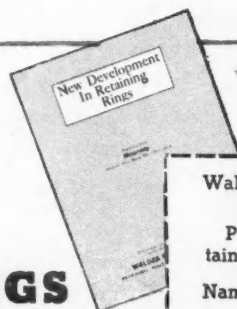


**E-RING**: Variant of Crescent for small shafts; provides large, strong shoulder. Easily removed.



**WALDES  
TRUARC**  
U. S. PATENT RE. 18,144 AND OTHER PATS. PEND.  
**RETAINING RINGS**

WALDES KOHINOOR, INC., Long Island City 1, New York



● Send for New Truarc booklet, "New Development in Retaining Rings"

Waldes Kohinoor, Inc., 47-10 Austel Place 13-L  
Long Island City 1, N. Y.

Please send booklet, "New Development In Retaining Rings" to:

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Title \_\_\_\_\_

Company \_\_\_\_\_

Business Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_ Zone \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_

\*U. S. Patent 2,382,948



## Frazer Farm Equipment Co. Formed by Graham-Paige

Formation of the Frazer Farm Equipment Corp. as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Graham-Paige Motors Corp., has been recently announced by Joseph W. Frazer, president of Graham-Paige and Kaiser-Frazer Corp. The new company will take over the manufacture of the Rototiller farm machine and the marketing of the complete line of Frazer Farm Equipment, previously operated as a division of Graham-Paige.

The books of the Graham-Paige Motors Corp., Mr. Frazer said, show the

farm implement division of the business as currently earning at the rate of \$1,200,000 per year before taxes. Orders on the division's books at the present time total more than \$32 million at net price to the company, he added.

Manufacturing facilities and offices of the new subsidiary will be moved from their present Willow Run location in the near future, Mr. Frazer disclosed. The transfer, he said, is necessitated by the expanding automotive production of Kaiser-Frazer and that corporations need for additional manufacturing space now utilized in Rototiller production.

## GMC Truck & Coach Expanding Engine Building Facilities

Construction is now underway on the new engine manufacturing plant being built by General Motors Corp. Truck & Coach Div. at Pontiac, Mich. Construction had been delayed because of material shortages, although foundations were laid last August. However, now all of the materials required for completing the plant are on the site, and work is progressing rapidly. This is part of an expansion program at GMC Truck & Coach that will eventually add nearly two million sq ft of floor space. A one-story coach assembly building, 720 ft long and 540 ft wide, has been completed and is in operation. A two-story engineering building containing 198,000 sq ft also is nearing completion. In addition a dynamometer test building is under construction which will have facilities for carburetor, single-cylinder engine, gyration, chassis, transmission and axle tests. It has seven dynamometer test stands and a cold room.

## New SAE Standard for Hydraulic Brake Fluid

The first SAE standard for hydraulic brake fluids used in motor vehicles has been approved by the Technical Board of the Society of Automotive Engineers for publication in 1947 SAE Handbook.

The standard, outgrowth of work initiated in 1936, was prepared by the Hydraulic Brake Fluid Subcommittee which is comprised of engineers from the staffs of manufacturers of hydraulic fluids, brakes, and vehicles. It covers heavy-duty and moderate-duty fluids, outlines minimum performance requirements, physical properties, and details test procedure and apparatus.

Specifications establish such properties as viscosity and water tolerance; boiling, flash, and cold points; neutrality, stability, rubber swelling, and corrosion limitations. Heavy-duty fluids, for use under severe operating conditions, have a temperature range of -40 F to 130 F. Moderate-duty fluids, for lighter service, have a temperature range of -30 F to 130 F.

## Weekly Production of Cars and Trucks in U. S. and Canada

Week-ending	1947	Corresponding Week in 1941
Jan. 4.....	53,437	76,690
11.....	64,828	115,935
18.....	75,166	124,025
25.....	93,278	121,948
Feb. 1.....	94,114	124,400
8.....	89,958	127,875
14.....	97,276	127,510
21.....	103,400	127,740
28.....	105,175	126,560
Mar. 7.....	104,437	125,915
Total.....	881,069	1,198,358



- Buell Air Horns are tops in warning signal efficiency.
- Installed as original equipment on many Trucks and Buses.
- They reduce maintenance costs by decreasing stops, starts and slowdowns.
- All records prove that they save tires, brakes, clutches and gears.
- Cut gas and oil consumption.

With a Buell the driver has greater security, maintaining a steady cruising speed. Slowing a 20 ton load from 50 MPH to 30 MPH means destroying a lot of energy thru brake lining and tires. It is replaced by burning more gasoline, increasing load on engine, and tires again, to regain speed. This all costs money. We believe a Buell Air Horn is worth \$100.00 yearly on any heavy highway vehicle. Then remember a Buell will last more than 10 years. How would you rate a \$100.00 investment that earned \$100.00 yearly for 10 years. Ask the man who has a Buell.

## BUELL AIR COMPRESSOR

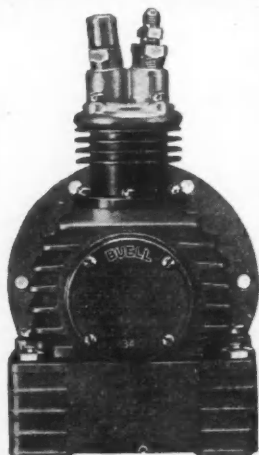
- Used on Passenger Cars, Trucks, Buses, Boats and Planes.
- Small and compact in size... efficient and powerful in action.

Buell engine-driven compressors supplied air to operate air brakes in thousands of R.C.A.F. aircraft. Only a combination of quality and precision workmanship could meet the requirements of this type of service.

Designed for compactness and light weight, they are far more efficient and powerful than their size indicates. Let us prove their adaptability to your needs.

## BUELL MANUFACTURING CO.

2975 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago 16, Ill.

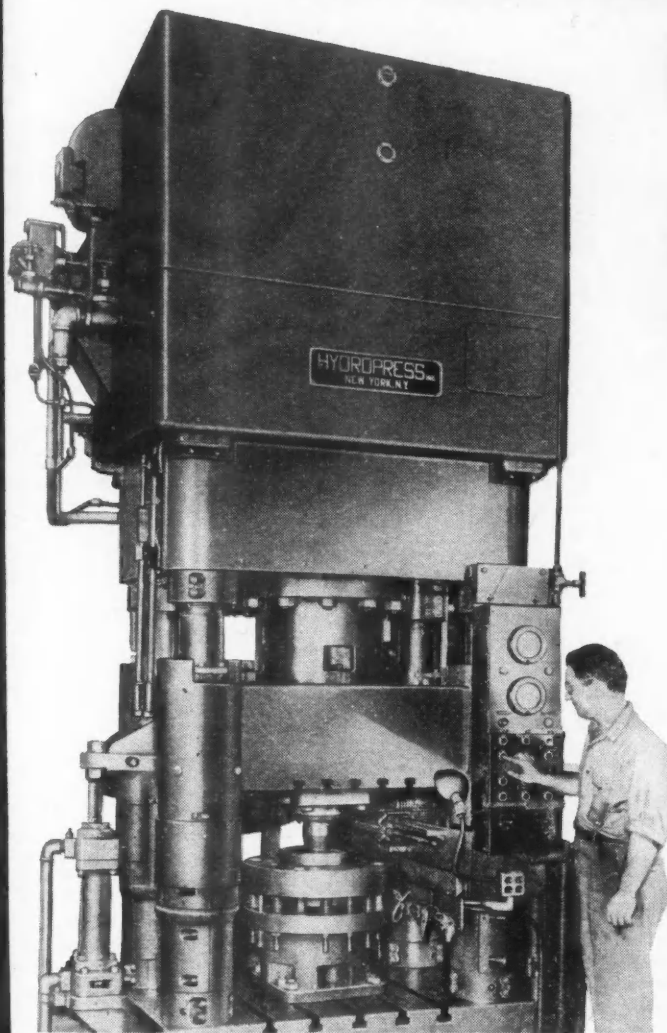




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## FOR POWDER METALLURGY

### FOR THE AUTOMOTIVE INDUSTRY



500 TON SELF-CONTAINED OIL-HYDRAULIC  
PRE-PRESSING AND COINING PRESS FOR POWDERED METAL  
AT THE AMERICAN ELECTRO METAL CORP., YONKERS, N. Y.

**MORE THAN SEVENTY  
AUTOMOTIVE PARTS  
ARE BEING CURRENTLY MADE  
FROM METAL POWDERS**

**GEARS FOR OIL PUMPS  
POLE PIECES  
OIL PUMP ROTORS  
GENERATOR BRUSHES  
MOTOR RESISTANCE RINGS  
MOTOR ROTOR BARS  
BRAKE LININGS  
CLUTCH FACINGS  
SELF LUBRICATING BEARINGS  
SPECIAL HARDENED WASHERS, ETC.**

- 1 AT A FRACTION OF COST**
- 2 AT GREATER SPEED**
- 3 TO CLOSE TOLERANCES**
- 4 WITH LITTLE OR NO MACHINING**
- 5 AT NO SCRAP LOSS**

**OUR PRESSES ARE CUSTOM-BUILT  
TO THE SPECIFIC PRODUCTION  
REQUIREMENTS OF EACH CUSTOMER**

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**BOOTH 249**  
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## AAPM Elects New Officers

Newly elected officers of the Automotive & Aviation Parts Manufacturers, Inc., for the 1947 term are: president, John Airey, president of King-Seeley Corp., Ann Arbor, Mich.; vice president, George W. Kennedy, president of Kelsey-Hayes Wheel Co., Detroit; and secretary-treasurer, James L. Myers, executive vice president of Cleveland Graphite Bronze Co., Cleveland, Ohio. President Airey succeeds Frederick C. Crawford, of Thompson Products, Inc. The association membership numbers approximately 400 plants

in the automotive and aircraft parts industries, according to Frank Rising, general manager.

New directors are: Wendell W. Anderson, Bundy Tubing Co., Detroit; K. J. Ammerman, Borg-Warner Corp., Chicago; C. C. Carlton, Motor Wheel Corp., Lansing, Mich.; R. H. Daisley, Eaton Mfg. Co., Detroit; and F. C. Greenhill, Acklin Stamping Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Directors, in addition to officer-directors, retaining office for unexpired terms are: F. C. Crawford; W. A. Baker, Firestone Steel Products Co., Wyandotte, Mich.; F. L. Burke, General

Motors Corp., Detroit; J. D. Eby, Wagner Electric Co., St. Louis; D. H. Kelly, Electric Auto-Lite Co., Toledo, Ohio; Walter F. Rockwell, Timken-Detroit Axle Co., Detroit; and J. Y. Scott, Van Norman Co., Springfield, Mass.

## Steel Shortage Reduces Motor Wheel Production

The Motor Wheel Corp. is operating at approximately 60 per cent of plant capacity as a result of being able to obtain only about two-thirds of the steel it requires. However, dollar sales volume, reflecting the 1946 general price increase, during January and February was more than double that of the corresponding months of 1946.



## THE "GUNITE LINE" NOW INCLUDES DUAL TRAILER WHEELS

In 20" size to fit Timken 11000, 13000, 15000, 17000, and 18000 pound axles. Additional sizes are being added as rapidly as expanding production facilities permit.

## TRUCK WHEELS

In 20" size to fit Timken 32,500 and 35,000 front axles and Timken Q and R drive axles. Fronts, malleable iron. Additional sizes coming.

## DUAL CONVERSION WHEELS

In 20" size for 1½ and 2-ton trucks, to replace dual disc wheels and permit use of tires up to 10.00/20.



    
GUNITE CAST STEEL WHEELS . . . GUNITE BRAKE DRUMS . . . FOR LONGER LIFE

## CALENDAR

### Conventions and Meetings

- Amer. Soc. of Lubrication Engineers—Annual Convention, Pittsburgh, Mar. 17-19
- Amer. Soc. of Tool Engineers—Fifteenth Annual Convention—Houston, Texas . . . . . Mar. 19-22
- Amer. Soc. for Metals, San Francisco, Mar. 22-27
- American Helicopter Society—Third Annual Forum, Philadelphia . . . Mar. 27-29
- Midwest Power Conference, Chicago, Mar. 31-Apr. 2
- Nat'l Assoc. Corrosion Engineers, National Convention, Chicago . . April 7-10
- Amer. Management Assoc. Packaging Exposition, Phila. . . . . April 8-11
- Soc. of Automotive Engineers, Aeronautic Mtg., New York . . . . April 9-11
- Soc. of Automotive Engineers, Transportation Mtg., Chicago . . . April 16-18
- Chamber of Commerce of the United States, Annual Mtg., Washington, D. C. . . . . Apr. 23-May 1
- Amer. Foundrymen's Association, Annual Convention, Detroit . Apr. 23-May 1
- Soc. of Automotive Engineers, Personal Airplane Mtg., Wichita, Kansas, May 1-3
- The Society of the Plastic Industry, Natl. Plastics Exhibition, Chicago, May 6-10
- Soc. for Experimental Stress Analysis Annual Mtg., Chicago . . . . May 15-17
- Nat'l Assoc. of Motor Bus Operators Annual Mtg., Chicago . . . . May 21-23
- Amer. Soc. of Mechanical Engineers—Oil & Gas Power Nat'l Conference—Cleveland . . . . . May 21-24
- Auto. Engine Rebuilders Assoc. Convention, Detroit . . . . . May 22-24
- Amer. Soc. of Mechanical Engineers—Aviation Mtg., Los Angeles . May 26-29
- Inst. of the Aeronautical Sciences Personal Aircraft Mtg., Detroit . May 26-27
- Metal Powder Assoc., Spring Mtg., New York . . . . . May 27
- Soc. of Automotive Engineers—Summer Mtg. French Lick Springs, Ind. . June 1-6
- Amer. Soc. of Mechanical Engineers—Semi-Annual Mtg., Chicago . June 16-19
- Amer. Soc. of Testing Materials—Annual Mtg., Atlantic City . . . June 16-20
- Institute of the Aeronautical Sciences, Annual Summer Mtg., Los Angeles, Aug. 7-8
- Soc. of Automotive Engineers—West Coast Transportation & Maintenance Mtg., Los Angeles . . . Aug. 21-23
- Amer. Soc. of Mechanical Engineers—Fall Mtg., Salt Lake City . . . Sept. 1-4
- Instrument Society of America Conference, Chicago . . . . . Sept. 8-13
- Society of Automotive Engineers—Tractor Mtg., Milwaukee . . . Sept. 17-18
- Natl. Machine Tool Builders Assoc. Machine Tool Show, Chicago, Sept. 17-26



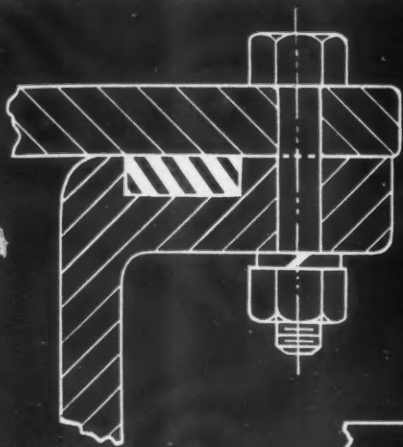


FIGURE 1

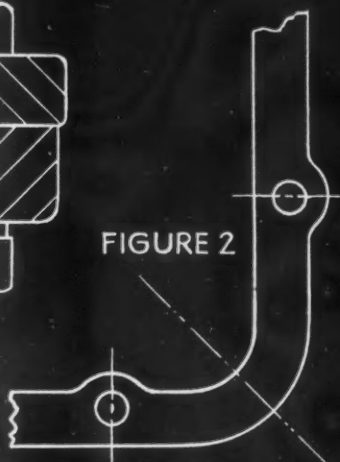


FIGURE 2

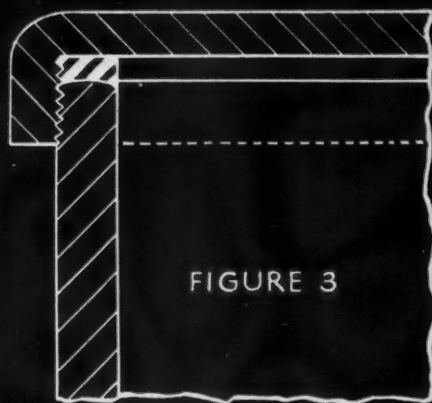


FIGURE 3

## DESIGNING FLANGES FOR EFFICIENT SEALING

*Mechanically correct joints prevent most gasket specification difficulties*

Since the satisfactory functioning of a unit may depend upon maintaining a tight seal at some point, that seal merits the same care and forethought as any other aspect of a design. To neglect gasketing problems until a unit is built and ready for testing is to invite inefficient, makeshift sealing. When this imposes excessive demands on a gasket, chronic service difficulties are likely to result.

By contrast, an effective seal at the lowest consistent cost is relatively easy to attain when a joint is designed to meet the requirements not only of the unit itself, but also of the probable resilient material to be used in it. Consequently, flange design is perhaps the first factor to be considered in arriving at a gasket specification.

The kind of joint needed is determined by the requirements of the unit. For example, precise alignment of internal parts may demand a metal-to-metal design. In that event, an offset flange may be required to allow for a gasket channel (Figure 1). For use with non-compressible gaskets, such as straight rubber, a relief for side flow must be provided. No relief is needed for cork-and-rubber gaskets.

Flange finish must be considered in relation to the type of gasket material demanded by operating conditions within the assembly. If a soft, resilient material can be used, it may be economical to leave the

flange relatively rough. The gasket will fill in any normal irregularities. On the other hand, if close alignment is needed, a smooth flange will be necessary to get a tight seal with the thin gasket required for close-tolerance assembly.

Bolt holes or studs should not be too large in relation to the cross-sectional area of the gasket. Thin wall sections may blow out if internal pressure is present. Furthermore, large holes make a gasket fragile and hard to handle during assembly. On a narrow flange, gasket walls may be widened at bolt holes by adding either inside or outside "ears" as illustrated above (Figure 2).

When a sealed edge is brought into contact with a gasket by torsion, that edge should be made smooth to avoid cutting the gasket (Figure 3).

An Armstrong representative will be glad to call and discuss your specific sealing problem with you. Because of his diversified gasketing experience, he may be able to suggest design modifications that will save both time and expense in arriving at a satisfactory seal. He will also suggest suitable gasket materials and supply samples for testing in experimental units. A district office is conveniently near you.

If you prefer, send drawings and complete details to us. You will find our recommendations unbiased and keyed to good current gasketing practice.



SEND FOR FREE BOOKLET.

For specification and application data on Armstrong's more than 50 resilient sealing materials, send for a free copy of the latest

edition of "Gaskets, Packings, and Seals," twelve pages of helpful information. Address Armstrong Cork Company, Gaskets and Packings Department, 1503 Arch Street, Lancaster, Pennsylvania.

### ARMSTRONG'S GASKETS · SEALS · PACKINGS



Cork Compositions • Cork-and-Synthetic-Rubber Compositions  
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## Pratt & Whitney Building Gas Turbine Laboratory

Pratt & Whitney Aircraft Division of United Aircraft Corp. broke ground recently for the first unit of a proposed several-million dollar gas turbine laboratory in connection with its program of gas turbine engine research and development.

The new laboratory will be situated on the east bank of the Connecticut River at a point opposite Hartford's Brainard Aviation Field, about a half mile southwest of Pratt & Whitney's main manufacturing plant. The section

will contain two compressor test units complete with power generating plant.

In the development of turbine power plants, laboratory equipment is required differing radically from that used in the testing of reciprocating engines. This is mainly because the internal or unused power of the turbine greatly exceeds that of the piston engine. Also the mass of air required to feed it is many times that of a corresponding conventional engine.

To handle the high powers necessary to produce this tremendous flow of air, and to drive the mechanisms for simulating countless conditions of altitude,

temperature and speed found in actual flight, powers ranging from 5,000 to 18,000 hp in single test units will be needed—far greater than any ever called for in Pratt & Whitney's piston engine test houses. Giant steam turbines will provide this power.

## Union Pacific's Container Engineer "Highly Successful"

The Union Pacific Railroad Co. called its past year's experience with a container engineer "highly successful." The Union Pacific added Warren R. White, a packaging expert, to its staff shortly after V-J Day in an effort to counteract the increasing burden of freight loss and damage payments. Railroaders have progressed in every field from a technological standpoint, but the freight loss and damage curve has moved steadily upward.

A shortage of competent packagers, inferior packaging materials, and a shortage of all classes of labor during the war, were all factors contributing to this condition. However, following the end of hostilities, shortages were alleviated somewhat, and agitation to raise packaging standards began. In addition, hundreds of new businesses had been formed since the war, each with its own peculiar packaging problems.

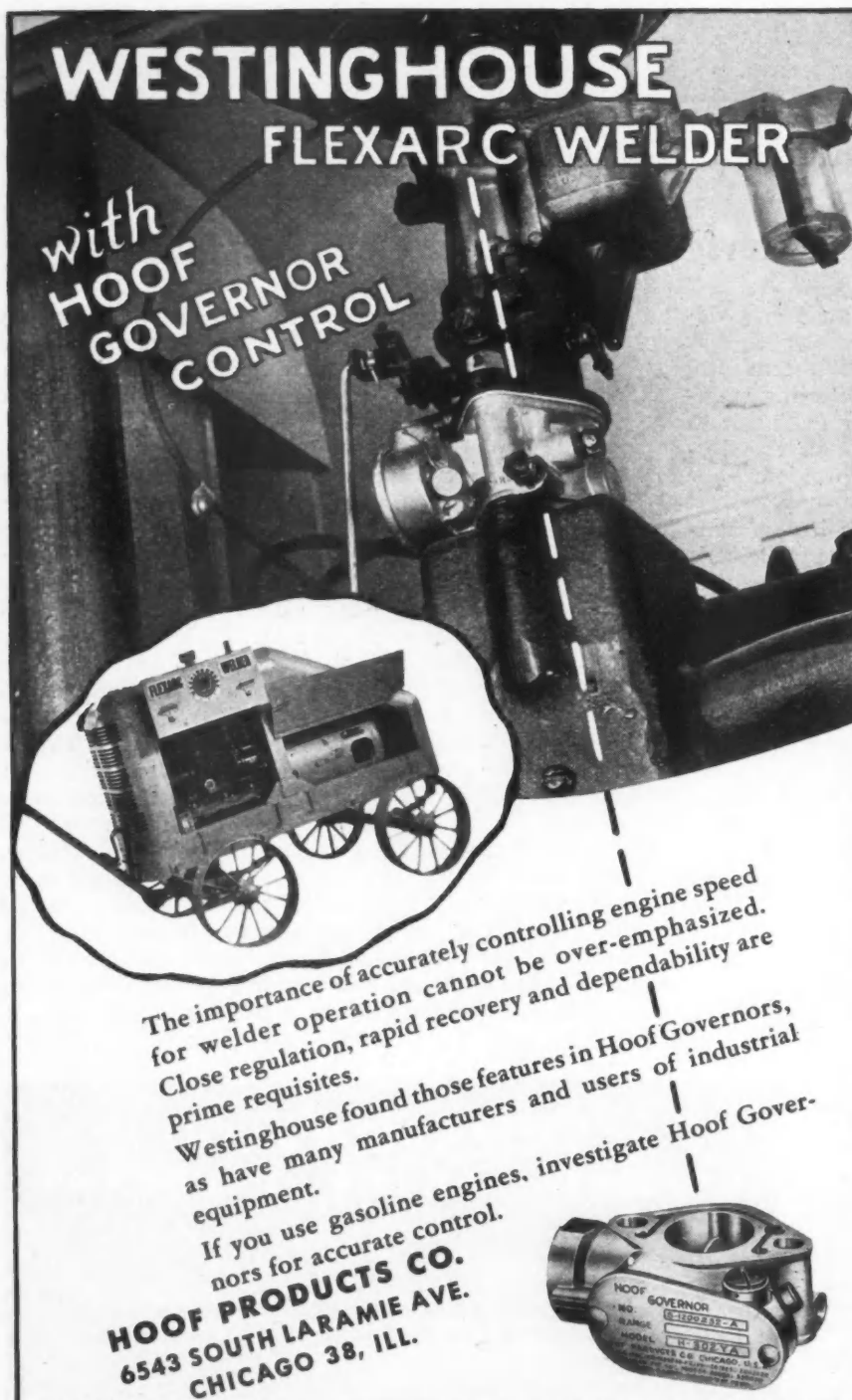
The container engineer investigates instances of container failure, personally and with the help of local freight and freight service inspectors. An analysis is prepared, and the engineer prepares a report to be submitted to the general freight claim agent. Letters based upon these reports are written to the party or parties concerned—shipper, receiver, or manufacturer. If necessary, personal conferences are arranged. This remedial program has resulted in tangible savings, both in dollar value and in scarce commodities, to the shipping public and carrier.

## Laboratories Completed For Borg-Warner Superchargers

The completion of highly modern research laboratories and the addition of new machine tool equipment to facilitate the production of B-W Superchargers in the Pesco Products Div. of Borg-Warner Corp., in Cleveland, was announced by C. S. Davis, president, Borg-Warner Corp.

The Pesco engineering staff is concentrating at present on developing superchargers for heavy duty gasoline engines for trucks, buses and other industrial uses. In addition, there is extensive research on superchargers for small, high-speed Diesel engines and for the engines of light pleasure planes.

The B-W Supercharger laboratories contain several cells for the testing of various types of engines under supercharged conditions and for the endurance testing of the superchargers themselves.



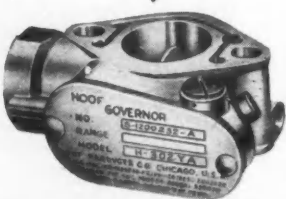
**WESTINGHOUSE  
FLEXARC WELDER**

with  
**HOOF  
GOVERNOR  
CONTROL**

The importance of accurately controlling engine speed for welder operation cannot be over-emphasized. Close regulation, rapid recovery and dependability are prime requisites. Westinghouse found those features in Hoof Governors, as have many manufacturers and users of industrial equipment.

If you use gasoline engines, investigate Hoof Governors for accurate control.

**HOOF PRODUCTS CO.**  
6543 SOUTH LARAMIE AVE.  
CHICAGO 38, ILL.





## New Facts on Plating of Automotive Die Castings

In a recent paper before the Electroplaters' Society, a representative of the Fisher Body-Ternstedt Division presented some interesting facts concerning the plating of automotive zinc die castings. Of all the high purity zinc alloy used for zinc base die castings, at least 75 per cent finds its way into automotive applications. About 75 per cent of these are finished in chromium plate.

The current trend in the industry is toward heavier deposits of electroplated coatings to provide still better corrosion resistance. GM specification "AA" calls for a total thickness of 0.0015 in. while "AAA" has a thickness of 0.002 in.

Since cost is a vital consideration in the plating of zinc die castings, GM has held a series of joint industry conferences on die casting quality to resolve complaints of increased processing costs due to surface defects in the castings. Two important conclusions came out of these conferences: (1) that die casters recognize the need for smooth castings free from surface defects; and (2) that while the gating of a die must be considered as an art, there is sufficient knowledge of the principles of gating and die casting machine operation and metal control to regard it as fair on the part of the finisher to demand castings with smooth, sound surfaces.

Cleaning of die castings before plating is a basic operation and one of the most difficult to handle. It is GM practice to employ trichlorethylene degreasing as the first operation, using the so-called three-phase degreaser.

In plating they use a standard GM copper strike solution followed by deposits of copper and nickel. To reduce production costs, there is an increasing tendency to use bright copper deposits and bright nickel followed by chromium plate without buffing on either the copper or nickel.

Although there is no altogether satisfactory method for stripping heavy deposits of copper and nickel from die castings, stripping is an essential salvage process and the author recommends the use of sulfuric acid. Stemming from experimental work at Ternstedt they have standardized on a concentration of 50 to 55 per cent, the bath being held at 150 F with a nine volt current supply. The attack on the die casting is not ordinarily excessive.

## Reduction in Discounts on Replacements Parks Unlikely

A check with automobile manufacturers in Detroit has failed to uncover any evidence that a reduction in discounts on replacement parts to dealers is an immediate prospect. In a set of resolutions drawn up by dealers at the NADA convention at Atlantic City in mid-February, it was stated that such

discounts were indicated. All manufacturers stated that there have been minor individual adjustments on specific parts, but these have been so limited in number as to be unimportant and certainly there has been nothing to indicate a trend toward a lower discount on replacement parts.

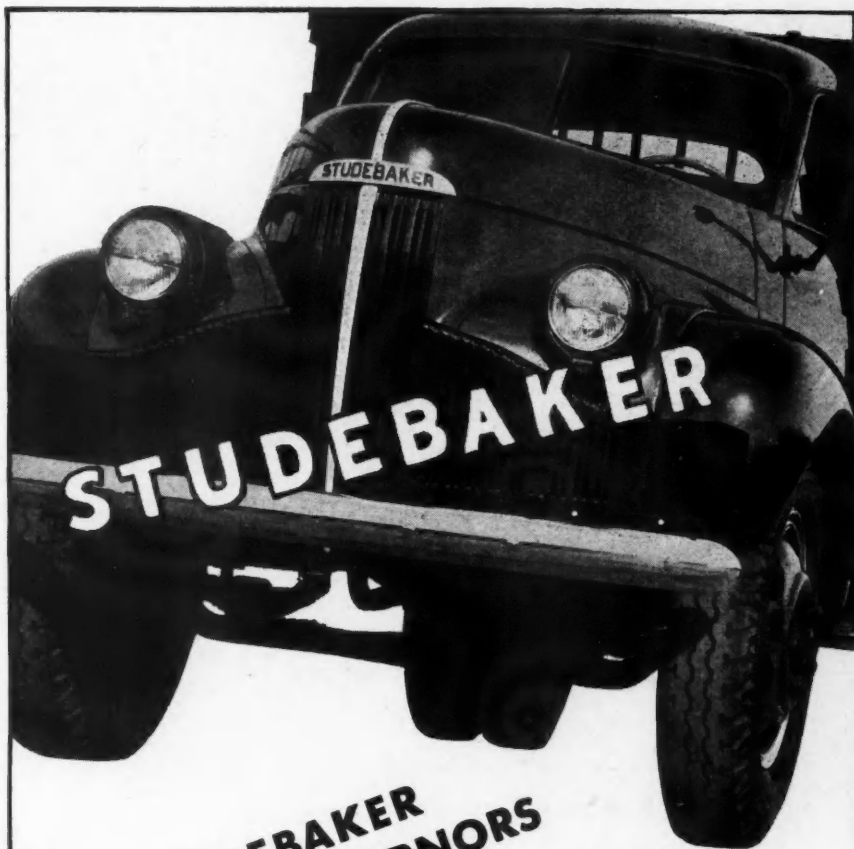
## Gas Turbine Engine to be Tested by Wright on B-17

A new large gas turbine engine which has been developed by Wright Aeronautical is to be tested in a B-17 Flying Fortress. The thrust developed

by this engine on the block is equal to 7,500 hp, and it will be placed in a B-17 nose so that it can be tested alternately with the four reciprocating engines.

## Expansion at Pontiac

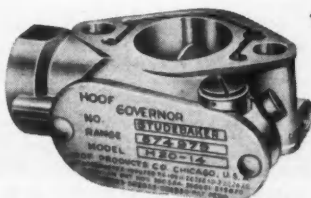
Over a million sq ft will be added eventually to the production area of General Motors' Pontiac Motor Div. The sheet metal, axle, and engine plant departments as well as the foundry are to be enlarged, and this is expected to make possible a 50 per cent increase in production.



## STUDEBAKER uses HOOF GOVERNORS

The Hoof Governor is offered as optional equipment by Studebaker on its heavy-duty model trucks, as it has been on similar models in the past ten years.

Twenty-one American manufacturers of trucks, buses and industrial equipment use Hoof Governors. May we show you why?

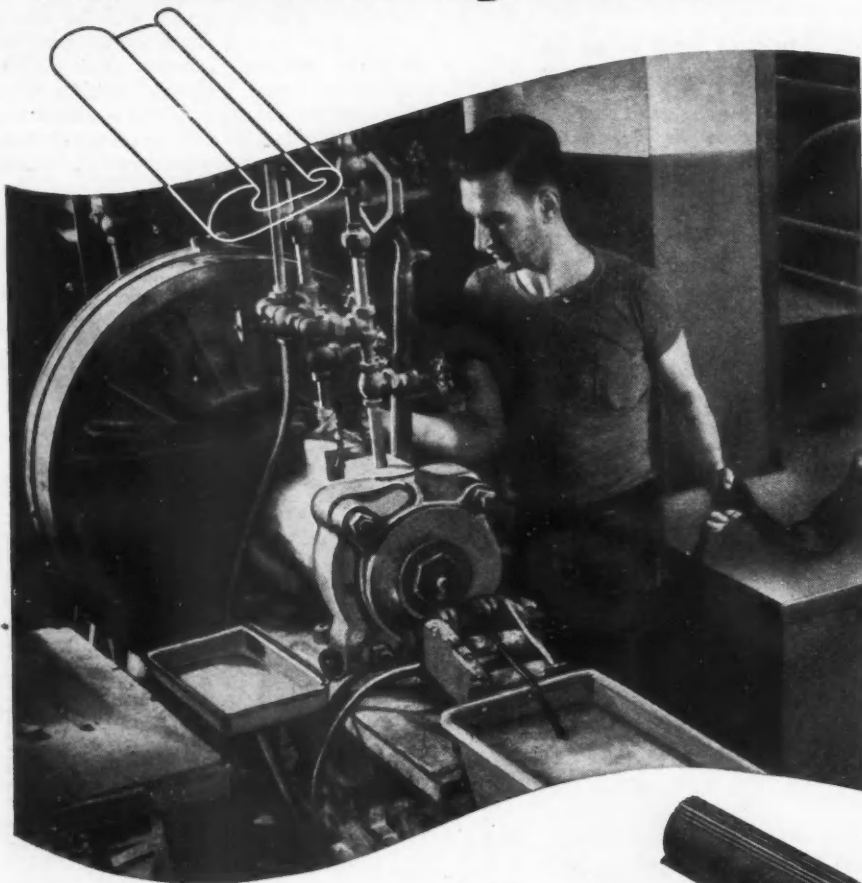


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## BOOKS...

**PRECISION HOLE LOCATION** — by J. Robert Moore. 448 pages, 412 illustrations, published by *The Moore Special Tool Co.*, Bridgeport, Conn. This is the first authoritative book published on this phase of tool-making. It is a comprehensive review of all hole-location practices and their evolution to the point where the toolmaker can now employ engineered methods. This will enable him to apply the principle of interchangeability to his own operations. The book goes into the history of old methods merely as an introduction to a complete explanation of ways and means of applying jig borer and jig grinders successfully to a wide variety of tool, die and production operations demanding precision hole locating and finishing. To any person interested in either the technical or business aspects of better tooling for mass production, this book will prove of practical assistance. It is illustrated with approximately 500 instructional photographs and working drawings. Included as part of the book are 184 pages of Woodward Hole Location Tables for converting holes on circles to rectangular coordinates which will prove of invaluable usefulness to every jig borer or jig grinder operator. These tables are not available elsewhere.

### Differential Wheel Assigns Patents to Timken-Detroit Axle

Patents for a new type of steering dual wheel front axle assembly for trucks have been assigned by Differential Wheel Corp. to Timken-Detroit Axle Co. The steering dual arrangement is said to permit shifting load weight much farther forward than with conventional construction, thus overcoming overall length limitations in effect in many states. It is not known whether or not Timken plans to push development at this time.

### Harry Ferguson to Finance Tractor Bldg. with Stock Issue

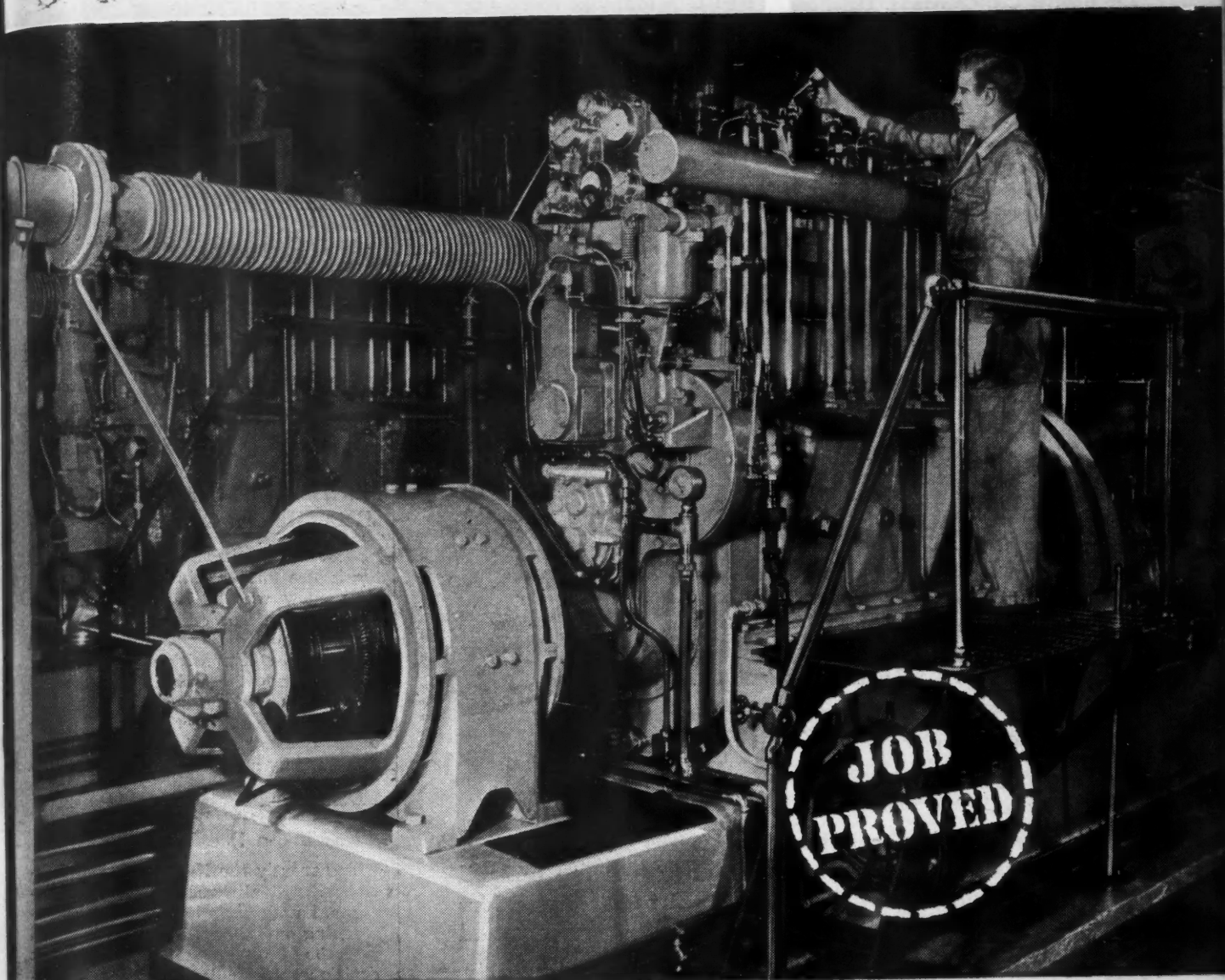
Harry Ferguson, Inc., has announced that it plans to issue a public offering of stock to finance the manufacturing program of the Ferguson tractor. Ferguson currently is acting as distributor for the tractor built by Ford Motor Co., but after next June 30 will build its own tractor. The company plans to issue 100,000 shares of preferred stock and 250,000 shares of common stock. Terms, dividend rate, and offering prices will be announced later.

### Federal Motor Truck Company's Production at All-Time High

Federal Motor Truck Co. produced more than 900 trucks in February, a record for any peacetime month in the company's history. Federal still has over \$20 million worth of orders on its dealers' books with demand reported very heavy. In its report to stockholders, the company said that during the last two months of 1946 it was forced to substitute hand built radiators at a higher cost to keep production moving when its regular supplier was shut down by a strike.



# Two Years Without Repairs, Replacement or Overhaul



## SUN DIESEL LUBRICANT . . .

**Keeps Two Diesels in Perfect Condition and Puts an End to Frequent Overhauls**

A municipal plant which uses two 125-horsepower Diesels for pumping was confronted with a serious lubrication problem. Oil was forming sludge with the result that frequent shutdowns and overhauls were necessary.

**A Sun Engineer** was called in and after careful analysis recommended a Sun "Job Proved" oil specially refined to stand up under the particular operating conditions.

**With Sun oil in the crankcases,** the engines were kept in regular service for more than two years. Sludge disappeared. Oil consumption dropped. Mechanical repairs, replacements and overhauls were reduced to practically nothing. There was no excess carbon formation.

**The ability to solve problems** like this is typical of "Job Proved" products and of Sun Engineers. Wherever you have a tough problem involving petroleum products, whether in power plant, machine shop, mill or factory, call your nearest Sun office or write Department AA3.

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PRODUCTS**



## Gabriel Co. Has License Agreement With Dowty Corp.

In his annual statement to the stockholders, John H. Briggs, president, The Gabriel Co., Cleveland, Ohio, confirmed a recent report that the company had entered into an exclusive license agreement with the Dowty Corp., of Cheltenham, England, for what is claimed to be a revolutionary type of motor vehicle suspension. Although it has been successfully employed in landing gear for military aircraft in England, the automotive application still is in its experimental stage and may take

three years or more for its fruition.

According to a recent report the device presents a special adaptation of what may be termed an oil-filled direct acting shock absorber. While it resembles a hydraulic shock absorber, it differs materially in principle since both impact and rebound are cushioned entirely by the liquid. The principle may be termed "liquid springing."

If and when commercial adaptation has reached a practical stage, four of the liquid spring units would be used per car, to the exclusion of conventional springs and shock absorbers. Because liquid springing would have to

be tailor-fitted to each type of vehicle, it would be available only as original equipment.

The report also confirms the recent acquisition of The Ward Products Div., a well-known producer of radio antennae. This organization has completed work for entrance into FM and Television antennae fields. At present it supplies radio antennae as original equipment to Ford, Hudson, Pontiac, Nash, and Willys.

## Record U. S. Rubber Consumption in 1946

Rubber consumption in the United States last year passed the million ton mark by a margin of more than 34,000 tons, it was disclosed recently in a compilation of final figures on usage.

Consumption figures shattered all previous records. Manufacturers used 1,034,190 tons in 1946, 799,099 tons in 1945, and only 648,500 tons in 1940, the previous record for a full, peacetime year.

## International Car Show Being Held at Geneva

Automobile shows on an international basis are once again being held. The last show was in 1939, and now the Seventeenth International Exposition of Automobiles is being held at the Palais des Expositions at Geneva, Switzerland, from March 13 to 23. Among the 62 automobile makes exhibited, 19 are from the United States, 22 from Great Britain, 13 from France, 6 from Italy and 2 from Czechoslovakia.

## NLRB Decisions Show Trend Away From Pro-Labor Bias

Apparently the National Labor Relations Board also reads the election returns. Lately there has been some backtracking on earlier decisions which held in favor of striking employees. In recent decisions, particularly in the Thompson Products reversal decision, it is held that strikers who participate in unlawful walkouts forfeit their protection under the Wagner Act and can be replaced without violating the Act.

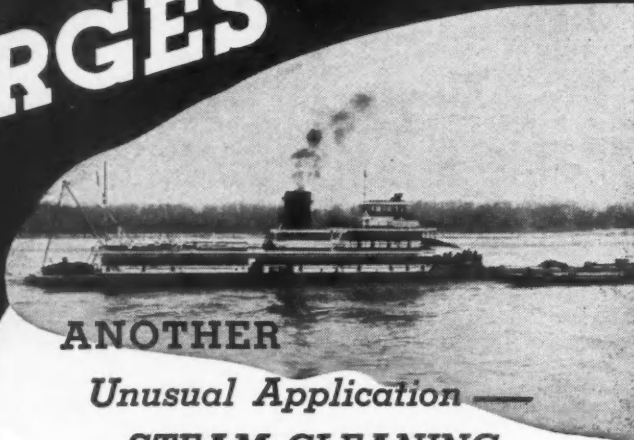
## Automobile Old Timers Form Massachusetts Council

A Massachusetts Council of the Automobile Old Timers, the sixth unit to affiliate with the national organization, has been formed at a recent meeting in New York City. The following officers were elected: George A. Long, honorary president for life; Frank H. Wing, president; Dean A. Fales, vice president; and C. Norman Fay, secretary-treasurer.

## Anthony C. Anderson

Anthony C. Anderson, 63, controller of General Motors Corp., died on Feb. 22, 1947, after an extended illness.

# BARGES



## ANOTHER Unusual Application — STEAM CLEANING BY DETREX

River traffic throughout the United States employs thousands of barges for moving gasoline and oil from port to port. To remove all traces and odors of their former cargoes, barges are steam cleaned with TRIAD GF—a Detrex product.

Detrex products have found a ready market for more common applications, too. TRIAD 66 and TRIAD B eliminate the liming which clogs coils and nozzles of flash boiler-type, steam-cleaning equipment. Water control is built into both "66" and "B", additional water softeners are unnecessary.

Specify TRIAD 66 for paint stripping and for removal of heavy contamination from ferrous metals, TRIAD B for non-ferrous metals.

For information on any Detrex product, call a Detrex representative, or write direct to the address below.

A-152



# DETREX

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## News of the Industry

(Continued from page 172)

tion, but it is understood to be leaning in the direction of affirming these economic issues to be a form of wages and therefore legal subjects for collective bargaining under the Wagner Act. If that view is upheld, it would mean that employers would be required to negotiate on health and welfare, pension, and insurance demands, since to refuse would make them liable to charges of unfair labor practices.

### Investigating Multiple Car Purchases in Detroit

Trafficking in new cars by individuals in Detroit who have by one means or another been able to get delivery of two or more new vehicles is under investigation by the Michigan Secretary of State's office.

Through a check of records maintained by the Detroit Automobile Dealers Association, it was disclosed that more than 600 individuals have purchased more than three new automobiles each. One person is shown to have bought 19 new vehicles, another bought 12, and hundreds of others obtained varying numbers ranging from eight down to three or four. Included among the list were a few individuals operating taxicabs, and a few others who had a legitimate reason for multiple purchases.

Principle interest of the State in the investigation is evasion of sales taxes on new cars which have been resold at a profit, and also as a matter of a State law which considers any person who sells two or more cars a year for profit to be an automobile dealer requiring a license and payment of a \$10 fee. The Federal Internal Revenue Department also is interested in the investigation from the standpoint of whether gains derived from resale of new cars at a profit are reported for tax purposes.

Since many resales were made to friends, it will be difficult to get evidence in most cases that a profit was realized. Also some of the cars were sold out of the State and no record exists of the transfer. However, it is thought that the adverse publicity resulting from publication of names of individuals involved and the threat of State and Federal investigation will slow down somewhat the practice of multiple purchases for resale.

### Pig Iron and Steel Shortage Restricts Car Production

Even though automobile production is running 100,000 cars and trucks a week, material shortages continue to hold the top spot as a possible future obstruction to all-out production. The pig iron scarcity is becoming increasingly serious and copper also is beginning to show signs of causing trouble in

the near future. A report from Washington says that allocation of pig iron by the Government will be discontinued after March 31 for all items except cast iron soil pipe. Such action certainly would be a step in the right direction, but still would pose something of a problem since a large amount of iron could be diverted to the manufacture of soil pipe.

Difficulty in the copper supply situation stems from termination of the Government copper buying program abroad at the end of 1946. It is believed that between 40 and 50 thousand tons of foreign copper contracted for prior to termination of the buying pro-

gram has arrived in this country but it is not yet known whether it will be sold to U. S. manufacturers or put in the national stock pile. Copper shipments in March are expected to approximate 91,000 tons compared with shipments of 143,692 tons in January of which nearly 60,000 tons was foreign copper allotted by the Government. It is believed, however, that manufacturers have enough inventory of copper to carry through March but that they are worried about April when little foreign copper is expected.

Sheet steel still is in short supply but the outlook in that field is hopeful and it is thought that by mid-summer

## CUT MOTOR TEST COSTS THE SAFE WAY

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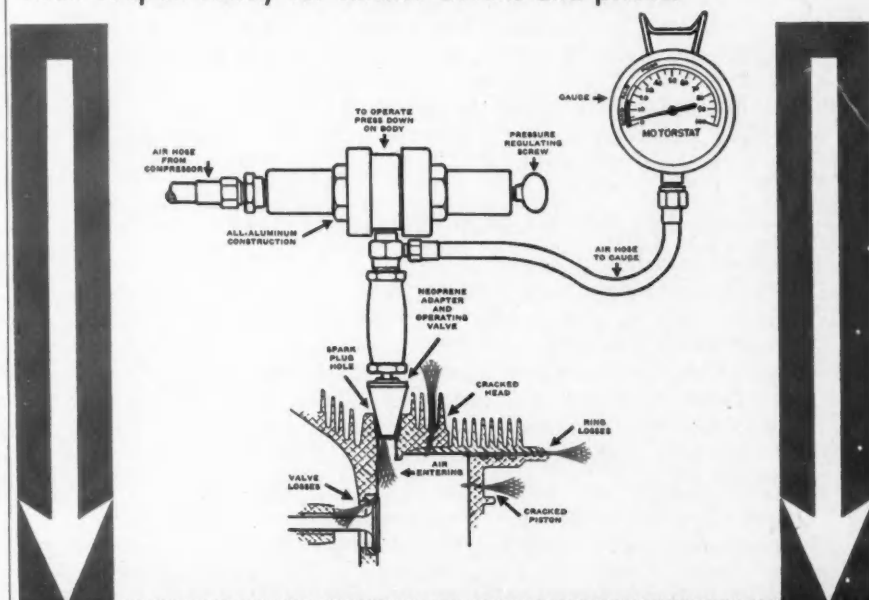
# MOTORSTAT

The MOTORSTAT Engine Condition Testing Gauge is a practical, portable instrument that fills a wide gap between makeshift hand testing and the complex performance testing of an engine by means of a dynamometer.

It takes advantage of the basic function of an engine cylinder and shows up deficiencies inside by introducing a controlled quantity of compressed air via its spark plug hole. It actually measures the leakage of the air past any cylinder part or seal.

Extension adapters can be supplied for use in reaching inaccessible 18 mm. and 14 mm. spark plug holes.

Mail coupon today for further details and prices.



**F. T. GRISWOLD MANUFACTURING CO.**  
305 W. Lancaster Ave., WAYNE, PA.  
Please send descriptive matter and price list of  
The MOTORSTAT Engine Condition Testing Gauge

NAME (please print) .....

ADDRESS .....



adequate supplies will be available. It is estimated that the automotive industry now is getting about 32 per cent of the total sheet and strip output of the country, compared with 37.6 per cent in 1940. As steel production continues to climb the automotive industry's percentage share should likewise increase.

### GM Suggestion Plan Carries War Success into Peacetime

The wartime success of the General Motors suggestion plan has been carried forward into peacetime. Approximately

\$3 million in awards have been made from the inception of the plan in 1942 through 1945. The improvement of quality or quantity of production; the saving of material or labor costs; and the promotion of safety or health conditions are all potential suggestion areas. Non-supervisory employees who submit acceptable suggestions are awarded U. S. Savings Bonds or stamps in five classes ranging in values from \$7.50 to a maximum of a \$1000 bond.

During the actual operating period of 1946, 28,457 suggestions were submitted, 25,927 were reviewed and of these, 7,024 were accepted. Awards of \$233,040.95 were made to 6,710 of

those whose suggestions were accepted. For twenty imaginative workers whose horizons extended beyond their immediate jobs, twenty \$1000 bonds were awarded for outstanding suggestions.

### Tucker Gets Extension of Time to Complete Financing

The Tucker Corp. has announced that it has obtained from the War Assets Administration an extension to July 1 of its interim contract to lease the huge Dodge Chicago plant for manufacture of the Tucker automobile. The 120-day extension was agreed upon to give WAA time to dispose of surplus machinery and to allow Tucker to complete a financing program. Under the original letter of intent last year, WAA gave Tucker until March 1 of this year to show that it had at least \$15 million of working capital. However, the wrangle between WAA and FHA over jurisdiction of the plant lease delayed organization plans. It now is understood that Tucker is planning a stock issue of 4 million shares of common stock to be offered to the public at \$5 a share, and that additional financing is to come from sale of dealer franchises.

### AMA Fact Book Ready To Come Off Press Soon

The 1947 edition of Automobile Facts and Figures, compilation of statistical data of interest to the automotive industry published by Automobile Manufacturers Association, is expected to be off the press in late March or early April. The new edition is said to include considerable new information not found in previous numbers. Much data not available in war time editions of Facts and Figures will appear for the first time. The new edition of Motor Truck Facts dealing with information to the trucking industry also will appear at about the same time.

### Consolidated-Vultee Has Large Order Backlog of Convair-240's

More than 150 Convair-240's have been ordered according to the Consolidated-Vultee's annual report which was recently issued. Four domestic and three foreign airlines have placed orders for the Convair which is a twin-engine, 300-mph commercial transport fitted with an air-conditioned pressurized cabin and accommodating 40 passengers.

### Last Legislative Bar Removed From Two-Deck Haulaway Path

With the signing of a legislative act in West Virginia last month, all states in the Union now permit the use of double deck automotive haulaway trailers. The West Virginia law legalizes the use of such trailer units and removes the last barrier in the U. S. to their use.

**6 out of 9\***

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CLEANING MATERIALS**



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No matter what product you produce, it'll pay you to investigate Oakite materials for your descaling, degreasing, surface conditioning, paint-stripping and related procedures. These Oakite compounds include alkaline, solvent and acidic type materials designed to give you more cleaning work in less time for less money—savings sure to justify plant-wide standardization of Oakite cleaning materials and techniques.

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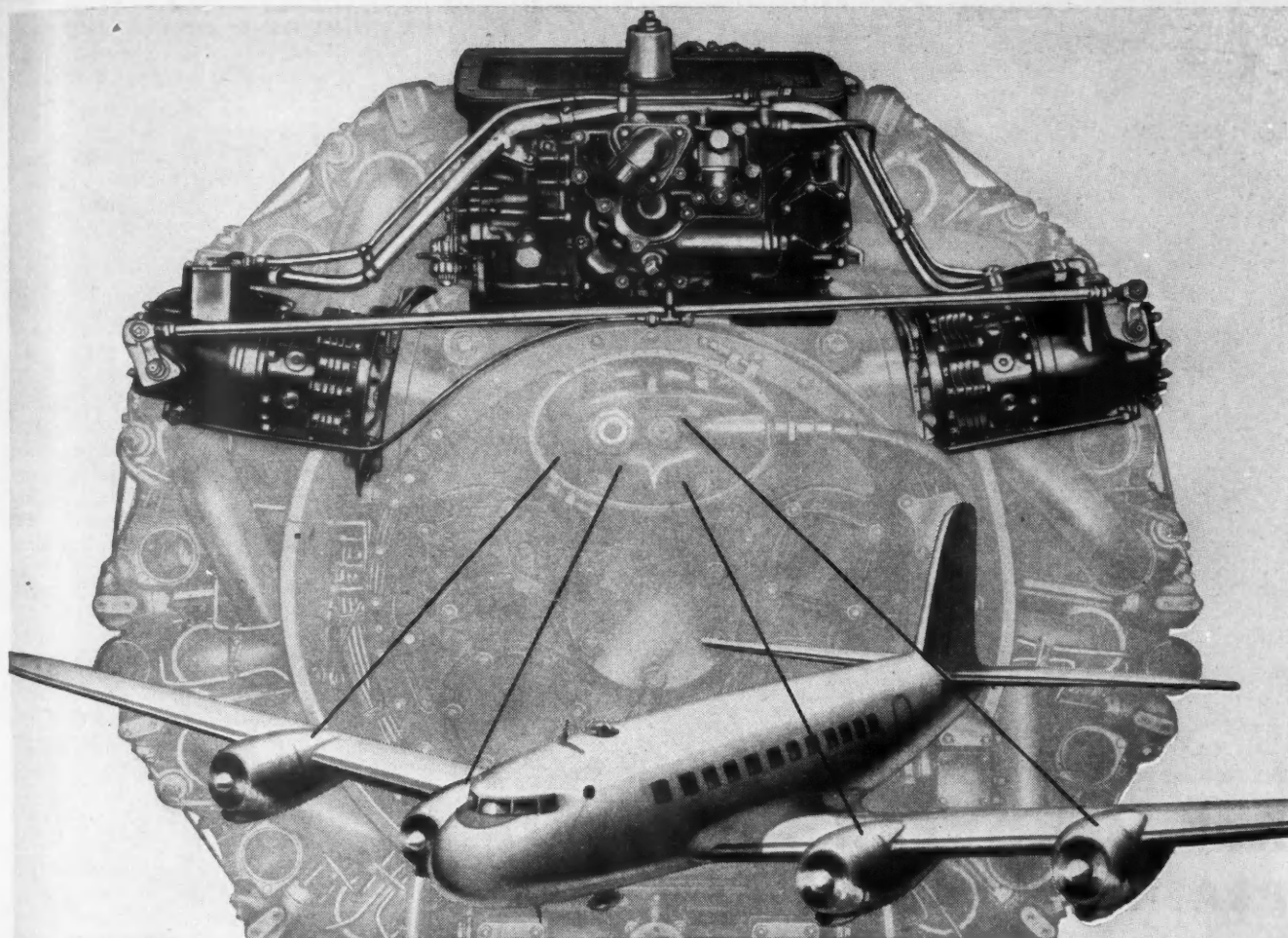
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# Bendix Direct Fuel Injection

**CUTS COSTS—ADDS PAYLOAD—ADDS CRUISING RANGE**

The Bendix\* Fuel Injection System adds so much to comfort, safety, and operating efficiency that it merits the attention of every airline executive.

Engines start more quickly, with less back-firing and shorter warm-ups. Each cylinder receives the precise fuel charge, and there is no manifold condensation. Intake passages carry air only, greatly reducing fire hazards. Since the fuel is vaporized within the cylinder there is no "refrigeration" of intake manifold or carburetor, and consequently no icing from fuel vaporization. Fuel distribution is exactly equalized between

cylinders, permitting leaner mixtures and major savings in fuel. Precision-controlled fuel distribution also means smoother operation, longer engine life, and less noise and vibration to annoy passengers. Altitude performance is improved, with more engine power and better acceleration. Engine stalls or faltering due to fuel feed failure are eliminated because fuel feed is unaffected by gravity or inertia effects in climbs, banks or dives.

Performance records, as shown below, make it clear that this Bendix development is one of the most important aviation advancements in years.

*Bendix Products Division, Bendix Aviation Corporation, South Bend 20, Ind.*

## AIRLINES REPORT . . .

. . . Estimates of fuel savings reach 6 per cent—increased payload of 900 pounds!

. . . Increased cruising speed of 20 M.P.H.  
. . . Less vibration and noise.

. . . Smoother engine operation, lowered engine maintenance costs!

. . . More engine power and acceleration, and improved altitude performance!



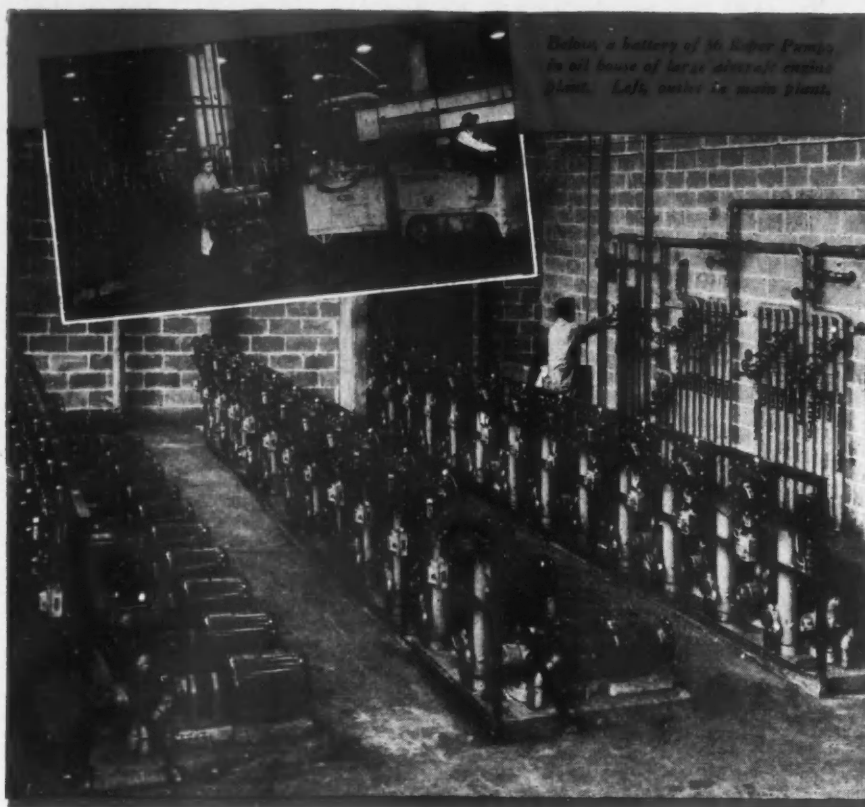
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March 15, 1947

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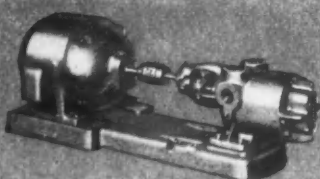




Below, a battery of 36 Roper Pumps in oil house of large aircraft engine plant. Left, outlet to main plant.

## HOW A MODERN INDUSTRIAL PLANT SAVES TIME AND LABOR

*with* **ROPER PUMPS**



### JOB FACTS

Thirty-six Roper Fig. 26-F-20 rotary pumps, each individually powered by a 3 H.P. motor, are used in the oil house. Automatic pressure switches maintain a pressure of 40 lbs. in the lines. These pumps have a rated capacity of 20 g.p.m. Each Roper Pump is equipped with deep packing box, equal sized spiral gears, a flexible slider coupling drive, and flanged bronze bearings which support gears at both ends. Internal parts can be inspected or replaced quickly and easily without disturbing piping or mountings.

The big bank of Roper Pumps, shown above, are located in the oil house to speed handling of cutting oils, solvents, coolants, hydraulic and hot engine oils, and other liquids. From storage tanks direct to outlet stations, through overhead and underground pipes, they quickly dispatch the various liquids to test rooms and machining and assembly floors where convenient filling station outlets are situated. The nearest station is 1500 feet and the farthest is 5500 feet from the oil house. *Thus Roper Pumps help to save time and manpower* by eliminating inter-plant delays and inconveniences that would otherwise be associated with transporting large volumes of oils, solvents, etc.



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603 Blackhawk Park Avenue, Rockford, Illinois

PUMPS ESPECIALLY ENGINEERED TO FIT YOUR REQUIREMENTS



## Publications Available

(Continued from page 176)

Solvents, presents in detail the important properties, specifications, uses and constant boiling mixtures of nine glycol-ethers. In chart form it gives information on physical constants, comparative evaporation rates, various solubilities, etc.

### 71—Plastics Bulletin

E. I. duPont de Nemours & Co., Inc., Plastics Dept.—An attractive color-illustrated publication, The Plastics Bulletin, describing new developments and applications in plastics produced by duPont is available. It gives thorough coverage of origination, new developments and improvements of duPont plastics and provides complete descriptions and illustrations of interesting finished products manufactured by customer companies.

### 72—FWD M Series Trucks

The Four Wheel Drive Auto Co.—Bulletin No. 461 describes and illustrates ten and twelve ton FWD trucks, built for heavy duty service.

### 73—Oil Purification

The Texas Co.—The January issue of Lubrication contains an interesting article entitled Oil Purification, Filtration and Reclamation. Sectional views of various types of purifiers, filters, etc. are included. The center spread in the booklet is devoted to drawings showing typical lubricating oil reconditioning systems.

### 74—Air Filters

American Air Filter Co.—A new 23-page booklet discusses various types of industrial dust problems and typical applications of AAF air filters. A chart of size and characteristics of air-borne solids and sections dealing with atmospheric dust, industrial air conditioning, ventilation, drying operations, product finishing, etc. is included.

### 75—Industrial Wire Cloth

Michigan Wire Cloth Co.—A new catalog contains complete specification tables of industrial wire cloth. One section is devoted to general information, terminology and technical data. A tabulation of characteristics of metal filter cloth is included and a guide or check list covering strainer design.

### Advertising Notes

The Tucker Corp., Chicago, has announced the appointment of Roy S. Durstine, Inc., as the advertising agency for the new Tucker automobile.

The Midget Motor Car Mfg. Corp., Buffalo, N. Y., has appointed Greenfield-Lippman Advertising, Buffalo, as its advertising agency.



Less "dead"  
metal...  
More "live"  
profits!



# ... with PERMITE Permanent Mold ALUMINUM ALLOY CASTINGS

There's less "dead" metal to remove when aluminum alloy castings are made by the Permitem permanent mold process. Precision tolerances as close as  $\pm .010$ " provide consistent uniformity in duplication of design and freedom from dimensional variations.

As a result, machining operations are speeded up. You save time, labor and money . . . get faster, lower-cost production, higher profits.

Other profitable savings are possible, too, thru the greater

tensile strength of Permitem Permanent Mold Castings, which often permits thinner cross-sections and a resulting reduction in the weight and cost of your castings.

Permitem Engineers and Foundrymen place at your service their twenty-seven years of experience in working with aluminum alloys. Let them show you how Permitem

Permanent Mold Castings can save you money. Submit your blueprints and specifications, without obligation.



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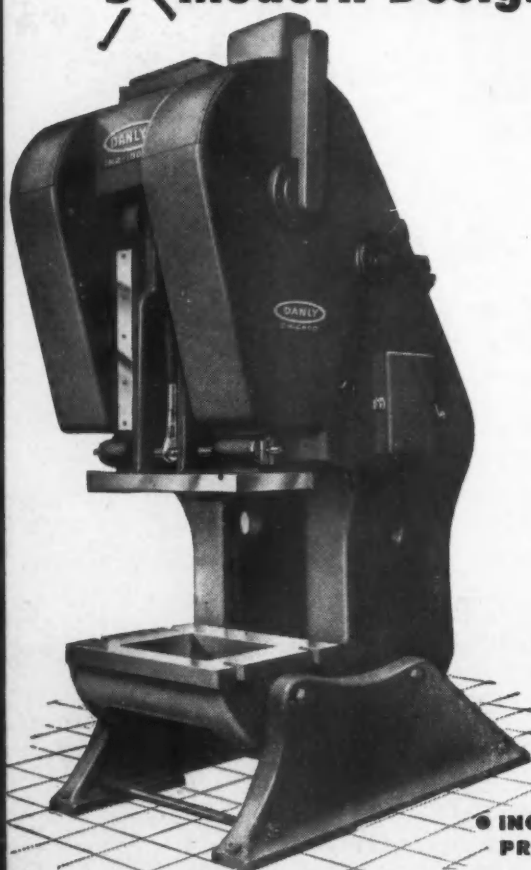
DETROIT: 809 New Center Building. NEW YORK: 9 Rockefeller Plaza. CHICAGO: 64 E. Jackson Boulevard. ATLANTA: 412 Grant Building

ALUMINUM PERMANENT MOLD, SAND and DIE CASTINGS...HARDENED, GROUND and FORGED STEEL PARTS



# DANLY PRESSES

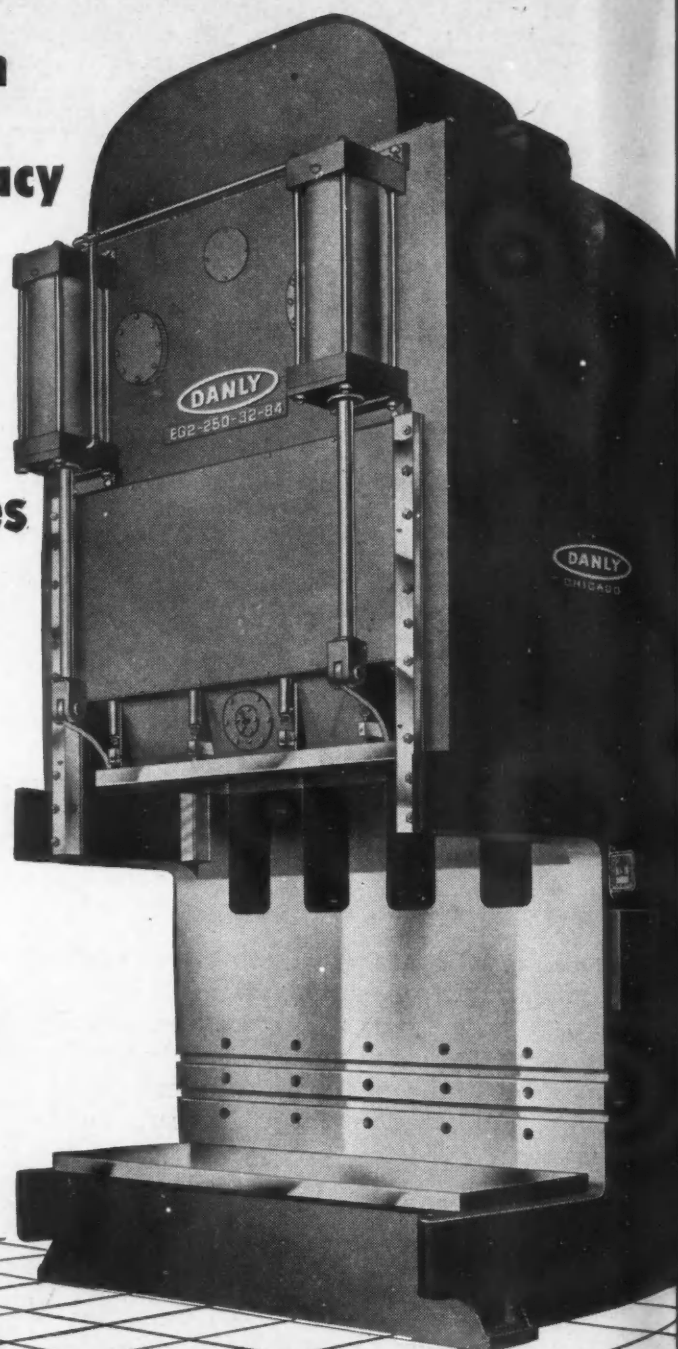
- 1 < Rugged Construction
- 2 < Mechanical Accuracy
- 3 < Pressure Lubrication
- 4 < Air-Friction Clutch
- 5 < Modern Design Features



• INCLINABLE PRESS

This 100-ton, eccentric gear, Inclinable Press, has a unit frame of rugged one-piece all-steel construction. Extra long gibs and two suspension points—insure even pressure along the full length of the stroke, make for accurate alignment on large or progressive dies.

This press has an 8" stroke—operates 40 strokes per minute. Adjustment of slide—4" by hand. Bed area is 31" x 40"—designed to be equipped with air cushion if desired. Pivot point is so arranged that the center of the bed is not elevated when press is inclined. Distance floor to bed—33". Shut Height—19".



• GAP-FRAME PRESS

The 250-ton, 2-Point Eccentric Gear Gap-Frame Press, shown above is of all steel Danlyweld construction. Intermediate continuous structural members extend up through the back of the frame reducing deflection throughout the entire length of the bed. Gearing and driving members are completely enclosed within the frame.

This press has a 14" stroke—operates at 20 strokes per minute. Bed area is 32" x 84". Shut height—54".

.THE PRESS for MODERN PRODUCTION.

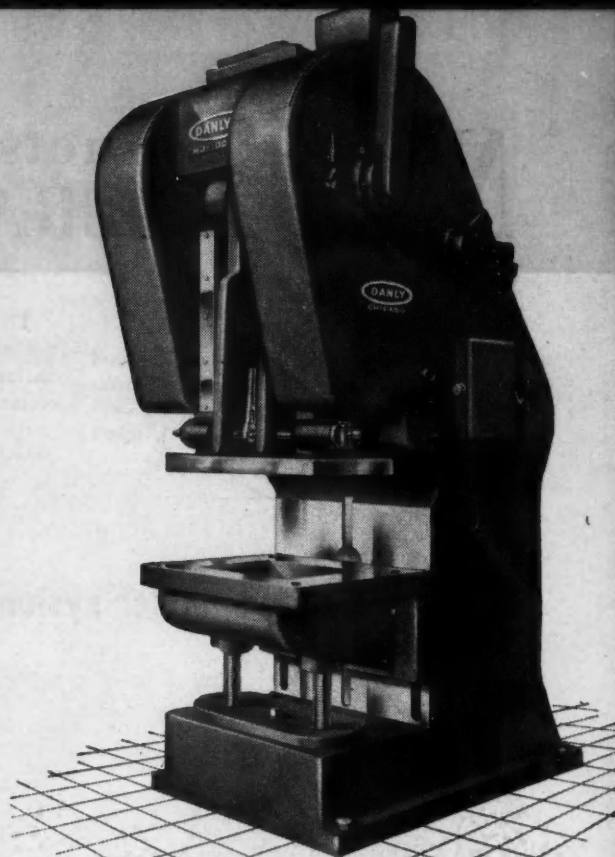




#### ● 4-POINT STRAIGHT-SIDE PRESS

Compact, enclosed construction keynotes the design of the 300-ton Straight-Side Press, shown above. Gears and driving members are completely enclosed within the frame.

This press has eccentrics cut on the four main gears and 4 Suspension Points—Extra Long Gibs. Bed area is 58" x 96". Stroke is 18"—Double geared to operate at 18 strokes per minute. Adjustments of Slide—12". Shut height—54". Air-Friction Clutch, Electric Stroke Indicator, and Push-Button Control—Motor Adjustment of Slide, are standard equipment on this model.



#### ● HORNING PRESS

The 100-ton Eccentric Gear, Horning Press, shown above, has a one-piece all-steel frame. Extra-long gibs and 2 suspension points—unusual features in a press of this type and size, make for accurate alignment on large or progressive dies.

This press has an 8" stroke—operates at 40 strokes per minute. Adjustment of slide—4", by hand. Shut height with knee adjustment down, slide adjustment up—20"; adjustment of knee—10". Shut height with knee removed—39".

## DANLY MACHINE SPECIALTIES INC.

2100 SOUTH 52nd AVENUE  
CHICAGO 50, ILLINOIS



# NEW Products for AIRCRAFT

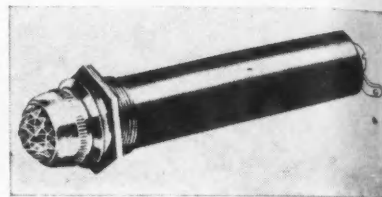
## Flashing Signal Panel Lamp

A new type flashing signal panel lamp for warning signals, the "Blink-O-Light," has been brought out by Jersey Technical Enterprises, 45 Clinton St., Newark 2, N. J.

This device is a single-unit assembly designed especially for aircraft application. While it contains all of the elements necessary, including the automatic flashing mechanism, its length is only slightly over 3½ in. It has a

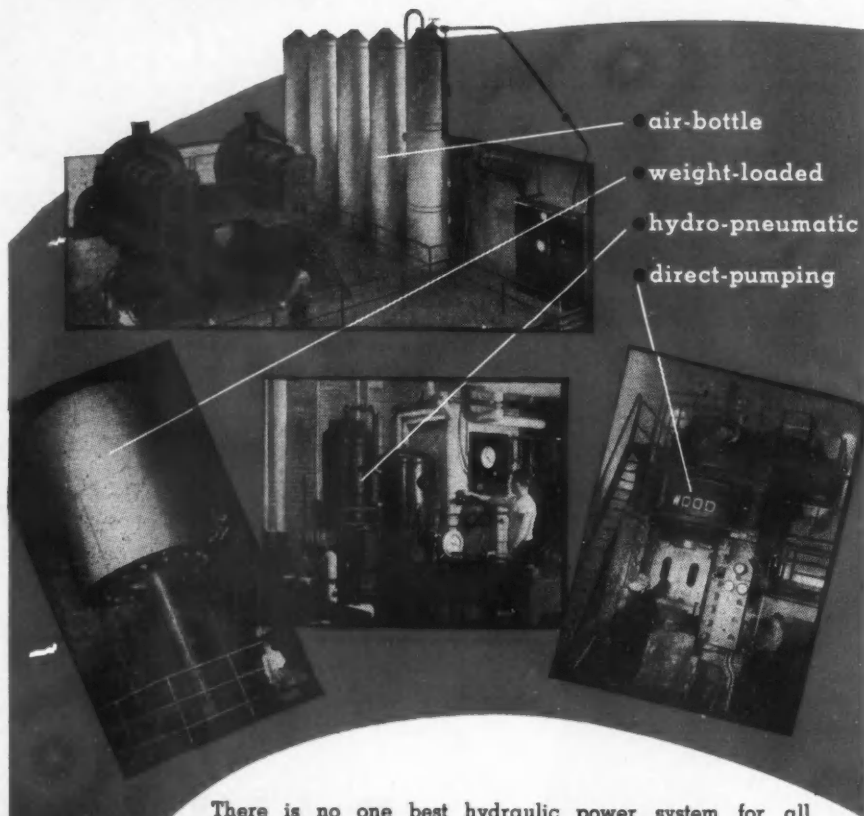
maximum diameter of ¾ in. and weighs only 1¼ oz. It requires one 11/16 in. diameter hole for mounting and a single terminal connection. When mounted it does not require any more space on the front of the panel than the ordinary panel lamp. Standard lamp bulbs are used and are readily accessible.

This attention-arresting flashing signal can be used to most advantage in conjunction with any condition responsive switch for warning of abnormal or dangerous conditions of tempera-



*Blink-O-Light*

## which hydraulic power system is best for you?



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ture, pressure, liquid level, etc. Standard models are available for 6, 12, and 28 volts and can also be adapted for 115 V alternating current. These units can be arranged with "push to test" buttons for operation checking.

## Airplane Reading Lamp

Newest thing in lamps is a small, light-weight, reflectorized airplane reading lamp, a peace-time version of the war-time gunsight lamp, just introduced as the G-E 1385 by the General Electric Lamp Department, Nela Park, Cleveland, Ohio. It will be first used in the Boeing Stratocruiser, the postwar "Big Brother" of the B-29 Superfortress.

For practically the same wattage as lamps previously used as aircraft reading lamps, the new 20-watt lamp is said to provide almost ten times the illumination over the reading area. The majority of the light is confined to a 20-in. diameter area three ft. from the lamp and although it avoids a sharp cut off of the beam, the light tapers off rapidly around the edge. This gives light enough to allow one passenger to read without disturbing other passengers. Because the lamp is recessed into the ceiling or above the window, the lighted lamp avoids glare in the eyes of other passengers seated behind the passenger who is using the light.

The lamp operates on 28 volts and has a maximum outside length of 2½ in. Its rated life is 300 hours.

## Special Electrical Actuator

Manufacturers of equipment on which actuating devices are required will be interested in an actuator developed by the Electrical Engineering and Manufacturing Corp., 4606 W. Jefferson Blvd., Los Angeles.

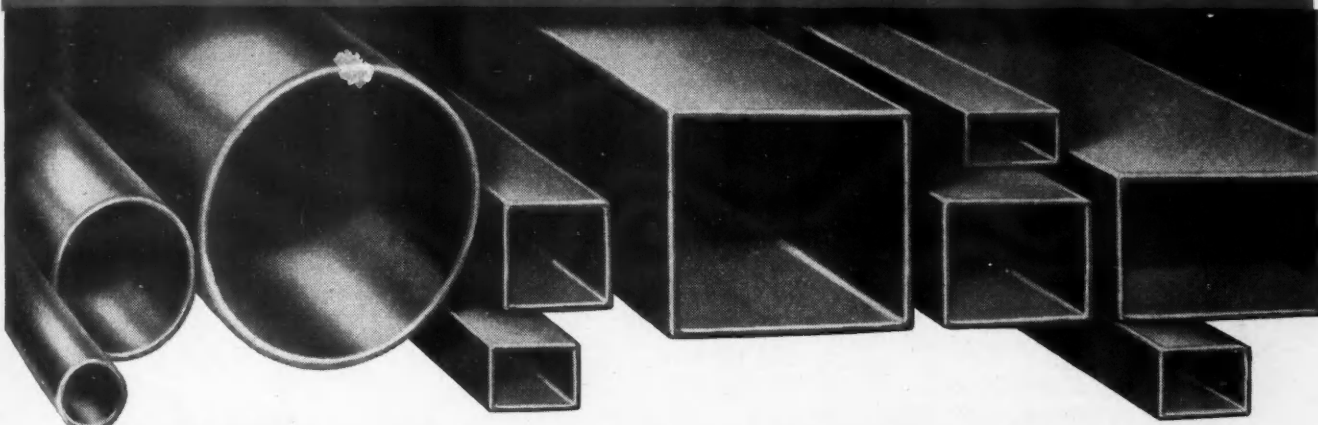
The actuator, a rotary type, is found on a new military aircraft that is still on the secret list. The unit operates the camera hatch doors, providing al-

(Turn to page 204, please)



# Michigan WELDED STEEL TUBING

*The Modern Electric Resistance Welded Steel Tube*



**ROUND ★ SQUARE ★ RECTANGULAR**

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9 to 22 gauge**

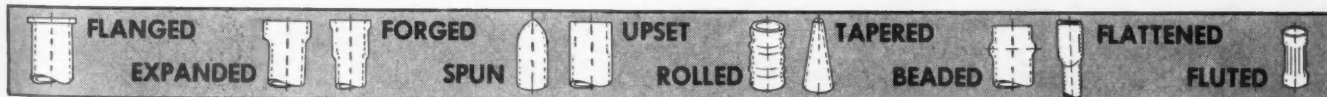
**1/2" to 2" 20 gauge  
1" to 2 3/4" 14, 16, 18 gauge**

**and SPECIAL SHAPES**

Michigan Welded Steel Tubing is available in sizes and shapes that make it readily usable in the production of a wide variety of parts.

Whether you form and machine the parts in

your plant or order them prefabricated by Michigan, you will find this tubing exceptionally uniform in structure and adapted to reworking by any production process. Michigan welded tubing can be:



*Engineering advice and technical help in the selection of tubing best suited to your needs. Address your inquiries to:*

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March 15, 1947

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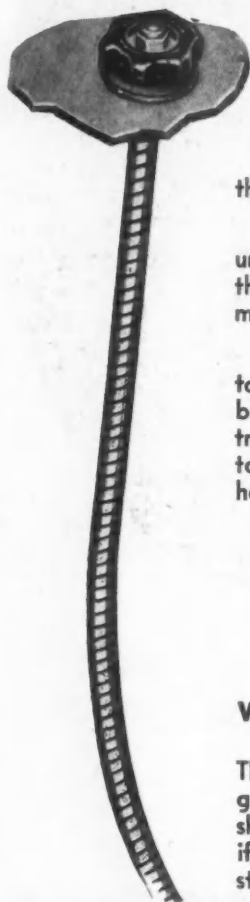




Photo courtesy of  
Consolidated Vultee Aircraft Corp.  
San Diego, Calif.

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**.. are the REINS to 18,000 HP.  
in the world's biggest bomber**



From a little control knob on the pilot's pedestal, the speed of the six engines that power the giant Consolidated Vultee B-36 bomber, can be regulated at will.

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Important jobs like this in aircraft are "old-stuff" to S.S.White remote control shafts. They have long been serving a variety of applications including control of radio and direction finding equipment, trim tabs, gyro pilots, variable pitch propellers, etc. And here are the main reasons why they are favored.

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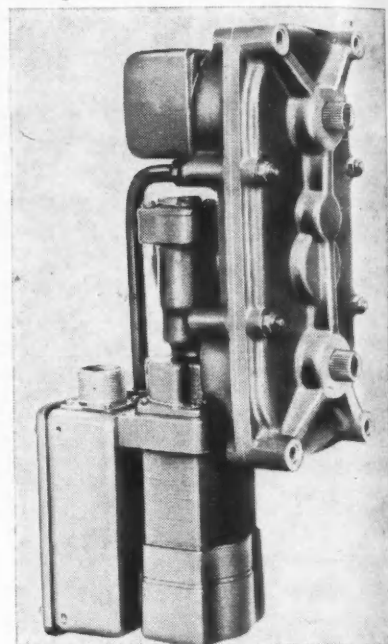


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most instantaneous opening and closing. This is achieved through development of torque of 275 lb.-in. on each of two shafts in a one second operating cycle by a motor with a peak load output of only .55 hp.

Extreme compactness, close integration of components, and minimum weight were dictated by the aircraft application. The unit includes a 28-volt d-c motor, magnetic clutch and brake, travel limit switches, and radio



**Actuator manufactured by Electrical Engineering and Manufacturing Corp.**

noise interference filter. Housings are magnesium castings. Total weight is 7 1/4 lb. Overall length is 13 in. with maximum height of 6 5/16 in.

### Propeller De-Icing System

A propeller de-icing system which is said to remove ice for an unlimited time under the most severe weather conditions has been announced by Hamilton Standard Propellers, division United Aircraft Corp. The system utilizes electrical heat and the propeller's centrifugal force to remove ice formations.

Hamilton Standard's new electrical de-icing system is used internally with the hollow steel blade and externally with duralumin blades. The hollow steel blade is de-iced by current applied to special alloy heater wires cemented to the inside surface of the blade's leading edge.

For duralumin blades the heating element consists of three layers of different rubber types mounted externally on the leading edge. The middle layer of conductive rubber by its electrical resistance supplies the heat, the inner layer is selected for good cementing and thermal insulation characteristics, and the outer layer is selected for its resistance to weathering. (Turn to page 206, please)





# Signal Performance

# LONG

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Long clutches have easy, positive action and high torque capacity. Since 1922, they have been standard equipment on millions of cars, trucks, buses, and tractors.

**LONG MANUFACTURING DIVISION**  
**BORG-WARNER CORPORATION**  
Detroit 12, and Windsor



lected for smooth finish and high erosion resistance. Total thickness of the pad is approximately 1/10 in.

In both blade installations, the heated section covers approximately 75 per cent of the blade length and 20 per cent of the width extending from the leading edge.

Electric current for de-icing is derived from the airplane battery and generator and carried to the propeller by a slip-ring and brush system. Wires conduct the current to the heating elements on the blades.

The power supply is controlled by a timing device mounted in the airplane which "cycles" current to each

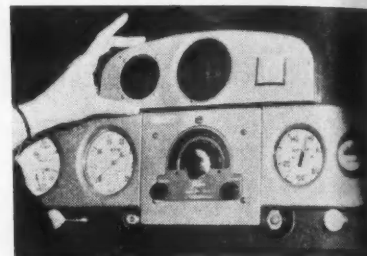
propeller in turn, thus minimizing the load on the airplane's electrical system. In this way, heat can be applied to each propeller for a 20-sec. interval and shut off for 60 sec. under icing conditions at moderate air temperatures.

To cope with icing at very low temperatures, a double-throw switch in the cockpit permits the pilot to select a second cycle of 60 sec. operation and 180 sec. "off." The timer can also be internally adjusted to meet varying time requirements for conditions prevailing on the routes of a particular airline.

## Stall Warning Indicator

An aircraft instrument that is said to prevent the possibility of a pilot inadvertently stalling his plane is manufactured by the Safe Flight Instrument Corp., White Plains, N. Y.

The warning device which is mounted on the instrument panel is actuated by a small tab of metal or "vane" protruding through the leading edge of the wing. Its operation is based on the aerodynamic fact that a wing



Safe Flight stall warning indicator

cuts the air so that part of the air passes above the wing and the other part passes below. This point of division in normal flight is just below the extreme forward part of the leading edge. The vane of the Safe Flight Indicator is located in such a way that, in normal flight, the flow keeps an electric circuit open.

As the wing approaches the stall, however, the division point on the wing moves downward below the vane, causing the vane to flip up. This closes the electric circuit and actuates the light and horn in the cabin. Even if the pilot is wearing earphones, he will not fail to notice the warning since the signal will also be picked up by the radio.

The installation for any given airplane is so adjusted that the warning of an impending stall goes off at a point approximately 10 per cent above the critical speed at which the plane might stall or spin.

## New Magnetic Alloy

A new 35 per cent cobalt—64 per cent iron—1 per cent chromium alloy that carries more magnetism than any other alloy practical for use in motors and generators and is tough enough to withstand intense vibration has been developed by the Westinghouse Research Laboratories. The new alloy, "Hiperco" is said to make possible compact electric motors and generators an estimated 10 per cent smaller and lighter than those of equal power now built for aircraft. This is so, because the high magnetic saturation point of Hiperco will permit the design of motors with less metal for the same power, or more power from the same amount of metal.

The combination of 35 per cent cobalt with iron gives the highest magnetic saturation point of any known metallic material, and the 1 per cent chromium is added to make the alloy workable.



When production, engineering and purchasing men discuss brake lining, it's only natural that Grizzly is brought into the conversation. Grizzly's position as one of the largest, most dependable brake lining manufacturers plus its enviable record of producing fine brake

lining for both automotive and industrial fields for over 30 years, merit the projection of Grizzly into any brake lining discussion.

The next time brake lining or brake lining problems enter your job, consult Grizzly. Grizzly's research, engineering and manufacturing experiences can be of real assistance to you.



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TRIES

# SHULER AXLES

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below, we invite your correspondence. Shuler maintains an experienced engineering staff, and complete die, forge and machine shops. We have the facilities and the *will* to serve you promptly and well. Drop us a line today.

## COMMERCIAL TRAILER AXLES—One-Piece Tubular or Square

*Capacities in one-piece tubular:* 8,000, 11,000, 13,000, 17,000, 18,000 and 25,000 lbs.

*Capacities in one-piece square:* 7,500, 10,000, 12,000, 15,000, 18,000, and 25,000 lbs.

*Track Sizes:* Standard and special track sizes available in all models.

*Brake Sizes:* 4", 5", 6", 7", and 8" — Air or Vacuum.

*Hubs:* for all sizes of Budd 6 and 10 Stud, Chevrolet, Ford or Motor Wheels. Axles provided for Dayton and Erie Cast Wheels. All sizes of axles available for Tandem Units.

*Special West Coast Axles* (engineered and developed for West Coast applications).

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*Capacities:* 11,000, 13,000, 16,000, 18,000 and 25,000 lbs. per axle. *Brake Sizes:* 12-1/4 x 5 for 15" wheels.

*Hubs:* for 5 and 6 Stud Budd or Motor Wheels. Axles provided for Dayton and Erie Cast Wheels.

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# New Setup for

By Leonard Westrate

## Patent Cross-Licensing

**T**HE Automobile Manufacturers Association currently is setting up the twelfth extension of its famous Patents Cross-Licensing Agreement under which all automotive manufac-

turers signing the agreement authorize AMA to grant licenses to any vehicle manufacturer who will enter the agreement. Historically, the arrangement goes back to 1915 when the

first agreement was entered into for a 10-year period. In 1925, it was extended five years, but did not include new patents to be acquired during that time. The agreement was extended again in 1930 to cover patents in the 1925-1930 period, was again extended for five years in 1935, and subsequently for varying periods for six months to one year to cover the period through December, 1946. However, none of the extensions covered patents beyond 1930.

The new agreement now being completed, which runs to Jan. 1, 1952, will cover patents issued prior to Jan. 1, 1940. In reality, only patents covered in the agreement will be those issued between 1930 and 1940, since patent rights expire after 17 years and any issued prior to 1930 already have expired. Actually, since it takes about three years to obtain a patent, inventions covered by the agreement probably would include those developed from 1927 to 1937.

In essence, the Cross-Licensing Agreement, while it enables each signatory to retain ownership of his patents, authorizes AMA to license any other signer to make, use, sell, and have made without royalty payment any or all of the patents under the agreement. In general, patents covered by the agreement include any device used in, or in connection with, motor vehicles or in connection with their manufacture. Excluded are patents issued after Jan. 1, 1940, other specified classes of patents which are of particular use in adapting such vehicles as trucks, buses, and tractors to special uses and those which are not generally applicable or useful to any type of vehicle used for private passenger use.

All esthetic design (or style) inventions also are not covered. However, it is mandatory for signers of the agreement to make available all of their patents that qualify for cross-licensing under the agreement. In addition, there is nothing to prohibit individual manufacturers to license other vehicle builders to use patents not covered in the cross licensing agreement.

It is acknowledged by all manufacturers that any one company that has expended considerable money for research and development of a new product is entitled to any sales advantage that accrues from exclusive ownership. That is why the present agreement covers patents only up to Jan. 1, 1940. It is felt that any exclusive patents held up to that time have since been capitalized on sufficiently to warrant

(Turn to page 210, please)

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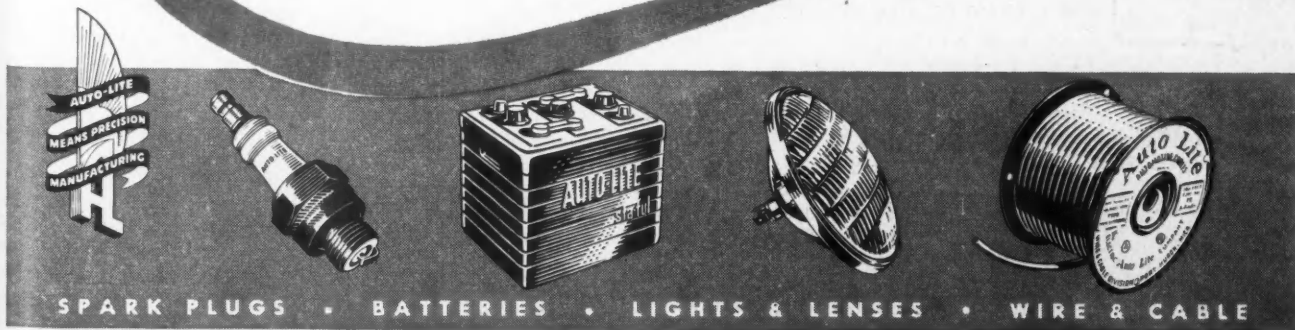
● It is the proved performance of Auto-Lite electrical systems on the highways which has made Auto-Lite the world's largest independent manufacturer of automotive electrical equipment. The Auto-Lite reputation for quality and reliability for more than 36 years has made Auto-Lite products original factory equipment on many of America's finest cars, trucks and tractors . . . Money cannot buy better electrical systems.

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# Eats DUST and FUMES From YOUR production



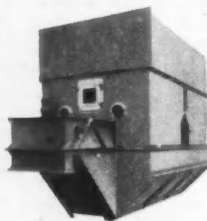
## Schmieg CENTRI-MERGE DUST and FUME Eliminator

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● **COLLECTS**  
—at point of origination.

● **CLEANS**  
—by high pressure water action.

● **DISPOSES**  
—by mechanical conveyor in the form of sludge.



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Picked up at the point of origination—BEFORE any damage can be done—dust and fumes ride an air stream through the ducts to the Collection Unit. Here CENTRI-MERGE goes into action—washing—scrubbing—pounding out the dust and dirt in a tornado of cleansing water. Dust particles are deposited—under water—in a sludge tank at base of Unit.

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their licensing to the industry in general. The reserving of newest inventions for sales promotion advantage stimulates development. It also overcomes the possibility of objections from stockholders who might raise a serious question if a heavy expenditure were made for a new development and the fruits of the company's expense and effort were to be made immediately available to competitors without first enjoying the advantage of exclusive ownership for a reasonable period.

Participation in the Cross-Licensing Agreement is entirely voluntary and even companies with no patents are eligible to membership. Previously only two major automobile manufacturers, Packard and Ford, have remained outside the agreement. Packard has owned many patents and has been very generous in licensing other manufacturers to use them at a nominal charge. Ford traditionally has been opposed to making a charge for use of his patents and has been quite liberal in allowing competitors to use certain of his patents without cost. There is no indication as yet as to whether Packard and Ford will come into the agreement, but it is thought that they likely may do so, if not now, at a later date. Kaiser-Frazer Corp. also is understood to be ready to participate. Although a new company, it probably has some Graham-Paige patents acquired through taking over G-P automotive assets recently.

It will not be known for some time yet what new inventions will be included in the present extension of the agreement, since participants have until May 1 to sign up and list their patents.

### New 3500 Hp Rolls-Royce Engine Has Sleeve Valves

Rolls-Royce Ltd., Great Britain, has announced details of its new 3500 hp Eagle engine, which has undergone its preliminary flight trials in a plane produced by Westland Aircraft. This engine is an H-type with four rows of six cylinders in line and has sleeve valves. It is liquid cooled and is equipped with a two-stage supercharger and contrarotating reduction gear, developed by the company for its Merlin and Griffon engines. After-coolers are placed between the supercharger outlets and the induction manifolds of each cylinder block. The shunt cooling system has been adopted together with an integral header tank incorporated with the forward end of the top of the crankcase. A fuel injection system is used, with the injection pump located on the lower half crankcase, fuel being discharged into the air stream in the supercharger. Dual ignition is provided by two B.T.H. waterproofed magnetos mounted on each side of the reduction gear casing. The housing of the reduction gearing for the Rotal contra-rotating, eight-bladed propellers has been arranged to give minimum powerplant drag.



# NEW Products

## Oil Bath Air Cleaner

Bendix - Westinghouse Automotive Air Brake Co., Elyria, Ohio, offers a new oil bath air cleaner for optional use with all current types of Bendix-Westinghouse air compressors on air braked vehicles.

Combining all the qualities of the standard curled hair type strainer, the new oil bath air cleaner, as its name implies, adds an oil bath to its effectiveness.

The design of this unit is such that air entering the compressor must re-



*Bendix-Westinghouse oil bath air cleaner*

verse its direction immediately above an oil bath and then pass through curled hair, packed in the inner cartridge, before it can enter the intake manifold.

Four in. long, three in. wide, and five in. high, this device features simple construction, easy application, and almost negligible attention to keep it at peak performance.

## NoSPIN Differentials

Detroit Automotive Products Corp., Detroit 13, Mich., is now in production and is supplying its customers with 28 models of its NoSPIN differential in four basic sizes, series "C", "G", "J" and the new "E."

Detroit Automotive is making available at this time the new series "E" NoSPIN differentials for two-speed axles of the Eaton 1350 series. These differentials can now be installed in the two-speed axles of such trucks as the Ford 2-ton, Dodge WFA and WHA, Fargo FKA4 and FKA6, International KS5 and KS6, Federal 15K and

18K, GMC models EC and EF, series 300 and 350, Diamond T models 404, 409, 409SC, R-950, and Canadian Chevrolet Maple Leaf.

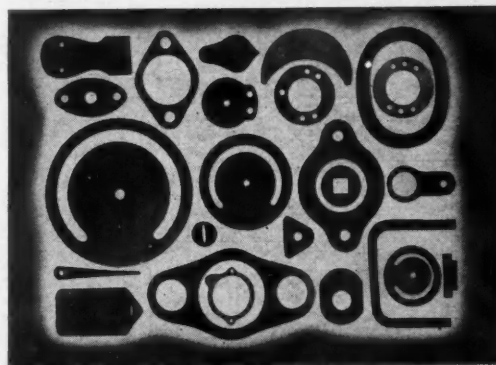
Latest additional models being re-

leased include the series "J" NoSPIN differentials for several popular truck models including: Dodge WF and WH, and Fargo FK4 and FK6 trucks all equipped with single axles, and Chevrolet 2-ton trucks having two-speed axles.

## The Rotochamber, a New Bendix-Westinghouse Product

Embodying all the better features of the brake chamber and brake cylinder, the new Bendix-Westinghouse Rotochamber, produced by Bendix-Westinghouse Automotive Air Brake Co., Elyria, Ohio, is unique in  
(Turn to page 216, please)

## HYDRAULIC PACKINGS AND MECHANICAL LEATHERS



**Send Us Specifications or Samples for Prices!**



*Nothing takes the place of Leather!*

**EXCELSIOR LEATHER WASHER MFG. CO.**  
ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS



# NIMBLE ACTION



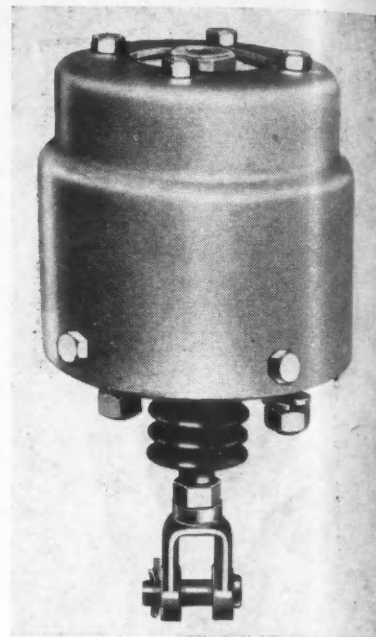
A PRODUCT OF  
**BW**  
BORG-WARNER

## MARVEL-SCHEBLER Carbureter



### FOR LIGHT AIRCRAFT

**MARVEL-SCHEBLER CARBURETER DIV.**  
**BORG-WARNER** ♦ ♦ **FLINT 2 MICHIGAN**



**Bendix-Westinghouse Rotochamber**

its design and construction. Considerably smaller in diameter than a brake chamber of like capacity, it produces the same output force which is constant throughout the entire piston stroke. Although the Rotochamber has the appearance of a cylinder, its power is derived from a rolling type rubber diaphragm which eliminates packing cup leakage and friction problems. The Rotochamber requires no lubrication and, due to its construction, retains the same simple maintenance features of the brake chamber.

The Rotochamber will be available in the following sizes:

Type	Effective Area Sq In.	Over-all Diameter Inches	Stroke Inches
9	9	4-13/16	2
12	12	5-11/32	2
16	16	5-15/16	2½
20	20	6-15/32	2½
24	24	7-1/32	2½
30	30	7-19/32	3
36	36	8¼	3½
50	50	9½	4

#### New Method of Attaching Carbide Parts

Carboloy Co., Inc., Roosevelt Pk. Annex, Detroit 32, Mich., has released information concerning a development that makes possible the attachment of carbide parts with screws, studs, etc., in the same manner and with the same ease as similar parts made of softer metals such as steels, bronze, cast iron, aluminum, etc.

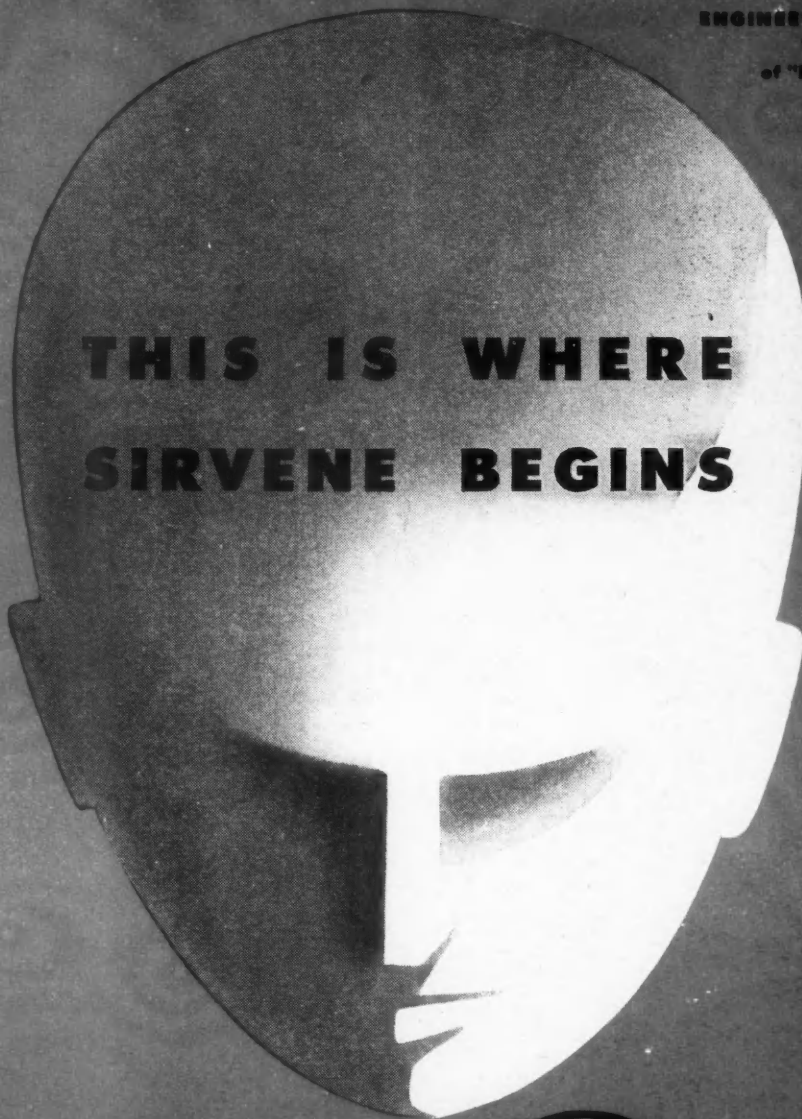
The development is expected to expand the potential fields of application for carbides. It is particularly effective where large carbide sections are to be used.

When it is desired to attach carbides by means of studs, screws, etc., the approximate location of the point or points of attachment and the num-

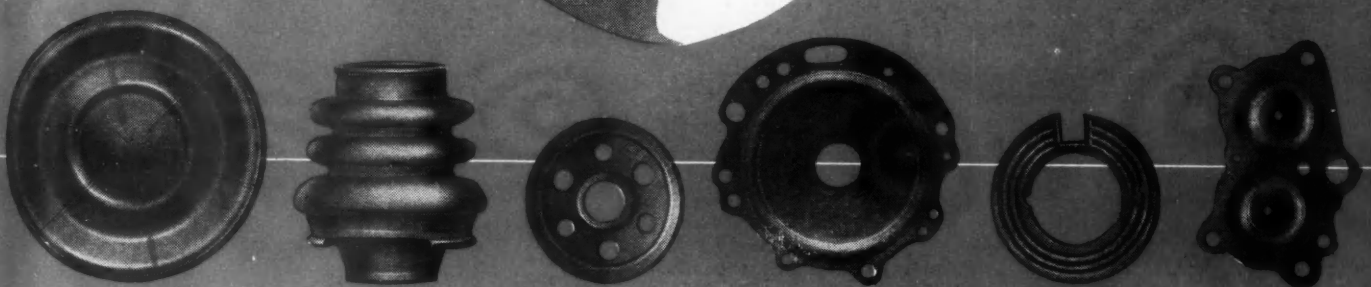
(Turn to page 218, please)



ENGINEERS, for basic information about Sirvene, you may have a copy of "Engineering with Sirvene," free, by writing SIRVENE DIVISION, Dept. 1317



**THIS IS WHERE  
SIRVENE BEGINS**



Sirvene begins in the mind of an engineer . . . it grows from the need for a special pliable part to complete his mechanism. It is specially compounded from oil resisting elastomers in Chicago Rawhide Laboratories to achieve required physical characteristics, then molded to precise design specifications. The finished Sirvene part meets *exactly* the engineer's demand for flexibility or hardness, resistance to temperature extremes, dryness, wear, age, oil, water, or other solvents. Sirvene parts deliver dependable performance under the most difficult operating conditions. For the solution to your pliable parts problem—consider Sirvene *first*.

*Sirvene products include diaphragms, boots, gaskets, oil seals, washers, packings, and other special molded mechanical pliables.*

**SIRVENE**

THE SCIENTIFIC COMPOUNDED ELASTOMER  
A Product of the Synthetic Rubber Division

CHICAGO RAWHIDE MANUFACTURING CO.  
1310 Eton Avenue  
Chicago 22, Illinois

New York • Philadelphia • Detroit • Los Angeles • Cleveland • Boston  
Pittsburgh • San Francisco • Cincinnati • Portland • Syracuse • Peoria

These Engineers are pioneers in the field of scientific compounded elastomers. Since 1923, they have acquired an unequalled background of research, development and manufacturing experience. This unique reservoir of experience is always at your service.



ber of such points are first determined. The carbide part is then provided with machinable "inserts" in those locations. The part may then be drilled and tapped at these points either before shipment from the Carboly Co., or by the user "on the job."

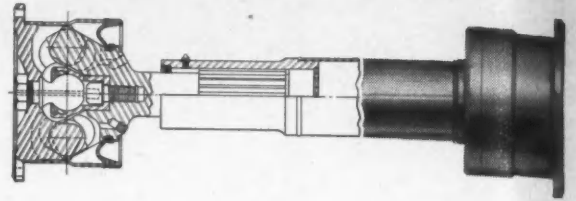
### Constant Velocity Universal Joint

The Gear Grinding Machine Co., 3901 Christopher Ave., Detroit, announces a new type of constant velocity universal joint designed primarily for heavy-duty, high-angle propeller shaft applications on motor buses and

trucks. Tests are said to show entire freedom from torsional vibrations at all operating angles and speeds.

In the new Geargrind joint the transmission of torque from driving to driven member is through steel balls, positioned in intersecting race ways.

*Geargrind universal joint*

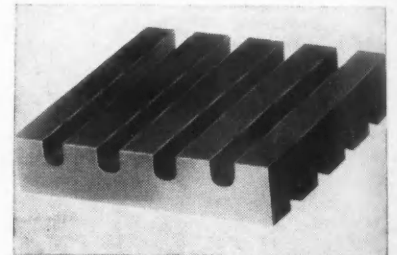


The driving members are positioned by a heavy ball socket in the center, which maintains true concentricity. Oil is retained by a large tube, pressed on one member and connected to the other by means of a neoprene diaphragm. Oil level plugs are provided for checking the oil supply and adding new oil as needed.

For the present this point will be manufactured for heavy-duty operation only. Tooling is nearly completed, with volume production scheduled for April.

### Vibration-Absorbing Pad

This utility pad for use under all types of machinery as a vibration absorber and mounting pad, is made by the MB Manufacturing Co., Inc., New Haven, Conn. MB Isomode pads are made of oil-resistant Neoprene. They



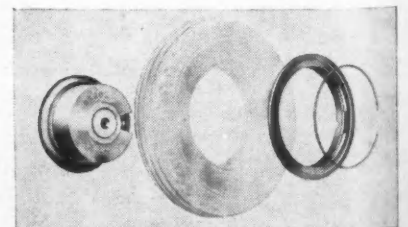
*MB Isomode pad*

are said to be effective on all types and sizes of equipment, from typewriters to forging hammers. Standard pads are 18 in. square, 5/16 in. thick, and can be easily cut to any size or shape desired.

### Small Pneumatic Wheel With Detachable Rim

A new type pneumatic wheel with a detachable rim that is said to make it possible to change tires in less than one minute has been developed by the Aerol Co., 1823 E. Washington Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif.

(Turn to page 222, please)



*Aerol pneumatic wheel Model No. PW-1642*

# Johnson TAPPETS

By Manufacturers of Tappets Exclusively

## GIVE YOU . . . .

- ✓ SPECIALIZED DESIGN
- ✓ SPECIALIZED PRODUCTION
- ✓ SPECIALIZED SERVICE

The millions of **JOHNSON** Tappets in use today testify to the value of doing business with a concern whose business is tappets. By integrating years of engineering experience and skilled craftsmanship with the production of tappets exclusively, **JOHNSON** has become recognized as a leading manufacturer of all types of precision tappets. As a result of this specialization, **JOHNSON** Tappets are of superior design and construction . . . built to improve engine performance, last longer, and give better service.

**JOHNSON** engineers will give you the benefit of these advantages in discussing the tappet applications in your engines.

**PRODUCTS INC.**  
MUSKEGON, MICHIGAN  
*"Tappets Are Our Business"*



# 6 ADVANTAGES

with BONDERIZING AS AN AID IN DRAWING

- 1 Reduces metal to metal contact
- 2 Prolongs tool life
- 3 Permits faster drawing speeds and deeper draws
- 4 Reduces necessary process anneals
- 5 Reduces material breakage
- 6 Gives smoother finish to product

Aluminum cylinders were drawn, with the aid of Bonderizing\*, in the steps as shown above. Bonderizing added greatly to the speed, economy and efficiency of the production schedule.

The drawing of steel and aluminum is benefited by Bonderizing in this way: Bonderizing coats the metal with a non-metallic crystalline surface which is integral with the metal itself. These crystals

are stretched and crushed in the drawing operation, but remain a cushion between work and tools. Bonderizing has great affinity for oil, holds lubricant through the tremendous pressures of drawing. Faster, more uniform draws result, tearing and scratching is minimized and rejects are reduced, punches and dies last much longer.

Write us for FREE bulletin, "Bonderite As An Aid In Drawing."

**PARKER RUST PROOF COMPANY, 2178 East Milwaukee Avenue, Detroit 11, Michigan**

\*Bonderite—Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

**BONDERIZING**

Holds Paint to Metal

**PARKERIZING**

Inhibits Rust

**PARCO LUBRIZING**

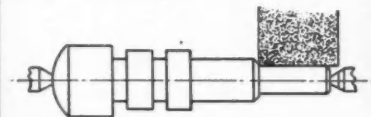
Retards Wear on Friction Surfaces

**P A R K E R   P R O D U C T S   C O N Q U E R   R U S T**

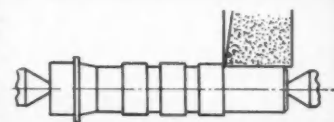
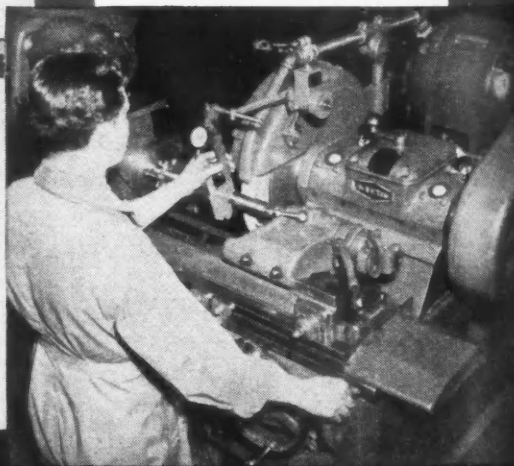


# *Want to Save on Your Plunge-cut Grinding?*

4"



6"





# NORTON SEMIAUTOMATICS

## Have Real Cost-Reducing Features

**I**f you are grinding plunge-cut jobs on plain grinding machines, it will pay you to investigate the NORTON Semiautomatics. Consistent savings are being obtained by users the world over because of cost-reducing features such as —

**One lever control** — allowing machine to make a complete grinding cycle, stop and be ready for reloading.

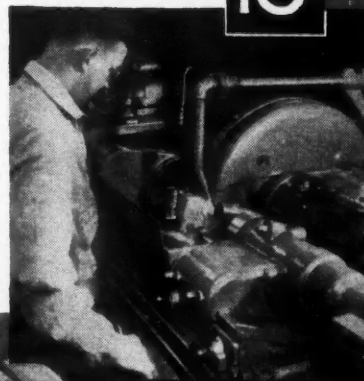
**Ease of operation** — less demands on the operator for handling, sizing and grinding skill.

**Enduring accuracy** — based on proven, time-tested NORTON design.

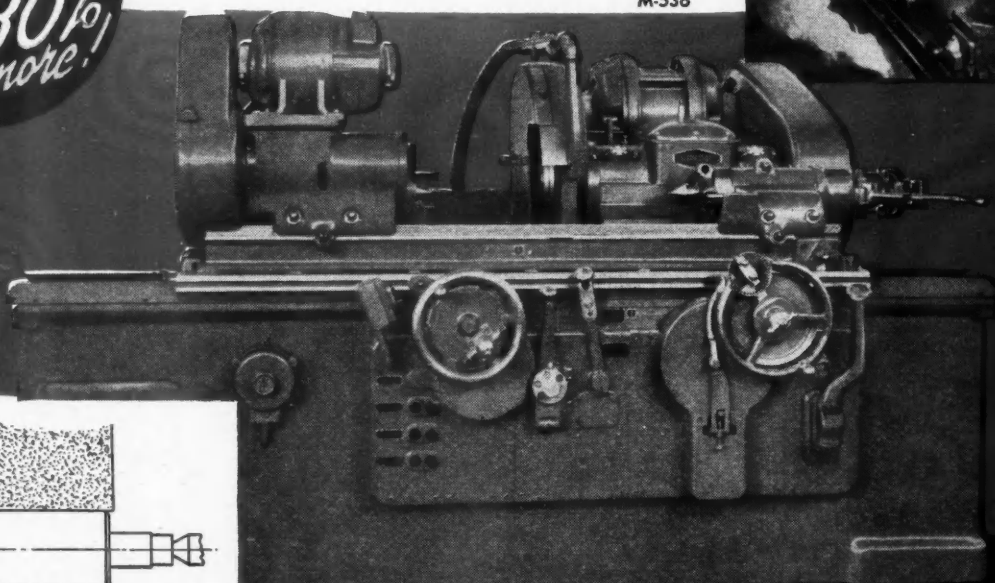
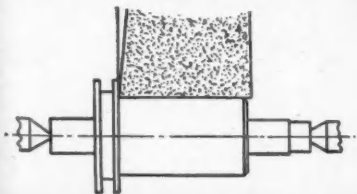
Available in 4", 6" and 10" Type C and 10" and 14" Type LC sizes. Readily adjustable for small-lot production runs. Many combinations of equipment are available and specialized work fixtures can be supplied to meet your production demands.

**NORTON COMPANY, WORCESTER 6, MASS.**  
New York - Chicago - Detroit - Cleveland - Hartford  
*Distributors in All Principal Cities*

M-536



*Grinding  
Time  
Cut 30%  
or more!*



**NORTON GRINDERS**  
*and Lappers*



Experiments with the new wheel were begun in an effort to overcome the difficulty in changing tires and tubes on small pneumatic wheels and the result of Aerol's research is their new pneumatic wheel, Model No. PW-1642.

Cast of corrosion-resistant aluminum alloy, the wheel has two sections. One includes the bearing carrying part of the wheel and one rim; the other, the detachable rim which slides into position over the main part of the wheel and is held in place by a special steel spring retainer ring.

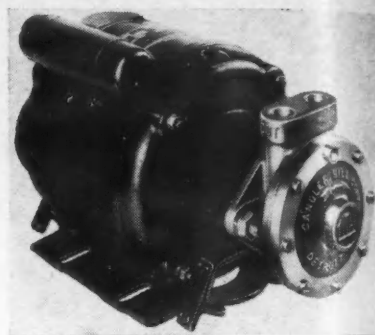
Double wall construction is used on Aerol wheels. They are equipped with

factory-lubricated Timken tapered roller bearings which do not need lubrication under average conditions during their lifetime.

Aerol pneumatic wheels are available in three axle sizes, 1½ in., 1 in. and ¾ in. The hub diameter is the same for all wheels, but the ¾-in. bearings allow sufficient stock in the wheel walls for mounting of a sprocket.

### Pump for Medium Flow and Pressure Requirements

Candler-Hill Corp., Division of Titan Pump and Engineering Corp., Detroit, Mich., has added another Titan



**Titan pump mounted on electric motor**

pump to its line of fuel, lubricating and water pumps. This new model, No. 4702, has been developed to handle a variety of liquids in the medium flow and pressure field where quiet, service-free life is a prime requirement. The pumping mechanism components are fabricated from appropriate corrosion-resisting materials to suit the type of liquid pumped.

The rotating impeller is designed to "hydraulically float" in the housing. There is no metal-to-metal contact between the rotating and stationary parts.

A mechanical face-type shaft seal separates the pumping chamber from a "lubricated for life" ball bearing. No further lubrication is required.

Pumping water at room temperature, the capacity of the standard production unit at zero discharge pressure is approximately 100 gph. When the discharge flow is completely restricted, the "shut-off" pressure is approximately 200 psi. In a general application where 100 psi discharge pressure is required, flow is from 50 to 60 gph. Other pressure and volume requirements can be made available.

The above performance requires a shaft speed of 3450 rpm. For special applications requiring less than 50 psi discharge pressure and a maximum of 25 gph flow, a standard 1725 rpm motor will be satisfactory.

### New Battery has Large Liquid Reserve

The "Ful-Fil" battery, available shortly from the Seiberling Rubber Co., Akron, Ohio, is said to need refilling with water only three times a year in normal car service.

(Turn to page 224, please)



**Ful-Fil battery**



*BUT...*

Realization of the need for faster and more economical transportation led to the creation of sleek, powerful liners that now are but a few days from the farthest port.

In a similar transition, aluminum rust proofing and paint bonding have attained a new high in efficiency, simplicity and economy with . . . .



#### RUST PROOFING AND PAINT BONDING

*Granodine*

*Duridine*

*Alodine*

*Lithoform*

*Thermit-Granodine*

#### RUST REMOVING AND PREVENTING

*Deoxidine*

*Peraline*

#### PICKLING ACID INHIBITORS

*Rodine*

## *Alodine\**

Wherever aluminum and its alloys are used, ALODINE is today's choice for effective rust prevention and paint adhesion.

The process is extremely rapid -- 2 minutes or less and it is operated at almost room temperature. Coating and sealing are accomplished simultaneously in a chemical bath without the use of electric current. Mild steel equipment, except the ALODINE tank which must be of stainless steel, contributes to the simplicity of the process.

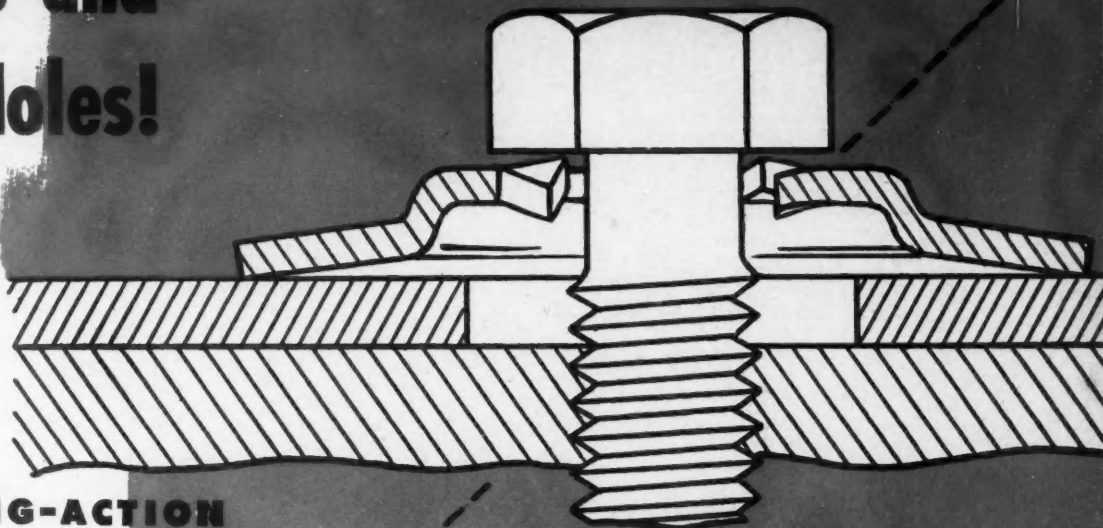
If you are an aluminum fabricator, interested in obtaining the utmost protection for either painted or unpainted aluminum, in a simple process which requires only a minimum of handling and equipment, then write for a questionnaire and a descriptive leaflet on ALODINE.

\*Trade Mark Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

**AMERICAN CHEMICAL PAINT CO.**  
AMBLER PENNA.



# for Oversize and Elongated Holes!



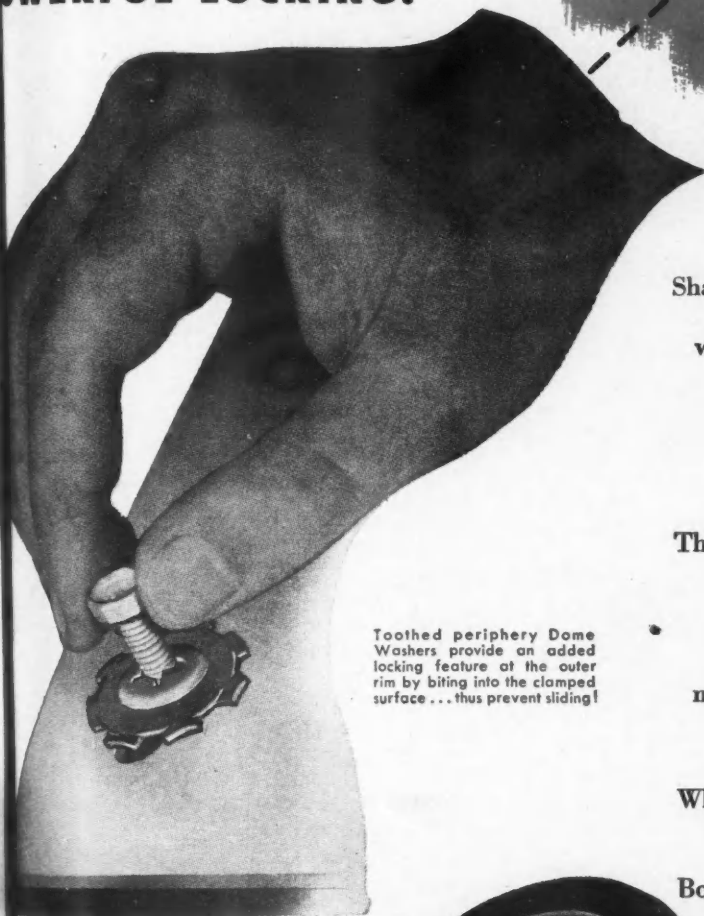
**RESILIENT SPRING-ACTION  
COMBINED WITH  
POWERFUL LOCKING!**

## SHAKEPROOF DOME AND DISHED LOCK WASHERS

For mounting assemblies using oversize or elongated holes, Shakeproof has developed Dome Lock Washers which obsolete the conventional three piece bolt, lock washer and flat washer fastening. Both the locking and spanning requirements of such an application are now combined in *one unit!* One unit so efficient that the clamped member cannot slip, so strong that the fastening will not **cup** under stress, and so simple that one third of the usual assembly operation is eliminated.

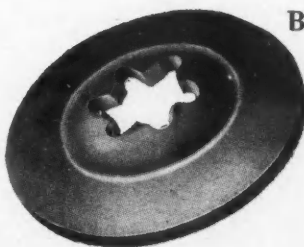
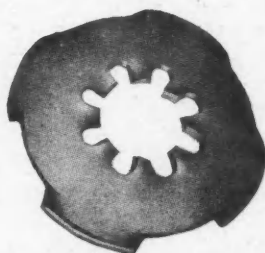
The Shakeproof Dome construction provides a stiff but resilient spring action in combination with the proven Shakeproof locking principle supplied by the tapered-twisted internal teeth. This construction materially strengthens the washer to absorb the shocks which occur when bolts are momentarily over-stressed by heavy loads. Pressure is directed to the outer rim, creating a lock that resists any tendency toward turning.

Whenever added spring tension is required in such a fastening, greater flexibility is provided by the Shakeproof Dish Lock Washer. Both Washers are especially well suited for use with semi-rough, soft and relatively spongy surfaces as well as for oversize and elongated holes. Test them yourself! Send for free samples today!



Toothed periphery Dome Washers provide an added locking feature at the outer rim by biting into the clamped surface . . . thus prevent sliding!

Plain periphery Dome Washers provide a frictional lock on hardened surfaces that resist bite.



The strong, resilient Dish Washer is also available in both plain and toothed periphery designs!

## SHAKEPROOF Inc.

*Fastening Headquarters*

Division of ILLINOIS TOOL WORKS

2501 North Keeler Avenue, Chicago 39, Illinois

633 South LaBrea Ave., Los Angeles 36, Cal.

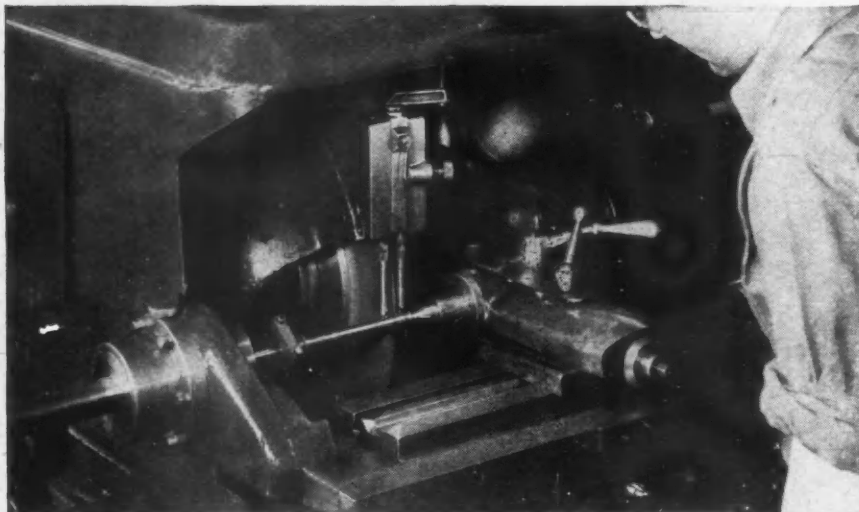
2895 E. Grand Blvd., Detroit 2, Mich

Plants at Chicago and Elgin, Illinois. In Canada: Canada Illinois Tools, Ltd., Toronto, Ontario

**WRITE FOR TESTING SAMPLES!**



# 3 point service



*... for better precision grinding!*

The use of straight oils for precision, production grinding is resulting in spectacular improvements in finish, and making it possible to grind within tolerances never before thought practicable. If you want better grinding, it will pay you to investigate the Stuart line of grinding oils.

To improve metal-working efficiency, take advantage of Stuart 3-point service:

- 1 The right oil for the job . . .** every oil in the complete Stuart line is formulated for a specific purpose. Whatever the job, there is a Stuart oil to handle it best.
- 2 Sound engineering . . .** Stuart engineers and laboratory technicians are neither text-book theorists nor self-taught handymen. They are practical oil men thoroughly schooled in their profession by study and first-hand experience.
- 3 Intelligent, specialized service . . .** Stuart representatives have an intimate knowledge of metal-working oil requirements, and of the advantages of each Stuart oil. They will study your oil problems and help you solve them. For further information, write for "Grinding With Oil," a 12-page booklet.

**D.A. Stuart Oil Co. LIMITED**  
EST. 1865  
2733 SOUTH TROY STREET, CHICAGO 23, ILL.

*STUART service goes with every barrel*



**ThredKut 99**

... for grinding tough, stringy metals . . . makes grinding wheels "act harder."

**SUPERKOOL 81x**

... for precision grinding on metals in middle range of grinding hardness.

**EXCELENE**

... for grinding hard steels . . . makes grinding wheels "act softer."



A company announcement says the battery has a liquid reserve three times that of a conventional car storage battery, permitting evaporation over a four-month period in average use without the liquid level dropping below the danger point.

Other features of the product include the use of fibre-glass insulation between plates, which, it is claimed, minimizes "shedding" of the plate lead, eliminating the need for extra-deep wells under the plates.

## Two-Position Electronic Pyrometric Controller

The new veritron electronic pyrometric controller has just been brought out by the Taco West Corp., 2620 S. Park Ave., Chicago. This instrument is a two position electronic controller offering a new electronic circuit, ultra compact design and simplified opera-



*Veritron electronic pyrometric controller*

tion. It is specially suited for direct installation on industrial furnaces and plastic moulding machines.

In operation, the control pointer is set at the desired temperature and control is immediately established within a narrow temperature range. The design permits the instrument movement to operate a heavy-duty relay system without any physical contact or reaction effect on the indicating pointer. The relay is built in and has a load capacity of 3 kw non-inductive.

## Welding Pipe Fittings

Ladish Co., of Cudahy, Wis., has introduced a new line of Controlled Quality Seamless Welding Pipe Fittings.

The new line consists of 90 deg and 45 deg elbows, 180 deg return bends, straight and reducing tees, concentric and eccentric reducers, caps, lap joint stub ends, saddles, shaped nipples, crosses and tees of carbon steel, in sizes up to 30 in.

Features said to be inherent to the complete line of Ladish seamless welding fittings include uniform wall thickness, accurate circularity, full effective radii, smooth inner walls, machined bevel-ends and improved metal structure.



# AIR TOOLS

*Pack BIG POWER  
in small Size!*

Give every worker *exactly the right tool* for his job! For example—ARO Air Screw Driver Model 7020 for No. 4 to No. 10 screws. For midget screws, No. 1 to No. 4 —ARO Model 7000 midget screw driver! In the complete ARO line, a wide range of precision-built Air Tools for screw-driving, nut-setting, drilling, grinding and other production jobs. Get top-speed, trouble-free performance... specify ARO! See your Aro Jobber. Write for catalog. The Aro Equipment Corporation, Bryan, Ohio.

Model 7020 Screw Driver

*Actual  
Size*

*by* **ARO**



# Airbriefs

by Robert McLarren

## Record Analysis

The recent record-breaking flight of

the North American P-52 Twin Mustang, which covered the 5051 miles from Honolulu to New York City in 14 hrs 33 min is significant in that the

## O.K. CENTRAL!

SEND ME FREE . . .

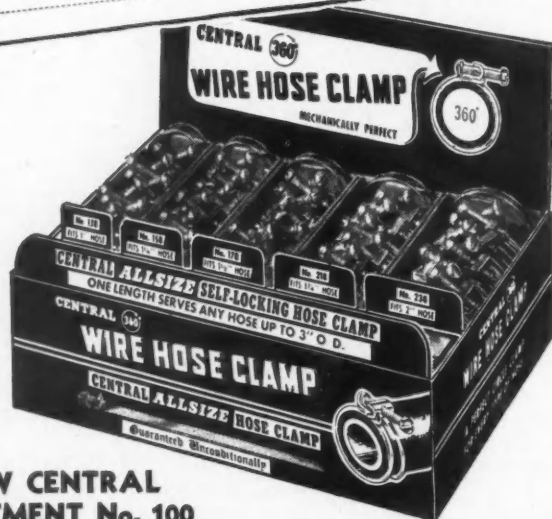
sample of your ☐ "360" or ☐ ALLSIZE hose clamp . . . also Bulletin No. 3147 that tells all about them.

Name .....

Address .....

State .....

City .....



### THE NEW CENTRAL ASSORTMENT No. 100

is a complete unit! A handsome, money-making big brother to the famous Central Assortment No. 60. Here's complete radiator hose clamp coverage in ONE fine attention-getting carton. 15 of each of 5 sizes of the "360" hose clamp for all hose from 1" I.D. to 2" I.D. . . . plus 25 universal Central Allsize hose clamps . . . for hose from  $\frac{5}{8}$ " I.D. to  $2\frac{5}{8}$ " I.D. Mail the coupon above, today, now!

## CENTRAL EQUIPMENT CO.

902 SOUTH WABASH AVE., CHICAGO 5, ILL.

airplane is a fighter type, although a slightly compromised version. Load factors vary inversely, approximately, as the gross weight of the airplane which, in turn, is determined by its type. For example, large transports have designed load factors of as little as 4, whereas fighter aircraft are normally twice or more. Increased design load factor is at the expense of useful load due to the former taking up an increased portion of the maximum allowable gross weight.

As a result, transport aircraft are frequently able to lift their own weight—empty weight being exactly 50 percent of the gross weight. For bomber aircraft this ratio of useful load to gross weight is about 33 percent and for fighter aircraft it drops to about 25 percent. These figures are rough averages and recent progress in aircraft structural design and fabrication have improved them considerably over their value of a decade ago. However, it is obvious that a Boeing B-29 or a Lockheed P2V (the two present record-holders) are inherently capable of carrying a larger proportional load of fuel than a fighter aircraft. From this perspective, it is apparent that the feat of lifting its own weight off a runway, performed by the P-52 at Honolulu is a significant operational achievement. The newspapers credit Lt. Col. Robert E. Thacker, pilot, and Lt. John M. Ard, co-pilot, with having taken off at Honolulu with seven tons of fuel in a fighter aircraft whose empty weight is approximately 15,000 lb. This fuel load was made up of the standard 600-gal tanks of the P-52 plus two special 150-gal tanks behind each cockpit plus 4-310-gal droppable fuel tanks on the wings, a total actual fuel weight of 12,840 lbs. An additional load of about 200 gal of oil would bring this weight to well over seven tons. Indications are that a specific fuel consumption of less than 0.45 was achieved on the flight, a tribute to the skillful power settings and pilotage of the two crewmembers. Assuredly the day of the "one hour-full throttle" fighter plane of prewar days is gone and the very-long-range fighter is here.

## Bomber Escort

The long-standing discrepancy between bomber and fighter range resulted in the necessity for increasingly heavy armor on the bomber and continuous additions to its armament; all at the expense of bomb load. The early years of the war in Europe saw heavy bombers flying deep into enemy territory completely without escort. The multi-gun bomber became commonplace and the 13-gun Boeing B-17 and B-29 was accepted as standard bomber design. The 14-gun Boeing XB-40 and Consolidated XB-41, which were standard Fortress and Liberator types with bombs removed and additional turrets installed, was a step towards the bomber escort, although experience

(Turn to page 230, please)



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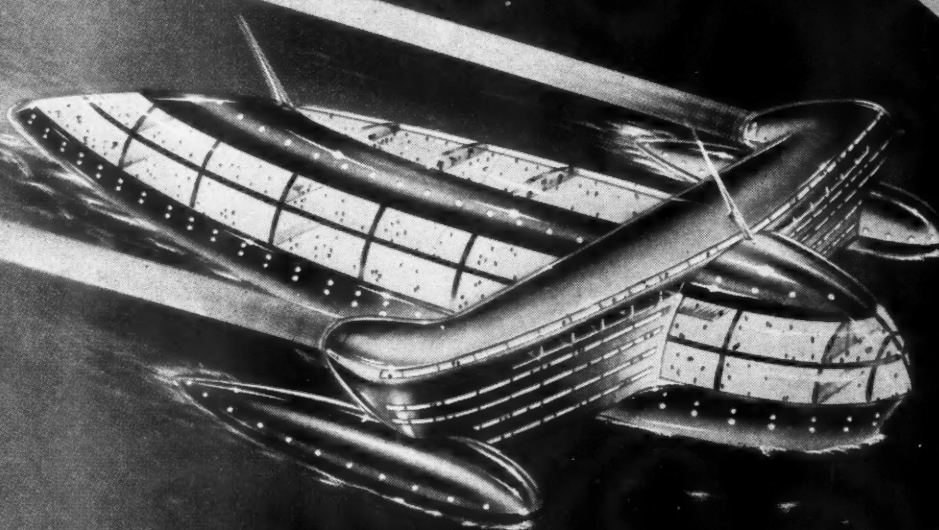
TRIES







# WHEN DREAM SHIPS COME TRUE



# BOHN

For those who like to take their ocean voyages at high speed but do not wish to relinquish such luxuries as swimming pools, orchestras and sun decks, etc., the following might be a solution. Why not giant jet-propelled ships which could provide the desired comforts and at the same time have the faster speed? Such developments as this and a thousand others call for the use of light alloys—aluminum and magnesium—as produced by the Bohn organization. Bohn engineers and production experts have the “Know-how”—can give expert advice on the many advantages of light alloys. Consult Bohn first.

## BOHN ALUMINUM & BRASS CORPORATION

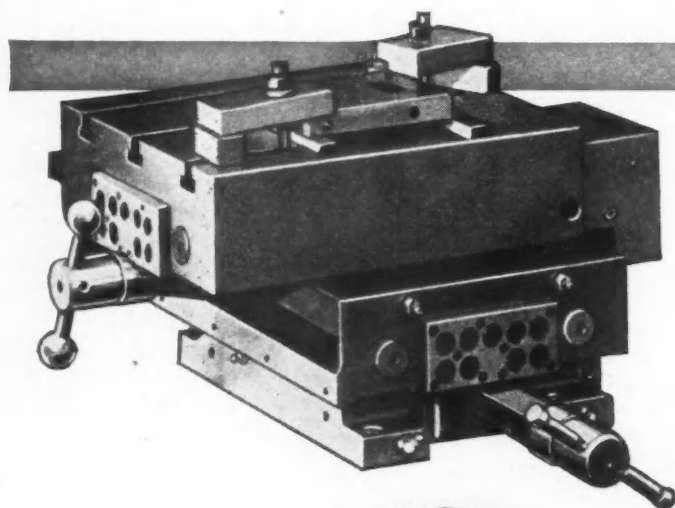
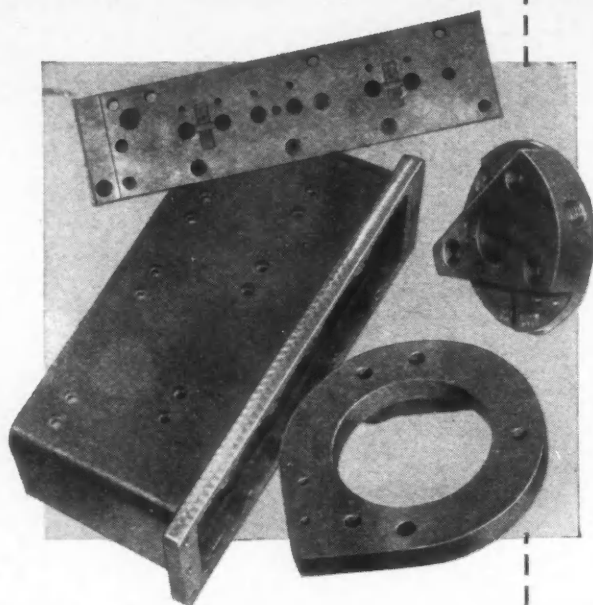
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*Designers and Fabricators—ALUMINUM • MAGNESIUM • BRASS • AIRCRAFT-TYPE BEARINGS*



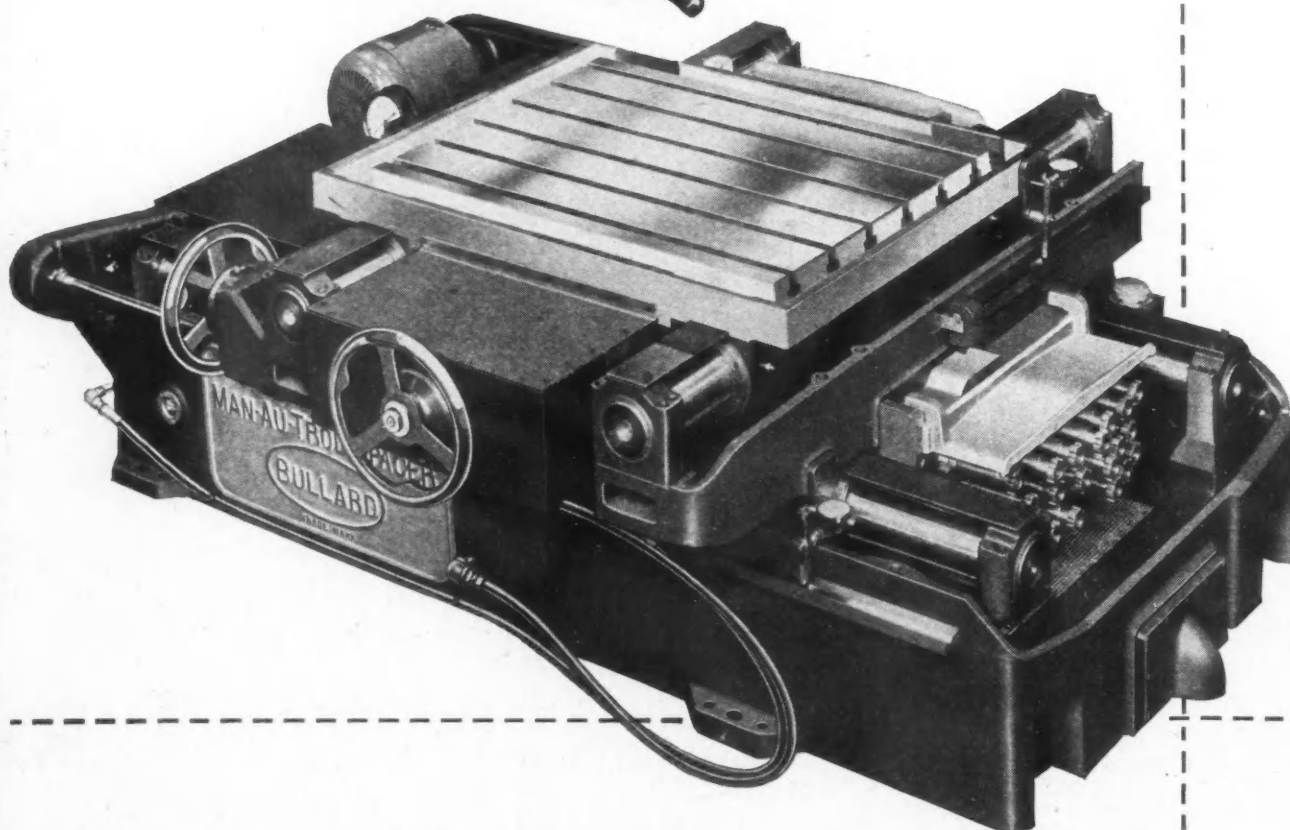
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## **...with Bullard Man-Au-Trol Spacers**

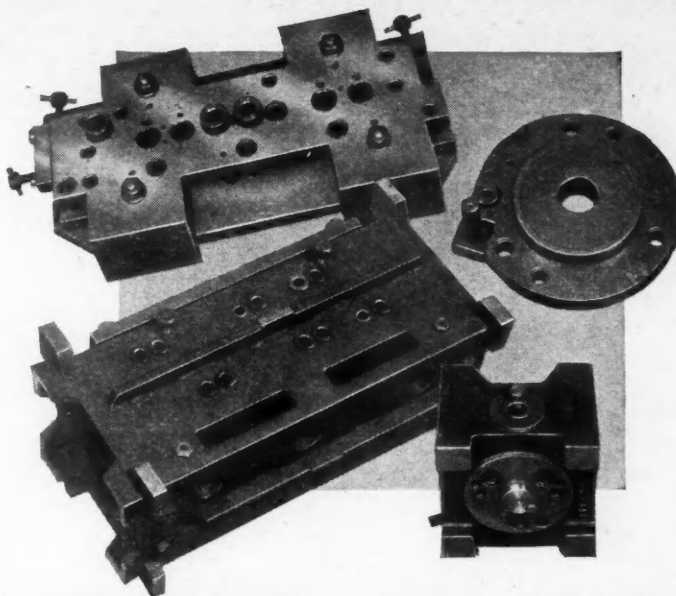
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proved it to be one in the wrong direction. Design teamwork can now produce the 2-3000-mile fighter escort and the 300-400 mph bomber, the latter without armament but with increased bomb load.

## New Turbojet Problem

The results of a "dead" turbojet engine have been subject to considerable technical speculation since the multi-jet fighter and bomber became practical. The question was whether allowing the dead turbojet to "windmill" (by the action of air moving

through it) or "braking" it (allowing the air to move through the fixed blades of the compressor and turbine) provided the least drag. British practice on the Gloster Meteor has been to permit "windmilling." Results of a research program by the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics indicates, however, that "windmilling" creates serious drag losses. NACA tests report that windmilling drag equal to 15 percent of the maximum net thrust at 500 mph and 25 percent of the m.n.t. at 650 mph results. The solution lies in retractable air inlet doors which can be closed when the engine dies, thereby saving these surprisingly large losses.

## New Sonic Research Airplane

Existence of the scope of the nation's transonic research program comes with the announcement that the Bell XS-1 is to be followed by a number of other experimental research airplanes designed to provide information on piloted flight through the transonic speed zone (600-900 miles per hour). Three major solutions to the problem of transonic flight indicates promising possibilities. The first of these is thin wing profiles. The second of these is low aspect ratio wings (with wide chord and narrow span, so-called "stubby" wings). The third is wing sweep, in which the wing extends forward or aft from the fuselage. To test the possibilities of very thin wings is the purpose of the Bell XS-1 rocket-powered research airplane. The second research airplane, designed to test low aspect ratio, is the new Douglas D-558, sponsored by the Navy Bureau of Aeronautics. This new research airplane is of conventional configuration and differs from the XS-1 in the use of a production General Electric TG-180 axial-flow turbojet engine, permitting it to takeoff under its own power. It is built largely of magnesium and the nose section is releasable in mid-air, permitting it to slow down to a safe speed for the pilot to release his parachute. The wings are of only 25 ft span, while the airplane is 35 ft 1½ in long. This airplane, designated XS-3 by the Army Air Forces, is expected to make its first flight shortly from the AAF test station at Muroc Air Base in the California desert.

## Other Research Airplanes

Magnitude of the program is revealed in the large number of research airplanes now under construction. The Bell XS-2 is essentially an XS-1 with sweep-back wings. The XS-3 is the Douglas D-558 and the XS-4 is a Northrop "triangle wing" design, patterned after the German Lippisch proposals. In addition, the Lockheed XP-90, Republic XP-91 and Consolidated Vultee XP-92 have been reported to be research airplanes built along tactical lines. Thus, more than half-a-dozen transonic research airplanes will be featured in the program, which is under the general supervision of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics. Each of the airplanes is being built under routine Army or Navy procurement specifications and performance guarantees must be met, following which the airplane is accepted by the procuring service. It is then turned over to the NACA for the extensive flight test research program

(Turn to page 232, please)



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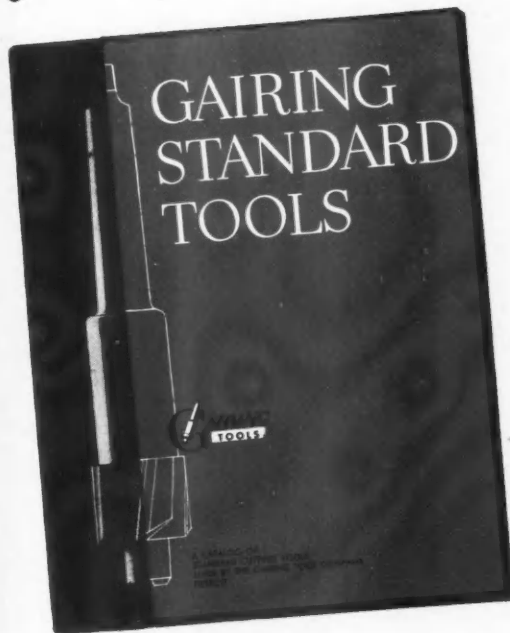
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required. NACA has revealed no details on this program other than the fact that their research men will "feel their way" into and, perhaps, through the transonic region. Certainly the time, money and effort indicated by the scope of this program removes any doubt of the seriousness of the difficulties of control and stability of piloted flight in this speed range and, assuredly, it is not going to be bridged overnight.

## Fins for the Wing

The fundamental achievement of John K. Northrop in his "flying wing"

was the creation of the first successful true wing without vertical surfaces of any type. To design and build an "all-wing" aircraft stabilized by vertical fins is a very minor problem and was solved successfully as early as 1912. The famous Burgess-Dunne flying wing hydroplane was delivered to the U. S. Navy in October, 1913 and a second model in April, 1915. It is interesting to note that the major criticism of these two airplanes was that they were "too stable." Since that time there have been literally dozens of flying wings throughout the world; all with vertical fins for directional stability. Northrop worked for two decades to eliminate these fins

from the flying wing and succeeded. Now, however, comes news of the Northrop YB-49 with four vertical fins and the story behind those fins is interesting.

The YB-49 is essentially the famed Northrop XB-35 with eight General Electric turbojet engines replacing the four Pratt & Whitney Wasp Major reciprocating engines. These jet engines are mounted in close sets of four in either outer wing panel. This combination of four jets induces a powerful flow of the air from the adjacent area into the jets resulting in a spanwise flow along the wing inboard from the tips and outboard from the center section, which unhindered would create serious losses. Northrop's solution was a small fin on either side of each bank of four jets to prevent this induced flow into the jets. However, after more than 20 years of working to eliminate "fins" from the flying wing and since these fins are not used to provide directional stability, Northrop coined the term "air separators," which manifestly they are, and the new Northrop YB-49 jet bomber has no "fins" only "air separators"!

## 30,000-Ton Hydraulic Press Used by Germans

The Germans used a 30,000-ton capacity hydraulic die press during the war for the manufacture of propeller blades and other vital aircraft components, according to a report being compiled by Technical Intelligence, Air Materiel Command. This big press, it is stated, could turn out 1940 propeller blades or an equal number of 32-ft wing-spar flanges in 24 hours. It weighed 4800 tons, and used 41 in. diam cylinders to provide a top working pressure of 6450 psi with a ram travel of 71 in. Also to be included in this report are data on 15,000-ton presses, of which the Germans had several in operation during the war.

Largest American hydraulic die presses in general use are listed as of 6000-ton capacity. Larger ones are under experiment; and the Wyman-Gordon Co. anticipates success with its 18,000-ton Mesta in the production of large light-metal forgings.

Thousands of detail drawings of the 30,000-ton and other large presses were seized in Germany, but because of their state of disorder are not yet available. The former manager of Schloemann, Dusseldorf, who built the big press for I. G. Farben at Bitterfeld, is directing the sorting and rearrangement of the drawings. Ernst Kugel, former design engineer for Schloemann, and now at Wright Field, has provided sufficient data for preliminary studies. He says the large press is similar in many respects to the 15,000-ton press, of which adequate drawings and operating techniques are available.

These large-capacity presses were also used by the Germans for extruding steel cartridge cases, lading gear cylinders and other steel bases.

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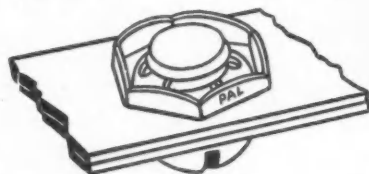
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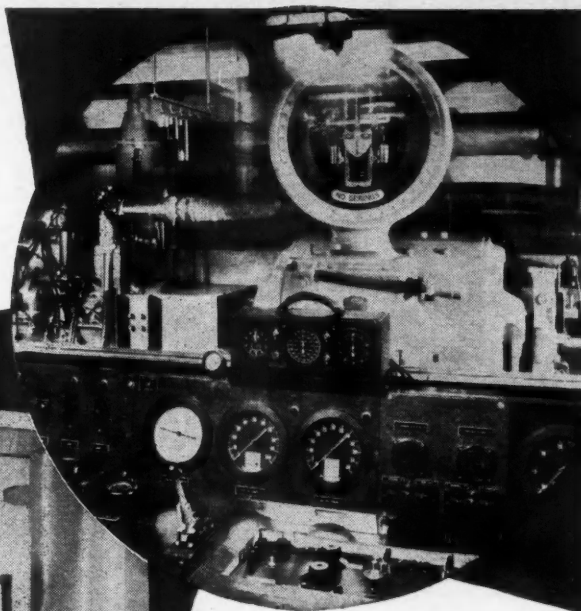
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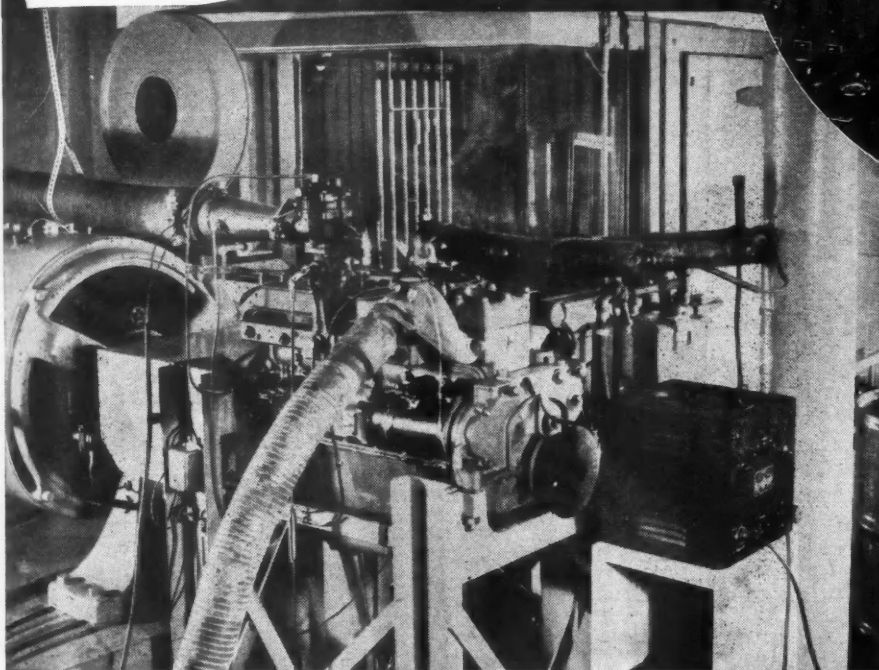


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40 per cent, but they will do it without appreciable stress or strain on engine parts.

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## New Serrated Shaft Standards Developed

Seeking to remove some inconsistencies in the SAE Serrated Shaft Standard, which has been in existence for many years, a special subcommittee of the Parts and Fittings Division has finally developed a 45 deg. Involute Serration which offers greater flexibility in its application and promises some major advantages from the standpoint of manufacturing practice. The new Standard will appear in the 1947 Edition of the SAE Handbook.

The old serration standard with a 90 deg. included angle has been used extensively where a shallow tooth was required. However, it allows for only one pitch per diameter listed and lacks the flexibility to cover the variety of design problems. Moreover, the recent study brought out the fact that when certain serrations are produced by hobbing the profile resulted in an involute form although, theoretically, the serrations were considered straight sided.

The new Standard provides a uniform, easily fabricated set of serrations that can be made by several manufacturing processes. It is based upon the use of known standard shaft or tubing diameters ranging from 0.10 to 10.00 in. in diameter. To simplify the selection of serrations, the standard is based upon even diametral pitches, slightly coarser than the old standard and with a range of teeth presenting diameters both smaller and larger than the old standard, thus providing a greater range of sizes. The complete range by pitches and number of teeth is given below:

D. P.	No. Teeth
10/20	6 to 100
16/32	6 to 100
24/48	6 to 100
32/64	20 to 64
40/80	32 to 55
48/96	24 to 46
64/128	21 to 34
80/160	14 to 27
128/156	11 to 24

Involute serrations have a pressure angle of 45 deg. and will be made in three classes of fits—LOOSE, CLOSE, PRESS—designated in the standard as Classes A, B and C, respectively. Another feature of the standard is the recommended tolerance for space width and tooth circular thickness; also a table of standard fits for the circular clearances or interferences in the three classes. These fits and tolerances are not considered binding on the manufacturer or seller unless specifically agreed upon in writing in advance.

From the standpoint of production economy the new standard parallels the advantages of the involute spline standard adopted last year. Shafts can be serrated by hobbing and require the use of only one standard hob for a given D.P., the one hob being capable of producing the entire range of shaft

(Turn to page 238, please)



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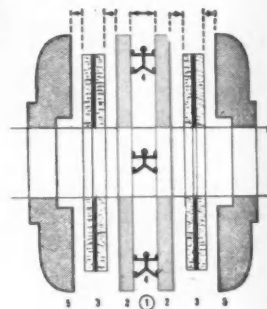
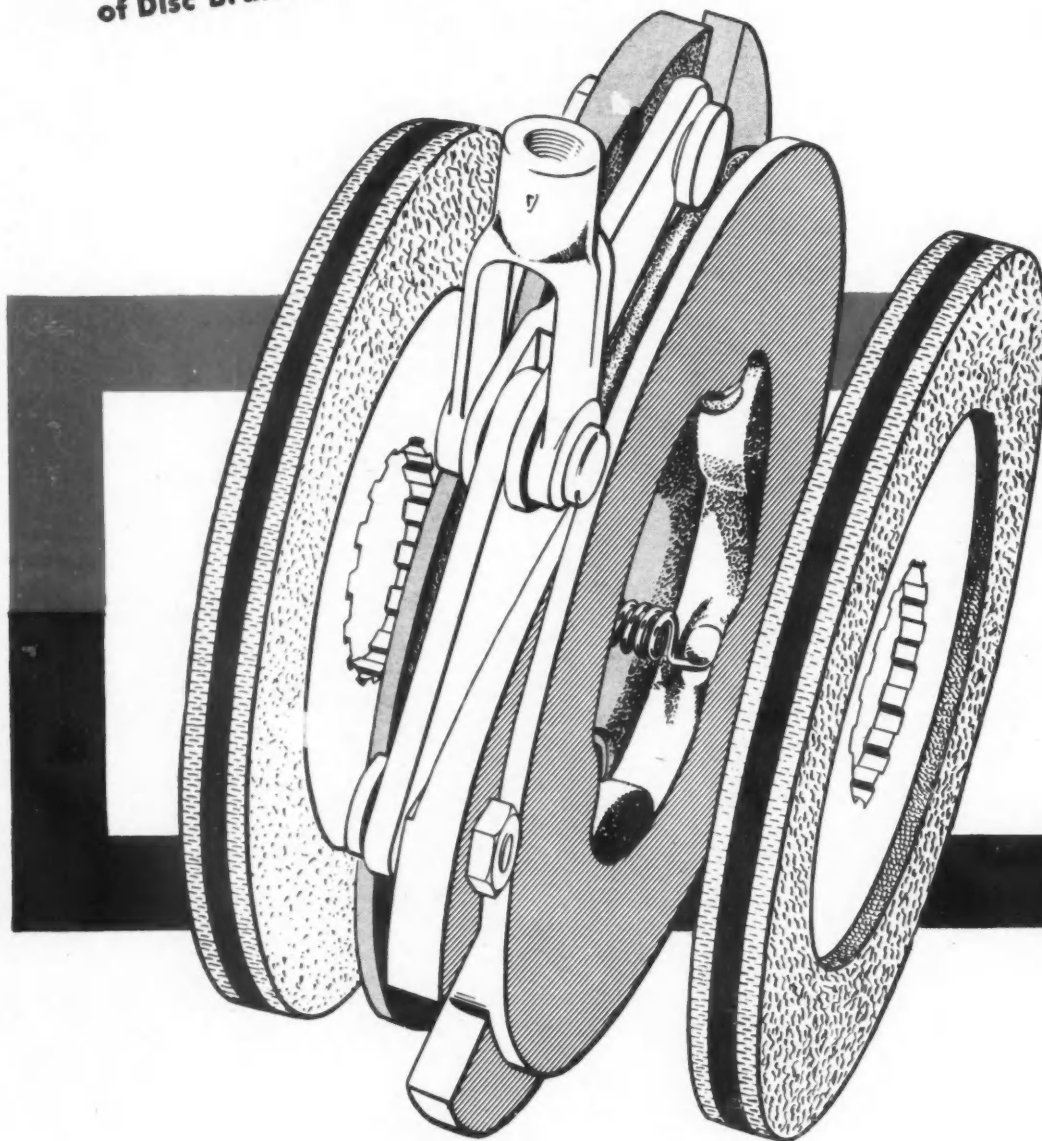
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sizes. Thus the number of hobs to be stocked is reduced to an absolute minimum. Depending upon bore size and production lots, bores can be serrated by means of broaches or shaper cutters.

Since serrations are used primarily for fittings which have a permanent fit between the shaft and the fitting mounted on it, their range of useful applications is more limited than is the involute spline. Among the principal uses in automotive construction are: for pitman arms and shafts, carburetor linkage, brake linkage, and for torsion bars.

Curiously enough the new standard

has had to make provision for the fact that for most D.P.'s the deviation from a straight sided profile is so small for a certain limiting number of serrations as to make it desirable to specify straight sided serrations in the bore. The standard specifies the range of serrations for each D.P. below

which the producer will use broaches with straight instead of involute sides. The criterion is a deviation of 0.0015 in. or less between an involute curve and its tangent. Thus for certain sizes the shaft will have involute sided serrations while the mating bore will be straight sided.

## Design Features of German Passenger Cars

By Austin M. Wolf

There is a great variety in the design of German passenger car frames, with however two predominant classifications: unit frame and body as exempli-

fied by BMW, Hanomag, Opel and others; and the tubular backbone or original Tartra type in which is found the Hansa Lloyd and the latest small Mercedes. The Volkswagen is a combination of the two types with its backbone-floor structure and superimposed open body. With the backbone type, the body is either mounted on outriggers from the center or incorporated in the body structure. A third classification would be the prevailing American practice of separate frame with side rails and body secured thereto. It is little used and confined almost exclusively to some Mercedes models. Practically all German cars have tunnels in the body due to their low mounting, being either part of the floor structure or the frame backbone, and with the propeller shaft extending therethrough.

The front-end parallel fork and the tapering rear fork reaching up to the transverse leaf-spring seat of the Hansa Lloyd are of inverted U-section, with horizontal out-flaring flange extensions which, when merged to form the wider backbone, gives it a corresponding inverted section with the horizontal flanges closed in below by a steel plate forming the floor.

Front cross members often incorporate the front suspension system and are bolted in place to the frame-body front end. Hanomag thus incorporates a tubular member, and BMW a deep channel. The Mercedes with parallel springs and Hansa Lloyd weld in the cross member in substantial manner.

Welding in passenger car frame construction is used to a considerable extent. Only where a member need be removed for servicing the component part or parts that it houses or mounts, is it bolted in place. Welding has been very successful and gives the desirable rigidity.

Each type of spring is represented in German design: leaf, coil, torsion-bar and rubber. In many instances, the front system differs from the rear. The longitudinally placed front springs, formerly so popular in the United States, have also been discarded in Germany but the leaf spring is by no means out of the picture. If used at the front, it is placed transversely across the chassis, either in combination with a wishbone above or below it (Auto Union, DKW, one model Mercedes) or the combination of the two transverse springs, one above the other and inclined for caster action, to which the steering knuckle mounting is at-

(Turn to page 240, please)

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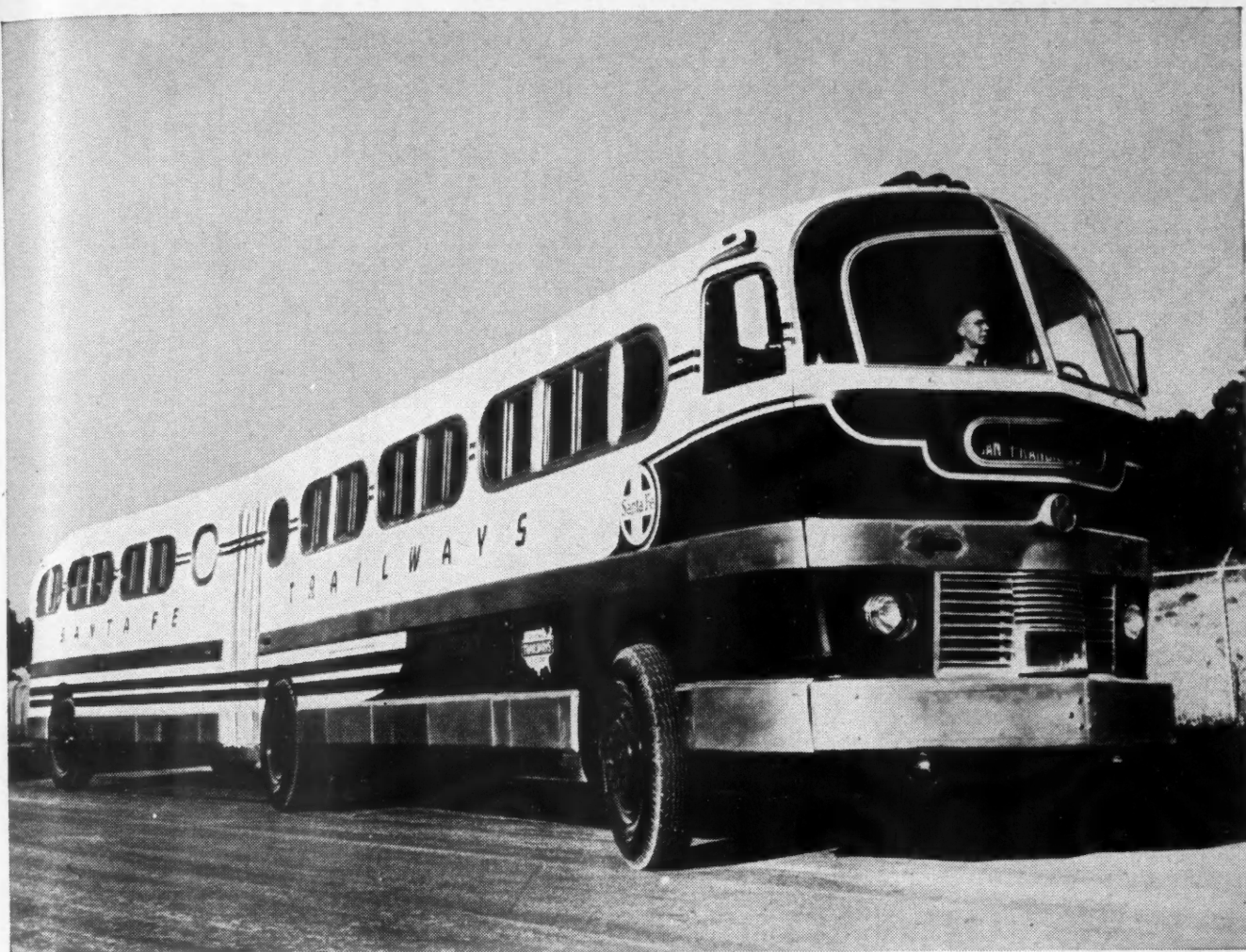
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tached. (Hansa Lloyd. Mercedes, Steyr).

A torsion-bar spring is incorporated in the front and rear suspension systems of the Volkswagen. The front wheels are each mounted on two trailing paralld arms 5.9 in. long, pivoted at their front to two spaced tubes, one above the other, forming part of the frame structure. Each bar is square and runs entirely across the frame tubes, being attached to the wheel arms at their ends and anchored centrally to the tubes. Two spaced bushings are located within the ends of the tubes, rocking therein under wheel deflection on their outside diameter and forming

a square fit over the torsion bars. The square bar is laminated, being made up of rectangular sections welded together at the ends.

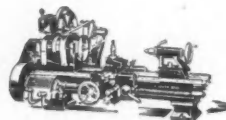
The rear torsion-bar system consists of two round, aligned bars with splined ends, the center portion being below the spline root diameter. They are housed within a tubular frame cross member ahead of the rear axle, the inner splines being anchored near the vehicle center. Flexible radius rods act as rear wheel supports and are in the form of flat spring stock with the major axis vertical. They are secured at their front ends to the torsion bars and are bolted at their back ends to the axle housings

at their outer extremities. This flexibility is needed to permit yielding to wheel movement in view of the swinging axle type of construction used. The spring stock is welded to a short length of low-carbon steel with a splined hub to take the outer spline of the torsion bar. Two circular rubber bushings, one each side of the radius rod hub, resiliently centralize it between the frame and an end plate thereon.

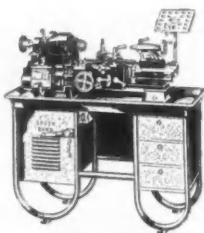
The rear of two models of the BMW chassis have torsion-bar suspension. At each side a round longitudinal bar runs from a frame cross member under the front seat through a cross member ahead of the solid-housing rear axle. On a frame rear extension, from the last mentioned cross member and immediately to the rear thereof, is mounted an hydraulic shock absorber with a splined socket receiving the rear end of the torsion bar. The front end is also splined and held in a mating bracket. The preloading of the bar is done by spline adjustment. Outwardly and slightly downwardly, inclining shock-absorber arms are each attached to the rear axle close to the brake backing plate by a ball-jointed shackle link. The third attaching point to locate positively the axle housing and to absorb torque, drive and braking reactions consists of a ball joint placed centrally at the top and forward side of the differential housing. A V-member extends forward from the ball joint at the point, and the spreaded ends are anchored in axial transverse alignment to the frame cross member by rubber bushings.

The Hanomag front suspension, proven by close to 10,000 cars incorporating it, depends on stressing rubber in torsion, similar to developments that have been current in the United States. In its layout, the knuckle pin has considerable inclination in view of the relatively greater distance from the wheel (4.72 in. measured on the wheel spindle axis) in order to achieve close to center-point steering. The king-pin bosses are welded into, and form part of, the tubular frame cross member. Two rubber bushings are used, spaced apart in a vertically divided cast member encompassing the knuckle pin and to which the bushing outer shells are bolted at the spread portion toward the frame. This member swivels on the knuckle pin. A short upper wishbone and a longer lower one are secured to each bushing inner sleeve by pins with serrated ends, the serrations spanning the wishbone pivot hubs and the serrated sleeve ends. This provides the means for the initial pre-loading and maintaining it. The split member, bushings, wishbones, wheel mounting and spindle, all swivel as a unit around the knuckle pin in steering, as did the Dubonnet unit.

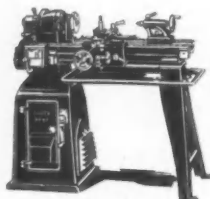
The Hanomag limousine, ready for the road, weighs 2140 lb with an equal weight distribution, front and rear. With a five passenger load the distribution becomes 40 per cent front and 60 (Turn to page 242, please)



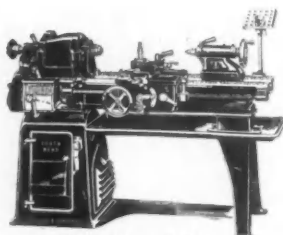
9" Quick Change Bench Lathe



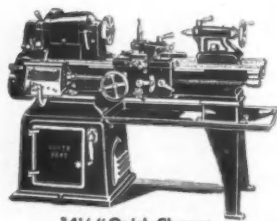
10" Quick Change Bench Lathe



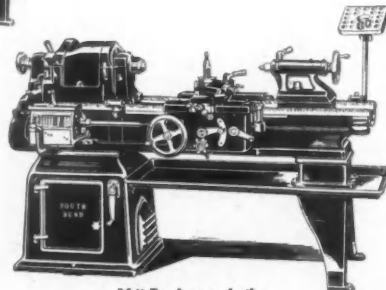
10" Quick Change Floor Lathe



13" Toolroom Lathe



14 1/2" Quick Change Floor Lathe



16" Toolroom Lathe

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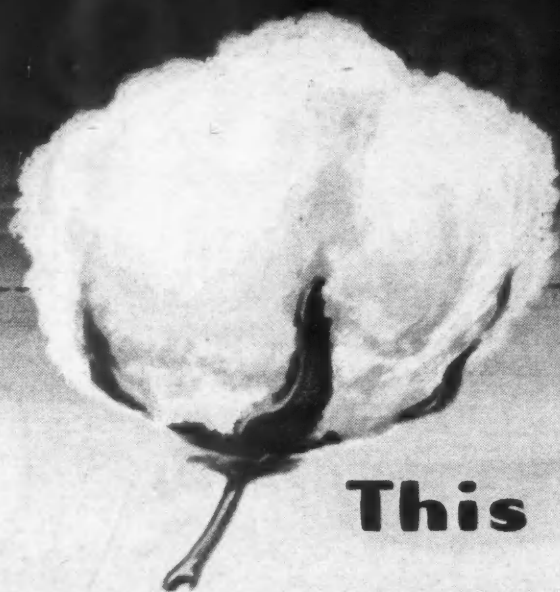
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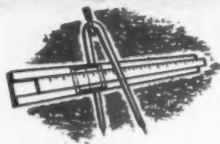
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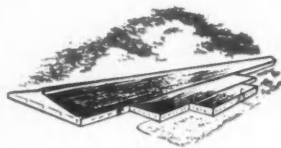
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per cent rear. Figuring a passenger at 165 lb the front end weight becomes 1187 lb. With a 165 lb pre-loading, a single unit showed a straight line characteristic between 441 lb loading (with a 1.32 in. wheel spindle deflection) and 1102 lb (with 5.2 in. deflection). The rate is approximately 168 lb per in. Taking the above passenger loading, the normal or static condition would be about 551 lb with 1.97 in. deflection at that load. Above 1102 lb, the rate goes up increasingly faster with an upper limit of 1543 lb with 6.85 in. deflection. On the return stroke, hysteresis accounts for a drop of 26.4 lb when returning to the 1102 lb load and 22.6 lb at the 441 lb point.

The above is an extract from the FIAT (Field Information Agency, Technical) Report 412, "Passenger Car and Truck Chassis," by Austin M. Wolf, Joint Intelligence Objectives Agency.

### Piston Forging Tools Give Long Service

In manufacturing forged pistons for heavy-duty Diesels at Specialoid Ltd., Great Britain, more than 50,000 pistons have been made with a single punch head. This punch, made from hot die steel containing 10 per cent tungsten, operates at temperatures between 300-400 C and transmits a total load of 1120 tons. The design of the piston forged by this tool is relatively complicated, having a waffle plate in the under side of the crown. Other tools used in this forging process include a nickel-chrome-molybdenum steel base plate which has been used for 80,000 pressings, and a liner of nickel-chrome-molybdenum steel which has produced more than 120,000 forgings.

### Serial Numbers on Frame Protect Car Identification

Ford Motor Co. currently is stamping serial numbers of its passenger cars in four different places on the vehicle. Ford does not carry an engine number on the block as do most other manufacturers, but puts the serial number of the car on the bell housing and on three separate places on the frame. Consequently, if an engine is changed, alteration on the title is not required. Under this system, it is very difficult for anyone to obliterate or otherwise change the serial number of the vehicle, which is of value in tracing stolen cars.

### Infra-Red Radiation For Defrosting Windshields

Use of infra-red radiation for defrosting automobile windshields is a development reported by a Hollywood inventor. He states he has patented a new device which sends the rays through the windshield applying heat directly to the ice and giving much faster thawing action. He adds that the infra-red rays work equally well through glass of solid or laminated construction.



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All-weather guardian of car-performance—that's a Sylphon Automotive Thermostat. It's the reason why so many cars on the road today are equipped with them. It's the reason, too, why so many of tomorrow's cars will rely upon them. For Sylphon Thermostats have proved by their rugged construction and dependable operation that they keep radiators functioning

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March 15, 1947

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243



# Material Handling in the Automotive Industry

By N. M. Loney

Director Works Engineering, Fisher Body Div., General Motors Corp.

Material handling may be considered to involve the packaging and transportation of materials from the last operation in the supplier's plant through processing operations in the fabricating plant, and to include shipment of all outbound material to be further handled at some other plant.

In the layout of a production plant, consideration must be given to the layout of the processes to produce an economical flow of material through

the plant. Maximum planned amounts of material on hand at any one time should not be exceeded, and purchasing specifications should provide for the proper packaging of material for efficient mechanical handling. The department head in charge of material handling should rank with other de-

partment heads so that an equal balance may be preserved, and he should be provided with ample cost analysis facilities so that standards of performance may be set up in order to maintain maximum efficiency in material handling. An important tool for the material handling department is a development shop, which should be provided with a generous budget of sufficient size to enable it to develop ideas furnished by all sources and, more particularly, by the various plants using the equipment.

The design of the packaging of materials should aim for high-density packages of largest manageable bulk to permit the maximum use of mechanical power in place of manual handling.

## Pallets

Many considerations enter into the selection of the proper type of pallet. When pallets are used for long distance shipments, the freight charges on the weight of the pallet, especially if it is desirable to return the pallet to the source, become a very important factor. In present practice, this usually leads to the use of a cheap, wooden non-returnable pallet with relatively short life and high original cost per use. It is doubtful if the so-called expendable pallet made of paper or plastics will afford sufficient protection against damage to material; and the original cost of pallets made of lightweight metals is prohibitive.

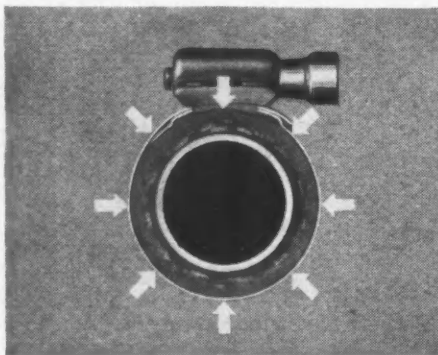
As the use of pallets increases, eventually it may be feasible to establish, in each of the larger centers, a pallet exchange so that pallets of a more permanent character, as received, may be sold at fixed prices to the exchange, and resold by the exchange to other users.

## Steel Containers

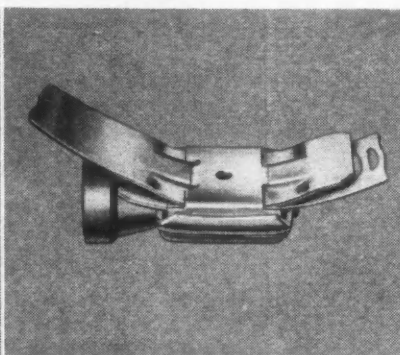
Where the cost of transportation permits, and where there is a large repetitive shipment of the same commodity, it has been found that a permanent returnable steel container is the best method of shipping such material. These containers may be equipped with special devices to prevent damage by contact with each other, thereby avoiding the necessity of any expensive wrapping or other protection. Their use also eliminates as many as six handlings of individual parts when the parts are so arranged as to be loaded as an element of the fabricating process and unloaded as an element of the assembly process. In many cases where the volume is sufficient, shipping conveyances, such as highway trucks, may be equipped with roller conveyors or even chain conveyors, and the loading docks equipped with either chain or roller conveyors, (Turn to page 246, please)

PROVED IN THE SKYWAYS.....BEST ON THE HIGHWAYS

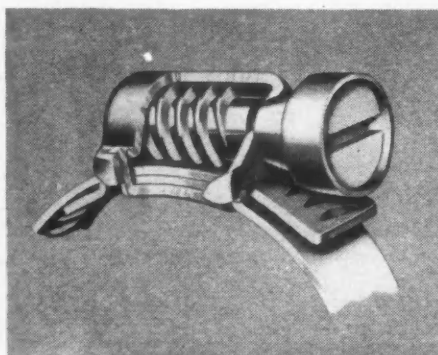
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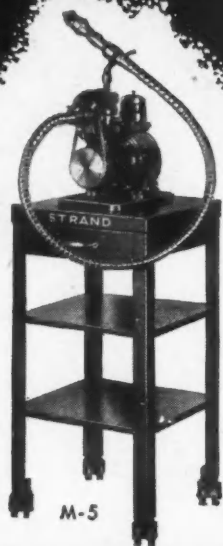


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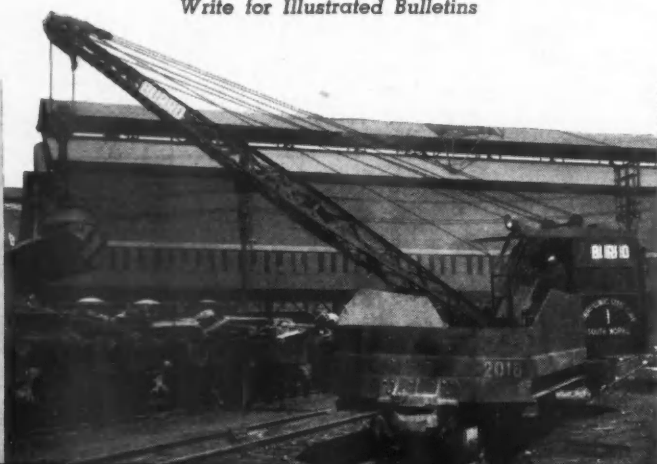
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to load the containers in trucks in multiple tiers in the shortest possible time. It should be understood that the basis of this system is a sufficient supply of containers so that one set may be travelling and one set be in the process of loading and unloading at both ends of the line. In considering such a system, it is necessary to limit the maximum amount of stock to be handled by the system at any one time, since the system fails completely if the amount of stock to be handled exceeds the capacity of the equipment.

### Plant Handling

In order to use mechanical handling at its maximum efficiency in a manufacturing plant, ample space and facilities must necessarily be provided at the receiving and shipping docks to permit ready movement of the mechanical equipment. Ample aisles must be provided if it is desired to have all the stored items in the warehouse readily accessible. Very good use may be made of tierable work carriers, where individual items or packages may be loaded into racks and handled in loads of 3000 to 6000 lb in one operation, tiered so that the entire available space below the ceiling may be utilized. After the material is delivered to the first operation on a progressive manufacturing line, a great deal of judgment must be used as to whether the material should be transported from operation to operation by floor or ceiling conveyors, or whether containers of various kinds should be used for such purposes. If the operation is such that all the machines on the line run at the same rate, the conveyor is the best tool. However, there are many operations where various machines on a line run at different speeds, and it is necessary to store partly fabricated items temporarily. In such cases, the container is superior to the conveyor.

There are several interesting variations in the handling of material between processes where many ingenious uses may be made of attachments to lift trucks, or where combinations of conveyors and containers may be profitably used. For instance, in the fabrication of small parts where it ordinarily might be necessary for the operators to reach into containers setting on the floor adjacent to the process, small parts may be fed directly from the machine to portable elevating conveyors, with portable bins or containers at such a height that the parts may be fed to the next process by gravity. A variation of this is to provide the lift truck with suitable forks and rotating devices so that small parts may be elevated in containers by lift trucks and dumped into permanent bins by the inversion of the container, again feeding the next process by gravity.

The foregoing article is an abstract of the paper of the same title presented by the author at the 1947 National Material Handling Exposition in Cleveland.



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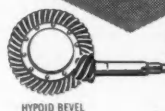
way to make gears. And if gear performance has a bearing on the performance of your products, on the integrity of your trade mark, we'd like to do business with you.

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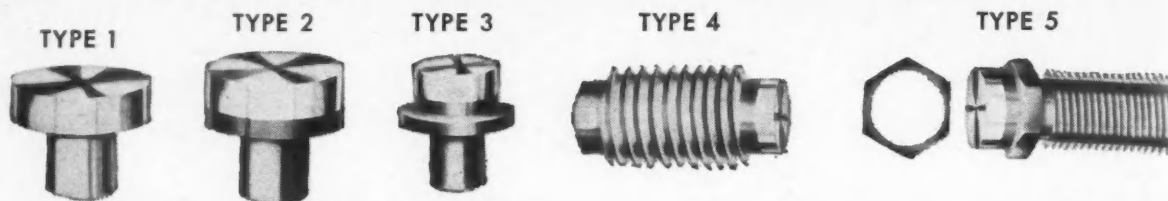


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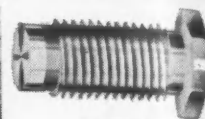
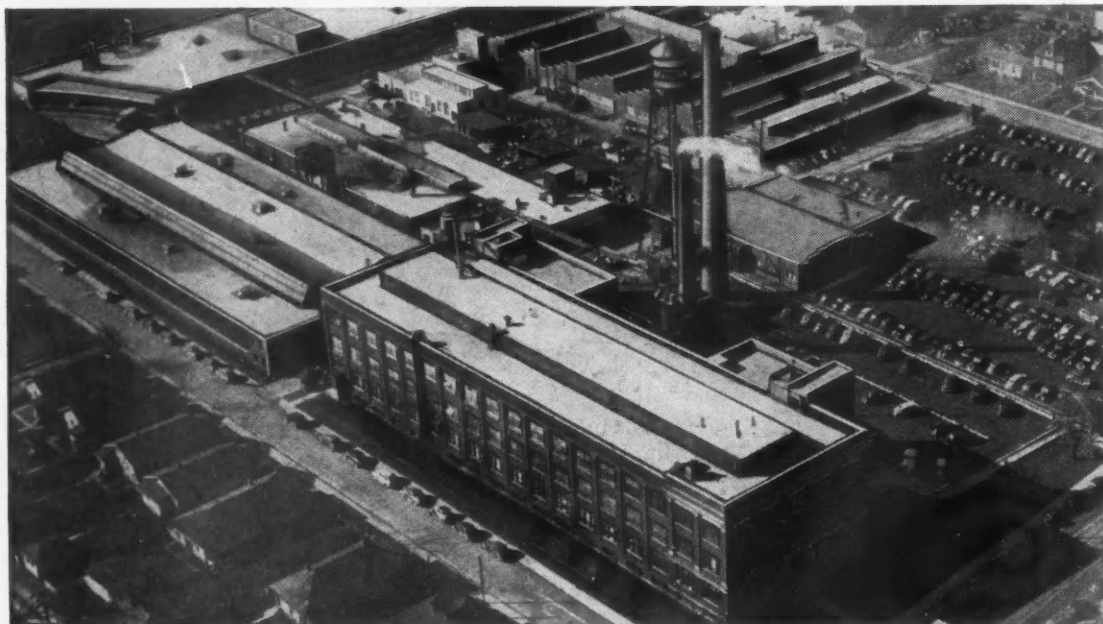
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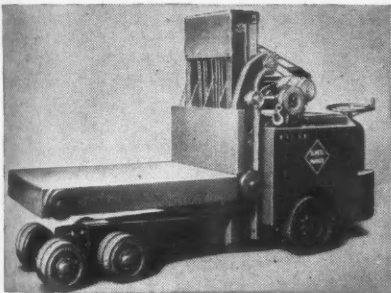
# New Production Equipment

(Continued from page 170)

sign molders, production of the larger jobs is just getting under way. The 32-oz machine incorporates all the features of the standard Lester line—but on a larger scale. The injection pressure at the end of the plunger is 27,000 psi but the makers claim that even this force is easily held in check by a normal mold locking pressure of 600 tons, all of which is carried by four metal-to-metal columns. The one-piece, cast steel frame of the 32-oz job has a cross-sectional area of 240 sq in.—the equivalent of four round steel bars, each 8 3/4 in. in diameter. Platens of 29 1/2 in. by 40 in. area are standard and the maximum space between them is 30 in. The vertical injection cylinder, die height adjusting screw with area equivalent to die area, automatic ejection and separate control of both injection speed and pressure are also features of the new Lester line.

ONE of the most powerful industrial trucks ever built for handling forging and metals-stamping dies is now in production at the Elwell-Parker Electric Co., Cleveland, Ohio. It is rated at 25 net tons capacity.

In changing a die with the new power truck the platform, capable of supporting a 25-ton load, is elevated to the level of the press bed. Cables



Elwell-Parker 25-ton truck

wound on power-operated reels on the left and right sides of the truck pass under pulleys on the truck's upright columns and are hooked together at the far end of the die. When the cables are reeled in, the die slides off the bed onto the platform. In replacing a die the action is virtually the same, except that the cables are passed under pulleys at the forward end of the platform and are then brought back and hooked behind the rear end of the die. Operating the reels causes the die to slide forward off the platform and onto the press. One man, the truck's operator, removes a die after it has been unbolted from the press, or replaces it on the press preparatory to securing it in place.

SEVERAL pieces of unusual equipment are being demonstrated at the Micromatic Hone Corp., Detroit. One of the most striking is a six-spindle rough-honing machine now doing an experimental production run on six-cylinder blocks immediately following boring. Feature of this machine is the new Hydro-Size control of hone adjustment. In addition to adjustment of

hones automatically, each of the tools is fitted with an air gaging head which registers a light on a six-station panel. As the lights go on the operator knows that one after another the individual bores have been finished. As soon as all six bores have been honed to size, the machine stops, retracts the heads and is ready for the next cycle. Sizing of bores for all six cylinders is held within 0.0005 in. variation.

Another of the new machines is a two-spindle vertical Micromatic honer for connecting rod big end finishing. It is fitted with an indexing table and holds two rods in each fixture, thus  
(Turn to page 250, please)

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Engineering consultation, laboratory and road testing, assistance in assembly problems at the customer's plant . . . all are important

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Atwood service is considered complete only when the ultimate consumer's clutch requirements are fully satisfied. The

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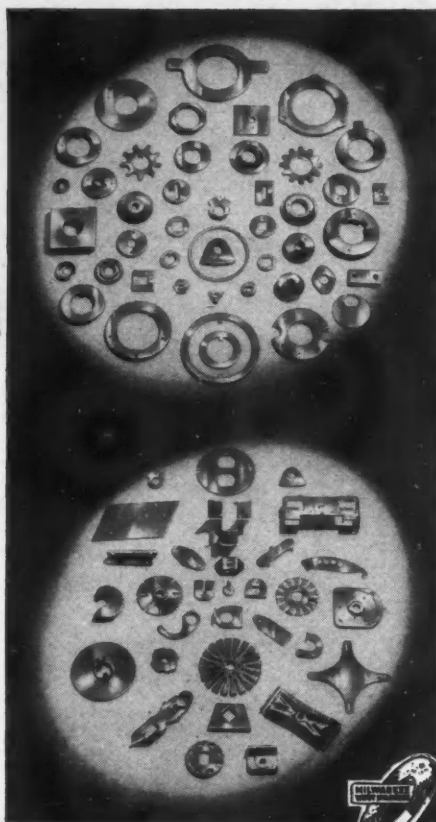
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**MOLINE TOOL COMPANY**

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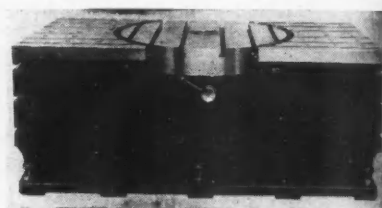
Moline, Illinois

permitting the honing of two pieces at a time. The machine is so arranged that one spindle does the roughing while the second finishes. Major feature is the adoption of the Micromatic Micro-Size mechanism for this type of machine and the utilization of a new electronic circuit. Speed and accuracy are said to be quite exceptional.

The third machine exemplifies a unique hydraulic ram design which is offered for the first time. It is capable of extremely rapid changes in direction of stroke and has been adapted for the honing of bearing races directly from the rough hardened state, eliminating grinding.

DESIGNED and built to support heavy workpieces without deflection the Model 700 indexing table, manufactured by the Kaukauna Machine Corp., Kaukauna, Wis. for use with its series 125 portable horizontal drilling and tapping machines, is being adapted for use with other types of machine tools. It is also suited for inspection or layout work because of its flexibility and rigidity.

The main bed is of heavy cast iron construction, with T-slots provided in



Kaukauna indexing table

the top and at each end for clamping purposes. Thus work can be held in either the horizontal or vertical plane. It is also possible to make a set-up on one end of the table while work is being completed at the other end. A 36-in. diameter indexing platen, also of heavy cast iron construction, manually operated and which can be locked in any position, is in the center of the main bed, supported by an extra capacity ball thrust bearing. A hardened steel plunger and hardened steel bushings are said to assure positive indexing positions. T-slots in the platen are provided for workpiece clamping, and two shoes clamp the platen in position. The overall dimensions of the Kaukauna Model 700 Indexing Table are 72 in. long by 36 1/4 in. wide, and standing at a height of 29 in.

DESIGNED primarily for drilling and tapping large copper anodes to receive hanging hooks, an improved horizontal combination drilling and tapping machine has been developed by the Cleveland Tapping Machine Co., Hartsville, Ohio. This machine, the manufacturer states, incorporates features which make it suitable for a wide variety of applications in drilling and tapping long and irregular work-pieces.

(Turn to page 252, please)



HOW MUCH and HOW MANY

*Are Basic  
Questions  
in*

## POWDER METALLURGY



**METAL  
POWDER  
PARTS  
BY  
MORaine**

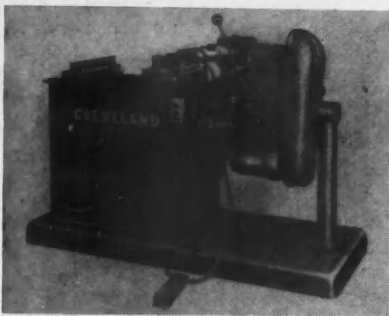
On the basis of "How Much?" metal powder parts from Moraine have replaced parts produced by conventional methods in scores of applications. They have effected substantial savings in cost through the elimination of secondary machining operations, and provided the fine finish and close practical tolerances required by the customer.

Before costs can be determined, however, another question must be answered: "How Many?" Production by powder metallurgy is economical mainly in large, continuing runs. It does not lend itself to job-lot orders, but requires good volume to justify the cost of tooling and setup.

If your answer to "How Many?" is a volume figure, we believe we can give you a satisfactory answer to "How Much?" Moraine Products' experience in powder metallurgy is at your service to supply better parts at lower cost.

**MORaine PRODUCTS** DIVISION OF **GENERAL MOTORS**  
DAYTON, OHIO





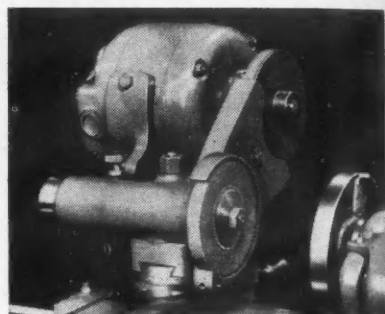
**New horizontal drilling and tapping machine made by Cleveland Tapping Machine Co.**

A hand control indexes the head for consecutively drilling and tapping; and the depth of hole and withdrawal of the tool are automatically controlled. A three-position indexing head can also be furnished to drill, countersink and tap the work-piece with one chucking. An air-operated vise for holding the work-piece is standard equipment. It can be mounted on a special table which functions as an air-operated cross-slide, positioning the work so that it may be drilled and tapped at a number of pre-determined points. A work rest may be placed on the ways or on brackets fastened to the end of

the column to provide additional support for long pieces. The machine is powered by a one-hp reversing motor, and will drill and tap holes up to 0.5 in., National Coarse Thread, in mild steel.

**A** POWERFUL electric grinding attachment for use on lathes and other machine tools has been developed by the South Bend Lathe Works, 119 E. Madison St., South Bend 22, Ind. Designed primarily for precision external grinding, it is equipped with a 4 in. by 1/2 in. grinding wheel which is driven by a constant-speed, continuous-duty 1/4 hp motor. This permits taking heavier sustained cuts than would be practical with a universal type motor of the same rated horsepower. Available with frame sizes to fit the various sizes of South Bend lathes, this grinding attachment can be adapted to other makes of lathes, milling machines, shapers, planers, etc.

The grinding wheel spindle runs on pre-lubricated sealed precision ball bearings which require no adjustment



**South Bend electric grinding attachment**

or additional lubrication. Effectively protected from abrasive grinding wheel dust, the sealed bearings are said to retain their precision indefinitely. Tension adjustment is provided for the V-belt which connects the motor with the grinding wheel spindle. Both the grinding wheel and the V-belt are enclosed in a single guard.

Spring stops for grinding straight and spiral fluted reamers and cutters, diamond dressers for truing the grinding wheel, and holding fixtures for the dressers can be furnished for use with this grinding attachment. Grinding wheels are available in several grades for grinding various materials including tungsten carbide, tool steel, machine steel, cast iron, brass or bronze, aluminum, Bakelite, hard rubber, and soft rubber. Special cup wheels are supplied for reamer and cutter grinding.

**M**URCHEY MACHINE AND TOOL Co., Detroit, Mich., is introducing a line of die heads that feature quick and simple removal and replacement of chasers and chaser holding blocks, usually without removing the tool from the machine. Also, the operator is able

(Turn to page 256, please)

# SHAKE UP SHOWDOWN

Every new model Donaldson Air Cleaner must pass grueling shake and vibration tests before it is placed in production. Mounted as shown below, a large motor shakes the air cleaner violently for periods corresponding to years of actual field use.

Tests like these are your assurance that Donaldson Air Cleaners will stand up for a lifetime of rough use on tractors, trucks, construction machinery and other heavy-duty equipment.

**DONALDSON COMPANY, INC.**  
666 PESHAM BLVD.  
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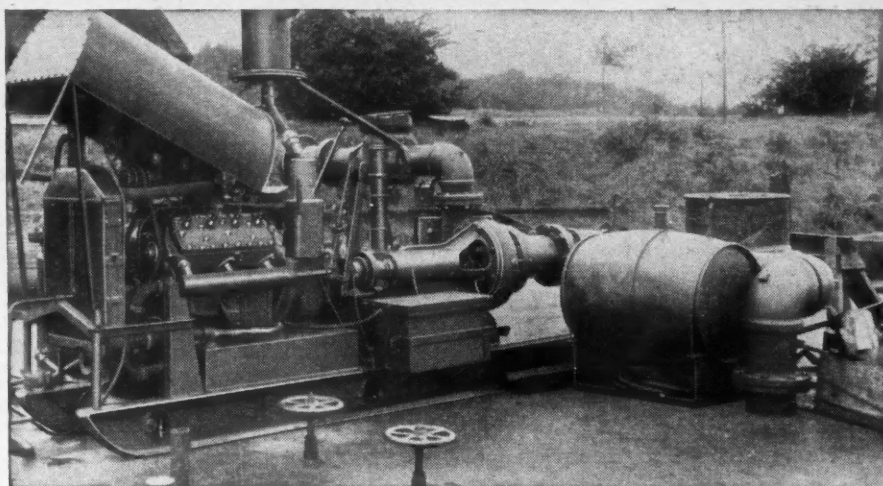
**DONALDSON CO. (CANADA) LTD.**  
Chatham, Ontario

**DONALDSON**  
*Sil-Washed*  
**AIR CLEANERS**

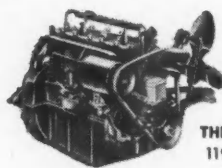


# "—speaking of FORD ENGINE ECONOMY!"

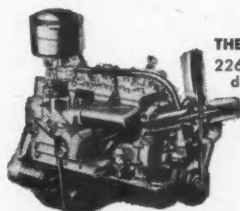
(as millions of owners have been doing for years)—



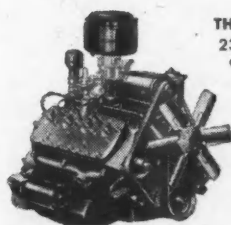
**"This Ford V-8 engine Has Pumped 1,250,000 Barrels of Oil in a Year at 1/4¢ a Barrel!"**



THE 40-H.P. FOUR  
119.5 cubic inches displacement



THE 90-H.P. SIX  
226 cubic inches displacement



THE 100-H.P. V-8  
239 cubic inches displacement

Berard Bros. Towing Co., of New Iberia, La., operates four tugs and nine barges, transporting crude oil. The cost of pumping, cited above by Mr. B. J. Berard, includes labor. In a letter, Mr. Berard adds, "In our many years of crude oil barge transportation we have yet to encounter any pumping unit to equal the economy and performance we now get."

Efficiency, reliability and economy such as this—backed by famous Ford Service everywhere—explain why so many builders of engine-powered equipment have standardized on Ford-built engines. Any electric generating unit, compressor, road and paving machinery, irrigating and fire-fighting unit—any such equipment that must go out "on its own" and pay its way in performance—is well powered when it's Ford-powered. Write for detailed data. Address—

**FORD MOTOR COMPANY**  
Industrial and Marine Engine Department  
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## FORD-BUILT ENGINES

PREFERRED FOR INDUSTRIAL AND MARINE POWER

March 15, 1947

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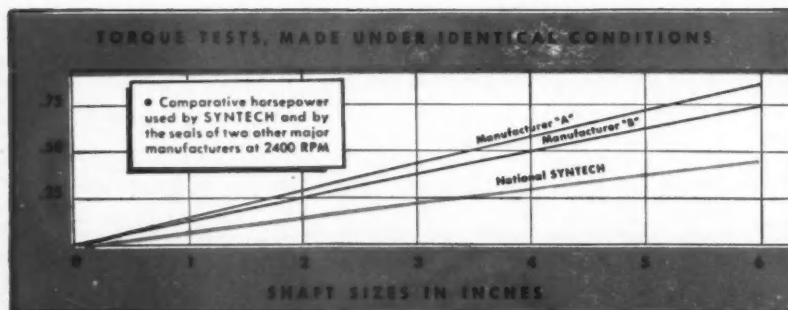


# Syntech<sup>\*</sup> *the* *New National Oil Seal* *which doubles seal life,* *cuts power loss, main-* *tains zero leakage*

**T**HE revolutionary new sealing member of synthetic rubber in these new National SYNTECH Oil Seals insures optimum sealing results with marked reduction in power consumption (see Chart below).

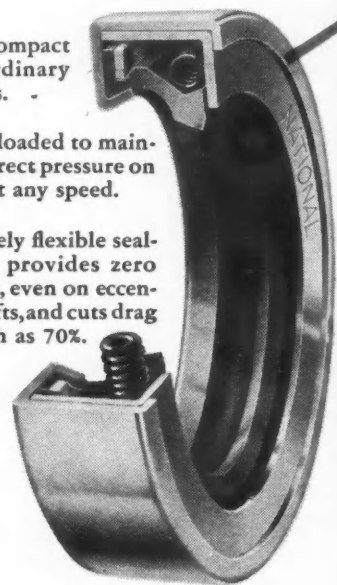
Dynamometer and road tests give positive proof that SYNTECH'S safety factors on speed, runout, abrasion and wear far surpass any other seal tested. These same tests show conclusively that National SYNTECHS perform at zero leakage over periods up to 10 times the life of a normal application.

Write today to National for more information and samples of the great new National SYNTECH Oil Seal.



\* **SYNTECH** (trademark registered) is an entirely new oil seal which utilizes a special National-developed, synthetic-rubber sealing member.

- 1 More compact than ordinary oil seals.
- 2 Spring-loaded to maintain correct pressure on shafts at any speed.
- 3 Extremely flexible sealing lip provides zero leakage, even on eccentric shafts, and cuts drag as much as 70%.



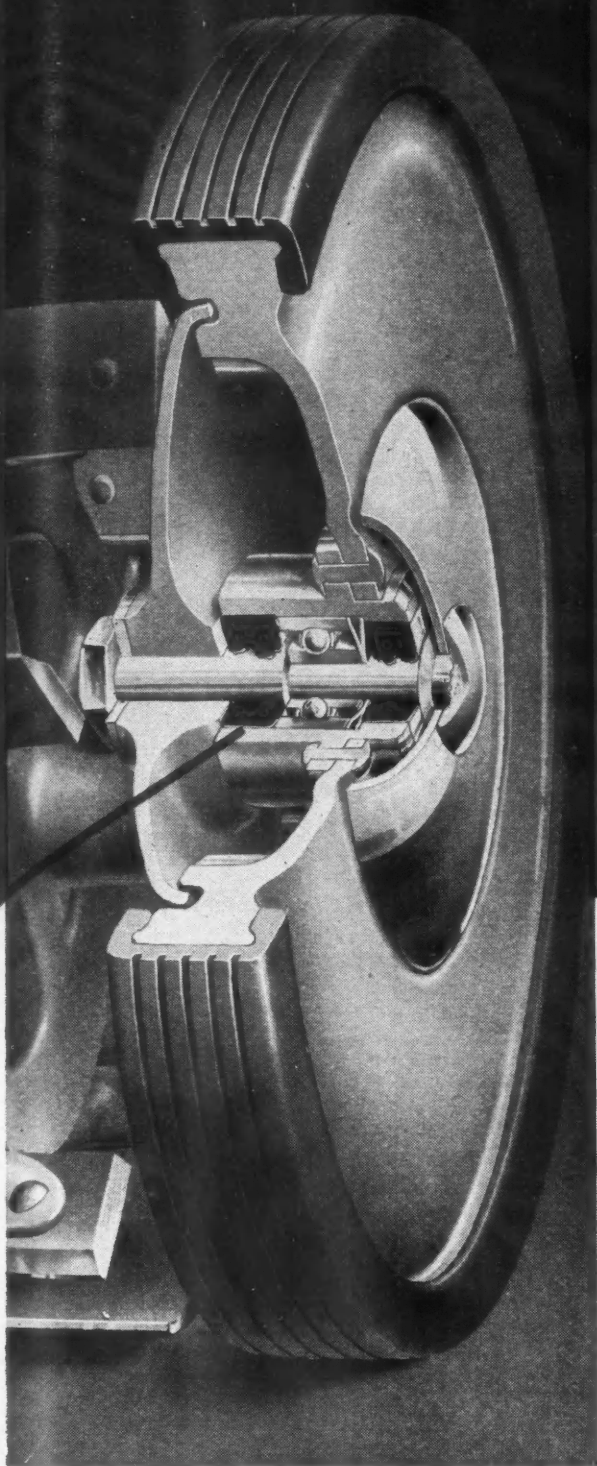
**SYNTECH** is made of synthetic rubber compounded to achieve high flexibility and low coefficient of friction.

Design of sealing lip provides limited shaft contact.

This thin section assures maximum flexibility of the sealing member.







# NATIONAL

OIL AND FLUID SEALS



WHEREVER SHAFTS MOVE, THERE'S A  
NATIONAL SEAL TO RETAIN THE LUBRICANT

## Syntech Seals reduce drag 70%, give 100% longer life at zero leakage in this lawn mower application...

The push resistance of lawn mowers is greatly reduced by use of friction-free bearings. In order to make their use practical, oil seals are required.

Exhaustive tests were held and ultimately four prominent manufacturers turned to National SYNTECH Oil Seals. The installation of FOUR SYNTECHS provided a 100% lubricant seal for the estimated life of the mower, without adding any noticeable drag.

Whether for lawn mowers or battleships—wherever shafts turn—you'll find the new National SYNTECH Oil Seal an outstanding improvement over the ordinary types. Let National engineers assist in solving your bearing protection problems. The details of your problem will be kept in strictest confidence.

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To keep diesel engines operating at peak efficiency, this portable, precision-built Adeco Nozzle Tester is indispensable.

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Ideal for testing hydraulic devices.

Write for bulletin on this practical, low-cost unit.

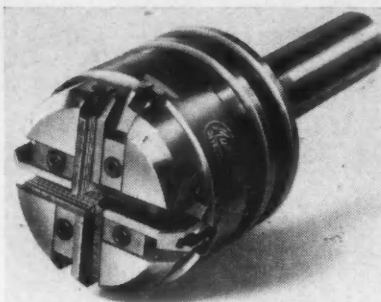


TESTS FUEL INJECTORS  
AND HYDRAULIC DE-  
VICES at Pressures up  
to 10,000 p.s.i.



**AIRCRAFT & DIESEL  
EQUIPMENT CORP.**

DEPT. 21, 4411 N. RAVENSWOOD AVE.  
CHICAGO 40, ILLINOIS



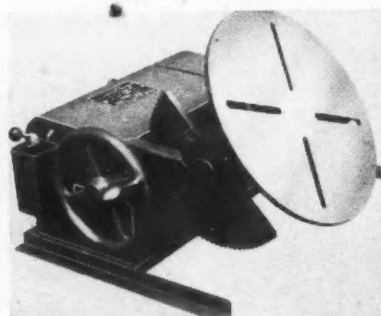
**Murchey Type TRB die head**

to replace blocks and chasers previously set to exact location in a micrometer setting fixture. Because of this, one die head with extra chasers and blocks takes the place of two or more complete setups.

These die heads are furnished in revolving and stationary type with chasers and holding blocks interchangeable. Shown here is the Type "TRB," a rotating yoke operated tool for use on automatic screw machines, drill presses, or any machine where the tool revolves.

With these Murchey tangent chaser die heads, chasers of a given pitch may be used to cut any size within the range of the head. All parts are hardened and ground.

**RANSOME MACHINERY CO.**, Dunellen, N. J., has placed on the market a power-operated bench model positioner for work weighing 100 lb or less. Built to handle small units, the Model 1-P



**Ransome Model 1-P positioner**

facilitates welding, assembling, repairing, grinding, hard surfacing, and similar operations for positioning the work to the best advantage for the operator. Work may be tilted to 135 deg and locks in any position at any degree of tilt. It may also be revolved 360 deg by a 1/2 hp single-phase, reversible motor. A disengaging clutch permits free wheeling when desired. Lever-operated vari-drive pulley permits a speed range from .21 to 5 rpm.

**OPTIMUS EQUIPMENT CO.**, 269 Church St., Matawan, N. J., has brought out a new screw-drum type machine that can be used for washing and drying metal parts, rinsing and drying them, or any part of these operations. (Turn to page 258, please)



**FELT PARTS CUT TO  
precise  
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Skilled operators and Booth-designed machinery combine to give you the utmost in accuracy of die-cut mechanical felt parts. Specifications are adhered to precisely. No deviations in size or thickness... the last felt part in any one lot is an exact duplicate of the first.

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SAMPLE KIT... contains swatches  
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TRADE MARK

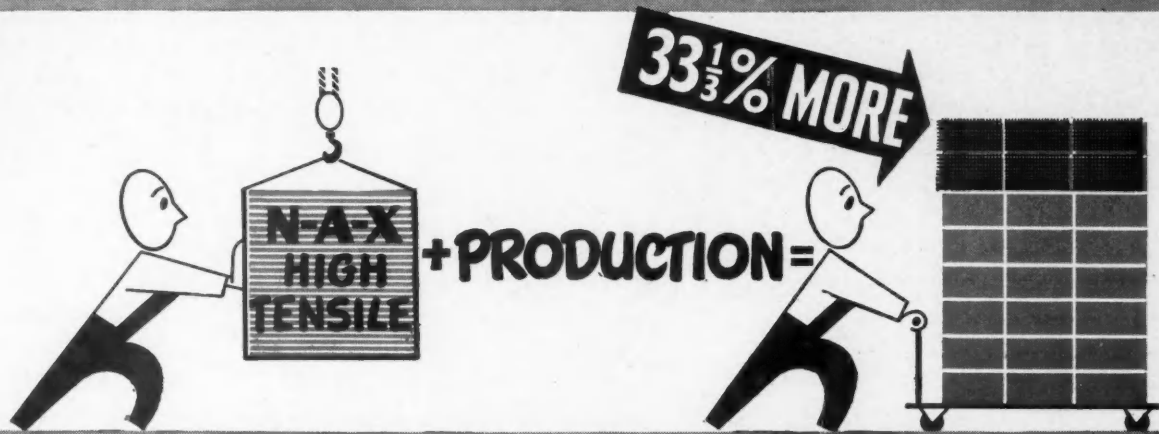
**PRECISION CUT  
FELT PARTS**



# THE NEW ARITHMETIC IN STEEL

## In production per ton—

**1 ton N-A-X High-Tensile =  $1\frac{1}{3}$  tons Carbon Sheet Steel**



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**T**HE new arithmetic in steel is as simple, understandable—and as well worth remembering—as the multiplication tables.

N-A-X HIGH-TENSILE permits the use of lighter sections—as much as 25% lighter. Less steel is used per unit; more units are produced per ton. Yet finished products actually are stronger and more durable—thanks to the greater strength and toughness, the greater resistance to fatigue and corrosion, of N-A-X HIGH-TENSILE steel.

N-A-X HIGH-TENSILE also has excellent weldability, and can be cold-formed and deep-drawn to exceptional degrees for a high-strength steel.

The tremendous demand for N-A-X HIGH-TENSILE makes it impossible right now to promise normal delivery on new orders. However, our engineers will be glad to show you how to make the most of the new arithmetic in steel in figuring your plans for the future.

**MAKE A TON OF SHEET STEEL  
GO FARTHER  
Specify—**



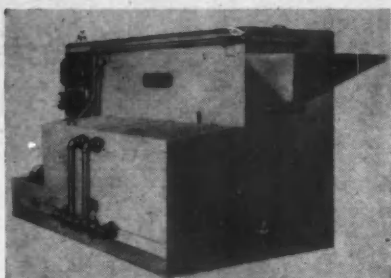
**GREAT LAKES STEEL CORPORATION**  
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March 15, 1947

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**Optimus screw-drum type machine**

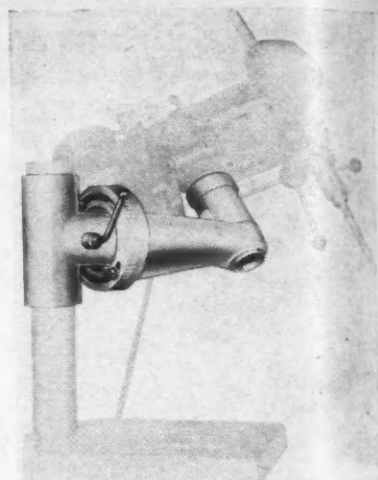
The machine can also be adapted for a wash-drain, rinse-drain, cold or hot air dry sequence, or for pickling opera-

tions. It is particularly designed to handle difficult rinsing and drying jobs involving screw machine or small stamped parts.

The dryer end is completely closed to avoid air loss. The air stream passes through a heater and blower which provides for either hot or cold air blast system.

All parts of the machine are said to be readily accessible for lubrication, maintenance or alterations. Centralized lubrication may be provided.

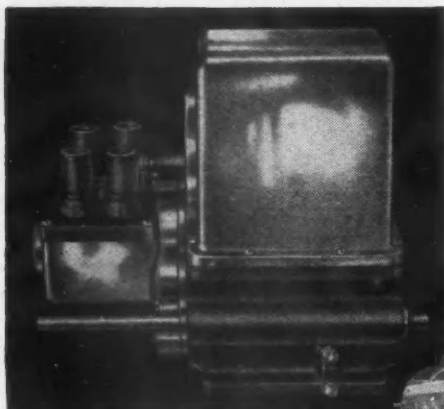
**EMPIRE FOUNDRY & MACHINE CORP.,** Ashland, Ky., has developed an All Angle radial arm to be mounted on



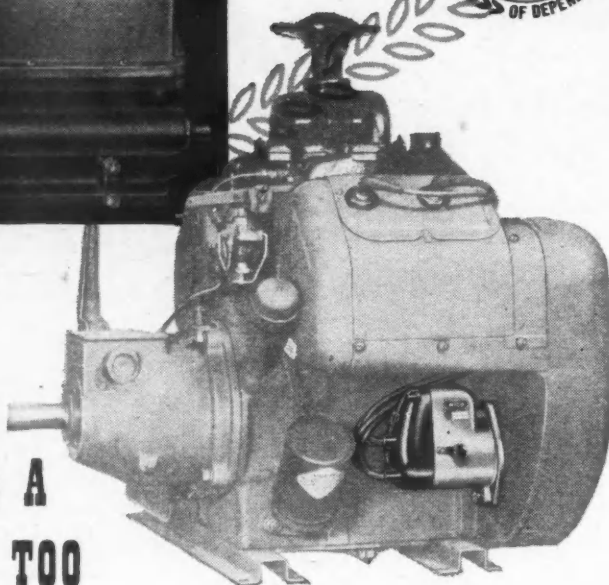
**All Angle radial arm for drill presses**

standard 2-, 2¼-, 2½- or 2¾-in. column drill presses. It eliminates the necessity of a tilting or universal table for drilling holes at any desired angle and most any radius. The arm increases chuck-to-column capacity by 16 in., and an auxiliary column increases chuck-to-base capacity five in.

The radial arm is clamped to the  
(Turn to page 260, please)



**MAGNETOS  
HAVE COME A  
LONG WAY, TOO**



At the turn of the century gasoline engines of all kinds were sparked by Witherbee Igniters, shown at top, invented by Thomas Witherbee who founded the Wico Electric Company in 1897. Even in those days the problem was to get a hot, regular spark to the cylinders at the right times. Today, with fifty years of engineering skill behind it, WICO is still out in front of the field in making a magneto that does the best sparking job, with the greatest reliability, at the lowest cost.

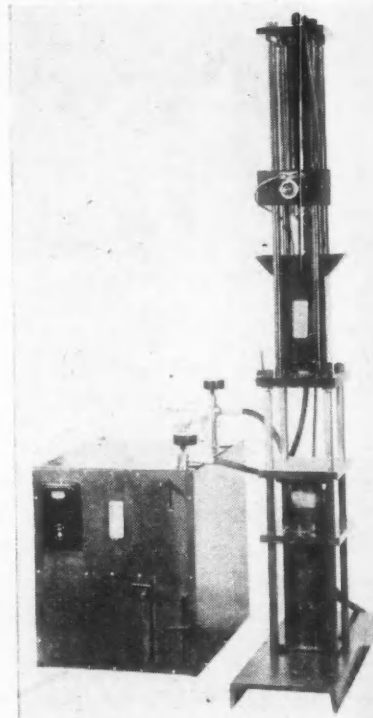
WICO engineers concentrate their attention on making ever better magnetos and the postwar "X" models are the last word in "igniters" built to 1947 aircraft standards. The world's largest manufacturer of magnetos exclusively, WICO

equips America's aristocrats in farm implements, contractors', oilfield and mining equipment, outboard and inboard marine motors, and portable and fixed spark ignited internal combustion engines of almost every type.

Trained field engineers and more than a thousand authorized service stations sell WICOs and serve buyers and users everywhere. Wico Electric Company, West Springfield, Massachusetts.



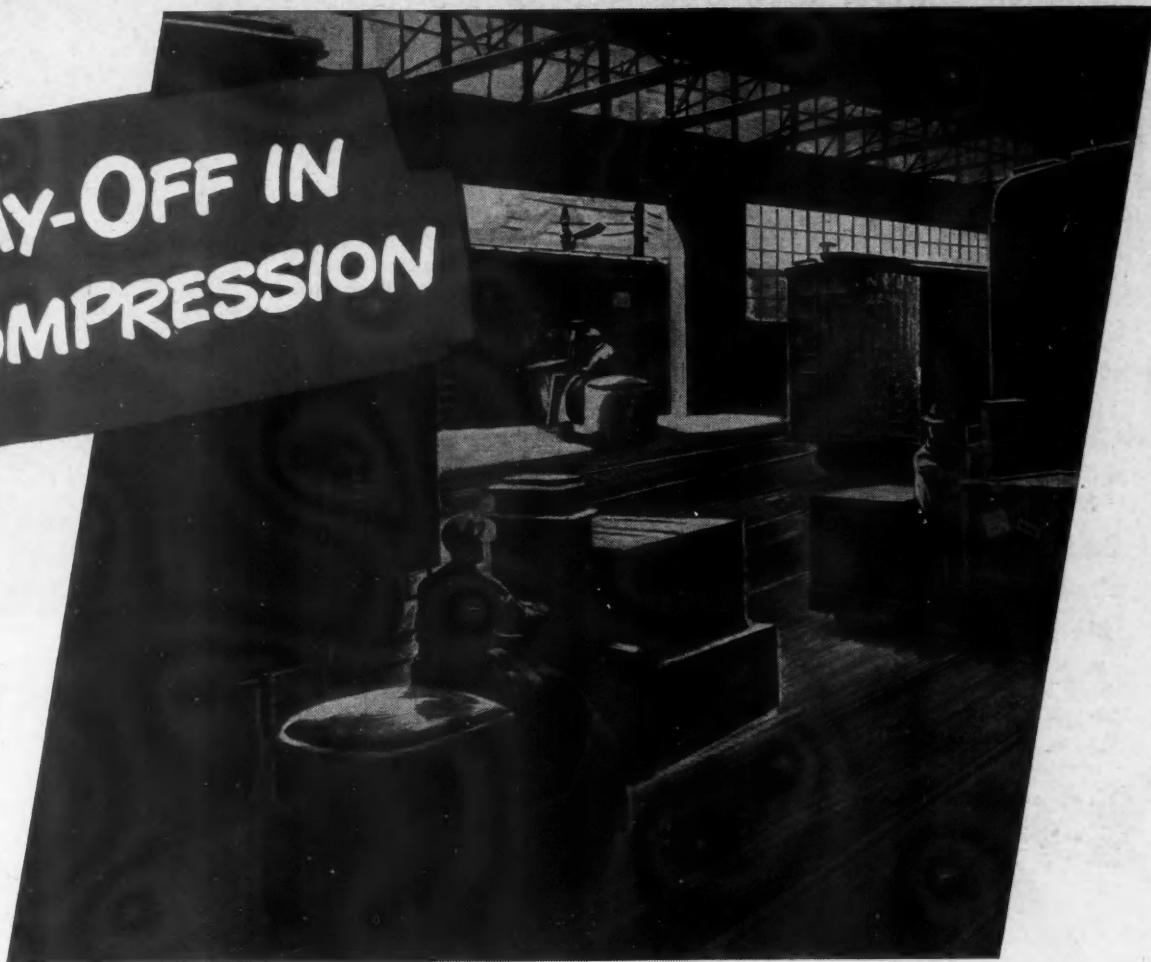
### **Munton Hydraulic Injection Molding Press**



This motorized hydraulic injection molding press, made by Munton Mfg. Co., 9400 Belmont Ave., Franklin Pk., Ill., has a three-oz capacity. Injection pressure is 12,000 psi. Mold sealing or clamping pressure is 50,000 lb. The operating cycle is 30 sec. Maximum opening for molds is 12 in.



# PAY-OFF IN COMPRESSION



● A repair shop writes: "We take care of 30 Lift Trucks with four-cylinder engines. These machines run from 16 to 20 hours a day. We estimate that one of these engines, if installed in a car, would cover from 100,000 to 125,000 miles per year.

"For two years we have been using Pedrick piston rings for all replacement jobs. Last week we made a compression test on one of our *old* machines—overhauled five months ago. *Not one pound was lost through the Pedrick rings.* Yet a *new* machine, with other rings, in operation for four months, lost eight to ten pounds!"

This ability of Pedrick rings to maintain a seal in the cylinder for long

periods will help your new engines to deliver longer, trouble-free service and help your dealers out in the field to do better, more efficient reconditioning work. Send for information on Pedrick's exclusive "Heat-Shaping" process. *Only PEDRICK* makes "Heat-Shaped" piston rings. WILKENING MANUFACTURING CO., Philadelphia 42, Pa. *In Canada:* Wilkening Manufacturing Co. (Canada) Ltd., Toronto.

**Pedrick**  
precisioneered  
**PISTON RINGS**



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By G. Geoffrey Smith, MBE, Directing Editor  
Flight and Aircraft Production (England)

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GENERAL CARL A. SPAATZ, COMMANDING GENERAL, U. S. ARMY AIR FORCES, says in the PREFACE: "... can be read with profit by the engineer, the pilot and the layman."

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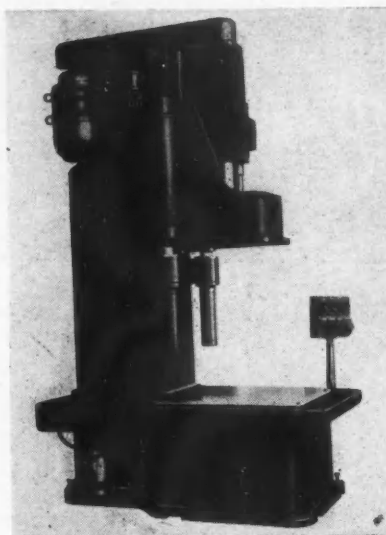
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base collar by bolts through a degree table graduated through 45 deg right to 45 deg left. It permits adjustment of drill head to any desired drilling angle. The base collar is equipped with a coordinate clamp lock with ball handle that releases or tightens two clamping wedges simultaneously. It simplifies raising or lowering drill head and permits swinging drill head and radial arm. The auxiliary column is clamped by two set screws which tighten flush with surface.

**R**OBINS ENGINEERING Co., 318 Midland Ave., Detroit 3, Mich., announces a new automatic drilling machine, the Robbins No. 3 Drillmatic. This machine is designed and built as a standard machine tool for special purpose adaptations at lower cost. Tooling heads are mounted on the machine saddle by means of standard locating and hold-down holes. Any number of spindles may be included in the head and all are driven by the machine



**Robbins No. 3 Drillmatic drilling machine**

spindle. When operations change the head can be removed and a new one mounted.

The saddle is operated by a ram from the hydraulic unit mounted on the machine column above the saddle. Thus the hydraulic pressure is directly over the work, eliminating friction on the guide bars due to tool thrust.

The hydraulic power for the Robbins No. 3 Drillmatic is supplied from a self-contained unit mounted at the top of the machine column. The hydraulic pump, pump control mechanism, oil sump and hydraulic cylinder are fully enclosed. All connections are manifolded inside the unit and there is no outside piping or valves.

**T**HE ADAPTATION of a pushing device to a standard fork truck is a definite (Turn to page 262, please)

STATE CAPITOL,  
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## HIGHER EFFICIENCY WINS IN NEW YORK STATE

Cities, processing plants and manufacturing firms throughout the state of New York now own more than three hundred and twenty-five Layne high efficiency Well Water Systems. These individually designed, quality built and correctly installed water systems are now producing millions of gallons of water daily at an amazingly low cost.

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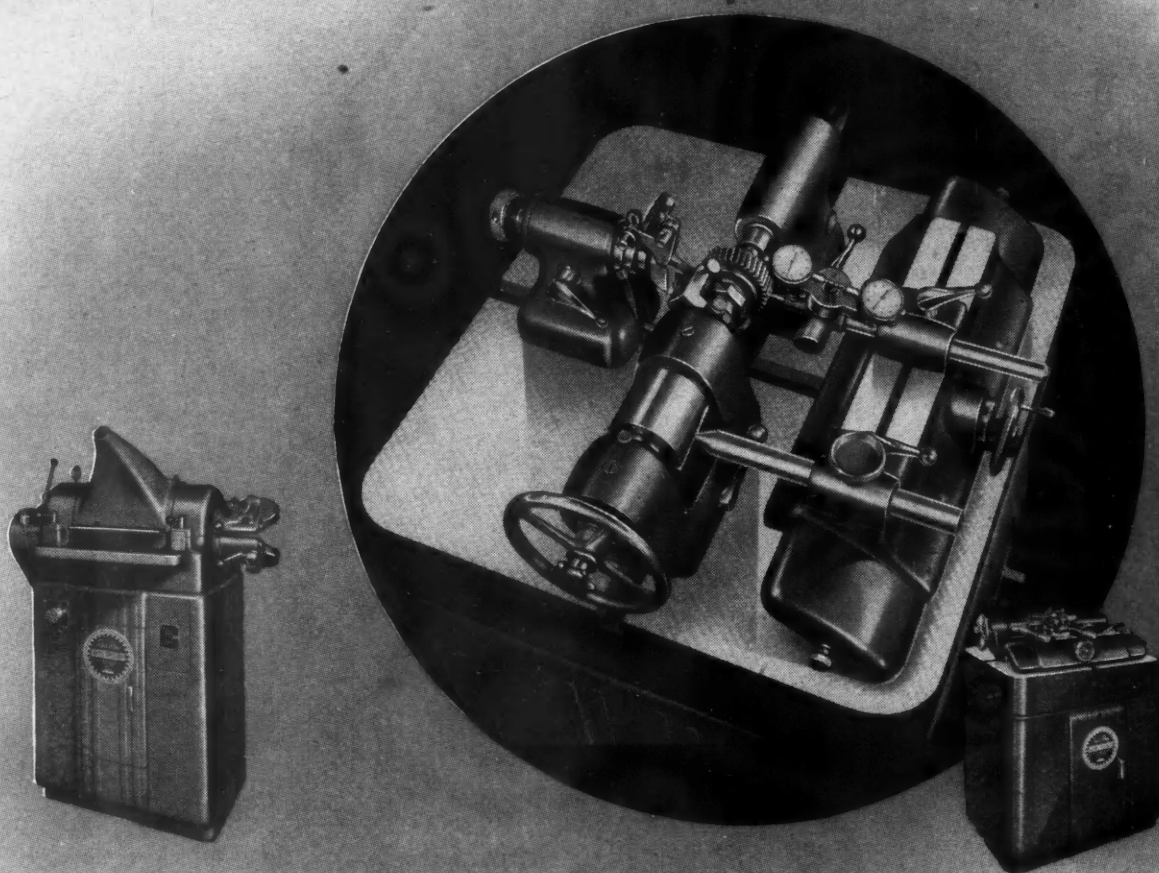
# LAYNE

## WELL WATER SYSTEMS VERTICAL TURBINE PUMPS

**AFFILIATED COMPANIES:** Layne-Arkansas Co., Stuttgart, Ark. \* Layne-Atlantic Co., Norfolk, Va. \* Layne-Central Co., Memphis, Tenn. \* Layne-Northern Co., Mishawaka, Ind. \* Layne-Louisiana Co., Lake Charles, La. \* Louisiana Well Co., Monroe, La. \* Layne-New York Co., New York City \* Layne-Northwest Co., Milwaukee, Wis. \* Layne-Ohio Co., Columbus, Ohio \* Layne-Pacific, Inc., Seattle, Wash. \* Layne-Texas Co., Houston, Texas \* Layne-Western Co., Kansas City, Mo. \* Layne-Western Co. of Minn., Minneapolis, Minn. \* International Water Supply Ltd., London, Eng., Can. \* Layne-Hispano Americana, S. A., Mexico, D. F.



# FIRST MEASURE YOUR GEAR ERRORS AND GEAR NOISE THEN CORRECT THEM



If you know how much of an error you have in index, helical angle, lead, parallelism, tooth size, eccentricity or interference, you can determine what must be done to correct it.

If there is apt to be objectionable noises in a gear train, find out before those gears are assembled just how much noise they will make in operation. Then you can take the necessary steps to correct for noise without paying unnecessarily for both assembly and disassembly.

The Red Ring Universal Gear Checker and Gear Sound Tester will permit you to accurately evaluate gear errors and gear noises. The Sound Tester will, by the character of the sound produced, indicate its cause.

Write for descriptive folders on these machines.

2525



## NATIONAL BROACH AND MACHINE CO.

5600 ST. JEAN • DETROIT 13, MICHIGAN

SPECIALISTS ON SPUR AND HELICAL INVOLUTE GEAR PRACTICE • ORIGINATORS OF ROTARY SHAVING AND ELLIPTOID TOOTH FORMS

March 15, 1947

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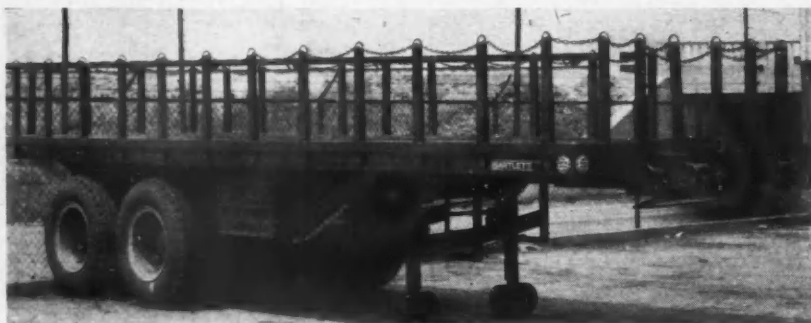




Pusher device mounted on Clark Carloader fork truck

inite advance in mechanical handling. The pusher is said to be practical for nearly any type of load. Retainers are used to hold the pallet in the job illustrated, but other types of loads may be deposited with the pallet if desired. The pusher is also used with self-contained loads which do not require a pallet.

The pusher device itself has a maximum stroke of 52 in., a thrust capacity of 4,000 lb, and is now available on the Clark Carloader, Utilitrac and other models as the demand develops. This new device is a product of Clark Tractor Division of Clark Equipment Co., Battle Creek, Mich.



## All Load and Road Conditions Met With TUTHILL Springs

**L**ONG a user of TUTHILL, the BARTLETT Trailer Co. installed TUTHILL Quality Leaf Springs in the flat-bed Trailer illustrated.

Trailer carries twenty tons of steel bars and requires main and auxiliary TUTHILL Springs to support the tremendous load.

Again TUTHILL proves its strength, toughness and stay-ability — under all load and road conditions.

*Tuthill makes Leaf Springs in standard and special types. Submit your Springs problems to our Engineers.*



**TUTHILL  
SPRING CO.**  
760 W. Polk St.  
CHICAGO 7, ILL.

**Quality Leaf Springs for Sixty-seven Years**

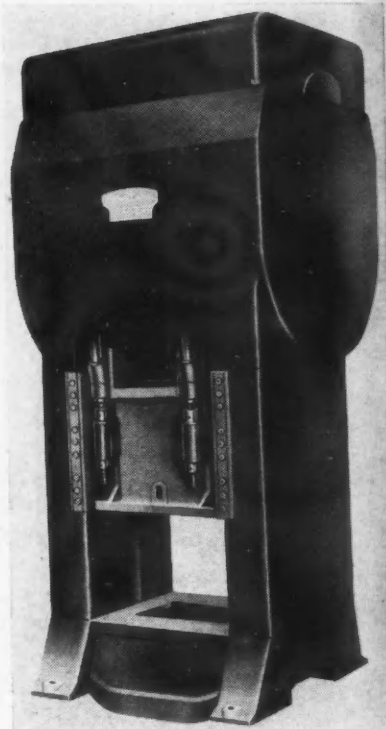
**T**HE NEWMATIC CONTROLLER, which operates as the electrical counterpart of the automobile automatic gear-shift, has been adopted as standard equipment by its designers, Automatic Transportation Co., 149 W. 87 St., Chicago 20, Ill. It will be installed on all the company's 1947 trucks. The new control system made its first appearance on Automatic's new Skylift fork truck, the first of the company's 1947 line, which was introduced in January.

The controller provides automatically timed sequence of four speeds in forward and reverse. It is said to make jerky movement impossible—in starting, reversing or accelerating—thus eliminating tire slippage and minimizing spillage of loads. It reduces the peak electric current surges by two-thirds.

The Newmatic enables the operator of a truck to select any one of the four forward or reverse speeds at will; regardless of the speed selected, how-

*(Turn to page 264, please)*

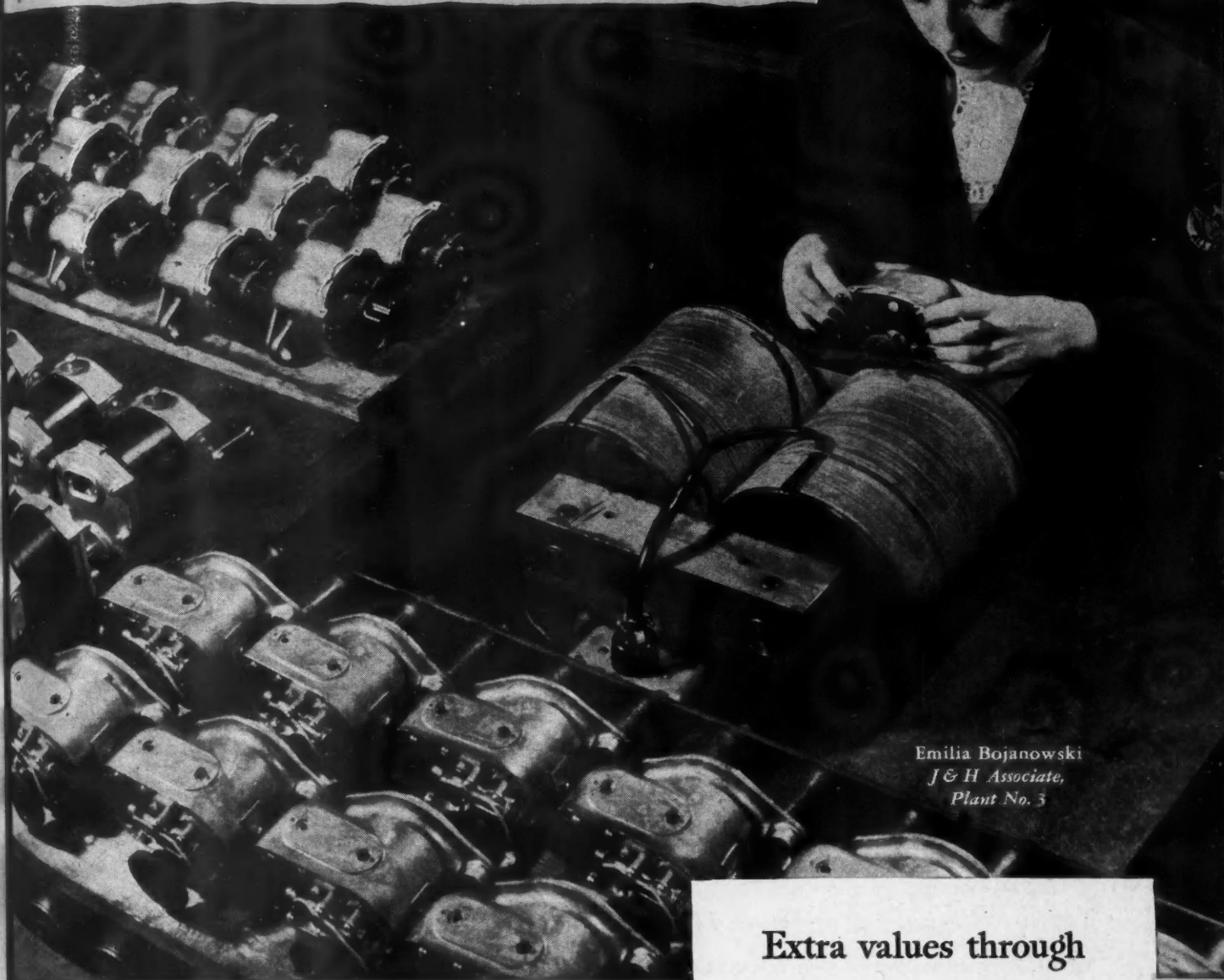
### Double-Action Toggle Press



This single-point, double-action toggle press, manufactured by the Cleveland Punch & Shear Works Co., 3917 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland 14, Ohio, has all gears enclosed in the box-type crown, together with the drive unit. The press is equipped with an electrically-controlled, air-operated friction clutch and the top cover can easily be removed should it be necessary to make any repairs. While the machine illustrated has a 28-in. stroke, 6-in. adjustment, 500 tons capacity for inner slide, and 300 tons capacity for outer slide, this type of press can be furnished in sizes and capacities to suit requirements and with single connection, as shown in the illustration, or with two connections as desired.



# Magnet cures headache



Emilia Bojanowski  
J & H Associate,  
Plant No. 3

## Extra values through JACK & HEINTZ Mass Precision

*Magnetizing of Magneto* usually

takes five operations: (1) assemble magneto, (2) adjust bearings, (3) disassemble magneto, (4) magnetize

rotor, (5) reassemble magneto. Operations (3) and (5)

were production headaches. These were eliminated by Jack & Heintz engineers who developed a giant magnetizing device by which the rotors are magnetized through the magneto frame . . . after assembly. Result: higher quality and faster production of urgently-needed Eisemann magnetos.

Achievements of Jack & Heintz mass precision such as this are creating extra values in magnetos, electric motors, bearings, refrigeration compressors and aircraft accessories today and in revolutionary developments for tomorrow.

**JACK & HEINTZ PRECISION INDUSTRIES, INC., Cleveland 1, Ohio**



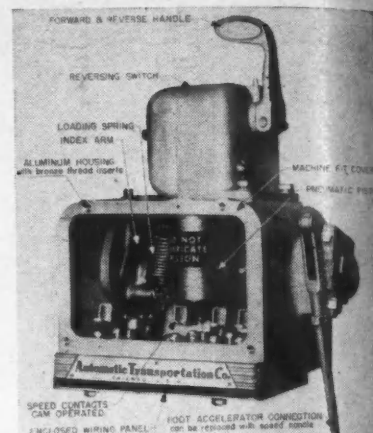
ever, the controller starts the truck in low speed and passes automatically through the sequence to the faster speed selected.

This automatic sequence is timed at one second for passage through all four speeds—or one-third of a second between any two speeds. So that the automatic sequence cannot be accidentally disturbed, timing has been made tamper-proof and non-adjustable except by replacing the air jet within the pneumatic cylinder.

In addition to the pneumatic "master controller," which handles only small and constant currents to actuate the contactors, the system includes a

newly designed reversing switch and contactor panel.

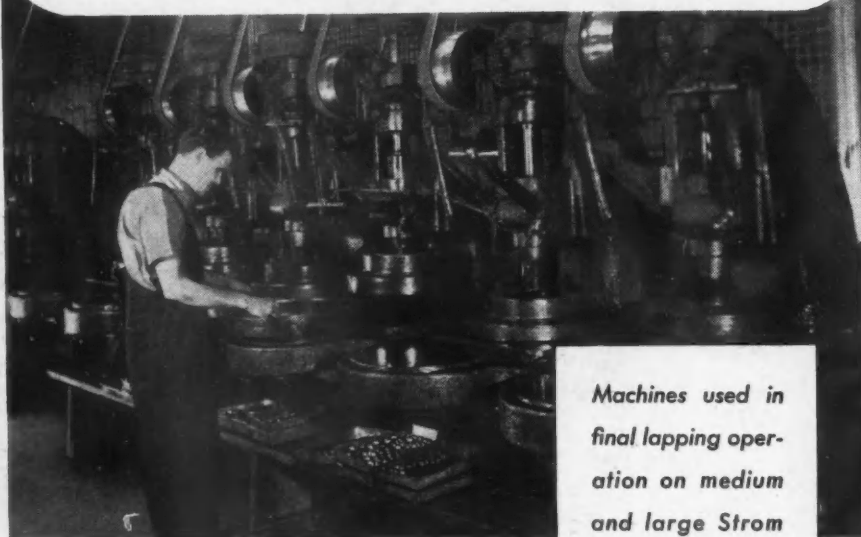
All three elements are electrically interlocked but mechanically independent so that they may be positioned in any convenient arrangement on the truck. The reversing switch is mechanically interlocked with the seat or platform—depending upon the type of truck—so that "dead man control" shuts off all power if the operator leaves his position. The Newmatic is a self-contained unit, adaptable to any type and size of electric truck and to any type of controls—foot accelerator, hand lever or combination. It will be used on the entire Automatic line.



*Newmatic controller*


**Surface • Sphericity • Precision**

## STROM BALLS



*Machines used in final lapping operation on medium and large Strom Balls.*

It takes a long series of processes, developed and perfected over a period of years, to make a thing as faultless in material and form as a Strom Metal Ball. Worked to a tolerance of fifty millionths of an inch, their outstanding qualities of finish, sphericity and precision have made Strom Balls the standard of industry. Strom Steel Ball Co., 1850 South 54th Ave., Cicero 50, Illinois.

**Strom** BALLS  **Serve Industry**

**Largest Independent and Exclusive Metal Ball Manufacturer**

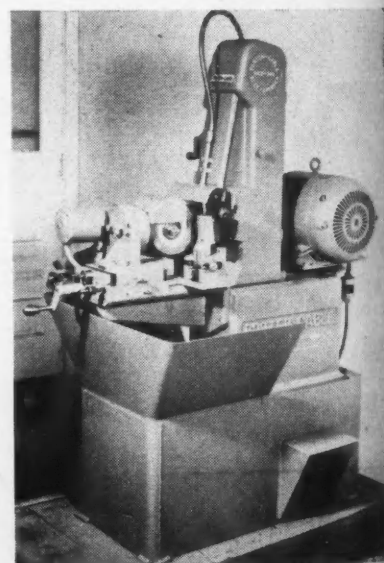
A CENTERLESS wet belt grinder is the latest addition to the line of wet belt machines manufactured by Porter-Cable Machine Co., Syracuse, N. Y.

The following advantages are claimed for this new type grinder which employs an endless abrasive belt operating over a resilient contact roll: Since the abrasive belt and the contact roll are balanced, the two cut uniformly. The work is done by the abrasive belt; therefore, the contact roll gets little wear. This roll, which backs up the abrasive belt, is said to remain flat across and square at the corners. Its diameter remains constant.

A swivel head is provided and when necessary the contact roll is trued up on the machine itself and in its normal position.

The resiliency of the contact roll is said to eliminate chatter. A soft resilient roll follows a shape and cleans up irregular stock. A semi-hard roll is recommended for accurate grinding.

This grinder is adapted for thru work, short pieces,  $\frac{3}{4}$  in. to 2 ft lengths and longer, with proper supports. Diameters handled range from  $\frac{3}{32}$  in. to  $2\frac{1}{4}$  in.



*Porter-Cable centerless wet belt grinder*



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